



Get started with external key management

Element Software

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Get started with external key management

Get started with external key management

External key management (EKM) provides secure Authentication Key (AK) management in conjunction with an off-cluster external key server (EKS). The AKs are used to lock and unlock Self Encrypting Drives (SEDs) when [encryption at rest](#) is enabled on the cluster. The EKS provides secure generation and storage of the AKs. The cluster utilizes the Key Management Interoperability Protocol (KMIP), an OASIS defined standard protocol, to communicate with the EKS.

- [Set up external management](#)
- [Rekey software encryption at rest master key](#)
- [Recover inaccessible or invalid authentication keys](#)
- [External key management API commands](#)

Find more information

- [CreateCluster API](#) that can be used to enable software encryption at rest
- [SolidFire and Element Software Documentation](#)
- [Documentation for earlier versions of NetApp SolidFire and Element products](#)

Set up external key management

You can follow these steps and use the Element API methods listed to set up your external key management feature.

What you'll need

- If you are setting up external key management in combination with software encryption at rest, you have enabled software encryption at rest using the [CreateCluster](#) method on a new cluster that does not contain volumes.

Steps

1. Establish a trust relationship with the External Key Server (EKS).
 - a. Create a public/private key pair for the Element cluster that is used to establish a trust relationship with the key server by calling the following API method: [CreatePublicPrivateKeyPair](#)
 - b. Get the certificate sign request (CSR) which the Certification Authority needs to sign. The CSR enables the key server to verify that the Element cluster that will be accessing the keys is authenticated as the Element cluster. Call the following API method: [GetClientCertificateSignRequest](#)
 - c. Use the EKS/Certificate Authority to sign the retrieved CSR. See third-party documentation for more information.
2. Create a server and provider on the cluster to communicate with the EKS. A key provider defines where a key should be obtained, and a server defines the specific attributes of the EKS that will be communicated with.
 - a. Create a key provider where the key server details will reside by calling the following API method:

CreateKeyProviderKmip

b. Create a key server providing the signed certificate and the public key certificate of the Certification Authority by calling the following API methods: [CreateKeyServerKmip](#) [TestKeyServerKmip](#)

If the test fails, verify your server connectivity and configuration. Then repeat the test.

c. Add the key server into the key provider container by calling the following API methods: [AddKeyServerToProviderKmip](#) [TestKeyProviderKmip](#)

If the test fails, verify your server connectivity and configuration. Then repeat the test.

3. Do one of the following as a next step for encryption at rest:

a. (For hardware encryption at rest) Enable [hardware encryption at rest](#) by providing the ID of the key provider that contains the key server used for storing the keys by calling the [EnableEncryptionAtRest](#) API method.



You must enable encryption at rest via the [API](#). Enabling encryption at rest using the existing Element UI button will cause the feature to revert to using internally generated keys.

b. (For software encryption at rest) In order for [software encryption at rest](#) to utilize the newly created key provider, pass the key provider ID to the [RekeySoftwareEncryptionAtRestMasterKey](#) API method.

Find more information

- [Enable and disable encryption for a cluster](#)
- [SolidFire and Element Software Documentation](#)
- [Documentation for earlier versions of NetApp SolidFire and Element products](#)

Rekey software encryption at rest master key

You can use the Element API to rekey an existing key. This process creates a new replacement master key for your external key management server. Master keys are always replaced by new master keys and never duplicated or overwritten.

You might need to rekey as part of one of the following procedures:

- Create a new key as part of a change from internal key management to external key management.
- Create a new key as a reaction to or as protection against a security-related event.



This process is asynchronous and returns a response before the rekey operation is complete. You can use the [GetAsyncResult](#) method to poll the system to see when the process has completed.

What you'll need

- You have enabled software encryption at rest using the [CreateCluster](#) method on a new cluster that does not contain volumes and has no I/O. Use [GetSoftwareEncryptionatRestInfo](#) to confirm that the state is enabled before proceeding.
- You have [established a trust relationship](#) between the SolidFire cluster and an External Key Server (EKS).

Run the [TestKeyProviderKmip](#) method to verify that a connection to the key provider is established.

Steps

1. Run the [ListKeyProvidersKmip](#) command and copy the key provider ID (keyProviderID).
2. Run the [RekeySoftwareEncryptionAtRestMasterKey](#) with the keyManagementType parameter as external and keyProviderID as the ID number of the key provider from the previous step:

```
{  
  "method": "rekeysoftwareencryptionatrestmasterkey",  
  "params": {  
    "keyManagementType": "external",  
    "keyProviderID": "<ID number>"  
  }  
}
```

3. Copy the asyncHandle value from the [RekeySoftwareEncryptionAtRestMasterKey](#) command response.
4. Run the [GetAsyncResult](#) command with the asyncHandle value from the previous step to confirm the change in configuration. From the command response, you should see that the older master key configuration has been updated with new key information. Copy the new key provider ID for use in a later step.

```
{
  "id": null,
  "result": {
    "createTime": "2021-01-01T22:29:18Z",
    "lastUpdateTime": "2021-01-01T22:45:51Z",
    "result": {
      "keyToDecommission": {
        "keyID": "<value>",
        "keyManagementType": "internal"
      },
      "newKey": {
        "keyID": "<value>",
        "keyManagementType": "external",
        "keyProviderID": <value>
      },
      "operation": "Rekeying Master Key. Master Key management being transferred from Internal Key Management to External Key Management with keyProviderID=<value>",
      "state": "Ready"
    },
    "resultType": "RekeySoftwareEncryptionAtRestMasterKey",
    "status": "complete"
  }
}
```

5. Run the `GetSoftwareEncryptionatRestInfo` command to confirm that new key details, including the `keyProviderID`, have been updated.

```
{
  "id": null,
  "result": {
    "masterKeyInfo": {
      "keyCreatedTime": "2021-01-01T22:29:18Z",
      "keyID": "<updated value>",
      "keyManagementType": "external",
      "keyProviderID": <value>
    },
    "rekeyMasterKeyAsyncResultID": <value>
    "status": "enabled",
    "version": 1
  }
}
```

Find more information

- [Manage storage with the Element API](#)
- [SolidFire and Element Software Documentation](#)
- [Documentation for earlier versions of NetApp SolidFire and Element products](#)

Recover inaccessible or invalid authentication keys

Occasionally, an error can occur that requires user intervention. In the event of an error, a cluster fault (referred to as a cluster fault code) will be generated. The two most likely cases are described here.

The cluster is unable to unlock the drives due to a KmipServerFault cluster fault.

This can occur when the cluster first boots up and the key server is inaccessible or the required key is unavailable.

1. Follow the recovery steps in the cluster fault codes (if any).

A sliceServiceUnhealthy fault might be set because the metadata drives have been marked as failed and placed into the "Available" state.

Steps to clear:

1. Add the drives again.
2. After 3 to 4 minutes, check that the `sliceServiceUnhealthy` fault has cleared.

See [cluster fault codes](#) for more information.

External key management API commands

List of all of the APIs available for managing and configuring EKM.

Used for establishing a trust relationship between the cluster and external customer-owned servers:

- `CreatePublicPrivateKeyPair`
- `GetClientCertificateSignRequest`

Used for defining the specific details of external customer-owned servers:

- `CreateKeyServerKmip`
- `ModifyKeyServerKmip`
- `DeleteKeyServerKmip`
- `GetKeyServerKmip`
- `ListKeyServersKmip`
- `TestKeyServerKmip`

Used for creating and maintaining key providers which manage external key servers:

- `CreateKeyProviderKmip`

- DeleteKeyProviderKmip
- AddKeyServerToProviderKmip
- RemoveKeyServerFromProviderKmip
- GetKeyProviderKmip
- ListKeyProvidersKmip
- RekeySoftwareEncryptionAtRestMasterKey
- TestKeyProviderKmip

For information about the API methods, see [API reference information](#).

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