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Release notes

Astra Control Center

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Release notes

We're pleased to announce the latest release of Astra Control Center.

- · What's in this release of Astra Control Center
- Known issues
- Known limitations

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What's new in this release of Astra Control Center

We're pleased to announce the latest release of Astra Control Center.

15 March 2024 (24.02.0)

New features and support

- **Deploy Astra Control Center without a private registry**: You no longer need to push Astra Control Center images to a private registry or use one as part of your Astra Control environment.
- Minor bug fixes

Known issues and limitations

- · Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

(Tech preview) Declarative Kubernetes workflows

This Astra Control Center release contains declarative Kubernetes functionality that enables you to perform data management from a native Kubernetes custom resource (CR).

After you install the Astra Connector on the cluster you want to manage, you'll be able to perform the following CR-based cluster operations in the UI or from a CR:

- Define an application using a custom resource
- Define the bucket
- Back up your application
- Create a snapshot
- · Create schedules for snapshots or backups
- · Restore an application from a snapshot or backup

7 November 2023 (23.10.0)

New features and support

- Backup and restore capabilities for applications with ontap-nas-economy driver-backed storage backends: Enable backup and restore operations for ontap-nas-economy with some simple steps.
- **Immutable Backups**: Astra Control now supports unalterable, read-only backups as an additional security layer against malware and other threats.

Introducing Astra Control Provisioner

With the 23.10 release, Astra Control introduces a new software component called Astra Control Provisioner that will be available to all licensed Astra Control users. Astra Control Provisioner provides access to a superset of advanced management and storage provisioning features beyond those that Astra Trident provides. These features are available to all Astra Control customers at no additional cost.

- Get started with Astra Control Provisioner
 You can enable Astra Control Provisioner if you have installed and configured your environment to use Astra Trident 23.10.
- Astra Control Provisioner functionality

The following features are available with the Astra Control Provisioner 23.10 release:

- Enhanced storage backend security with Kerberos 5 encryption: You can improve storage security by enabling encryption for the traffic between your managed cluster and the storage backend. Astra Control Provisioner supports Kerberos 5 encryption over NFSv4.1 connections from Red Hat OpenShift clusters to Azure NetApp Files and on-premises ONTAP volumes
- Recover data using a snapshot: Astra Control Provisioner provides rapid, in-place volume restoration from a snapshot using the TridentActionSnapshotRestore (TASR) CR.
- SnapMirror enhancements: Use the app replication feature in environments where Astra Control does not have direct connectivity to an ONTAP cluster or access to ONTAP credentials. This feature allows you to use replication without having to manage a storage backend or its credentials in Astra Control.
- Backup and restore capabilities for applications with ontap-nas-economy driver-backed storage backends: As described above.
- Support for managing applications that use NVMe/TCP storage
 Astra Control can now manage applications backed by persistent volumes that are connected using NVMe/TCP.
- Execution hooks turned off by default: Beginning with this release, execution hooks functionality can be enabled or disabled for additional security (it is disabled by default). If you have not yet created execution hooks for use with Astra Control, you need to enable the execution hooks feature to begin creating hooks. If you created execution hooks prior to this release, the execution hooks functionality stays enabled and you can use hooks as you would normally.

Known issues and limitations

- · Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

31 July 2023 (23.07.0)

New features and support

- Support for using NetApp MetroCluster in a stretch configuration as a storage backend
- Support for using Longhorn as a storage backend
- Applications can now be replicated between ONTAP backends from the same Kubernetes cluster
- Astra Control Center now supports 'userPrincipalName' as an alternative login attribute for remote (LDAP)
 users
- New execution hook type 'post-failover' can be run after replication failover with Astra Control Center

 Clone workflows now support live clones only (the current state of managed application). To clone from a snapshot or backup, use the restore workflow.

Known issues and limitations

- · Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

18 May 2023 (23.04.2)

This patch release (23.04.2) for Astra Control Center (23.04.0) provides support for Kubernetes CSI external snapshotter v6.1.0 and fixes the following:

- · A bug with in-place application restore when using execution hooks
- · Connection issues with the bucket service

25 April 2023 (23.04.0)

New features and support

- 90-day evaluation license enabled by default for new Astra Control Center installations
- · Enhanced execution hooks functionality with additional filtering options
- Execution hooks can now be run after replication failover with Astra Control Center
- Support for migrating volumes from the 'ontap-nas-economy storage' class to the 'ontap-nas' storage class
- Support for including or excluding application resources during restore operations
- · Support for managing data-only applications

Known issues and limitations

- · Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

22 November 2022 (22.11.0)

New features and support

- · Support for applications that span across multiple namespaces
- · Support for including cluster resources in an application definition
- Enhanced LDAP authentication with role-based access control (RBAC) integration
- Added support for Kubernetes 1.25 and Pod Security Admission (PSA)
- · Enhanced progress reporting for your backup, restore, and clone operations

Known issues and limitations

- Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

8 September 2022 (22.08.1)

This patch release (22.08.1) for Astra Control Center (22.08.0) fixes minor bugs in app replication using NetApp SnapMirror.

10 August 2022 (22.08.0)

New features and support

- App replication using NetApp SnapMirror technology
- Improved app management workflow
- · Enhanced provide-your-own execution hooks functionality



The NetApp provided default pre- and post-snapshot execution hooks for specific applications have been removed in this release. If you upgrade to this release and do not provide your own execution hooks for snapshots, Astra Control will take crash-consistent snapshots only. Visit the NetApp Verda GitHub repository for sample execution hook scripts that you can modify to fit your environment.

- Support for VMware Tanzu Kubernetes Grid Integrated Edition (TKGI)
- Support for Google Anthos
- LDAP configuration (via Astra Control API)

Known issues and limitations

- · Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

26 April 2022 (22.04.0)

New features and support

- Namespace role-based access control (RBAC)
- Support for Cloud Volumes ONTAP
- Generic ingress enablement for Astra Control Center
- · Bucket removal from Astra Control
- Support for VMware Tanzu Portfolio

Known issues and limitations

- · Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

14 December 2021 (21.12)

New features and support

- Application restore
- Execution hooks
- · Support for applications deployed with namespace-scoped operators
- Additional support for upstream Kubernetes and Rancher
- · Astra Control Center upgrades
- Red Hat OperatorHub option for installation

Resolved issues

· Resolved issues for this release

Known issues and limitations

- · Known issues for this release
- · Known limitations for this release

5 August 2021 (21.08)

Initial release of Astra Control Center.

- · What it is
- · Understand architecture and components
- · What it takes to get started
- · Install and setup
- · Manage and protect apps
- · Manage buckets and storage backends
- · Manage accounts
- Automate with API

Find more information

- · Known issues for this release
- Known limitations for this release
- Earlier versions of Astra Control Center documentation

Known issues

Known issues identify problems that might prevent you from using this release of the product successfully.

The following known issues affect the current release:

- · App backups and snapshots fail if the volumesnapshotclass is added after a cluster is managed
- · Managing a cluster with Astra Control Center fails when kubeconfig file contains more than one context
- App data management operations fail with Internal Service Error (500) when Astra Trident is offline
- In-place restore operations to ontap-nas-economy storage classes fail
- Restoring from a backup when using Kerberos in-flight encryption can fail
- · Backup data remains in bucket after deletion for buckets with expired retention policy

App backups and snapshots fail if the volumesnapshotclass is added after a cluster is managed

Backups and snapshots fail with a UI 500 error in this scenario. As a workaround, refresh the app list.

Managing a cluster with Astra Control Center fails when kubeconfig file contains more than one context

You cannot use a kubeconfig with more than one cluster and context in it. See the knowledgebase article for more information.

App data management operations fail with Internal Service Error (500) when Astra Trident is offline

If Astra Trident on an app cluster goes offline (and is brought back online) and 500 internal service errors are encountered when attempting app data management, restart all of the Kubernetes nodes in the app cluster to restore functionality.

In-place restore operations to ontap-nas-economy storage classes fail

If you perform an in-place restore of an application (restore the app to its original namespace), and the app's storage class uses the ontap-nas-economy driver, the restore operation can fail if the snapshot directory is not hidden. Before restoring in-place, follow the instructions in Enable backup and restore for ontap-nas-economy operations to hide the snapshot directory.

Restoring from a backup when using Kerberos in-flight encryption can fail

When you restore an application from a backup to a storage backend that is using Kerberos in-flight encryption, the restore operation can fail. This issue does not affect restoring from a snapshot or replicating the application data using NetApp SnapMirror.



When using Kerberos in-flight encryption with NFSv4 volumes, ensure that the NFSv4 volumes are using the correct settings. Refer to the NetApp NFSv4 Domain Configuration section (page 13) of the NetApp NFSv4 Enhancements and Best Practices Guide.

Backup data remains in bucket after deletion for buckets with expired retention policy

If you delete an app's immutable backup after the bucket's retention policy has expired, the backup is deleted from Astra Control but not from the bucket. This issue will be fixed in an upcoming release.

Find more information

Known limitations

Known limitations

Known limitations identify platforms, devices, or functions that are not supported by this release of the product, or that do not interoperate correctly with it. Review these limitations carefully.

Cluster management limitations

- The same cluster cannot be managed by two Astra Control Center instances
- Astra Control Center cannot manage two identically named clusters

Role-based Access Control (RBAC) limitations

- A user with namespace RBAC constraints can add and unmanage a cluster
- A member with namespace constraints cannot access the cloned or restored apps until admin adds the namespace to the constraint
- · Restrictive role constraints can be ignored for resources on non-connector clusters

App management limitations

- Multiple applications in a single namespace cannot be restored collectively to a different namespace
- Astra Control does not support apps that use multiple storage classes per namespace
- · Astra Control does not automatically assign default buckets for cloud instances
- · Clones of apps installed using pass-by-reference operators can fail
- In-place restore operations of apps that use a certificate manager are not supported
- · OLM-enabled and cluster-scoped operator deployed apps not supported
- Apps deployed with Helm 2 are not supported
- Snapshots might fail for Kubernetes 1.25 or later clusters with certain snapshot controller versions
- Backups and snapshots might not be retained during removal of an Astra Control Center instance

General limitations

- LDAP user and group limitations
- S3 buckets in Astra Control Center do not report available capacity
- · Astra Control Center does not validate the details you enter for your proxy server
- Existing connections to a Postgres pod causes failures
- The Activity page displays up to 100000 events
- SnapMirror does not support applications using NVMe over TCP for storage backends

The same cluster cannot be managed by two Astra Control Center instances

If you want to manage a cluster on another Astra Control Center instance, you should first unmanage the cluster from the instance on which it is managed before you manage it on another instance. After you remove the cluster from management, verify that the cluster is unmanaged by executing this command:

```
oc get pods n -netapp-monitoring
```

There should be no pods running in that namespace or the namespace should not exist. If either of those are true, the cluster is unmanaged.

Astra Control Center cannot manage two identically named clusters

If you try to add a cluster with the same name of a cluster that already exists, the operation will fail. This issue most often occurs in a standard Kubernetes environment if you have not changed the cluster name default in Kubernetes configuration files.

As a workaround, do the following:

1. Edit your kubeadm-config ConfigMap:

```
kubectl edit configmaps -n kube-system kubeadm-config
```

- 2. Change the clusterName field value from kubernetes (the Kubernetes default name) to a unique custom name.
- 3. Edit kubeconfig (.kube/config).
- 4. Update cluster name from kubernetes to a unique custom name (xyz-cluster is used in the examples below). Make the update in both clusters and contexts sections as shown in this example:

```
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
    cluster:
    certificate-authority-data:
ExAmpLerb2tCcjZ5K3E2Njk4eQotLexAmpLeorCbdrvJusuZJQ0Furs0txxxxXX==
    server: https://x.x.x.x:6443
    name: xyz-cluster
contexts:
    context:
    cluster: xyz-cluster
    namespace: default
    user: kubernetes-admin
    name: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
current-context: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
```

A user with namespace RBAC constraints can add and unmanage a cluster

A user with namespace RBAC constraints should not be allowed to add or unmanage clusters. Due to a current limitation, Astra does not prevent such users from unmanaging clusters.

A member with namespace constraints cannot access the cloned or restored apps until admin adds the namespace to the constraint

Any member user with RBAC constraints by namespace name/ID can clone or restore an app to a new namespace on the same cluster or to any other cluster in their organization's account. However, the same user cannot access the cloned or restored app in the new namespace. After a clone or restore operation creates a new namespace, the account admin/owner can edit the member user account and update role constraints for the affected user to grant access to the new namespace.

Restrictive role constraints can be ignored for resources on non-connector clusters

• If the resources being accessed belong to clusters that have the latest Astra Connector installed: When a user is assigned multiple roles through LDAP group membership, the constraints from the roles are combined. For example, if a user with a local Viewer role joins three groups that are bound to the Member role, the user now has Viewer role access to the original resources as well as Member role access to the resources gained through group membership.

• If the resources being accessed belong to clusters that do not have Astra Connector installed: When a user is assigned multiple roles through LDAP group membership, the constraints from the most permissive role are the only ones that take effect.

Multiple applications in a single namespace cannot be restored collectively to a different namespace

If you manage multiple applications in a single namespace (by creating multiple app definitions in Astra Control), you cannot restore all of the applications to a different single namespace. You need to restore each application to its own separate namespace.

Astra Control does not support apps that use multiple storage classes per namespace

Astra Control supports apps that use a single storage class per namespace. When you add an app to a namespace, be sure the app has the same storage class as other apps in the namespace.

Astra Control does not automatically assign default buckets for cloud instances

Astra Control does not automatically assign a default bucket for any cloud instance. You need to manually set a default bucket for a cloud instance. If a default bucket is not set, you won't be able to perform app clone operations between two clusters.

Clones of apps installed using pass-by-reference operators can fail

Astra Control supports apps installed with namespace-scoped operators. These operators are generally designed with a "pass-by-value" rather than "pass-by-reference" architecture. The following are some operator apps that follow these patterns:

Apache K8ssandra



For K8ssandra, in-place restore operations are supported. A restore operation to a new namespace or cluster requires that the original instance of the application to be taken down. This is to ensure that the peer group information carried over does not lead to cross-instance communication. Cloning of the app is not supported.

- Jenkins CI
- Percona XtraDB Cluster

Astra Control might not be able to clone an operator that is designed with a "pass-by-reference" architecture (for example, the CockroachDB operator). During these types of cloning operations, the cloned operator attempts to reference Kubernetes secrets from the source operator despite having its own new secret as part of the cloning process. The clone operation might fail because Astra Control is unaware of the Kubernetes secrets in the source operator.



During clone operations, apps that need an IngressClass resource or webhooks to function properly must not have those resources already defined on the destination cluster.

In-place restore operations of apps that use a certificate manager are not supported

This release of Astra Control Center does not support in-place restore of apps with certificate managers. Restore operations to a different namespace and clone operations are supported.

OLM-enabled and cluster-scoped operator deployed apps not supported

Astra Control Center does not support application management activities with cluster-scoped operators.

Apps deployed with Helm 2 are not supported

If you use Helm to deploy apps, Astra Control Center requires Helm version 3. Managing and cloning apps deployed with Helm 3 (or upgraded from Helm 2 to Helm 3) is fully supported. For more information, refer to Astra Control Center requirements.

Snapshots might fail for Kubernetes 1.25 or later clusters with certain snapshot controller versions

Snapshots for Kubernetes clusters running version 1.25 or later can fail if version v1beta1 of the snapshot controller APIs are installed on the cluster.

As a workaround, do the following when upgrading existing Kubernetes 1.25 or later installations:

- 1. Remove any existing Snapshot CRDs and any existing snapshot controller.
- 2. Uninstall Astra Trident.
- 3. Install the snapshot CRDs and the snapshot controller.
- 4. Install the latest Astra Trident version.
- 5. Create a VolumeSnapshotClass.

Backups and snapshots might not be retained during removal of an Astra Control Center instance

If you have an evaluation license, be sure you store your account ID to avoid data loss in the event of Astra Control Center failure if you are not sending ASUPs.

LDAP user and group limitations

Astra Control Center supports up to 5,000 remote groups and 10,000 remote users.

Astra Control does not support an LDAP entity (user or group) that has a DN containing an RDN with a trailing '\' or trailing space.

S3 buckets in Astra Control Center do not report available capacity

Before backing up or cloning apps managed by Astra Control Center, check bucket information in the ONTAP or StorageGRID management system.

Astra Control Center does not validate the details you enter for your proxy server

Ensure that you enter the correct values when establishing a connection.

Existing connections to a Postgres pod causes failures

When you perform operations on Postgres pods, you shouldn't connect directly within the pod to use the psql command. Astra Control requires psql access to freeze and thaw the databases. If there is a pre-existing connection, the snapshot, backup, or clone will fail.

The Activity page displays up to 100000 events

The Astra Control Activity page can display up to 100,000 events. To view all logged events, retrieve the events using the Astra Control API.

SnapMirror does not support applications using NVMe over TCP for storage backends

Astra Control Center does not support NetApp SnapMirror replication for storage backends that are using the NVMe over TCP protocol.

Find more information

Known issues

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