

# Work with volume access groups and initiators

**Element Software** 

NetApp October 23, 2024

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/element-software-125/storage/task\_data\_manage\_vol\_access\_group\_create\_a\_volume\_access\_group.html on October 23, 2024. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

# **Table of Contents**

Work with volume access groups and initiators	. 1
Find more information	. 1
Create a volume access group	. 2
View individual access group details	. 3
Add volumes to an access group	. 4
Remove volumes from an access group	. 4
Create an initiator	. 5
Edit an initiator	. 5
Add a single initiator to a volume access group.	. 6
Add multiple initiators to a volume access group	. 7
Remove initiators from an access group	. 7
Delete an access group	. 8
Delete an initiator	. 8

## Work with volume access groups and initiators

You can use iSCSI initiators or Fibre Channel initiators to access the volumes defined within volume access groups.

You can create access groups by mapping iSCSI initiator IQNs or Fibre Channel WWPNs in a collection of volumes. Each IQN that you add to an access group can access each volume in the group without requiring CHAP authentication.

There are two types of CHAP authentication methods:

- Account-level CHAP authentication: You can assign CHAP authentication for the account.
- Initiator-level CHAP authentication: You can assign unique CHAP target and secrets for specific initiators without being bound to single CHAP across a single account. This Initiator-level CHAP authentication replaces account level credentials.

Optionally, with per-initiator CHAP, you can enforce initiator authorization and per-initiator CHAP authentication. These options can be defined on a per-initiator basis and an access group can contain a mix of initiators with different options.

Each WWPN that you add to an access group enables Fibre Channel network access to the volumes in the access group.



Volume access groups have the following limits:

- · A maximum of 64 IQNs or WWPNs are allowed in an access group.
- An access group can be made up of a maximum of 2000 volumes.
- An IQN or WWPN can belong to only one access group.
- A single volume can belong to a maximum of four access groups.

### Find more information

- Create a volume access group
- Add volumes to an access group
- · Remove volumes from an access group
- Create an initiator
- Edit an initiator
- Add a single initiator to a volume access group
- · Add multiple initiators to a volume access group
- · Remove initiators from an access group
- Delete an access group
- Delete an initiator

### Create a volume access group

You can create volume access groups by mapping initiators to a collection of volumes for secured access. You can then grant access to the volumes in the group with an account CHAP initiator secret and target secret.

If you use initiator-based CHAP, you can add CHAP credentials for a single initiator in a volume access group, providing more security. This enables you to apply this option for volume access groups that already exist.

#### Steps

- 1. Click Management > Access Groups.
- 2. Click Create Access Group.
- 3. Enter a name for the volume access group in the Name field.
- 4. Add an initiator to the volume access group in one of the following ways:

Option	Description		
Adding a Fibre Channel initiator	<ul> <li>a. Under Add Initiators, select an existing Fibre Channel initiator from the Unbound Fibre Channel Initiators list.</li> </ul>		
	b. Click Add FC Initiator.		
	i	You can create an initiator during this step if you click the <b>Create Initiator</b> link, enter an initiator name, and click <b>Create</b> . The system automatically adds the initiator to the Initiators list after you create it.	
	A sample of th	ne format is as follows:	
	5f:47:ac	::c0:5c:74:d4:02	

Option	Descriptio	on
Adding an iSCSI initiator	You can cr enter an in initiator to	Initiators, select an existing initiator from the Initiators list. <b>Note:</b> reate an initiator during this step if you click the <b>Create Initiator</b> link, nitiator name, and click <b>Create</b> . The system automatically adds the the Initiators list after you create it.
	iqn.20	010-01.com.solidfire:c2r9.fc0.2100000e1e09bb8b
	$\bigcirc$	You can find the initiator IQN for each volume by selecting <b>View</b> <b>Details</b> in the Actions menu for the volume on the <b>Management</b> <b>&gt; Volumes &gt; Active</b> list.
	True, whic	modify an initiator, you can toggle the requiredCHAP attribute to h enables you to set the target initiator secret. For details, see API n about the ModifyInitiator API method.
	Manage st	torage with the Element API

- 5. **Optional:** Add more initiators as needed.
- 6. Under Add Volumes, select a volume from the Volumes list.

The volume appears in the Attached Volumes list.

- 7. Optional: Add more volumes as needed.
- 8. Click Create Access Group.

#### Find more information

Add volumes to an access group

### View individual access group details

You can view details for an individual access group, such as attached volumes and initiators, in a graphical format.

- 1. Click Management > Access Groups.
- 2. Click the Actions icon for an access group.
- 3. Click View Details.

#### Volume access group details

The Access Groups page on the Management tab provides information about volume access groups.

The following information is displayed:

- ID: The system-generated ID for the access group.
- Name: The name given to the access group when it was created.
- Active Volumes: The number of active volumes in the access group.
- Compression: The compression efficiency score for the access group.
- Deduplication: The deduplication efficiency score for the access group.
- Thin Provisioning: The thin provisioning efficiency score for the access group.
- Overall Efficiency: The overall efficiency score for the access group.
- Initiators: The number of initiators connected to the access group.

### Add volumes to an access group

You can add volumes to a volume access group. Each volume can belong to more than one volume access group; you can see the groups that each volume belongs to on the **Active** volumes page.

You can also use this procedure to add volumes to a Fibre Channel volume access group.

- 1. Click Management > Access Groups.
- 2. Click the Actions icon for the access group you want to add volumes to.
- 3. Click the Edit button.
- 4. Under Add Volumes, select a volume from the Volumes list.

You can add more volumes by repeating this step.

5. Click Save Changes.

### Remove volumes from an access group

When you remove a volume from an access group, the group no longer has access to that volume.

Modifying CHAP settings in an account or removing initiators or volumes from an access group can cause initiators to lose access to volumes unexpectedly. To verify that volume access will not be lost unexpectedly, always logout iSCSI sessions that will be affected by an account or access group change, and verify that initiators can reconnect to volumes after any changes to initiator settings and cluster settings have been completed.

- 1. Click Management > Access Groups.
- 2. Click the Actions icon for the access group you want to remove volumes from.
- 3. Click Edit.
- 4. Under Add Volumes in the **Edit Volume Access Group** dialog box, click the arrow on the **Attached Volumes** list.
- 5. Select the volume you want to remove from the list and click the **x** icon to remove the volume from the list.

You can remove more volumes by repeating this step.

6. Click Save Changes.

### **Create an initiator**

You can create iSCSI or Fibre Channel initiators and optionally assign them aliases.

You can also assign initator-based CHAP attributes by using an API call. To add a CHAP account name and credentials per initiator, you must use the CreateInitiator API call to remove and add CHAP access and attributes. Initiator access can be restricted to one or more VLANs by specifying one or more virtualNetworkIDs via the CreateInitiators and ModifyInitiators API calls. If no virtual networks are specified, the initiator can access all networks.

For details, see the API reference information. Manage storage with the Element API

#### Steps

- 1. Click Management > Initiators.
- 2. Click Create Initiator.
- 3. Perform the steps to create a single initiator or multiple initiators:

Option	Steps
Create a single initiator	a. Click Create a Single Initiator.
	b. Enter the IQN or WWPN for the initiator in the IQN/WWPN field.
	c. Enter a friendly name for the initiator in the Alias field.
	d. Click Create Initiator.
Create multiple initiators	a. Click Bulk Create Initiators.
	b. Enter a list of IQNs or WWPNs in the text box.
	c. Click Add Initiators.
	d. Choose an initiator from the resulting list and click the corresponding Add icon in the <b>Alias</b> column to add an alias for the initiator.
	e. Click the check mark to confirm the new alias.
	f. Click Create Initiators.

### Edit an initiator

You can change the alias of an existing initiator or add an alias if one does not already exist.

To add a CHAP account name and credentials per initiator, you must use the ModifyInitiator API call to remove and add CHAP access and attributes.

See Manage storage with the Element API.

#### Steps

- 1. Click Management > Initiators.
- 2. Click the Actions icon for the initiator you want to edit.
- 3. Click Edit.
- 4. Enter a new alias for the initiator in the Alias field.
- 5. Click Save Changes.

### Add a single initiator to a volume access group

You can add an initiator to an existing volume access group.

When you add an initiator to a volume access group, the initiator has access to all volumes in that volume access group.



You can find the initiator for each volume by clicking the Actions icon and then selecting **View Details** for the volume in the active volumes list.

If you use initiator-based CHAP, you can add CHAP credentials for a single initiator in a volume access group, providing more security. This enables you to apply this option for volume access groups that already exist.

#### Steps

- 1. Click Management > Access Groups.
- 2. Click the Actions icon for the access group you want to edit.
- 3. Click Edit.
- 4. To add a Fibre Channel initiator to the volume access group, perform the following steps:
  - a. Under Add Initiators, select an existing Fibre Channel initiator from the **Unbound Fibre Channel Initiators** list.
  - b. Click Add FC Initiator.



You can create an initiator during this step if you click the **Create Initiator** link, enter an initiator name, and click **Create**. The system automatically adds the initiator to the **Initiators** list after you create it.

A sample of the format is as follows:

5f:47:ac:c0:5c:74:d4:02

5. To add an iSCSI initiator to the volume access group, under Add Initiators, select an existing initiator from the **Initiators** list.



You can create an initiator during this step if you click the **Create Initiator** link, enter an initiator name, and click **Create**. The system automatically adds the initiator to the **Initiators** list after you create it.

The accepted format of an initiator IQN is as follows: iqn.yyyy-mm, in which y and m are digits, followed by text which must only contain digits, lower-case alphabetic characters, a period (.), colon (:) or dash (-).

iqn.2010-01.com.solidfire:c2r9.fc0.2100000e1e09bb8b



You can find the initiator IQN for each volume from the **Management** > **Volumes** Active Volumes page by clicking the Actions icon and then selecting **View Details** for the volume.

#### 6. Click Save Changes.

### Add multiple initiators to a volume access group

You can add multiple initiators to an existing volume access group to allow access to volumes in the volume access group with or without requiring CHAP authentication...

When you add initiators to a volume access group, the initiators have access to all volumes in that volume access group.



You can find the initiator for each volume by clicking the Actions icon and then **View Details** for the volume in the active volumes list.

You can add multiple initiators to an existing volume access group to enable access to volumes and assign unique CHAP credentials for each initiator within that volume access group. This enables you to apply this option for volume access groups that already exist.

You can assign initator-based CHAP attributes by using an API call. To add a CHAP account name and credentials per initiator, you must use the ModifyInitiator API call to remove and add CHAP access and attributes.

For details, see Manage storage with the Element API.

#### Steps

- 1. Click Management > Initiators.
- 2. Select the initiators you want to add to an access group.
- 3. Click the Bulk Actions button.
- 4. Click Add to Volume Access Group.
- 5. In the Add to Volume Access Group dialog box, select an access group from the **Volume Access Group** list.
- 6. Click Add.

### Remove initiators from an access group

When you remove an initiator from an access group, it can no longer access the volumes in that volume access group. Normal account access to the volume is not disrupted.

Modifying CHAP settings in an account or removing initiators or volumes from an access group can cause initiators to lose access to volumes unexpectedly. To verify that volume access will not be lost unexpectedly, always logout iSCSI sessions that will be affected by an account or access group change, and verify that

initiators can reconnect to volumes after any changes to initiator settings and cluster settings have been completed.

#### Steps

- 1. Click Management > Access Groups.
- 2. Click the Actions icon for the access group you want to remove.
- 3. In the resulting menu, select Edit.
- 4. Under Add Initiators in the Edit Volume Access Group dialog box, click the arrow on the Initiators list.
- 5. Select the x icon for each initiator you want to remove from the access group.
- 6. Click Save Changes.

### Delete an access group

You can delete an access group when it is no longer needed. You do not need to delete Initiator IDs and Volume IDs from the volume access group before deleting the group. After you delete the access group, group access to the volumes is discontinued.

- 1. Click Management > Access Groups.
- 2. Click the Actions icon for the access group you want to delete.
- 3. In the resulting menu, click **Delete**.
- To also delete the initiators associated with this access group, select the Delete initiators in this access group check box.
- 5. Confirm the action.

### **Delete an initiator**

You can delete an initiator after it is no longer needed. When you delete an initiator, the system removes it from any associated volume access group. Any connections using the initiator remain valid until the connection is reset.

#### Steps

- 1. Click Management > Initiators.
- 2. Perform the steps to delete a single initiator or multiple initiators:

Option	Steps
Delete single initiator	<ul><li>a. Click the Actions icon for the initiator you want to delete.</li><li>b. Click Delete.</li></ul>
	c. Confirm the action.

Option	Steps
Delete multiple initiators	a. Select the check boxes next to the initiators you want to delete.
	b. Click the <b>Bulk Actions</b> button.
	c. In the resulting menu, select <b>Delete</b> .
	d. Confirm the action.

#### **Copyright information**

Copyright © 2024 NetApp, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means—graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system—without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

LIMITED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (b)(3) of the Rights in Technical Data -Noncommercial Items at DFARS 252.227-7013 (FEB 2014) and FAR 52.227-19 (DEC 2007).

Data contained herein pertains to a commercial product and/or commercial service (as defined in FAR 2.101) and is proprietary to NetApp, Inc. All NetApp technical data and computer software provided under this Agreement is commercial in nature and developed solely at private expense. The U.S. Government has a non-exclusive, non-transferrable, nonsublicensable, worldwide, limited irrevocable license to use the Data only in connection with and in support of the U.S. Government contract under which the Data was delivered. Except as provided herein, the Data may not be used, disclosed, reproduced, modified, performed, or displayed without the prior written approval of NetApp, Inc. United States Government license rights for the Department of Defense are limited to those rights identified in DFARS clause 252.227-7015(b) (FEB 2014).

#### **Trademark information**

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.