

# Transition nondisruptively from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration (ONTAP 9.8 and later)

**ONTAP MetroCluster** 

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# Transition nondisruptively from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration (ONTAP 9.8 and later)

# Transitioning nondisruptively from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration (ONTAP 9.8 and later)

You can perform nondisruptive transitions of workloads and data from an existing MetroCluster FC configuration to a new MetroCluster IP configuration.

Beginning with ONTAP 9.13.1, this procedure is supported in MetroCluster IP configurations in which the MetroCluster and the drive shelves are connected to the same IP switches (a shared storage switch configuration).

Beginning with ONTAP 9.13.1, you can perform a nondisruptive transition of workloads and data from an existing eight-node MetroCluster FC configuration to a new MetroCluster IP configuration.

Beginning with ONTAP 9.8, you can perform a nondisruptive transition of workloads and data from an existing four-node MetroCluster FC configuration to a new MetroCluster IP configuration.

• This procedure is nondisruptive.

The MetroCluster configuration can continue to serve data during the operation.

• This procedure applies only to four-node and eight-node MetroCluster FC configurations.

If you have a two-node MetroCluster FC configuration, see Choosing your transition procedure.

- This procedure describes the steps required to transition one four-node FC DR group. If you have an eightnode configuration (two FC DR groups), you must repeat the entire procedure for each FC DR group.
- You must meet all requirements and follow all steps in the procedure.

# Prepare for transition from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration

# **Requirements for nondisruptive FC-to-IP transition**

Before starting the transition process, you must make sure the configuration meets the requirements.

- If you have an eight-node configuration, all nodes must be running ONTAP 9.13.1 or later.
- If you have a four-node configuration, all nodes must be running ONTAP 9.8 or later.
- The existing and new platforms must be a supported combination for transition.

#### Supported platforms for nondisruptive transition

• It must support a switched cluster configuration.

#### NetApp Hardware Universe

• It must meet all requirements and cabling as described in the *MetroCluster Installation and Configuration* procedures.

Fabric-attached MetroCluster installation and configuration

Stretch MetroCluster installation and configuration

## How transition impacts the MetroCluster hardware components

After completing the transition procedure, key components of the existing MetroCluster configuration have been replaced or reconfigured.

#### Controller modules

The existing controller modules are replaced by new controller modules. The existing controller modules are decommissioned at the end of the transition procedures.

#### Storage shelves

Data is moved from the old shelves to the new shelves. The old shelves are decommissioned at the end of the transition procedures.

#### · MetroCluster (back-end) and cluster switches

The back-end switch functionality is replaced by the IP switch fabric. If the MetroCluster FC configuration included FC switches and FC-to-SAS bridges, they are decommissioned at the end of this procedure.

If the MetroCluster FC configuration used cluster switches for the cluster interconnect, in some cases they can be reused to provide the back-end IP switch fabric. Reused cluster switches must be reconfigured with platform and switch-specific RCFs. procedures.

If the MetroCluster FC configuration did not use cluster switches, new IP switches are added to provide the backend switch fabric.

#### Considerations for IP switches

#### Cluster peering network

The existing customer-provided cluster peering network can be used for the new MetroCluster IP configuration. Cluster peering is configured on the MetroCluster IP nodes as part of the transition procedure.

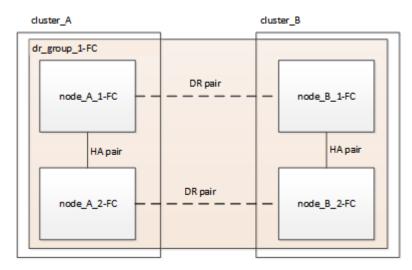
## Workflow for nondisruptive MetroCluster transition

You must follow the specific workflow to ensure a successful nondisruptive transition. Choose the workflow for your configuration:

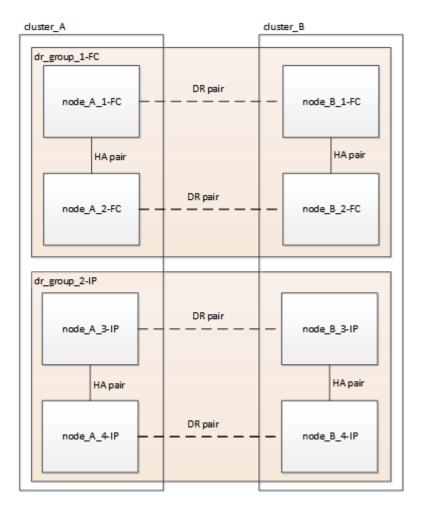
- Four-node FC configuration transition workflow
- Eight-node FC configuration transition workflow

#### Four-node FC configuration transition workflow

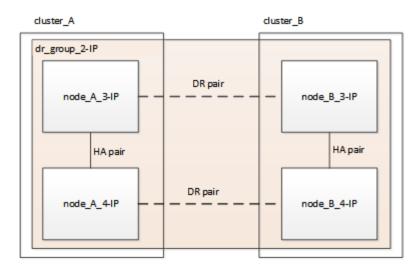
The transition process begins with a healthy four-node MetroCluster FC configuration.



The new MetroCluster IP nodes are added as a second DR group.

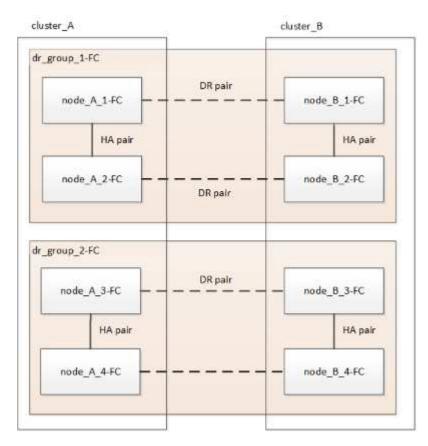


Data is transferred from the old DR group to the new DR group, and then the old nodes and their storage are removed from the configuration and decommissioned. The process ends with a four-node MetroCluster IP configuration.

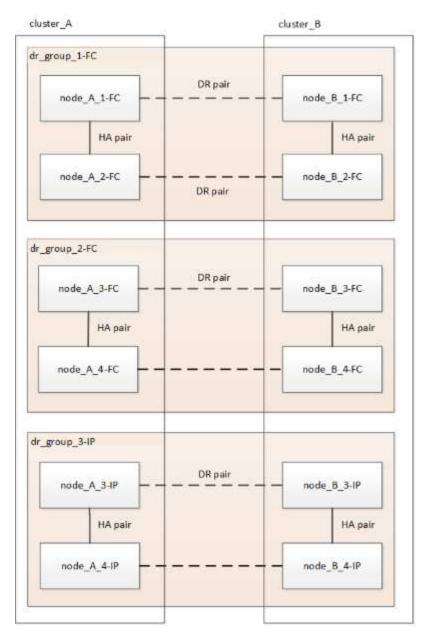


## Eight-node FC configuration transition workflow

The transition process begins with a healthy eight-node MetroCluster FC configuration.



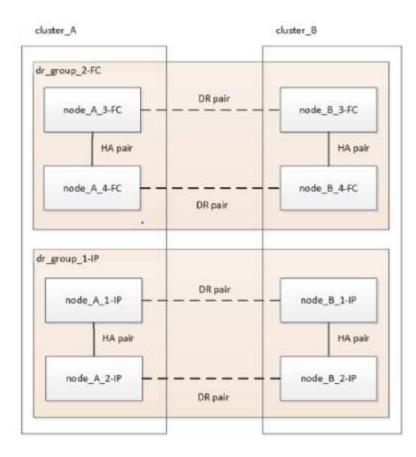
The new MetroCluster IP nodes are added as a third DR group.



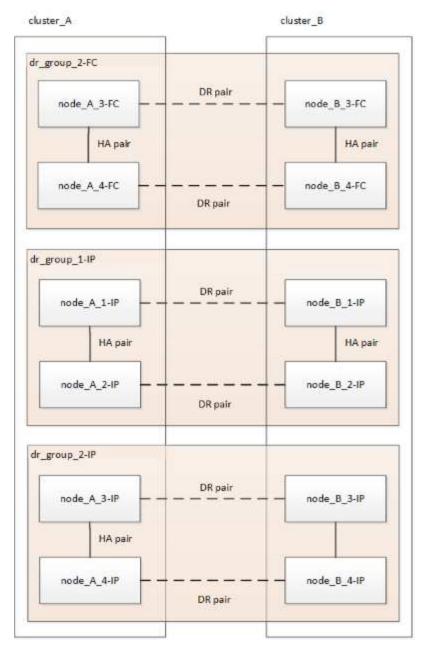
Data is transferred from DR\_group\_1-FC to DR\_group\_1-IP, and then the old nodes and their storage are removed from the configuration and decommissioned.



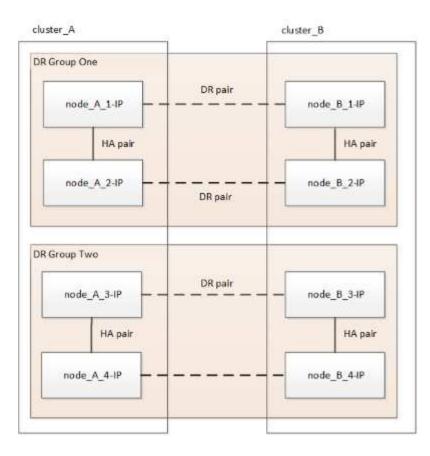
If you want to transition from an eight-node FC configuration to a four-node IP configuration, you must transition all the data in DR\_group\_1-FC and DR\_group\_2-FC to the new IP DR group (DR\_group\_1-IP). You can then decommission both FC DR groups. After the FC DR groups have been removed, the process ends with a four-node MetroCluster IP configuration.



Add the remaining MetroCluster IP nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration. Repeat the process to transfer data from the DR\_group\_2-FC nodes to the DR\_group\_2-IP nodes.

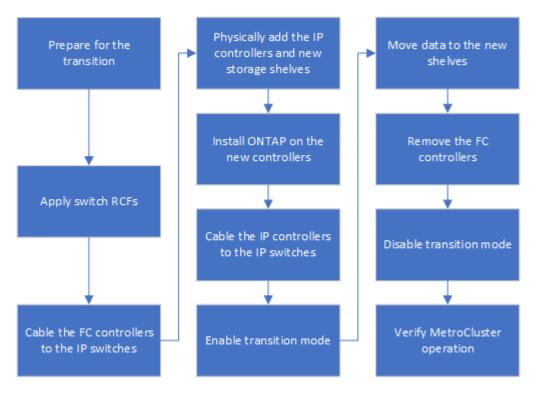


After removing DR\_group\_2-FC, the process ends with an eight-node MetroCluster IP configuration.



#### Transition process workflow

You will use the following workflow to transition the MetroCluster configuration.



# **Considerations for IP switches**

You must ensure the IP switches are supported. If the existing switch model is supported

by both the original MetroCluster FC configuration and the new MetroCluster IP configuration, you can reuse the existing switches.

#### Supported switches

You must use NetApp-provided switches.

- The use of MetroCluster-compliant switches (switches that are not validated and provided by NetApp) is not supported for transition.
- The IP switches must be supported as a cluster switch by both the MetroCluster FC configuration and the MetroCluster IP configuration.
- The IP switches can be reused in the new MetroCluster IP configuration if the MetroCluster FC is a switched cluster and the IP cluster switches are supported by the MetroCluster IP configuration.
- New IP switches are usually used in the following cases:
  - The MetroCluster FC is a switchless cluster, so new switches are required.
  - The MetroCluster FC is a switched cluster but the existing IP switches are not supported in the MetroCluster IP configuration.
  - You want to use different switches for the MetroCluster IP configuration.

See the NetApp Hardware Universe for information on platform model and switch support.

#### NetApp Hardware Universe

## Switchover, healing, and switchback operations during nondisruptive transition

Depending on the stage of the transition process, the MetroCluster switchover, healing, and switchback operations use either the MetroCluster FC or MetroCluster IP workflow.

The following table shows what workflows are used at different stages of the transition process. In some stages, switchover and switchback are not supported.

- In the MetroCluster FC workflow, the switchover, healing, and switchback steps are those used by a MetroCluster FC configuration.
- In the MetroCluster IP workflow, the switchover, healing, and switchback steps are those used by a MetroCluster IP configuration.
- In the unified workflow, when both the FC and IP nodes are configured, the steps depend on whether NSO or USO is performed. The details are shown in the table.

For information on the MetroCluster FC and IP workflows for switchover, healing, and switchback, see Understanding MetroCluster data protection and disaster recovery.



Automatic unplanned switchover is not available during the transition process.

	Negotiated switchover uses this workflow	Unplanned switchover uses this workflow
--	---	---

Before the MetroCluster IP nodes have joined the cluster	MetroCluster FC	MetroCluster FC
After the MetroCluster IP nodes have joined the cluster, before the metrocluster configure command is performed	Not supported	MetroCluster FC
After the metrocluster configure command has been issued. Volume move can be in progress.	Unified: All remote site nodes remain up and healing is done automatically	<ul> <li>Unified:</li> <li>Mirrored aggregates owned by the MetroCluster FC node are mirrored if storage is accessible, all others are degraded after switchover.</li> <li>All remote site nodes are able to boot up.</li> <li>The heal aggregate and heal root commands must be run manually.</li> </ul>
The MetroCluster FC nodes have been unconfigured.	Not supported	MetroCluster IP
The cluster unjoin command has been performed on the MetroCluster FC nodes.	MetroCluster IP	MetroCluster IP

# Alert messages and tool support during transition

You may notice alert messages during transition. These alerts can be safely ignored. Also, some tools are not available during transition.

• ARS may alert during transition.

These alerts can be ignored and should disappear once the transition has finished.

• OnCommand Unified Manager may alert during transition.

These alerts can be ignored and should disappear once the transition has finished.

- Config Advisor is not supported during transition.
- System Manager is not supported during transition.

# Example naming in this procedure

This procedure uses example names throughout to identify the DR groups, nodes, and switches involved.

DR groups	cluster_A at site_A	cluster_B at site_B
-----------	---------------------	---------------------

dr_group_1-FC	• node_A_1-FC	• node_B_1-FC
	<ul> <li>node_A_2-FC</li> </ul>	• node_B_2-FC
dr_group_2-IP	• node_A_3-IP	• node_B_3-IP
	• node_A_4-IP	• node_B_4-IP
Switches	Initial awitches (if fabric attached	Initial awitches (if fabric attached
Switches	Initial switches (if fabric-attached configuration:)	Initial switches (if fabric-attached configuration):
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<i>, ,</i>
	<ul> <li>switch_A_1-FC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>switch_B_1-FC</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>switch_A_2-FC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>switch_B_2-FC</li> </ul>
	MetroCluster IP switches:	MetroCluster IP switches:
	• switch A 1-IP	• switch B 1-IP
	<ul> <li>switch_A_2-IP</li> </ul>	• switch_B_2-IP

# Transition from MetroCluster FC to MetroCluster IP configurations

# Verifying the health of the MetroCluster configuration

You must verify the health and connectivity of the MetroCluster configuration prior to performing the transition

- 1. Verify the operation of the MetroCluster configuration in ONTAP:
  - a. Check whether the system is multipathed:node run -node node-name sysconfig -a
  - b. Check for any health alerts on both clusters: system health alert show
  - c. Confirm the MetroCluster configuration and that the operational mode is normal: metrocluster show
  - d. Perform a MetroCluster check: metrocluster check run
  - e. Display the results of the MetroCluster check: metrocluster check show
  - f. Check for any health alerts on the switches (if present): storage switch show
  - g. Run Config Advisor.

#### NetApp Downloads: Config Advisor

- h. After running Config Advisor, review the tool's output and follow the recommendations in the output to address any issues discovered.
- 2. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

```
cluster_A::> cluster show
Node Health Eligibility Epsilon
------
node_A_1_FC true true false
node_A_2_FC true true false
cluster_A::>
```

3. Verify that all cluster ports are up: network port show -ipspace cluster

```
cluster A::> network port show -ipspace cluster
Node: node A 1 FC
                                   Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0a Cluster
               Cluster
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
Node: node A 2 FC
                                  Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
e0aClusterClusterup9000auto/10000healthye0bClusterClusterup9000auto/10000healthy
4 entries were displayed.
cluster A::>
```

4. Verify that all cluster LIFs are up and operational: network interface show -vserver cluster Each cluster LIF should display "true" for "Is Home" and "up/up" for "Status Admin/Oper".

cluster_A::> network interface show -vserver cluster								
Quanta to Ta	Logical	Status	Network	Current				
Current Is Vserver Home	Interface	-		Node	Port			
Cluster								
	node_A-1_F	_						
+ 2010		up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node_A-1_FC	e0a			
true	node A 1 F	C clus2						
		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node A 1 FC	e0b			
true								
	node_A_2_F	_						
+		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2_FC	e0a			
true	node A 2 F	Clus?						
		_	169.254.19.183/16	node A 2 FC	e0b			
true								
4 entries were displayed.								
cluster_A::	>							

5. Verify that auto-revert is enabled on all cluster LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

```
cluster_A::> network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert
Logical
Vserver Interface Auto-revert
------Cluster
node_A_1_FC_clus1
true
node_A_1_FC_clus2
true
node_A_2_FC_clus1
true
node_A_2_FC_clus2
true
4 entries were displayed.
cluster_A::>
```

# Removing the existing configuration from the Tiebreaker or other monitoring software

If the existing configuration is monitored with the MetroCluster Tiebreaker configuration or other third-party applications (for example, ClusterLion) that can initiate a switchover, you must remove the MetroCluster configuration from the Tiebreaker or other software prior to transition.

1. Remove the existing MetroCluster configuration from the Tiebreaker software.

Removing MetroCluster configurations

2. Remove the existing MetroCluster configuration from any third-party application that can initiate switchover.

Refer to the documentation for the application.

# Generating and applying RCFs to the new IP switches

If you are using new IP switches for the MetroCluster IP configuration, you must configure the switches with a custom RCF file.

This task is required if you are using new switches.

If you are using existing switches, proceed to Moving the local cluster connections.

- 1. Install and rack the new IP switches.
- 2. Prepare the IP switches for the application of the new RCF files.

Follow the steps in the section for your switch vendor from the MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

- Resetting the Broadcom IP switch to factory defaults
- Resetting the Cisco IP switch to factory defaults
- 3. Update the firmware on the switch to a supported version, if necessary.
- 4. Use the RCF generator tool to create the RCF file depending on your switch vendor and the platform models, and then update the switches with the file.

Follow the steps in the section for your switch vendor from *MetroCluster IP Installation and Configuration*.

#### MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

- Downloading and installing the Broadcom IP RCF files
- Downloading and installing the Cisco IP RCF files

## Move the local cluster connections

You must move the MetroCluster FC configuration's cluster interfaces to the IP switches.

#### Move the cluster connections on the MetroCluster FC nodes

You must move the cluster connections on the MetroCluster FC nodes to the IP switches. The steps depend on whether you are using the existing IP switches or you are using new IP switches.

You must perform this task on both MetroCluster sites.

#### Which connections to move

The following task assumes a controller module using two ports for the cluster connections. Some controller module models use four or more ports for the cluster connection. In that case, for the purposes of this example, the ports are divided into two groups, alternating ports between the two groups

Number of cluster connections on the controller module	Group A ports	Group B ports
Two	e0a	e0b
Four	e0a, e0c	e0b, e0d

The following table shows the example ports used in this task.

- Group A ports connect to local switch switch\_x\_1-IP.
- Group B ports connect to local switch switch\_x\_2-IP.

The following table shows which switch ports the FC nodes connect to. For the Broadcom BES-53248 switch, the port usage depends on the model of the MetroCluster IP nodes.

	/letroCluster IP node nodel	Switch port(s)	Connects to
--	--------------------------------	----------------	-------------

Any	5	Local cluster interface on FC node
	6	Local cluster interface on FC node
FAS500f/A250	1 - 6	Local cluster interface on FC node
FAS8200/A300	3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	Local cluster interface on FC node
FAS8300/A400/FAS8700	1 - 6	Local cluster interface on FC node
	FAS500f/A250 FAS8200/A300	FAS500f/A250         1 - 6           FAS8200/A300         3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12

#### Moving the local cluster connections when using new IP switches

If you are using new IP switches, you must physically move the existing MetroCluster FC nodes' cluster connections to the new switches.

1. Move the MetroCluster FC node group A cluster connections to the new IP switches.

Use the ports described in Which connections to move.

- a. Disconnect all the group A ports from the switch, or, if the MetroCluster FC configuration was a switchless cluster, disconnect them from the partner node.
- b. Disconnect the group A ports from node\_A\_1-FC and node\_A\_2-FC.
- c. Connect the group A ports of node\_A\_1-FC to the switch ports for the FC node on switch\_A\_1-IP
- d. Connect the group A ports of node\_A\_2-FC to the switch ports for the FC node on switch\_A\_1-IP
- 2. Verify that all cluster ports are up:

```
network port show -ipspace Cluster
```

```
cluster A::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster
Node: node A 1-FC
                                    Speed(Mbps) Health
      IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Port
                                          ____ _____
_____ ____
               Clusterup9000auto/10000healthyClusterup9000auto/10000healthy
e0a
      Cluster
e0b
      Cluster
Node: node A 2-FC
                                    Speed(Mbps) Health
       IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Port
eOa Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
eOb Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
4 entries were displayed.
cluster A::*>
```

3. Verify that your inter-site Inter-Switch Links (ISLs) are up and the port-channels are operational:

show interface brief

In the following example, ISL ports "Eth1/15" to "Eth1/20" are configured as "Po10" for the remote site link and "Eth1/7" to "Eth1/8" are configured as "Po1" for the local cluster ISL. The state of "Eth1/15" to "Eth1/20", "Eth1/7" to "Eth1/8", "Po10", and "Po1" should be 'up'.

IP_swi	tch_A_	1# show	interface	e brief			
Port	VRF		Status	IP Address	Speed	MTU	
mgmt0			up	100.10.200.2	20 1000	1500	
Ethern Port	 et	VLAN	Type Mode	e Status	Reason		Speed
Interfa	ace				Ch #		
•••							

Eth1/7 1	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
- Eth1/8 1	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
Eth1/15 10	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
Eth1/16 10	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
Eth1/17 10	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
Eth1/18 10	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
Eth1/19 10	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
Eth1/20 10	1	eth	trunk	up	none		100G(D)
 Port-channel Interface	VLAN	Туре	Mode	Status	Reason	Speed	Protocol
Pol	1	eth	trunk	up	none	a-100G(I	) lacp
Po10	1	eth	trunk	up	none	a-100G(I	D) lacp
Poll	1	eth	trunk	down	No operational members	auto(D)	lacp
IP_switch_A_	1#						

4. Verify that all interfaces display true in the "Is Home" column:

network interface show -vserver cluster

This might take several minutes to complete.

cluster_A::*> network interface show -vserver cluster								
	Logical	Status	Network	Current				
Home		-	Address/Mask		Port			
	·							
Cluster								
	node_A_1_F	_	169.254.209.69/16	node_A_1_FC	e0a			
true								
	node_A_1-F	C_clus2 up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node A 1-FC	e0b			
true			,, _,					
	node_A_2-F	_	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2-FC	e0a			
true								
	node_A_2-F	_	169.254.19.183/16	node_A_2-FC	e0b			
true								
4 entries were displayed.								
cluster_A::	*>							

- Perform the above steps on both nodes (node\_A\_1-FC and node\_A\_2-FC) to move the group B ports of the cluster interfaces.
- 6. Repeat the above steps on the partner cluster "cluster\_B".

#### Moving the local cluster connections when reusing existing IP switches

If you are reusing existing IP switches, you must update firmware, reconfigure the switches with the correct Reference Configure Files (RCFs) and move the connections to the correct ports one switch at a time.

This task is required only if the FC nodes are connected to existing IP switches and you are reusing the switches.

- 1. Disconnect the local cluster connections that connect to switch\_A\_1\_IP
  - a. Disconnect the group A ports from the existing IP switch.
  - b. Disconnect the ISL ports on switch\_A\_1\_IP.

You can see the Installation and Setup instructions for the platform to see the cluster port usage.

AFF A320 systems: Installation and setup

AFF A220/FAS2700 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

AFF A800 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

AFF A300 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

FAS8200 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

2. Reconfigure switch\_A\_1\_IP using RCF files generated for your platform combination and transition.

Follow the steps in the procedure for your switch vendor from *MetroCluster IP Installation and Configuration*:

MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

a. If required, download and install the new switch firmware.

You should use the latest firmware that the MetroCluster IP nodes support.

- Downloading and installing the Broadcom switch EFOS software
- Downloading and installing the Cisco switch NX-OS software
- b. Prepare the IP switches for the application of the new RCF files.
  - Resetting the Broadcom IP switch to factory defaults \*\*
  - Resetting the Cisco IP switch to factory defaults
- c. Download and install the IP RCF file depending on your switch vendor.
  - Downloading and installing the Broadcom IP RCF files
  - Downloading and installing the Cisco IP RCF files
- 3. Reconnect the group A ports to switch\_A\_1\_IP.

Use the ports described in Which connections to move.

4. Verify that all cluster ports are up:

network port show -ipspace cluster

```
Cluster-A::*> network port show -ipspace cluster

Node: nod=A_1_FC

Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status

e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy

e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy

Node: nod=A_2_FC

Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status

e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 Admin/Oper Status

e0a Cluster Status

e0a Cl
```

5. Verify that all interfaces are on their home port:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

Cluster-A::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster							
	Logical	Status	Network	Current			
Current Is							
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port		
Home							
Cluster							
Cluster	node A 1 F						
		_	169.254.209.69/16	node A 1 FC	e0a		
true			103.201.203.03, 10	1000_11_1_10	004		
	node A 1 F	C clus2					
		_ up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node A 1 FC	e0b		
true							
	node_A_2_F	C_clus1					
		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2_FC	e0a		
true							
	node_A_2_F	_					
		up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node_A_2_FC	e0b		
true							
4 entries were displayed.							
Cluster-A::*>							

- 6. Repeat all the previous steps on switch\_A\_2\_IP.
- 7. Reconnect the local cluster ISL ports.
- 8. Repeat the above steps at site\_B for switch B\_1\_IP and switch B\_2\_IP.
- 9. Connect the remote ISLs between the sites.

#### Verifying that the cluster connections are moved and the cluster is healthy

To ensure that there is proper connectivity and that the configuration is ready to proceed with the transition process, you must verify that the cluster connections are moved correctly, the cluster switches are recognized and the cluster is healthy.

1. Verify that all cluster ports are up and running:

```
network port show -ipspace Cluster
```

```
Cluster-A::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster
Node: Node-A-1-FC
                                   Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
____ _____
               Clusterup9000auto/10000healthyClusterup9000auto/10000healthy
e0a
      Cluster
      Cluster
e0b
Node: Node-A-2-FC
                                   Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
eOa Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
eOb Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
4 entries were displayed.
Cluster-A::*>
```

2. Verify that all interfaces are on their home port:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

This might take several minutes to complete.

The following example shows that all interfaces show true in the "Is Home" column.

Cluster-A::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster							
	Logical	Status	Network	Current			
Current Is Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port		
Cluster	ם 1 ה - 1- דו	0 - 1 1					
	Node-A-1_F	_	169.254.209.69/16	Node-A-1 FC	e0a		
true				—			
	Node-A-1-F	—					
true		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	Node-A-1-FC	e0b		
CT UC	Node-A-2-F	C_clus1					
		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	Node-A-2-FC	e0a		
true		~ 1 0					
	Node-A-2-F	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	Node-A-2-FC	e0b		
true		ap/ ap	103.201.13.100,10		000		
4 entries were displayed.							
Cluster-A::*>							

3. Verify that both the local IP switches are discovered by the nodes:

network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

Cluster-A::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp							
		Discovered Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform			
Node-A-1-FC							
	/cdp						
a2020a	eUa	Switch-A-3-IP	1/5/1	N3K-			
C3232C	oOb	Switch-A-4-IP	0/5/1	N3K-			
C3232C	600	Switch-A-4-iP	0/ 5/ 1	N2V-			
Node-A-2-FC							
	/cdp						
	-	Switch-A-3-IP	1/6/1	N3K-			
C3232C							
	e0b	Switch-A-4-IP	0/6/1	N3K-			
C3232C							
4 entries were displayed.							
Cluster-A::*>							

4. On the IP switch, verify that the MetroCluster IP nodes have been discovered by both local IP switches:

show cdp neighbors

You must perform this step on each switch.

This example shows how to verify the nodes are discovered on Switch-A-3-IP.

```
(Switch-A-3-IP) # show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                 s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                 Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                              Port
ID
Node-A-1-FC
                 Eth1/5/1
                                133
                                       Η
                                                FAS8200
                                                              e0a
Node-A-2-FC
                  Eth1/6/1
                                 133
                                       Η
                                                FAS8200
                                                              e0a
Switch-A-4-IP(FDO220329A4)
                                175 R S I S N3K-C3232C
                  Eth1/7
                                                              Eth1/7
Switch-A-4-IP(FDO220329A4)
                  Eth1/8
                                175
                                      RSIS N3K-C3232C
                                                              Eth1/8
Switch-B-3-IP(FDO220329B3)
                  Eth1/20
                                173
                                      RSIS N3K-C3232C
Eth1/20
Switch-B-3-IP(FDO220329B3)
                  Eth1/21
                           173
                                      RSIS N3K-C3232C
Eth1/21
Total entries displayed: 4
(Switch-A-3-IP)#
```

This example shows how to verify that the nodes are discovered on Switch-A-4-IP.

```
(Switch-A-4-IP) # show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                  s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                  Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                                  Port
ΤD
Node-A-1-FC
                  Eth1/5/1
                                  133
                                         Η
                                                   FAS8200
                                                                 e0b
Node-A-2-FC
                                  133
                   Eth1/6/1
                                         Η
                                                   FAS8200
                                                                 e0b
Switch-A-3-IP(FDO220329A3)
                   Eth1/7
                                  175 R S I S N3K-C3232C
                                                                 Eth1/7
Switch-A-3-IP(FDO220329A3)
                   Eth1/8
                                  175
                                        RSIS N3K-C3232C
                                                                 Eth1/8
Switch-B-4-IP(FDO220329B4)
                   Eth1/20
                                  169
                                         R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/20
Switch-B-4-IP(FDO220329B4)
                   Eth1/21
                                  169
                                         R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/21
Total entries displayed: 4
(Switch-A-4-IP)#
```

# Preparing the MetroCluster IP controllers

You must prepare the four new MetroCluster IP nodes and install the correct ONTAP version.

This task must be performed on each of the new nodes:

- node\_A\_1-IP
- node\_A\_2-IP
- node\_B\_1-IP
- node\_B\_2-IP

In these steps, you clear the configuration on the nodes and clear the mailbox region on new drives.

1. Rack the new controllers for the MetroCluster IP configuration.

The MetroCluster FC nodes (node\_A\_x-FC and node\_B\_x-FC) remain cabled at this time.

2. Cable the MetroCluster IP nodes to the IP switches as shown in the Cabling the IP switches.

- 3. Configure the MetroCluster IP nodes using the following sections:
  - a. Gathering required information
  - b. Clearing the configuration on a controller module
  - c. Verifying the ha-config state of components
  - d. Manually assigning drives for pool 0 (ONTAP 9.4 and later)
- 4. From Maintenance mode, issue the halt command to exit Maintenance mode, and then issue the boot\_ontap command to boot the system and get to cluster setup.

Do not complete the cluster wizard or node wizard at this time.

5. Repeat these steps on the other MetroCluster IP nodes.

## Configure the MetroCluster for transition

To prepare the configuration for transition you add the new nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration and then move data to the new nodes.

#### Sending a custom AutoSupport message prior to maintenance

Before performing the maintenance, you should issue an AutoSupport message to notify NetApp technical support that maintenance is underway. Informing technical support that maintenance is underway prevents them from opening a case on the assumption that a disruption has occurred.

#### About this task

This task must be performed on each MetroCluster site.

#### Steps

1. To prevent automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate maintenance is underway:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=maintenance-
window-in-hours
```

"maintenance-window-in-hours" specifies the length of the maintenance window, with a maximum of 72 hours. If the maintenance is completed before the time has elapsed, you can invoke an AutoSupport message indicating the end of the maintenance period:

system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=end

2. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.

#### Enabling transition mode and disabling cluster HA

You must enable the MetroCluster transition mode to allow the old and new nodes to operate together in the MetroCluster configuration, and disable cluster HA.

- 1. Enable transition:
  - a. Change to the advanced privilege level:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

b. Enable transition mode:

i

```
metrocluster transition enable -transition-mode non-disruptive
```

Run this command on one cluster only.

c. Return to the admin privilege level:

```
set -privilege admin
```

2. Verify that transition is enabled on both the clusters.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode
non-disruptive
cluster_A::*>
cluster_B::*> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode
non-disruptive
Cluster_B::>
```

3. Disable cluster HA.

```
i.
       You must run this command on both clusters.
cluster A::*> cluster ha modify -configured false
Warning: This operation will unconfigure cluster HA. Cluster HA must be
configured on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in
the event of storage failover.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
Notice: HA is disabled.
cluster A::*>
cluster B::*> cluster ha modify -configured false
Warning: This operation will unconfigure cluster HA. Cluster HA must be
configured on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in
the event of storage failover.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
Notice: HA is disabled.
cluster B::*>
```

4. Verify that cluster HA is disabled.



You must run this command on both clusters.

```
cluster A::> cluster ha show
High Availability Configured: false
Warning: Cluster HA has not been configured. Cluster HA must be
configured
on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the
event of storage failover. Use the "cluster ha modify -configured
true" command to configure cluster HA.
cluster A::>
cluster B::> cluster ha show
High Availability Configured: false
Warning: Cluster HA has not been configured. Cluster HA must be
configured
on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the
event of storage failover. Use the "cluster ha modify -configured
true" command to configure cluster HA.
cluster B::>
```

#### Joining the MetroCluster IP nodes to the clusters

You must add the four new MetroCluster IP nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration.

#### About this task

You must perform this task on both clusters.

#### Steps

- 1. Add the MetroCluster IP nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration.
  - a. Join the first MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_3-IP) to the existing MetroCluster FC configuration.

```
Welcome to the cluster setup wizard.
You can enter the following commands at any time:
    "help" or "?" - if you want to have a question clarified,
    "back" - if you want to change previously answered questions, and
    "exit" or "quit" - if you want to quit the cluster setup wizard.
    Any changes you made before quitting will be saved.
You can return to cluster setup at any time by typing "cluster
setup".
To accept a default or omit a question, do not enter a value.
```

```
This system will send event messages and periodic reports to NetApp
Technical
Support. To disable this feature, enter autosupport modify -support
disable
within 24 hours.
Enabling AutoSupport can significantly speed problem determination
and
resolution, should a problem occur on your system.
For further information on AutoSupport, see:
http://support.netapp.com/autosupport/
Type yes to confirm and continue {yes}: yes
Enter the node management interface port [eOM]:
Enter the node management interface IP address: 172.17.8.93
Enter the node management interface netmask: 255.255.254.0
Enter the node management interface default gateway: 172.17.8.1
A node management interface on port eOM with IP address 172.17.8.93
has been created.
Use your web browser to complete cluster setup by accessing
https://172.17.8.93
Otherwise, press Enter to complete cluster setup using the command
line
interface:
Do you want to create a new cluster or join an existing cluster?
{create, join}:
join
Existing cluster interface configuration found:
Port
        MTU
                ΙP
                                Netmask
e0c
       9000
              169.254.148.217 255.255.0.0
e0d
       9000
               169.254.144.238 255.255.0.0
Do you want to use this configuration? {yes, no} [yes]: yes
•
```

b. Join the second MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_4-IP) to the existing MetroCluster FC configuration.

2. Repeat these steps to join node\_B\_3-IP and node\_B\_4-IP to cluster\_B.

#### Configuring intercluster LIFs, creating the MetroCluster interfaces, and mirroring root aggregates

You must create cluster peering LIFs, create the MetroCluster interfaces on the new MetroCluster IP nodes.

#### About this task

The home port used in the examples are platform-specific. You should use the appropriate home port specific to MetroCluster IP node platform.

#### Steps

- 1. On the new MetroCluster IP nodes, configure the intercluster LIFs.
- 2. On each site, verify that cluster peering is configured:

```
cluster peer show
```

The following example shows the cluster peering configuration on cluster\_A:

```
cluster_A:> cluster peer show

Peer Cluster Name Cluster Serial Number Availability

Authentication

------

cluster_B 1-80-000011 Available ok
```

The following example shows the cluster peering configuration on cluster\_B:

```
cluster_B:> cluster peer show
Peer Cluster Name Cluster Serial Number Availability
Authentication
------
cluster_A 1-80-000011 Available ok
```

3. Configure the DR group for the MetroCluster IP nodes:

metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group create -partner-cluster

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group create
-partner-cluster
cluster_B -local-node node_A_3-IP -remote-node node_B_3-IP
[Job 259] Job succeeded: DR Group Create is successful.
cluster_A::>
```

4. Verify that the DR group is created.

metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group show

You will notice that the DR group for the old MetroCluster FC nodes (DR Group 1) is not listed when you run the metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group show command.

You can use metrocluster node show command on both sites to list all nodes.

cluster A::> metrocluster node show Configuration DR DR State Group Cluster Node Mirroring Mode \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 1 cluster A node\_A\_1-FCconfiguredenablednormalnode\_A\_2-FCconfiguredenablednormal cluster B node\_B\_1-FC configured enabled normal configured enabled normal node B 2-FC 2 cluster A node A 3-IP ready to configure node A 4-IP ready to configure cluster B::> metrocluster node show DR Configuration DR Group Cluster Node State Mirroring Mode \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 1 cluster B node\_B\_1-FC configured enabled normal node B\_2-FC configured enabled normal cluster A node\_A\_1-FCconfiguredenablednormalnode\_A\_2-FCconfiguredenablednormal 2 cluster B node B 3-IP ready to configure node B 4-IP ready to configure

5. Configure the MetroCluster IP interfaces for the newly joined MetroCluster IP nodes:

metrocluster configuration-settings interface create -cluster-name

See Configuring and connecting the MetroCluster IP interfaces for considerations when configuring the IP interfaces.



You can configure the MetroCluster IP interfaces from either cluster. Also, beginning with ONTAP 9.9.1, if you are using a layer 3 configuration, you must also specify the -gateway parameter when creating MetroCluster IP interfaces. Refer to Considerations for layer 3 wide-area networks

```
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 3-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.10 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 260] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 3-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.10 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 261] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 4-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.11 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 262] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> :metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 4-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.11 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 263] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 3-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.12 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 264] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 3-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.12 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 265] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
```

-cluster-name cluster\_B -home-node node\_B\_4-IP -home-port ela -address 172.17.26.13 -netmask 255.255.0 [Job 266] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster_B -home-node node_B_4-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.13 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 267] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
```

6. Verify the MetroCluster IP interfaces are created:

```
metrocluster configuration-settings interface show
```

```
cluster A::>metrocluster configuration-settings interface show
DR
Config
Group Cluster Node Network Address Netmask Gateway
State
_____ _____
_____
2 cluster A
          node A 3-IP
              Home Port: ela
                  172.17.26.10 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: elb
                 172.17.27.10 255.255.255.0 -
completed
           node A 4-IP
              Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.11 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: elb
                 172.17.27.11 255.255.255.0 -
completed
     cluster B
          node B 3-IP
              Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.13 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: elb
                 172.17.27.13 255.255.255.0 -
completed
           node B 3-IP
              Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.12 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: elb
               172.17.27.12 255.255.255.0 -
completed
8 entries were displayed.
cluster A>
```

7. Connect the MetroCluster IP interfaces:

```
metrocluster configuration-settings connection connect
```



This command might take several minutes to complete.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster configuration-settings connection connect
cluster_A::>
```

8. Verify the connections are properly established:

metrocluster configuration-settings connection show

```
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings connection show
DR
                   Source
                                 Destination
Group Cluster Node
                  Network Address Network Address Partner Type
Config State
_____ _____
_____
2
    cluster A
            node A 3-IP**
              Home Port: ela
                   172.17.26.10 172.17.26.11 HA Partner
completed
              Home Port: ela
                   172.17.26.10
                                172.17.26.12 DR Partner
completed
              Home Port: ela
                   172.17.26.10
                                 172.17.26.13
                                               DR Auxiliary
completed
              Home Port: elb
                  172.17.27.10
                                172.17.27.11
                                              HA Partner
completed
              Home Port: elb
                  172.17.27.10
                                172.17.27.12 DR Partner
completed
              Home Port: elb
                   172.17.27.10 172.17.27.13 DR Auxiliary
completed
            node A 4-IP
              Home Port: ela
                  172.17.26.11 172.17.26.10 HA Partner
completed
```

completed	Home	Port: ela 172.17.26.11	172.17.26.13	DR Partner
completed	Home	Port: ela 172.17.26.11	172.17.26.12	DR Auxiliary
completed	Home	Port: elb		211 1101122023
completed		172.17.27.11	172.17.27.10	HA Partner
	Home	Port: elb 172.17.27.11	172.17.27.13	DR Partner
completed	Home	Port: elb	172.17.27.12	DR Auxiliarv
completed		1,2,1,,2,1,	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	
DR Group Cluster Config State	Node	Source Network Address		Partner Type
	5			
2 cluster	_	1 – T D		
	node_B_	Port: ela		
	nome		172.17.26.12	HA Partner
completed				
-	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.13	172.17.26.11	DR Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.13	172.17.26.10	DR Auxiliary
completed				
	Home	Port: elb		
completed		172.17.27.13	172.17.27.12	HA Partner
completed	Uomo	Port: elb		
	поше	172.17.27.13	172.17.27.11	DR Partner
completed		172.17.27.19	1 / <i>C</i> • 1 / • <i>C</i> / • 1 1	
compressa	Home	Port: elb		
		172.17.27.13	172.17.27.10	DR Auxiliary
completed				-
	node_B_	3-IP		
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.12	172.17.26.13	HA Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		

172.17.26.12 172.17.26.10 DR Partner completed Home Port: ela 172.17.26.12 172.17.26.11 DR Auxiliary completed Home Port: elb 172.17.27.12 172.17.27.13 HA Partner completed Home Port: elb 172.17.27.12 172.17.27.10 DR Partner completed Home Port: elb 172.17.27.12 172.17.27.11 DR Auxiliary completed 24 entries were displayed. cluster\_A::>

9. Verify disk autoassignment and partitioning:

disk show -pool Pool1

cluster_A::> disk	_					
	Usable			Disk		
Disk	Size S	helf	Вау	Туре	Туре	Name
Owner						
1.10.4	_	10	1	SAS	remote	_
node B 2		ΞŪ	т	JAD	remote	
1.10.13	_	10	1.3	SAS	remote	_
node B 2		20	10	0110	20110000	
1.10.14	_	10	14	SAS	remote	_
node_B_1						
1.10.15	-	10	15	SAS	remote	-
node_B_1						
1.10.16	-	10	16	SAS	remote	-
node_B_1						
1.10.18	-	10	18	SAS	remote	-
node_B_2						
	546.9GB	20	0	SAS	a gama gata	a = a = 0 $a = 1$ $a = 1$
2.20.0 node a 1	540.9GB	20	0	SAS	aggregale	aggr0_rha1_a1
2.20.3	546.9GB	20	З	SAS	aggregate	aggr0 rha1 a2
node a 2	510 <b>.</b> 90D	20	0	0110	aggregate	
2.20.5	546.9GB	20	5	SAS	aggregate	rhal al aggrl
node a 1						
2.20.6	546.9GB	20	6	SAS	aggregate	rhal_al_aggrl
node_a_1						
2.20.7	546.9GB	20	7	SAS	aggregate	rha1_a2_aggr1
node_a_2						
2.20.10	546.9GB	20	10	SAS	aggregate	rha1_a1_aggr1
node_a_1						
•••						
43 entries were d	uspiayed.					
cluster_A::>						



On systems configured for Advanced Drive Partitioning (ADP), the container type is "shared" rather than "remote" as shown in the example output.

### 10. Mirror the root aggregates:

```
storage aggregate mirror -aggregate aggr0_node_A_3_IP
```



You must complete this step on each MetroCluster IP node.

```
cluster A::> aggr mirror -aggregate aggr0 node A 3 IP
Info: Disks would be added to aggregate "aggr0_node_A_3_IP"on node
"node A 3-IP"
    in the following manner:
    Second Plex
      RAID Group rg0, 3 disks (block checksum, raid_dp)
                                                 Usable
Physical
       Position Disk
                                      Туре
                                                  Size
Size
        _____ ____
_____
       dparity 4.20.0
                                      SAS
       parity 4.20.3
                                 SAS
       data 4.20.1
                               SAS 546.9GB
558.9GB
    Aggregate capacity available for volume use would be 467.6GB.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
cluster A::>
```

11. Verify that the root aggregates are mirrored:

storage aggregate show

```
cluster_A::> aggr show
Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID
Status
_______
aggr0_node_A_1_FC
______
349.0GB 16.84GB 95% online 1 node_A_1-FC
raid_dp,
mirrored,
normal
```

aggr0 node A 2 FC 349.0GB 16.84GB 95% online 1 node A 2-FC raid dp, mirrored, normal aggr0 node A 3 IP 467.6GB 22.63GB 95% online 1 node A 3-IP raid dp, mirrored, normal aggr0 node A 4 IP 467.6GB 22.62GB 95% online 1 node A 4-IP raid dp, mirrored, normal aggr\_data\_a1 1.02TB 1.01TB 1% online 1 node A 1-FC raid dp, mirrored, normal aggr data a2 1.02TB 1.01TB 1% online 1 node A 2-FC raid\_dp, mirrored,

#### Finalizing the addition of the MetroCluster IP nodes

You must incorporate the new DR group into the MetroCluster configuration and create mirrored data aggregates on the new nodes.

#### Steps

1. Configure the MetroCluster depending on whether it has a single or multiple data aggregates:

Multiple data aggregates	From any node's prompt, configure MetroCluster:			
	<pre>metrocluster configure <node-name></node-name></pre>			
	(i) You must run metrocluster configure and not metrocluster configure -refresh true			
A single mirrored data aggregate	a. From any node's prompt, change to the advanced privilege level:			
	set -privilege advanced			
	You must respond with $y$ when you are prompted to continue into advanced mode and you see the advanced mode prompt (*>).			
	b. Configure the MetroCluster with the -allow -with-one-aggregate true parameter:			
	metrocluster configure -allow-with -one-aggregate true -node-name <node-name></node-name>			
	c. Return to the admin privilege level:			
	set -privilege admin			



The best practice is to have multiple mirrored data aggregates. When there is only one mirrored aggregate, there is less protection because the metadata volumes are located on the same aggregate rather than on separate aggregates.

2. Verify that the nodes are added to their DR group:

metrocluster node show

cluste	cluster_A::> metrocluster node show					
DR Group 	Cluster	Node	Configuration State		Mode	
1	cluster	A				
		node-A-1-FC	configured	enabled	normal	
		node-A-2-FC	configured	enabled	normal	
	Cluster	<b>-</b> B				
		node-B-1-FC	configured	enabled	normal	
		node-B-2-FC	configured	enabled	normal	
2	cluster	_A				
		node-A-3-IP	configured	enabled	normal	
		node-A-4-IP	configured	enabled	normal	
	Cluster	-В				
		node-B-3-IP	configured	enabled	normal	
		node-B-4-IP	configured	enabled	normal	
8 ent:	ries were	e displayed.				
cluste	cluster_A::>					

3. Create mirrored data aggregates on each of the new MetroCluster nodes:

storage aggregate create -aggregate aggregate-name -node node-name -diskcount
no-of-disks -mirror true



You must create at least one mirrored data aggregate per site. It is recommended to have two mirrored data aggregates per site on MetroCluster IP nodes to host the MDV volumes, however a single aggregate per site is supported (but not recommended). It is support that one site of the MetroCluster has a single mirrored data aggregate and the other site has more than one mirrored data aggregate.

The following example shows the creation of an aggregate on node\_A\_3-IP.

```
cluster_A::> storage aggregate create -aggregate data_a3 -node node_A_3-
IP -diskcount 10 -mirror t
Info: The layout for aggregate "data_a3" on node "node_A_3-IP" would be:
First Plex
RAID Group rg0, 5 disks (block checksum, raid_dp)
Usable
Physical
Position Disk Type Size
```

Size				
	dparity	5.10.15	SAS	-
_	parity	5.10.16	SAS	-
547.1GB	data	5.10.17	SAS	546.9GB
	data	5.10.18	SAS	546.9GB
558.9GB 558.9GB	data	5.10.19	SAS	546.9GB
Sec	ond Plex			
R	AID Group re	g0, 5 disks (block checksu	m, raid_dp)	
Physical				Usable
Size	Position	Disk	Туре	Size
	dparity	4.20.17	SAS	-
	parity	4.20.14	SAS	-
- 547.1GB	data	4.20.18	SAS	546.9GB
	data	4.20.19	SAS	546.9GB
547.1GB 547.1GB	data	4.20.16	SAS	546.9GB
	regate capa	city available for volume v	use would be	1.37TB.
-	nt to contin Job succeed	nue? {y n}: y ded: DONE		
cluster A	••>			

4. Verify that all nodes in the cluster are healthy:

cluster show

The output should display true for the health field for all nodes.

5. Confirm that takeover is possible and the nodes are connected by running the following command on both clusters:

```
storage failover show
```

cluster_A::> storage failover show				
		Takeover		
Node	Partner	Possible	State Description	
Node_FC_1	Node_FC_2	true	Connected to Node_FC_2	
$Node_{FC_2}$	Node_FC_1	true	Connected to Node_FC_1	
Node_IP_1	Node_IP_2	true	Connected to Node_IP_2	
Node_IP_2	Node_IP_1	true	Connected to Node_IP_1	

6. Confirm that all disks attached to the newly-joined MetroCluster IP nodes are present:

disk show

- 7. Verify the health of the MetroCluster configuration by running the following commands:
  - a. metrocluster check run
  - b. metrocluster check show
  - C. metrocluster interconnect mirror show
  - d. metrocluster interconnect adapter show
- 8. Move the MDV\_CRS volumes from the old nodes to the new nodes in advanced privilege.
  - a. Display the volumes to identify the MDV volumes:



If you have a single mirrored data aggregate per site then move both the MDV volumes to this single aggregate. If you have two or more mirrored data aggregates, then move each MDV volume to a different aggregate.

The following example shows the MDV volumes in the volume show output:

cluster A::> volume show Vserver Volume Aggregate State Type Size Available Used% ----- ---- -----\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ . . . cluster A MDV CRS 2c78e009ff5611e9b0f300a0985ef8c4 A aggr bl -RW cluster A MDV CRS 2c78e009ff5611e9b0f300a0985ef8c4 B aggr b2 RW \_ cluster A MDV CRS d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51 A aggr\_a1 online RW 10GB 9.50GB 0% cluster A MDV CRS d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51 B aggr a2 online RW 10GB 9.50GB 0% . . . 11 entries were displayed.mple

b. Set the advanced privilege level:

set -privilege advanced

c. Move the MDV volumes, one at a time:

volume move start -volume mdv-volume -destination-aggregate aggr-on-new-node -vserver vserver-name

The following example shows the command and output for moving MDV\_CRS\_d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51\_A to aggregate data\_a3 on node\_A\_3.

d. Use the volume show command to check that the MDV volume has been successfully moved:

volume show mdv-name

The following output shows that the MDV volume has been successfully moved.

e. Return to admin mode:

set -privilege admin

### Moving the data to the new drive shelves

During the transition, you move data from the drive shelves in the MetroCluster FC configuration to the new MetroCluster IP configuration.

#### Before you begin

You should create new SAN LIFs on the destination or IP nodes and connect hosts prior to moving volumes to new the new aggregates.

1. To resume automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate that the maintenance is complete.

- a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all
   -message MAINT=end
- b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.
- 2. Move the data volumes to aggregates on the new controllers, one volume at a time.

Use the procedure in Creating an aggregate and moving volumes to the new nodes.

3. Create SAN LIFs on the recently added nodes.

Use the following procedure in Updating LUN paths for the new nodes.

4. Check if there are any node locked licenses on the FC nodes, if there are, they need to be added to the newly added nodes.

Use the following procedure in Adding node-locked licenses.

5. Migrate the data LIFs.

( i

Use the procedure in Moving non-SAN data LIFs and cluster management LIFs to the new nodes but do **not** perform the last two steps to migrate cluster management LIFs.

- You cannot migrate a LIF that is used for copy-offload operations with VMware vStorage APIs for Array Integration (VAAI).
- After you complete the transition of your MetroCluster nodes from FC to IP, you might need to move your iSCSI host connections to the new nodes, see Moving Linux iSCSI hosts from MetroCluster FC to MetroCluster IP nodes.

## Removing the MetroCluster FC controllers

You must perform clean-up tasks and remove the old controller modules from the MetroCluster configuration.

- 1. To prevent automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate maintenance is underway.
  - a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=maintenance-window-in-hours

maintenance-window-in-hours specifies the length of the maintenance window, with a maximum of 72 hours. If the maintenance is completed before the time has elapsed, you can invoke an AutoSupport message indicating the end of the maintenance period:system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=end

- b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.
- 2. Identify the aggregates hosted on the MetroCluster FC configuration that need to be deleted.

In this example the following data aggregates are hosted by the MetroCluster FC cluster\_B and need to be deleted: aggr\_data\_a1 and aggr\_data\_a2.



You need to perform the steps to identify, offline and delete the data aggregates on both the clusters. The example is for one cluster only.

cluster B::> aggr show Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID Status \_\_\_\_\_ aggr0 node A 1-FC 349.0GB 16.83GB 95% online 1 node\_A\_1-FC raid dp, mirrored, normal aggr0 node A 2-FC 349.0GB 16.83GB 95% online 1 node\_A\_2-FC raid\_dp, mirrored, normal aggr0 node A 3-IP 467.6GB 22.63GB 95% online 1 node\_A\_3-IP raid\_dp, mirrored, normal aggr0 node A 3-IP 467.6GB 22.62GB 95% online 1 node\_A\_4-IP raid dp, mirrored, normal aggr data al 1.02TB 1.02TB 0% online 0 node\_A\_1-FC raid dp, mirrored, normal aggr data a2 1.02TB 1.02TB 0% online 0 node\_A\_2-FC raid dp,

```
mirrored,
normal
aggr_data_a3
        1.37TB 1.35TB 1% online 3 node_A_3-IP
raid_dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr_data_a4
        1.25TB 1.24TB 1% online 2 node_A_4-IP
raid_dp,
mirrored,
anormal
8 entries were displayed.
```

```
cluster_B::>
```

3. Check if the data aggregates on the FC nodes have any MDV\_aud volumes, and delete them prior to deleting the aggregates.

You must delete the MDV\_aud volumes as they cannot be moved.

- 4. Take each of the data aggregates offline, and then delete them:
  - a. Take the aggregate offline: storage aggregate offline -aggregate aggregate-name

The following example shows the aggregate aggr\_data\_a1 being taken offline:

```
cluster_B::> storage aggregate offline -aggregate aggr_data_a1
Aggregate offline successful on aggregate: aggr_data_a1
```

b. Delete the aggregate: storage aggregate delete -aggregate aggregate-name

You can destroy the plex when prompted.

The following example shows the aggregate aggr\_data\_a1 being deleted.

```
cluster_B::> storage aggregate delete -aggregate aggr_data_a1
Warning: Are you sure you want to destroy aggregate "aggr_data_a1"?
{y|n}: y
[Job 123] Job succeeded: DONE
cluster_B::>
```

5. Identify the MetroCluster FC DR group that need to be removed.

In the following example the MetroCluster FC nodes are in DR Group '1', and this is the DR group that need to be removed.

cluster_B::> metrocluster node show					
DR Group 	Cluster	Node	Configuration State		Mode
1	cluster_	_A			
		node_A_1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node_A_2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
	cluster	B			
		node_B_1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node_B_2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
2	cluster	_A			
		node_A_3-IP	configured	enabled	normal
		node_A_4-IP	configured	enabled	normal
	cluster	_B			
		node_B_3-IP	configured	enabled	normal
		node_B_3-IP	configured	enabled	normal
8 entries were displayed.					
cluste	cluster_B::>				

- 6. Move the cluster management LIF from a MetroCluster FC node to a MetroCluster IP node: cluster\_B::> network interface migrate -vserver svm-name -lif cluster\_mgmt -destination-node node-in-metrocluster-ip-dr-group -destination-port available-port
- 7. Change the home node and home port of the cluster management LIF: cluster\_B::> network interface modify -vserver svm-name -lif cluster\_mgmt -service-policy defaultmanagement -home-node node-in-metrocluster-ip-dr-group -home-port lif-port
- 8. Move epsilon from a MetroCluster FC node to a MetroCluster IP node:

a. Identify which node currently has epsilon: cluster show -fields epsilon

```
cluster_B::> cluster show -fields epsilon
node epsilon
------
node_A_1-FC true
node_A_2-FC false
node_A_1-IP false
node_A_2-IP false
4 entries were displayed.
```

- b. Set epsilon to false on the MetroCluster FC node (node\_A\_1-FC): cluster modify -node fcnode -epsilon false
- c. Set epsilon to true on the MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_1-IP): cluster modify -node ip-node -epsilon true
- d. Verify that epsilon has moved to the correct node: cluster show -fields epsilon

```
cluster_B::> cluster show -fields epsilon
node epsilon
------
node_A_1-FC false
node_A_2-FC false
node_A_1-IP true
node_A_2-IP false
4 entries were displayed.
```

- 9. Modify the IP address for the cluster peer of the transitioned IP nodes for each cluster:
  - a. Identify the cluster\_A peer by using the cluster peer show command:

```
cluster_A::> cluster peer show
Peer Cluster Name Cluster Serial Number Availability
Authentication
------
cluster_B 1-80-000011 Unavailable absent
```

i. Modify the cluster\_A peer IP address:

```
cluster peer modify -cluster cluster_A -peer-addrs node_A_3_IP -address
-family ipv4
```

b. Identify the cluster\_B peer by using the cluster peer show command:

```
cluster_B::> cluster peer show
Peer Cluster Name Cluster Serial Number Availability
Authentication
------
cluster_A 1-80-000011 Unavailable absent
```

i. Modify the cluster\_B peer IP address:

```
cluster peer modify -cluster cluster_B -peer-addrs node_B_3_IP -address
-family ipv4
```

- c. Verify that the cluster peer IP address is updated for each cluster:
  - i. Verify that the IP address is updated for each cluster by using the cluster peer show -instance command.

The Remote Intercluster Addresses field in the following examples displays the updated IP address.

Example for cluster\_A:

```
cluster A::> cluster peer show -instance
Peer Cluster Name: cluster B
           Remote Intercluster Addresses: 172.21.178.204,
172.21.178.212
      Availability of the Remote Cluster: Available
                     Remote Cluster Name: cluster B
                     Active IP Addresses: 172.21.178.212,
172.21.178.204
                   Cluster Serial Number: 1-80-000011
                    Remote Cluster Nodes: node B 3-IP,
                                          node B 4-IP
                   Remote Cluster Health: true
                 Unreachable Local Nodes: -
          Address Family of Relationship: ipv4
    Authentication Status Administrative: use-authentication
       Authentication Status Operational: ok
                       Last Update Time: 4/20/2023 18:23:53
            IPspace for the Relationship: Default
Proposed Setting for Encryption of Inter-Cluster Communication: -
Encryption Protocol For Inter-Cluster Communication: tls-psk
 Algorithm By Which the PSK Was Derived: jpake
cluster A::>
```

```
cluster B::> cluster peer show -instance
                       Peer Cluster Name: cluster A
           Remote Intercluster Addresses: 172.21.178.188,
172.21.178.196 <<<<<< Should reflect the modified address
      Availability of the Remote Cluster: Available
                     Remote Cluster Name: cluster A
                     Active IP Addresses: 172.21.178.196,
172.21.178.188
                   Cluster Serial Number: 1-80-000011
                    Remote Cluster Nodes: node A 3-IP,
                                          node A 4-IP
                   Remote Cluster Health: true
                 Unreachable Local Nodes: -
          Address Family of Relationship: ipv4
    Authentication Status Administrative: use-authentication
       Authentication Status Operational: ok
                        Last Update Time: 4/20/2023 18:23:53
            IPspace for the Relationship: Default
Proposed Setting for Encryption of Inter-Cluster Communication: -
Encryption Protocol For Inter-Cluster Communication: tls-psk
 Algorithm By Which the PSK Was Derived: jpake
cluster_B::>
```

10. On each cluster, remove the DR group containing the old nodes from the MetroCluster FC configuration.

You must perform this step on both clusters, one at a time.

```
cluster B::> metrocluster remove-dr-group -dr-group-id 1
Warning: Nodes in the DR group that are removed from the MetroCluster
         configuration will lose their disaster recovery protection.
         Local nodes "node A 1-FC, node A 2-FC" will be removed from the
         MetroCluster configuration. You must repeat the operation on
the
         partner cluster "cluster B" to remove the remote nodes in the
DR group.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
Info: The following preparation steps must be completed on the local and
partner
      clusters before removing a DR group.
      1. Move all data volumes to another DR group.
      2. Move all MDV CRS metadata volumes to another DR group.
      3. Delete all MDV aud metadata volumes that may exist in the DR
group to
      be removed.
      4. Delete all data aggregates in the DR group to be removed. Root
      aggregates are not deleted.
      5. Migrate all data LIFs to home nodes in another DR group.
      6. Migrate the cluster management LIF to a home node in another DR
group.
      Node management and inter-cluster LIFs are not migrated.
      7. Transfer epsilon to a node in another DR group.
      The command is vetoed if the preparation steps are not completed on
the
      local and partner clusters.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
[Job 513] Job succeeded: Remove DR Group is successful.
cluster B::>
```

11. Verify that the nodes are ready to be removed from the clusters.

You must perform this step on both clusters.



At this point, the metrocluster node show command only shows the local MetroCluster FC nodes and no longer shows the nodes that are part of the partner cluster.

```
cluster B::> metrocluster node show
                        Configuration DR
DR
Group Cluster Node
                        State
                                  Mirroring Mode
_____ _____
_____
1 cluster A
         node_A_1-FC ready to configure
                                   _
          node_A_2-FC ready to configure
2
   cluster A
         node_A_3-IP configured enabled normal
         node A 4-IP
                       configured
                                 enabled normal
    cluster B
         node B 3-IP configured enabled normal
                     configured enabled normal
          node B 4-IP
6 entries were displayed.
cluster B::>
```

12. Disable storage failover for the MetroCluster FC nodes.

You must perform this step on each node.

```
cluster_A::> storage failover modify -node node_A_1-FC -enabled false
cluster_A::> storage failover modify -node node_A_2-FC -enabled false
cluster_A::>
```

13. Unjoin the MetroCluster FC nodes from the clusters: cluster unjoin -node node-name

You must perform this step on each node.

```
cluster A::> cluster unjoin -node node A 1-FC
Warning: This command will remove node "node A 1-FC" from the cluster.
You must
        remove the failover partner as well. After the node is removed,
erase
         its configuration and initialize all disks by usingthe "Clean
         configuration and initialize all disks (4)" option from the
boot menu.
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}: y
[Job 553] Job is queued: Cluster remove-node of Node:node A 1-FC with
UUID:6c87de7e-ff54-11e9-8371
[Job 553] Checking prerequisites
[Job 553] Cleaning cluster database
[Job 553] Job succeeded: Node remove succeeded
If applicable, also remove the node's HA partner, and then clean its
configuration and initialize all disks with the boot menu.
Run "debug vreport show" to address remaining aggregate or volume
issues.
cluster B::>
```

- 14. Power down the MetroCluster FC controller modules and storage shelves.
- 15. Disconnect and remove the MetroCluster FC controller modules and storage shelves.

### Completing the transition

To complete the transition you must verify the operation of the new MetroCluster IP configuration.

1. Verify the MetroCluster IP configuration.

You must perform this step on each cluster.

The following example shows the output for cluster\_A.

```
cluster_A::> cluster show
Node Health Eligibility Epsilon
node_A_1-IP true true true
node_A_2-IP true true false
2 entries were displayed.
cluster_A::>
```

The following example shows the output for cluster\_B.

2. Enable cluster HA and storage failover.

You must perform this step on each cluster.

3. Verify that cluster HA capability is enabled.

- 4. Disable MetroCluster transition mode.
  - a. Change to the advanced privilege level: set -privilege advanced
  - b. Disable transition mode:metrocluster transition disable
  - c. Return to the admin privilege level: set  $\mbox{-}\mbox{privilege}$  admin

```
cluster_A::*> metrocluster transition disable
cluster A::*>
```

5. Verify that transition is disabled:metrocluster transition show-mode

You must perform these steps on both clusters.

```
Transition Mode
------
not-enabled
cluster B::>
```

6. If you have an eight-node configuration, you must repeat the entire procedure starting from Prepare for transition from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration for each of the FC DR groups.

# Sending a custom AutoSupport message after maintenance

After completing the transition, you should send an AutoSupport message indicating the end of maintenance, so automatic case creation can resume.

- 1. To resume automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate that the maintenance is complete.
  - a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=end
  - b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.

## **Restoring Tiebreaker or Mediator monitoring**

After completing the transition of the MetroCluster configuration, you can resume monitoring with the Tiebreaker or Mediator utility.

•						
	If you are using	Use this procedure				
	Tiebreaker	Adding MetroCluster configurations				
	Mediator	Configuring the ONTAP Mediator service from a MetroCluster IP configuration				

1. Use the appropriate procedure for your configuration.

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