

Managing user access

Active IQ Unified Manager 9.10

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Managing user access

You can create roles and assign capabilities to control user access to selected cluster objects. You can identify users who have the required capabilities to access selected objects within a cluster. Only these users are provided access to manage the cluster objects.

Adding users

You can add local users or database users by using the Users page. You can also add remote users or groups that belong to an authentication server. You can assign roles to these users and, based on the privileges of the roles, users can manage the storage objects and data with Unified Manager, or view the data in a database.

What you'll need

- You must have the Application Administrator role.
- To add a remote user or group, you must have enabled remote authentication and configured your authentication server.
- If you plan to configure SAML authentication so that an identity provider (IdP) authenticates users accessing the graphical interface, make sure these users are defined as "remote" users.

Access to the UI is not allowed for users of type "local" or "maintenance" when SAML authentication is enabled.

If you add a group from Windows Active Directory, then all direct members and nested subgroups can authenticate to Unified Manager, unless nested subgroups are disabled. If you add a group from OpenLDAP or other authentication services, then only the direct members of that group can authenticate to Unified Manager.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **General > Users**.
- 2. On the Users page, click Add.
- 3. In the Add User dialog box, select the type of user that you want to add, and enter the required information.

When entering the required user information, you must specify an email address that is unique to that user. You must avoid specifying email addresses that are shared by multiple users.

4. Click Add.

Creating a database user

To support a connection between Workflow Automation and Unified Manager, or to access database views, you must first create a database user with the Integration Schema or Report Schema role in the Unified Manager web UI.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator role.

Database users provide integration with Workflow Automation and access to report-specific database views. Database users do not have access to the Unified Manager web UI or the maintenance console, and cannot execute API calls.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **General > Users**.
- 2. In the Users page, click **Add**.
- 3. In the Add User dialog box, select Database User in the Type drop-down list.
- 4. Type a name and password for the database user.
- 5. In the **Role** drop-down list, select the appropriate role.

If you are	Choose this role
Connecting Unified Manager with Workflow Automation	Integration Schema
Accessing reporting and other database views	Report Schema

6. Click Add.

Editing the user settings

You can edit user settings—such as the email address and role—that are specified each user. For example, you might want to change the role of a user who is a storage operator, and assign storage administrator privileges to the user.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator role.

When you modify the role that is assigned to a user, the changes are applied when either of the following actions occur:

- The user logs out and logs back in to Unified Manager.
- Session timeout of 24 hours is reached.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **General** > **Users**.
- 2. In the Users page, select the user for which you want to edit settings, and click Edit.
- 3. In the Edit User dialog box, edit the appropriate settings that are specified for the user.
- 4. Click Save.

Viewing users

You can use the Users page to view the list of users who manage storage objects and data using Unified Manager. You can view details about the users, such as the user name, type of user, email address, and the role that is assigned to the users.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator role.

Step

1. In the left navigation pane, click **General > Users**.

Deleting users or groups

You can delete one or more users from the management server database to prevent specific users from accessing Unified Manager. You can also delete groups so that all the users in the group can no longer access the management server.

What you'll need

• When you are deleting remote groups, you must have reassigned the events that are assigned to the users of the remote groups.

If you are deleting local users or remote users, the events that are assigned to these users are automatically unassigned.

• You must have the Application Administrator role.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **General** > **Users**.
- 2. In the Users page, select the users or groups that you want to delete, and then click Delete.
- 3. Click Yes to confirm the deletion.

What **RBAC** is

RBAC (role-based access control) provides the ability to control who has access to various features and resources in the Active IQ Unified Manager server.

What role-based access control does

Role-based access control (RBAC) enables administrators to manage groups of users by defining roles. If you need to restrict access for specific functionality to selected administrators, you must set up administrator accounts for them. If you want to restrict the information that administrators can view and the operations they can perform, you must apply roles to the administrator accounts you create.

The management server uses RBAC for user login and role permissions. If you have not changed the management server's default settings for administrative user access, you do not need to log in to view them.

When you initiate an operation that requires specific privileges, the management server prompts you to log in. For example, to create administrator accounts, you must log in with Application Administrator account access.

Definitions of user types

A user type specifies the kind of account the user holds and includes remote users, remote groups, local users, database users, and maintenance users. Each of these types has its own role, which is assigned by a user with the role of Administrator.

Unified Manager user types are as follows:

Maintenance user

Created during the initial configuration of Unified Manager. The maintenance user then creates additional users and assigns roles. The maintenance user is also the only user with access to the maintenance console. When Unified Manager is installed on a Red Hat Enterprise Linux or CentOS system, the maintenance user is given the user name "umadmin."

Local user

Accesses the Unified Manager UI and performs functions based on the role given by the maintenance user or a user with the Application Administrator role.

Remote group

A group of users that access the Unified Manager UI using the credentials stored on the authentication server. The name of this account should match the name of a group stored on the authentication server. All users within the remote group are given access to the Unified Manager UI using their individual user credentials. Remote groups can perform functions according to their assigned roles.

Remote user

Accesses the Unified Manager UI using the credentials stored on the authentication server. A remote user performs functions based on the role given by the maintenance user or a user with the Application Administrator role.

Database user

Has read-only access to data in the Unified Manager database, has no access to the Unified Manager web interface or the maintenance console, and cannot execute API calls.

Definitions of user roles

The maintenance user or Application Administrator assigns a role to every user. Each role contains certain privileges. The scope of activities that you can perform in Unified Manager depends on the role you are assigned and which privileges the role contains.

Unified Manager includes the following predefined user roles:

Operator

Views storage system information and other data collected by Unified Manager, including histories and capacity trends. This role enables the storage operator to view, assign, acknowledge, resolve, and add notes for the events.

Storage Administrator

Configures storage management operations within Unified Manager. This role enables the storage administrator to configure thresholds and to create alerts and other storage management-specific options and policies.

Application Administrator

Configures settings unrelated to storage management. This role enables the management of users, security certificates, database access, and administrative options, including authentication, SMTP, networking, and AutoSupport.



When Unified Manager is installed on Linux systems, the initial user with the Application Administrator role is automatically named "umadmin".

Integration Schema

This role enables read-only access to Unified Manager database views for integrating Unified Manager with OnCommand Workflow Automation (WFA).

Report Schema

This role enables read-only access to reporting and other database views directly from the Unified Manager database. The databases that can be viewed include:

- netapp_model_view
- netapp_performance
- ocum
- ocum_report
- ocum_report_birt
- ∘ opm
- scalemonitor

Unified Manager user roles and capabilities

Based on your assigned user role, you can determine which operations you can perform in Unified Manager.

The following table displays the functions that each user role can perform:

Function	Operator	Storage Administrator	Application Administrator	Integration Schema	Report Schema
View storage system information	•	•	•	•	•

Function	Operator	Storage Administrator	Application Administrator	Integration Schema	Report Schema
View other data, such as histories and capacity trends	•	•	•	•	•
View, assign, and resolve events	•	•	•		
View storage service objects, such as SVM associations and resource pools	•	•	•		
View threshold policies	•	•	•		
Manage storage service objects, such as SVM associations and resource pools		•	•		
Define alerts		•	•		
Manage storage management options		•	•		
Manage storage management policies		•	•		
Manage users			•		
Manage administrative options			•		
Define threshold policies			•		
Manage database access			•		

Function	Operator	Storage Administrator	Application Administrator	Integration Schema	Report Schema
Manage integration with WFA and provide access to the database views				•	
Schedule and save reports		•	•		
Execute "Fix It" operations from Management Actions		•	•		
Provide read- only access to database views					•

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