

QoS marking (cluster administrators only)

ONTAP 9

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QoS marking (cluster administrators only)

QoS overview

Network Quality of Service (QoS) marking helps you to prioritize different traffic types based on the network conditions to effectively utilize the network resources. You can set the differentiated services code point (DSCP) value of the outgoing IP packets for the supported traffic types per IPspace.

DSCP marking for UC compliance

You can enable differentiated services code point (DSCP) marking on outgoing (egress) IP packet traffic for a given protocol with a default or user-provided DSCP code. DSCP marking is a mechanism for classifying and managing network traffic and is a component of Unified Capability (UC) compliance.

DSCP marking (also known as *QoS marking* or *quality of service marking*) is enabled by providing an IPspace, protocol, and DSCP value. The protocols on which DSCP marking can be applied are NFS, SMB, iSCSI, SnapMirror, NDMP, FTP, HTTP/HTTPS, SSH, Telnet, and SNMP.

If you do not provide a DSCP value when enabling DSCP marking for a given protocol, a default is used:

- The default value for data protocols/traffic is 0x0A (10).
- The default value for control protocols/traffic is 0x30 (48).

Modify QoS marking values

You can modify the Quality of Service (QoS) marking values for different protocols, for each IPspace.

Before you begin

All nodes in the cluster must be running the same version of ONTAP.

Step

Modify QoS marking values by using the network gos-marking modify command.

- The -ipspace parameter specifies the IPspace for which the QoS marking entry is to be modified.
- The -protocol parameter specifies the protocol for which the QoS marking entry is to be modified. The network qos-marking modify man page describes the possible values of the protocol.
- The -dscp parameter specifies the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value. The possible values ranges from 0 through 63.
- The -is-enabled parameter is used to enable or disable the QoS marking for the specified protocol in the IPspace provided by the -ipspace parameter.

The following command enables the QoS marking for the NFS protocol in default IPspace:

network qos-marking modify -ipspace Default -protocol NFS -is-enabled true

The following command sets the DSCP value to 20 for the NFS protocol in the default IPspace:

```
network qos-marking modify -ipspace Default -protocol NFS -dscp 20
```

Display QoS marking values

You can display the QoS marking values for different protocols, for each IPspace.

Step

Display QoS marking values by using the network qos-marking show command.

The following command displays the QoS marking for all protocols in the default IPspace:

IPspace	Protocol	DSCP	Enabled?
Default			
	CIFS	10	false
	FTP	48	false
	HTTP-admin	48	false
	HTTP-filesrv	10	false
	NDMP	10	false
	NFS	10	true
	SNMP	48	false
	SSH	48	false
	SnapMirror	10	false
	Telnet	48	false
	iSCSI	10	false

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