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System: NVMe settings

SANtricity 11.5

NetApp August 29, 2024

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/e-series-santricity-115/sm-settings/nvme-overview.html on August 29, 2024. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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System: NVMe settings

Concepts

NVMe overview

Some controllers include a port for implementing NVMe (Non-Volatile Memory Express) over an InfiniBand fabric or over a RoCE (RDMA over Converged Ethernet) fabric. NVMe allows for high-performance communication between hosts and the storage array.

What is NVMe?

NVM stands for "Non-Volatile Memory" and is persistent memory used in many types of storage devices. *NVMe* (NVM Express) is a standardized interface or protocol designed specifically for high-performance multiqueue communication with NVM devices.

What is NVMe over Fabrics?

NVMe over Fabrics (NVMe-oF) is a technology specification that enables NVMe message-based commands and data to transfer between a host computer and storage over a network. For the SANtricity OS 11.40 release and higher, an NVMe storage array (called a *subsystem*) can be accessed by a host using an InfiniBand or RDMA fabric. NVMe commands are enabled and encapsulated in transport abstraction layers on both the host side and the subsystem side. This extends the high performance NVMe interface end-to-end from the host to the storage and standardizes and simplifies the command set.

NVMe-oF storage is presented to a host as a local block storage device. The volume (called a *namespace*) can be mounted to a file system as with any other block storage device. You can use the REST API, the SMcli, or SANtricity System Manager to provision your storage as needed.

What is an NVMe Qualified Name (NQN)?

The NVMe Qualified Name (NQN) is used to identify the remote storage target. The NVMe qualified name for the storage array is always assigned by the subsystem and may not be modified. There is only one NVMe Qualified Name for the entire array. The NVMe Qualified Name is limited to 223 characters in length. You can compare it to an iSCSI Qualified Name.

What is a namespace and a namespace ID?

A namespace is the equivalent of a logical unit in SCSI, which relates to a volume in the array. The namespace ID (NSID) is equivalent to a logical unit number (LUN) in SCSI. You create the NSID at namespace creation time, and can set it to a value between 1 and 255.

What is an NVMe controller?

Similar to a SCSI I_T nexus, which represents the path from the host's initiator to the storage system's target, an NVMe controller created during the host connection process provides an access path between a host and the namespaces in the storage array. An NQN for the host plus a host port identifier uniquely identify an NVMe controller. While an NVMe controller can only be associated with a single host, it can access multiple namespaces.

You configure which hosts can access which namespaces and set the namespace ID for the host using SANtricity System Manager. Then, when the NVMe controller is created, the list of namespace IDs accessible

by the NVMe controller is created and used to configure the permissible connections.

NVMe terminology

Learn how the NVMe terms apply to your storage array.

Term	Description
InfiniBand	InfiniBand (IB) is a communications standard for data transmission between high-performance servers and storage systems.
Namespace	A namespace is NVM storage that is formatted for block access. It is analogous to a logical unit in SCSI, which relates to a volume in the storage array.
Namespace ID	The namespace ID is the NVMe controller's unique identifier for the namespace, and can be set to a value between 1 and 255. It is analogous to a logical unit number (LUN) in SCSI.
NQN	NVMe Qualified Name (NQN) is used to identify the remote storage target (the storage array).
NVM	Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) is persistent memory used in many types of storage devices.
NVMe	Non-Volatile Memory Express (NVMe) is an interface designed for flash-based storage devices, such as SSD drives. NVMe reduces I/O overhead and includes performance improvements, as compared to previous logical-device interfaces.
NVMe-oF	Non-Volatile Memory Express over Fabrics (NVMe-oF) is a specification that enables NVMe commands and data to transfer over a network between a host and storage.
NVMe controller	An NVMe controller is created during the host connection process. It provides an access path between a host and the namespaces in the storage array.
NVMe queue	A queue is used for passing commands and messages over the NVMe interface.
NVMe subsystem	The storage array with an NVMe host connection.
RDMA	Remote direct memory access (RDMA) enables more direct data movement in and out of a server by implementing a transport protocol in the network interface card (NIC) hardware.
RoCE	RDMA over Converged Ethernet (RoCE) is a network protocol that allows remote direct memory access (RDMA) over an Ethernet network.

Term	Description
SSD	Solid-state disks (SSDs) are data storage devices that use solid state memory (flash) to store data persistently. SSDs emulate conventional hard drives, and are available with the same interfaces that hard drives use.

How tos

Configure NVMe over InfiniBand ports

If your controller includes an NVMe over InfiniBand connection, you can configure the NVMe port settings from the Hardware page or the System page.

Before you begin

- Your controller must include an NVMe over InfiniBand host port; otherwise, the NVMe over InfiniBand settings are not available in System Manager.
- You must know the IP address of the host connection.

About this task

You can access the NVMe over InfiniBand configuration from the **Hardware** page or from **Settings** > **System**. This task describes how to configure the ports from the **Hardware** page.



The NVMe over InfiniBand settings and functions appear only if your storage array's controller includes an NVMe over InfiniBand port.

Steps

- 1. Select Hardware.
- 2. If the graphic shows the drives, click Show back of shelf.

The graphic changes to show the controllers instead of the drives.

3. Click the controller with the NVMe over InfiniBand port you want to configure.

The controller's context menu appears.

4. Select Configure NVMe over InfiniBand ports.

The Configure NVMe over InfiniBand Ports dialog box opens.

- 5. In the drop-down list, select the HIC port you want to configure, and then enter the IP address of the host.
- 6. Click Configure.
- 7. Complete the configuration, and then reset the NVMe over InfiniBand port by clicking Yes.

Configure NVMe over RoCE ports

If your controller includes a connection for NVMe over RoCE (RDMA over Converged Ethernet), you can configure the NVMe port settings from the Hardware page or the System page.

Before you begin

- Your controller must include an NVMe over RoCE host port; otherwise, the NVMe over RoCE settings are not available in System Manager.
- · You must know the IP address of the host connection.

About this task

You can access the NVMe over RoCE configuration from the **Hardware** page or from **Settings** > **System**. This task describes how to configure the ports from the Hardware page.



The NVMe over RoCE settings and functions appear only if your storage array's controller includes an NVMe over RoCE port.

Steps

- 1. Select Hardware.
- If the graphic shows the drives, click Show back of shelf.

The graphic changes to show the controllers instead of the drives.

3. Click the controller with the NVMe over RoCE port you want to configure.

The controller's context menu appears.

Select Configure NVMe over RoCE ports.

The Configure NVMe over RoCE Ports dialog box opens.

- 5. In the drop-down list, select the HIC port you want to configure.
- 6. Click Next.

To see all port settings, click the **Show more port settings** link on the right of the dialog box.

Field Details

Port Setting	Description
Configured ethernet port speed	Select the speed that matches the speed capability of the SFP on the port.
Enable IPv4 / Enable IPv6	Select one or both options to enable support for IPv4 and IPv6 networks. If you want to disable port access, deselect both check boxes.
MTU size (Available by clicking Show more port settings.)	If necessary, enter a new size in bytes for the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). The default Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size is 1500 bytes per frame. You must enter a value between 1500 and 9000.

If you selected Enable IPv4, a dialog box opens for selecting IPv4 settings after you click Next. If you selected Enable IPv6, a dialog box opens for selecting IPv6 settings after you click Next. If you selected both options, the dialog box for IPv4 settings opens first, and then after you click Next, the dialog box for IPv6 settings opens.

7. Configure the IPv4 and/or IPv6 settings, either automatically or manually.

Field Details

Port setting	Description
Automatically obtain configuration	Select this option to obtain the configuration automatically.
Manually specify static configuration	Select this option, and then enter a static address in the fields. (If desired, you can cut and paste addresses into the fields.) For IPv4, include the network subnet mask and gateway. For IPv6, include the routable IP address and router IP address.

8. Click Finish.

View NVMe over Fabrics statistics

You can view data about the NVMe over Fabrics connections to your storage array.

About this task

System Manager shows these types of NVMe over Fabrics statistics. All statistics are read-only and cannot be set.

- NVMe Subsystem statistics Provides statistics for the NVMe controller, including timeouts and connection failures.
- **RDMA Interface statistics** Provides statistics for the RDMA interface, including received and transmitted packet information.

You can view each of these statistics as raw statistics or as baseline statistics. Raw statistics are all of the statistics that have been gathered since the controllers were started. Baseline statistics are point-in-time statistics that have been gathered since you set the baseline time.

You can access NVMe over Fabrics statistics from the System page (**Settings** > **System**) or from the Support page. These instructions describe how to access the statistics from the Support page.

Steps

- 1. Select Support > Support Center > Diagnostics tab.
- 2. Select View NVMe over Fabrics Statistics.
- 3. To set the baseline, click **Set new baseline**.

Setting the baseline sets a new starting point for the collection of the statistics. The same baseline is used for all NVMe statistics.

FAQs

How do I interpret NVMe over InfiniBand statistics?

The **View NVMe over Fabrics Statistics** dialog box displays statistics for the NVMe subsystem and the NVMe over InfiniBand interface. All statistics are read-only, and cannot be set.

- NVMe Subsystem statistics Shows statistics for the NVMe controller and its queue. The NVMe controller provides an access path between a host and the namespaces in the storage array. You can review the NVMe subsystem statistics for such items as connection failures, resets, and shutdowns. For more information about these statistics, click View legend for table headings.
- RDMA Interface statistics Provides statistics for all NVMe over Fabrics ports on the RDMA interface, which includes performance statistics and link error information associated with each switch port. For more information about the statistics, click View legend for table headings.

You can view each of these statistics as raw statistics or as baseline statistics. Raw statistics are all of the statistics that have been gathered since the controllers were started. Baseline statistics are point-in-time statistics that have been gathered since you set the baseline time.

How do I interpret NVMe over Fabrics statistics?

The **View NVMe over Fabrics Statistics** dialog box displays statistics for the NVMe subsystem and the NVMe over RoCE interface. All statistics are read-only, and cannot be set.

- NVMe Subsystem statistics Shows statistics for the NVMe controller and its queue. The NVMe controller provides an access path between a host and the namespaces in the storage array. You can review the NVMe subsystem statistics for such items as connection failures, resets, and shutdowns. For more information about these statistics, click View legend for table headings.
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You can view each of these statistics as raw statistics or as baseline statistics. Raw statistics are all of the statistics that have been gathered since the controllers were started. Baseline statistics are point-in-time statistics that have been gathered since you set the baseline time.

What else do I need to do to configure or diagnose NVMe over InfiniBand?

The following table lists the System Manager functions that you can use to configure and manage NVMe over InfiniBand sessions.



The NVMe over InfiniBand settings are available only if your storage array's controller includes an NVMe over InfiniBand port.

Configure and diagnose NVMe over InfiniBand

Action	Location
Configure NVMe over	1. Select Hardware .
InfiniBand ports	2. Select Show back of shelf.
	3. Select a controller.
	4. Select Configure NVMe over InfiniBand ports.
	or
	1. Select Settings > System.
	 Scroll down to NVMe over InfiniBand settings, and then select Configure NVMe over InfiniBand Ports.
View NVMe over	1. Select Settings > System.
InfiniBand statistics	Scroll down to NVMe over InfiniBand settings, and then select View NVMe over Fabrics Statistics.

What else do I need to do to configure or diagnose NVMe over RoCE?

You can configure and manage NVMe over RoCE from the Hardware and Settings pages.



The NVMe over RoCE settings are available only if your storage array's controller includes an NVMe over RoCE port.

Configure and diagnose NVMe over RoCE

Action	Location
Configure NVMe over	1. Select Hardware .
RoCE ports	2. Select Show back of shelf.
	3. Select a controller.
	4. Select Configure NVMe over RoCE ports.
	or
	1. Select Settings > System.
	Scroll down to NVMe over RoCE settings, and then select Configure NVMe over RoCE Ports.
View NVMe over Fabrics	1. Select Settings > System.
statistics	Scroll down to NVMe over RoCE settings, and then select View NVMe over Fabrics Statistics.

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