

Configuring Unified Manager

OnCommand Unified Manager 9.5

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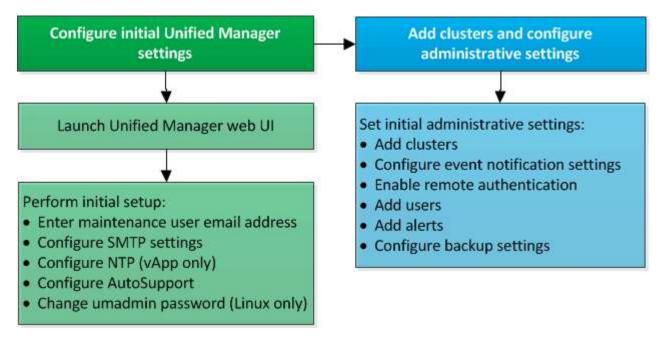
Configuring Unified Manager

After installing Unified Manager you must complete the initial setup (also called the first experience wizard) to access the web UI. Then you can perform additional configuration tasks, such as adding clusters, configuring remote authentication, adding users, and adding alerts.

Some of the procedures described in this manual are required to complete the initial setup of your Unified Manager instance. Other procedures are recommended configuration settings that are helpful to set up on your new instance, or that are good to know about before you start the regular monitoring of your ONTAP systems.

Overview of the configuration sequence

The configuration workflow describes the tasks that you must perform before you can use Unified Manager.



Accessing the Unified Manager web UI

After you have installed Unified Manager, you can access the web UI to set up Unified Manager so that you can begin monitoring your ONTAP systems.

Before you begin

- If this is the first time you are accessing the web UI, you must log in as the maintenance user (or umadmin user for Linux installations).
- If you plan to allow users to access Unified Manager using the short name instead of using the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) or IP address, then your network configuration has to resolve this short name to a valid FQDN.
- If the server uses a self-signed digital certificate, the browser might display a warning indicating that the certificate is not trusted. You can either acknowledge the risk to continue the access or install a Certificate

Authority (CA) signed digital certificate for server authentication.

Steps

 Start the Unified Manager web UI from your browser by using the URL displayed at the end of the installation. The URL is the IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the Unified Manager server.

The link is in the following format: https://URL.

2. Log in to the Unified Manager web UI using your maintenance user credentials.

Performing the initial setup of the Unified Manager web UI

To use Unified Manager, you must first configure the initial setup options, including the NTP server, the maintenance user email address, and the SMTP server host name and options.

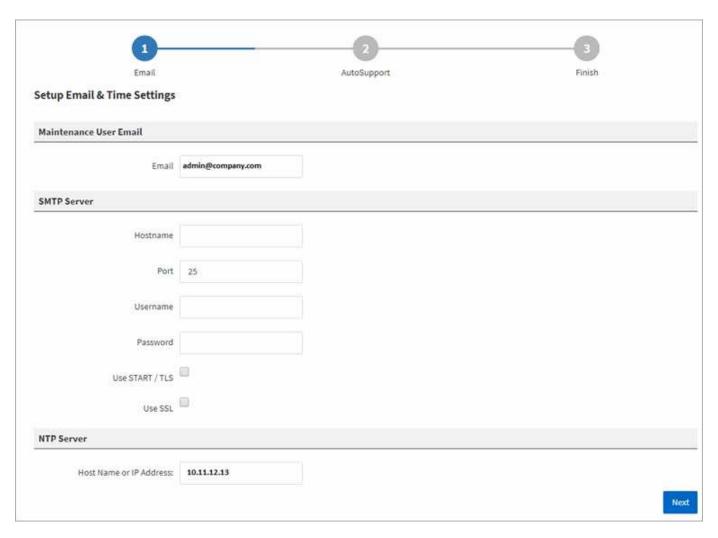
Before you begin

You must have performed the following operations:

- Launched the Unified Manager web UI using the URL provided after installation
- Logged in using the maintenance user name and password (umadmin user for Linux installations) created during installation

About this task

The OnCommand Unified Manager Initial Setup page appears only when you first access the web UI. The page below is from an installation on VMware.



If you want to change any of these options later, you can use the Administration options, which are accessible by clicking the options are used to be compared to the compared

Steps

- In the OnCommand Unified Manager Initial Setup window, enter the maintenance user email address, the SMTP server host name and any additional SMTP options, and the NTP server (VMware installations only). Then click Next.
- 2. In the AutoSupport page click Agree and Continue to enable AutoSupport.

If you need to designate a proxy to provide internet access in order to send AutoSupport content to support, or if you want to disable AutoSupport, use the Administration options.

On Red Hat and CentOS systems you can choose to change the umadmin user password from the default "admin" string to a personalized string.

Results

The Initial Setup window closes and the Unified Manager web UI is displayed. The Configuration/Cluster Data Sources page appears so that you can add clusters to your system.

Adding clusters

You can add a cluster to OnCommand Unified Manager so that you can monitor the cluster. This includes the ability to obtain cluster information such as the health, capacity, performance, and configuration of the cluster so that you can find and resolve any issues that might occur.

Before you begin

- You must have the OnCommand Administrator or Storage Administrator role.
- · You must have the following information:
 - Host name or cluster-management IP address

The host name is the FQDN or short name that Unified Manager uses to connect to the cluster. The host name must resolve to the cluster-management IP address.

The cluster-management IP address must be the cluster-management LIF of the administrative storage virtual machine (SVM). If you use a node-management LIF, the operation fails.

Data ONTAP administrator user name and password

This account must have the admin role with Application access set to ontapi, ssh, and http.

 Type of protocol (HTTP or HTTPS) that can be configured on the cluster and the port number used to connect to the cluster



You can add clusters which are behind a NAT/firewall by using the Unified Manager NAT IP address. Any connected Workflow Automation or SnapProtect systems must also be behind the NAT/firewall, and SnapProtect API calls must use the NAT IP address to identify the cluster.

• The Unified Manager FQDN must be able to ping the ONTAP system.

You can verify this by using the following ONTAP command: ping -node node_name -destination Unified_Manager_FQDN.

• You must have adequate space on the Unified Manager server. You are prevented from adding a cluster to the server when greater than 90% of space in the database directory is already consumed.

About this task

For a MetroCluster configuration, you must add both the local and remote clusters, and the clusters must be configured correctly.

You can monitor a single cluster by two instances of Unified Manager provided that you have configured a second cluster-management LIF on the cluster so that each instance of Unified Manager connects through a different LIF.

Steps

1. In the left navigation pane, click **Configuration > Cluster Data Sources**.

- On the Configuration/Cluster Data Sources page, click Add.
- 3. In the **Add Cluster** dialog box, specify the required values, such as the host name or IP address of the cluster, user name, password, protocol for communication, and port number.

By default, the HTTPS protocol and port 443 are selected.

You can change the cluster-management IP address from IPv6 to IPv4 or from IPv4 to IPv6. The new IP address is reflected in the cluster grid and the cluster configuration page after the next monitoring cycle is complete.

- 4. Click Submit.
- 5. If HTTPS is selected, perform the following steps:
 - a. In the **Authorize Host** dialog box, click **View Certificate** to view the certificate information about the cluster.
 - b. Click Yes.

Unified Manager checks the certificate only when the cluster is added initially. Unified Manager does not check the certificate for each API call to ONTAP.

If the certificate has expired, you cannot add a new cluster. You must first renew the SSL certificate and then add the cluster.

Results

After all the objects for a new cluster are discovered (about 15 minutes), Unified Manager starts to gather historical performance data for the previous 15 days. These statistics are collected using the data continuity collection functionality. This feature provides you with over two weeks of performance information for a cluster immediately after it is added. After the data continuity collection cycle is completed, real-time cluster performance data is collected, by default, every five minutes.



Because the collection of 15 days of performance data is CPU intensive, it is suggested that you stagger the addition of new clusters so that data continuity collection polls are not running on too many clusters at the same time. Additionally, if you restart Unified Manager during the data continuity collection period, the collection will be halted and you will see gaps in the performance charts for the missing timeframe.

If you receive an error message that you cannot add the cluster, check to see if the following issues exist:



- If the clocks on the two systems are not synchronized and the Unified Manager HTTPS
 certificate start date is later than the date on the cluster. You must ensure that the clocks are
 synchronized using NTP or a similar service.
- If the cluster has reached the maximum number of EMS notification destinations the Unified Manager address cannot be added. By default only 20 EMS notification destinations can be defined on the cluster.

Configuring Unified Manager to send alert notifications

You can configure Unified Manager to send notifications that alert you about events in your environment. Before notifications can be sent, you must configure several other

Unified Manager options.

Before you begin

You must have the OnCommand Administrator role.

About this task

After deploying Unified Manager and completing the initial configuration, you should consider configuring your environment to trigger alerts and generate notification emails or SNMP traps based on the receipt of events.

Steps

1. Configure event notification settings

If you want alert notifications sent when certain events occur in your environment, you must configure an SMTP server and supply an email address from which the alert notification will be sent. If you want to use SNMP traps, you can select that option and provide the necessary information.

2. Enable remote authentication

If you want remote LDAP or Active Directory users to access the Unified Manager instance and receive alert notifications, then you must enable remote authentication.

3. Add authentication servers

You can add authentication servers so that remote users within the authentication server can access Unified Manager.

4. Add users

You can add several different types of local or remote users and assign specific roles. When you create an alert, you assign a user to receive the alert notifications.

5. Add alerts

After you have added the email address for sending notifications, added users to receive the notifications, configured your network settings, and configured SMTP and SNMP options needed for your environment, then you can assign alerts.

Configuring event notification settings

You can configure Unified Manager to send alert notifications when an event is generated or when an event is assigned to a user. You can configure the SMTP server that is used to send the alert, and you can set various notification mechanisms—for example, alert notifications can be sent as emails or SNMP traps.

Before you begin

You must have the following information:

· Email address from which the alert notification is sent

The email address appears in the "From" field in sent alert notifications. If the email cannot be delivered for any reason, this email address is also used as the recipient for undeliverable mail.

- · SMTP server host name, and the user name and password to access the server
- SNMP version, trap destination host IP address, outbound trap port, and the community to configure the SNMP trap

You must have the OnCommand Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click **Notifications** in the left Setup menu.
- 2. In the **Setup/Notifications** page, configure the appropriate settings and click **Save**.

Notes:

- If the From Address is pre-filled with the address "OnCommand@localhost.com", you should change it to a real, working email address to make sure that all email notifications are delivered successfully.
- If the host name of the SMTP server cannot be resolved, you can specify the IP address (IPv4 or IPv6)
 of the SMTP server instead of the host name.

Enabling remote authentication

You can enable remote authentication so that the Unified Manager server can communicate with your authentication servers. The users of the authentication server can access the Unified Manager graphical interface to manage storage objects and data.

Before you begin

You must have the OnCommand Administrator role.



The Unified Manager server must be connected directly with the authentication server. You must disable any local LDAP clients such as SSSD (System Security Services Daemon) or NSLCD (Name Service LDAP Caching Daemon).

About this task

You can enable remote authentication using either Open LDAP or Active Directory. If remote authentication is disabled, remote users cannot access Unified Manager.

Remote authentication is supported over LDAP and LDAPS (Secure LDAP). Unified Manager uses 389 as the default port for non-secure communication, and 636 as the default port for secure communication.



The certificate that is used to authenticate users must conform to the X.509 format.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click **Authentication** in the left Setup menu.
- 2. In the Setup/Authentication page, select Enable Remote Authentication.
- 3. In the **Authentication Service** field, select the type of service and configure the authentication service.

For Authentication type	Enter the following information
Active Directory	 Authentication server administrator name in one of following formats:
	° domainname l username
	° username@domainname
	° Bind Distinguished Name (using the appropriate LDAP notation)
	Administrator password
	Base distinguished name (using the appropriate LDAP notation)
Open LDAP	Bind distinguished name (in the appropriate LDAP notation)
	Bind password
	Base distinguished name

If the authentication of an Active Directory user takes a long time or times out, the authentication server is probably taking a long time to respond. Disabling support for nested groups in Unified Manager might reduce the authentication time.

If you select the Use Secure Connection option for the authentication server, then Unified Manager communicates with the authentication server using the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) protocol.

- 4. Add authentication servers, and test the authentication.
- 5. Click Save and Close.

Disabling nested groups from remote authentication

If you have remote authentication enabled, you can disable nested group authentication so that only individual users, and not group members, can remotely authenticate to Unified Manager. You can disable nested groups when you want to improve Active Directory authentication response time.

Before you begin

- You must have the OnCommand Administrator role.
- Disabling nested groups is only applicable when using Active Directory.

About this task

Disabling support for nested groups in Unified Manager might reduce the authentication time. If nested group support is disabled, and if a remote group is added to Unified Manager, individual users must be members of the remote group to authenticate to Unified Manager.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click **Authentication** in the left Setup menu.
- 2. In the Setup/Authentication page, check the Disable Nested Group Lookup box.
- Click Save.

Adding authentication servers

You can add authentication servers and enable remote authentication on the management server so that remote users within the authentication server can access Unified Manager.

Before you begin

- The following information must be available:
 - Host name or IP address of the authentication server
 - Port number of the authentication server
- You must have enabled remote authentication and configured your authentication service so that the management server can authenticate remote users or groups in the authentication server.
- You must have the OnCommand Administrator role.

About this task

If the authentication server that you are adding is part of a high-availability (HA) pair (using the same database), you can also add the partner authentication server. This enables the management server to communicate with the partner when one of the authentication servers is unreachable.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click **Authentication** in the left Setup menu.
- 2. In the Setup/Authentication page, click Management Server > Authentication.
- 3. Enable or disable the Use secure connection authentication option:

If you want to	Then do this			
Enable it	a. In Enable remote authentication checkbox, select the Use Secure Connection option.			
	b. In the Au	thentication Servers area, click Add .		
	c. In the Add Authentication Server dialog box enter the authentication name or IP address (IPv4 or IPv6) of the server.			
	d. In the Authorize Host dialog box, click View Certificate.			
	e. In the View Certificate dialog box, verify the certificate information, and then click Close .			
	f. In the Authorize Host dialog box, click Yes.			
	i	When you enable the Use Secure Connection authentication option, Unified Manager communicates with the authentication server and displays the certificate. Unified Manager uses 636 as default port for secure communication and port number 389 for non-secure communication.		
Disable it	 a. In the Enable remote authentication checkbox, clear the Use Secure Connection option. b. In the Authentication Servers area, click Add. c. In the Add Authentication Server dialog box, 			
	specify either the host name or IP address (If or IPv6) of the server, and the port details. d. Click Add .			

The authentication server that you added is displayed in the Servers area.

4. Perform a test authentication to confirm that you can authenticate users in the authentication server that you added.

Testing the configuration of authentication servers

You can validate the configuration of your authentication servers to ensure that the management server is able to communicate with them. You can validate the configuration by searching for a remote user or remote group from your authentication servers, and authenticating them using the configured settings.

Before you begin

- You must have enabled remote authentication, and configured your authentication service so that the Unified Manager server can authenticate the remote user or remote group.
- You must have added your authentication servers so that the management server can search for the remote user or remote group from these servers and authenticate them.
- You must have the OnCommand Administrator role.

About this task

If the authentication service is set to Active Directory, and if you are validating the authentication of remote users who belong to the primary group of the authentication server, information about the primary group is not displayed in the authentication results.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click **Authentication** in the left Setup menu.
- 2. In the Setup/Authentication page, click Test Authentication.
- 3. In the **Test User** dialog box, specify the user name and password of the remote user or the user name of the remote group, and then click **Test**.

If you are authenticating a remote group, you must not enter the password.

Adding users

You can add local users or database users by using the Management/Users page. You can also add remote users or groups that belong to an authentication server. You can assign roles to these users and, based on the privileges of the roles, users can manage the storage objects and data with Unified Manager, or view the data in a database.

Before you begin

- · You must have the OnCommand Administrator role.
- To add a remote user or group, you must have enabled remote authentication and configured your authentication server.
- If you plan to configure SAML authentication so that an identity provider (IdP) authenticates users accessing the graphical interface, make sure these users are defined as "remote" users.

Access to the UI is not allowed for users of type "local" or "maintenance" when SAML authentication is enabled.

About this task

If you add a group from Windows Active Directory, then all direct members and nested subgroups can authenticate to Unified Manager, unless nested subgroups are disabled. If you add a group from OpenLDAP or other authentication services, then only the direct members of that group can authenticate to Unified Manager.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click **Users** in the left Management menu.
- 2. On the Management/Users page, click Add.
- In the Add User dialog box, select the type of user that you want to add, and enter the required information.

When entering the required user information, you must specify an email address that is unique to that user. You must avoid specifying email addresses that are shared by multiple users.

4. Click Add.

Adding alerts

You can configure alerts to notify you when a particular event is generated. You can configure alerts for a single resource, for a group of resources, or for events of a particular severity type. You can specify the frequency with which you want to be notified and associate a script to the alert.

Before you begin

- You must have configured notification settings such as the user email address, SMTP server, and SNMP trap host to enable the Unified Manager server to use these settings to send notifications to users when an event is generated.
- You must know the resources and events for which you want to trigger the alert, and the user names or email addresses of the users that you want to notify.
- If you want to have a script execute based on the event, you must have added the script to Unified Manager by using the Management/Scripts page.
- You must have the OnCommand Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

About this task

You can create an alert directly from the Event details page after receiving an event in addition to creating an alert from the Configuration/Alerting page, as described here.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Configuration > Alerting**.
- In the Configuration/Alerting page, click Add.
- 3. In the **Add Alert** dialog box, click **Name**, and enter a name and description for the alert.
- 4. Click **Resources**, and select the resources to be included in or excluded from the alert.

You can set a filter by specifying a text string in the **Name contains** field to select a group of resources. Based on the text string that you specify, the list of available resources displays only those resources that match the filter rule. The text string that you specify is case-sensitive.

If a resource conforms to both the include and exclude rules that you have specified, the exclude rule takes precedence over the include rule, and the alert is not generated for events related to the excluded resource.

5. Click **Events**, and select the events based on the event name or event severity type for which you want to trigger an alert.



To select more than one event, press the Ctrl key while you make your selections.

Click **Actions**, and select the users that you want to notify, choose the notification frequency, choose whether an SNMP trap will be sent to the trap receiver, and assign a script to be executed when an alert is generated.



If you modify the email address that is specified for the user and reopen the alert for editing, the Name field appears blank because the modified email address is no longer mapped to the user that was previously selected. Also, if you modified the email address of the selected user from the Management/Users page, the modified email address is not updated for the selected user.

You can also choose to notify users through SNMP traps.

Click Save.

Example of adding an alert

This example shows how to create an alert that meets the following requirements:

- Alert name: HealthTest
- Resources: includes all volumes whose name contains "abc" and excludes all volumes whose name contains "xyz"
- · Events: includes all critical health events
- Actions: includes "sample@domain.com", a "Test" script, and the user has to be notified every 15 minutes

Perform the following steps in the Add Alert dialog box:

- 1. Click Name, and enter HealthTest in the Alert Name field.
- 2. Click **Resources**, and in the Include tab, select **Volumes** from the drop-down list.
 - a. Enter abc in the Name contains field to display the volumes whose name contains "abc".
 - b. Select << All Volumes whose name contains 'abc'>> from the Available Resources area, and move it to the Selected Resources area.
 - c. Click **Exclude**, and enter xyz in the **Name contains** field, and then click **Add**.
- 3. Click **Events**, and select **Critical** from the Event Severity field.
- 4. Select All Critical Events from the Matching Events area, and move it to the Selected Events area.
- 5. Click **Actions**, and enter sample@domain.com in the Alert these users field.
- 6. Select Remind every 15 minutes to notify the user every 15 minutes.

You can configure an alert to repeatedly send notifications to the recipients for a specified time. You should determine the time from which the event notification is active for the alert.

- 7. In the Select Script to Execute menu, select **Test** script.
- 8. Click Save.

EMS events that are added automatically to Unified Manager

When using Unified Manager 9.4 or greater software, the following ONTAP EMS events are added automatically to Unified Manager. These events will be generated when triggered on any cluster that Unified Manager is monitoring.

The following EMS events are available when monitoring clusters running ONTAP 9.5 or greater software:

Unified Manager Event name	EMS Event name	Affected resource	ONTAP severity	
Object-store Access Denied for Aggregate Relocation	arl.netra.ca.check.failed	Aggregate	Error	
Object-store Access Denied for Aggregate Relocation During Storage Failover	ied for Aggregate ocation During		Error	
FabricPool Space Nearly Full	fabricpool.nearly.full	Cluster	Error	
NVMe-oF Grace Period Started	3 1		Warning	
NVMe-oF Grace Period Active	9 1		Warning	
NVMe-oF Grace Period nvmf.graceperiod.expired		Cluster	Warning	
LUN Destroyed lun.destroy		LUN	Information	
Cloud AWS cloud.aws.metadataConn MetaDataConnFail Fail		Node	Error	
Cloud AWS IAMCredsExpired			Error	
Cloud AWS IAMCredsInvalid			Error	
Cloud AWS IAMCredsNotFound			Error	

Unified Manager Event name	er Event EMS Event name Affected resource		ONTAP severity	
Cloud AWS IAMCredsNotInitialized	cloud.aws.iamNotInitialize d	Node	Information	
Cloud AWS IAMRoleInvalid	cloud.aws.iamRoleInvalid	Node	Error	
Cloud AWS IAMRoleNotFound	cloud.aws.iamRoleNotFou nd	Node	Error	
Objstore Host Unresolvable	objstore.host.unresolvable	Node	Error	
Objstore InterClusterLifDown	objstore.interclusterlifDow n	Node	Error	
Request Mismatch Object-store Signature	osc.signatureMismatch	Node	Error	
One of NFSv4 Pools Exhausted			Critical	
QoS Monitor Memory Maxed	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Error	
QoS Monitor Memory qos.monitor.memory.abat ed		Node	Information	
NVMeNS Destroy	NVMeNS Destroy NVMeNS.destroy		Information	
NVMeNS Online	NVMeNS Online NVMeNS.offline		Information	
NVMeNS Offline	NVMeNS Offline NVMeNS.online		Information	
NVMeNS Out of Space	VMeNS Out of Space NVMeNS.out.of.space		Warning	
Synchronous Replication Out Of Sync			Warning	
Synchronous Replication Restored	sms.status.in.sync	SnapMirror relationship	Information	
Synchronous Replication Auto Resync Failed	·		Error	

Unified Manager Event name	anager Event EMS Event name Affected resource		ONTAP severity	
Many CIFS Connections	Nblade.cifsManyAuths	SVM	Error	
Max CIFS Connection Exceeded	·		Error	
Max Number of CIFS Connection Per User Exceeded	Nblade.cifsMaxSessPerU srConn	SVM	Error	
CIFS NetBIOS Name Conflict	Nblade.cifsNbNameConfli ct	SVM	Error	
Attempts to Connect Nonexistent CIFS Share	Nblade.cifsNoPrivShare	SVM	Critical	
CIFS Shadow Copy Operation Failed	cifs.shadowcopy.failure	SVM	Error	
Virus Found By AV Server	Virus Found By AV Server Nblade.vscanVirusDetect ed		Error	
No AV Server Connection for Virus Scan	Nblade.vscanNoScanner Conn	SVM	Critical	
No AV Server Registered	lo AV Server Registered Nblade.vscanNoRegdSca nner		Error	
No Responsive AV Server Connection Nblade.vscanConnlnactiv e		SVM	Information	
AV Server too Busy to Accept New Scan Request Nblade.vscanConnBackPr essure		SVM	Error	
Unauthorized User Attempt to AV Server Nblade.vscanBadUserPriv Access		SVM	Error	
FlexGroup Constituents Have Space Issues flexgroup.constituents.hav e.space.issues		Volume	Error	
FlexGroup Constituents Space Status All OK			Information	
FlexGroup Constituents Have Inodes Issues			Error	

Unified Manager Event name	EMS Event name	Affected resource	ONTAP severity	
FlexGroup Constituents Inodes Status All OK	flexgroup.constituents.ino des.status.all.ok	Volume	Information	
Volume Logical Space Nearly Full	olume Logical Space monitor.vol.full		Warning	
Volume Logical Space Full			Error	
/olume Logical Space monitor.vol.one.ok		Volume	Information	
WAFL Volume AutoSize Fail	wafl.vol.autoSize.fail	Volume	Error	
WAFL Volume AutoSize Done	wafl.vol.autoSize.done	Volume	Information	

Subscribing to ONTAP EMS events

You can subscribe to receive Event Management System (EMS) events that are generated by systems that are installed with ONTAP software. A subset of EMS events are reported to Unified Manager automatically, but additional EMS events are reported only if you have subscribed to these events.

Before you begin

Do not subscribe to EMS events that are already added to Unified Manager automatically as this can cause confusion when receiving two events for the same issue.

About this task

You can subscribe to any number of EMS events. All the events to which you subscribe are validated, and only the validated events are applied to the clusters you are monitoring in Unified Manager. The *ONTAP 9 EMS Event Catalog* provides detailed information for all of the EMS messages for the specified version of ONTAP 9 software. Locate the appropriate version of the *EMS Event Catalog* from the ONTAP 9 Product Documentation page for a list of the applicable events.

ONTAP 9 Product Library

You can configure alerts for the ONTAP EMS events to which you subscribe, and you can create custom scripts to be executed for these events.



If you do not receive the ONTAP EMS events to which you have subscribed, there might be an issue with the DNS configuration of the cluster which is preventing the cluster from reaching the Unified Manager server. To resolve this issue, the cluster administrator must correct the DNS configuration of the cluster, and then restart Unified Manager. Doing so will flush the pending EMS events to the Unified Manager server.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click Configuration > Manage Events.
- In the Configuration/Manage Events page, click the Subscribe to EMS events button.
- In the Subscribe to EMS events dialog box, enter the name of the ONTAP EMS event to which you want to subscribe.

To view the names of the EMS events to which you can subscribe, from the ONTAP cluster shell, you can use the event route show command (prior to ONTAP 9) or the event catalog show command (ONTAP 9 or later).

How to configure ONTAP EMS Event Subscriptions in OnCommand Unified Manager / Active IQ Unified Manager

4. Click Add.

The EMS event is added to the Subscribed EMS events list, but the Applicable to Cluster column displays the status as "Unknown" for the EMS event that you added.

- 5. Click **Save and Close** to register the EMS event subscription with the cluster.
- Click Subscribe to EMS events again.

The status "Yes" appears in the Applicable to Cluster column for the EMS event that you added.

If the status is not "Yes", check the spelling of the ONTAP EMS event name. If the name is entered incorrectly, you must remove the incorrect event, and then add the event again.

After you finish

When the ONTAP EMS event occurs, the event is displayed on the Events page. You can select the event to view details about the EMS event in the Event details page. You can also manage the disposition of the event or create alerts for the event.

Managing SAML authentication settings

After you have configured remote authentication settings, you can enable Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) authentication so that remote users are authenticated by a secure identity provider (IdP) before they can access the Unified Manager web UI.

Note that only remote users will have access to the Unified Manager graphical user interface after SAML authentication has been enabled. Local users and Maintenance users will not be able to access the UI. This configuration does not impact users who access the maintenance console.

Identity provider requirements

When configuring Unified Manager to use an identity provider (IdP) to perform SAML authentication for all remote users, you need to be aware of some required configuration settings so that the connection to Unified Manager is successful.

You must enter the Unified Manager URI and metadata into the IdP server. You can copy this information from the Unified ManagerSAML Authentication page. Unified Manager is considered the service provider (SP) in the Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) standard.

Supported encryption standards

- Advanced Encryption Standard (AES): AES-128 and AES-256
- Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA): SHA-1 and SHA-256

Validated identity providers

- Shibboleth
- Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS)

ADFS configuration requirements

• You must define three claim rules in the following order that are required for Unified Manager to parse ADFS SAML responses for this relying party trust entry.

Claim rule	Value
SAM-account-name	Name ID
SAM-account-name	urn:oid:0.9.2342.19200300.100.1.1
Token groups — Unqualified Name	urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.5.1.1

- You must set the authentication method to "Forms Authentication" or users may receive an error when logging out of Unified Manager when using Internet Explorer. Follow these steps:
 - a. Open the ADFS Management Console.
 - b. Click on the Authentication Policies folder on the left tree view.
 - c. Under Actions on the right, click Edit Global Primary Authentication Policy.
 - d. Set the Intranet Authentication Method to "Forms Authentication" instead of the default "Windows Authentication".
- In some cases login through the IdP is rejected when the Unified Manager security certificate is CA-signed. There are two workarounds to resolve this issue:
 - Follow the instructions identified in the link to disable the revocation check on the ADFS server for chained CA cert associated relying party:

http://www.torivar.com/2016/03/22/adfs-3-0-disable-revocation-check-windows-2012-r2/

Have the CA server reside within the ADFS server to sign the Unified Manager server cert request.

Other configuration requirements

- The Unified Manager clock skew is set to 5 minutes, so the time difference between the IdP server and the Unified Manager server cannot be more than 5 minutes or authentication will fail.
- When users attempt to access Unified Manager using Internet Explorer they might see the message The
 website cannot display the page. If this occurs, make sure these users uncheck the option for "Show
 friendly HTTP error messages" in Tools > Internet Options > Advanced.

Enabling SAML authentication

You can enable Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) authentication so that remote users are authenticated by a secure identity provider (IdP) before they can access the Unified Manager web UI.

Before you begin

- · You must have configured remote authentication and verified that it is successful.
- You must have created at least one Remote User, or a Remote Group, with the OnCommand Administrator role.
- The Identity provider (IdP) must be supported by Unified Manager and it must be configured.
- You must have the IdP URL and metadata.
- · You must have access to the IdP server.

About this task

After you have enabled SAML authentication from Unified Manager, users cannot access the graphical user interface until the IdP has been configured with the Unified Manager server host information. So you must be prepared to complete both parts of the connection before starting the configuration process. The IdP can be configured before or after configuring Unified Manager.

Only remote users will have access to the Unified Manager graphical user interface after SAML authentication has been enabled. Local users and Maintenance users will not be able to access the UI. This configuration does not impact users who access the maintenance console, the Unified Manager commands, or ZAPIs.



Unified Manager is restarted automatically after you complete the SAML configuration on this page.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click **Authentication** in the left Setup menu.
- 2. In the **Setup/Authentication** page, select the **SAML Authentication** tab.
- 3. Select the **Enable SAML authentication** checkbox.

The fields required to configure the IdP connection are displayed.

4. Enter the IdP URI and the IdP metadata required to connect the Unified Manager server to the IdP server.

If the IdP server is accessible directly from the Unified Manager server, you can click the **Fetch IdP Metadata** button after entering the IdP URI to populate the IdP Metadata field automatically.

5. Copy the Unified Manager host metadata URI, or save the host metadata to an XML text file.

You can configure the IdP server with this information at this time.

Click Save.

A message box displays to confirm that you want to complete the configuration and restart Unified Manager.

7. Click **Confirm and Logout** and Unified Manager is restarted.

Results

The next time authorized remote users attempt to access the Unified Manager graphical interface they will enter their credentials in the IdP login page instead of the Unified Manager login page.

After you finish

If not already completed, access your IdP and enter the Unified Manager server URI and metadata to complete the configuration.



When using ADFS as your identity provider, the Unified Manager GUI does not honor the ADFS timeout and will continue to work until the Unified Manager session timeout is reached. When Unified Manager is deployed on Windows, Red Hat, or CentOS, you can change the GUI session timeout using the following Unified Manager CLI command: um option set absolute.session.timeout=00:15:00This command sets the Unified Manager GUI session timeout to 15 minutes.

Configuring database backup settings

You can configure the Unified Manager database backup settings to set the database backup path, retention count, and backup schedules. You can enable daily or weekly scheduled backups. By default, scheduled backups are disabled.

Before you begin

- You must have the Operator, OnCommand Administrator, or Storage Administrator role.
- You must have a minimum of 150 GB of space available in the location you define as the backup path.

It is recommended that you use a remote location that is external to the Unified Manager host system.

- When Unified Manager is installed on a Linux system, verify that the "jboss" user has write permissions to the backup directory.
- You should not schedule backup operations to occur immediately after a new cluster has been added while Unified Manager is collecting 15 days of historical performance data.

About this task

More time is required the first time a backup is performed than for subsequent backups because the first backup is a full backup. A full backup can be over 1 GB and can take three to four hours. Subsequent backups are incremental and require less time.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click Management > Database Backup.
- In the Management/Database Backup page, click Actions > Database Backup Settings.
- 3. Configure the appropriate values for a backup path and retention count.

The default value for retention count is 10; you can use 0 for creating unlimited backups.

- In the Schedule Frequency section, select the Enable checkbox, and then specify a daily or weekly schedule.
 - Daily

If you select this option, you must enter a time in 24-hour format for creating the backup. For example, if you specify 18:30, then a backup is created daily at 6:30 PM.

Weekly

If you select this option, you must specify the time and day for creating the backup. For example, if you specify the day as Monday and time as 16:30, then a weekly backup is created every Monday at 4:30 PM.

5. Click Save and Close.

Changing the local user password

You can change your local user login password to prevent potential security risks.

Before you begin

You must be logged in as a local user.

About this task

The passwords for the maintenance user and for remote users cannot be changed using these steps. To change a remote user password, contact your password administrator. To change the maintenance user password, see Using the maintenance console.

Steps

- 1. Log in to Unified Manager.
- 2. From the top menu bar, click the user icon and then click Change Password.

The **Change Password** option is not displayed if you are a remote user.

- 3. In the Change Password dialog box, enter the current password and the new password.
- 4. Click Save.

After you finish

If Unified Manager is configured in a high-availability configuration, you must change the password on the second node of the setup. Both instances must have same password.

Changing the Unified Manager host name

At some point, you might want to change the host name of the system on which you have installed Unified Manager. For example, you might want to rename the host to more easily identify your Unified Manager servers by type, workgroup, or monitored cluster group.

The steps required to change the host name are different depending on whether Unified Manager is running on a VMware ESXi server, on a Red Hat or CentOS Linux server, or on a Microsoft Windows server.

Changing the Unified Manager virtual appliance host name

The network host is assigned a name when the Unified Manager virtual appliance is first deployed. You can change the host name after deployment. If you change the host name, you must also regenerate the HTTPS certificate.

Before you begin

You must be logged in to Unified Manager as the maintenance user, or have the OnCommand Administrator role assigned to you to perform these tasks.

About this task

You can use the host name (or the host IP address) to access the Unified Manager web UI. If you configured a static IP address for your network during deployment, then you would have designated a name for the network host. If you configured the network using DHCP, the host name should be taken from the DNS. If DHCP or DNS is not properly configured, the host name "OnCommand" is automatically assigned and associated with the security certificate.

Regardless of how the host name was assigned, if you change the host name, and intend to use the new host name to access the Unified Manager web UI, you must generate a new security certificate.

If you access the web UI by using the server's IP address instead of the host name, you do not have to generate a new certificate if you change the host name. However, it is the best practice to update the certificate so that the host name in the certificate matches the actual host name.

If you change the host name in Unified Manager, you must manually update the host name in OnCommand Workflow Automation (WFA). The host name is not updated automatically in WFA.

The new certificate does not take effect until the Unified Manager virtual machine is restarted.

Steps

1. Generate an HTTPS security certificate

If you want to use the new host name to access the Unified Manager web UI, you must regenerate the HTTPS certificate to associate it with the new host name.

2. Restart the Unified Manager virtual machine

After you regenerate the HTTPS certificate, you must restart the Unified Manager virtual machine.

Generating an HTTPS security certificate

You might generate a new HTTPS security certificate for multiple reasons, including if you want to sign with a different Certificate Authority or if the current security certificate has expired. The new certificate replaces the existing certificate.

Before you begin

You must have the OnCommand Administrator role.

About this task

If you do not have access to the Unified Manager web UI, you can regenerate the HTTPS certificate with the same values using the maintenance console.

Steps

- 1. In the toolbar, click , and then click HTTPS Certificate from the Setup menu.
- 2. Click Regenerate HTTPS Certificate.

The Regenerate HTTPS Certificate dialog box is displayed.

3. Select one of the following options depending on how you want to generate the certificate:

If you want to	Do this
Regenerate the certificate with the current values	Click the Regenerate Using Current Certificate Attributes option.

If you want to	Do this	•		
Generate the certificate using different values		Click the *Update the Current Certificate Attributes* option.		
	The Common Name and Alternative Names fields will use the values from the existing certificate if you do not enter new values. The other fields do not require values, but you can enter values, for example, for the City, State, and Country if you want those values to be populated in the certificate.			
	i	You can select the "Exclude local identifying information (e.g. localhost)" checkbox if you want to remove the local identifying information from the Alternative Names field in the certificate. When this checkbox is selected only what you enter in the field is used in the Alternative Names field. When left blank the resulting certificate will not have an Alternative Names field at all.		
	+			

- 4. Click **Yes** to regenerate the certificate.
- 5. Restart the Unified Manager server so that the new certificate takes effect.

After you finish

Verify the new certificate information by viewing the HTTPS certificate.

Restarting the Unified Manager virtual machine

You can restart the virtual machine from the maintenance console of Unified Manager. You must restart after generating a new security certificate or if there is a problem with the virtual machine.

Before you begin

The virtual appliance is powered on.

You are logged in to the maintenance console as the maintenance user.

About this task

You can also restart the virtual machine from vSphere by using the **Restart Guest** option. See the VMware documentation for more information.

Steps

- 1. Access the maintenance console.
- 2. Select System Configuration > Reboot Virtual Machine.

Changing the Unified Manager host name on Linux systems

At some point, you might want to change the host name of the Red Hat Enterprise Linux or CentOS machine on which you have installed Unified Manager. For example, you might want to rename the host to more easily identify your Unified Manager servers by type, workgroup, or monitored cluster group when you list your Linux machines.

Before you begin

You must have root user access to the Linux system on which Unified Manager is installed.

About this task

You can use the host name (or the host IP address) to access the Unified Manager web UI. If you configured a static IP address for your network during deployment, then you would have designated a name for the network host. If you configured the network using DHCP, the host name should be taken from the DNS server.

Regardless of how the host name was assigned, if you change the host name and intend to use the new host name to access the Unified Manager web UI, you must generate a new security certificate.

If you access the web UI by using the server's IP address instead of the host name, you do not have to generate a new certificate if you change the host name. However, it is the best practice to update the certificate, so that the host name in the certificate matches the actual host name. The new certificate does not take effect until the Linux machine is restarted.

If you change the host name in Unified Manager, you must manually update the host name in OnCommand Workflow Automation (WFA). The host name is not updated automatically in WFA.

Steps

- 1. Log in as the root user to the Unified Manager system that you want to modify.
- 2. Stop the Unified Manager software and the associated MySQL software by entering the following commands in the order shown: service ocieau stopservice ocie stopservice mysqld stop
- Change the host name using the Linux hostnamectl command: hostnamectl set-hostname new FQDN

hostnamectl set-hostname nuhost.corp.widget.com

- 4. Regenerate the HTTPS certificate for the server:/opt/netapp/essentials/bin/cert.sh create
- 5. Restart the network service: service network restart
- 6. After the service is restarted, verify whether the new host name is able to ping itself: ping new hostname

ping nuhost

This command should return the same IP address that was set earlier for the original host name.

7.	7. After you complete and verify your host name change, restart Unified Manager by entering the following commands in the order shown: service mysqld startservice ocie startservice ocieau					e following	
	commands in the order start	shown: service	mysqld	startservice	ocie	startservice	ocieau

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