



Hybrid cloud database solutions with SnapCenter

NetApp database solutions

NetApp
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Hybrid cloud database solutions with SnapCenter

TR-4908: Hybrid Cloud Database Solutions with SnapCenter Overview

Alan Cao, Felix Melligan, NetApp

This solution provides NetApp field and customers with instructions and guidance for configuring, operating, and migrating databases to a hybrid cloud environment using the NetApp SnapCenter GUI-based tool and the NetApp storage service CVO in public clouds for the following use cases:

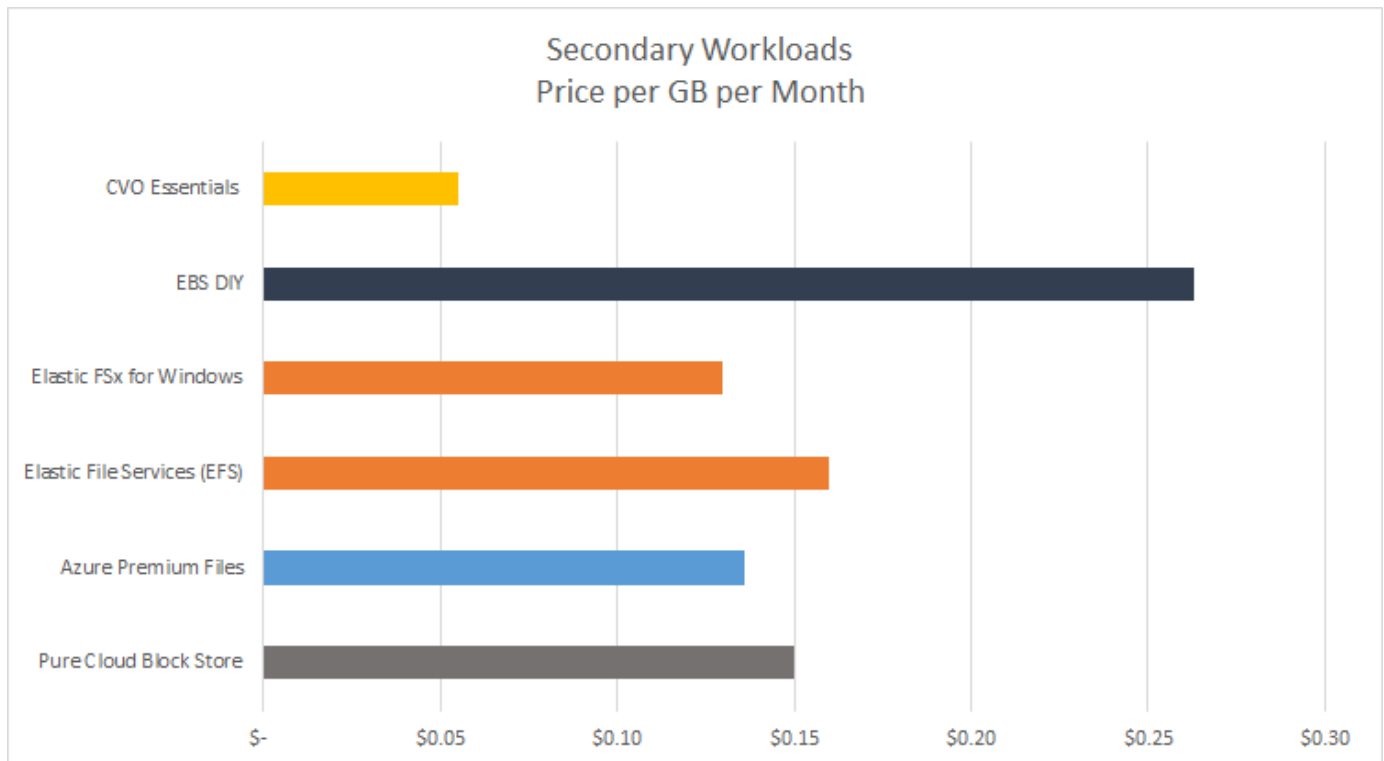
- Database dev/test operations in the hybrid cloud
- Database disaster recovery in the hybrid cloud

Today, many enterprise databases still reside in private corporate data centers for performance, security, and/or other reasons. This hybrid cloud database solution enables enterprises to operate their primary databases on site while using a public cloud for dev/test database operations as well as for disaster recovery to reduce licensing and operational costs.

Many enterprise databases, such as Oracle, SQL Server, SAP HANA, and so on, carry high licensing and operational costs. Many customers pay a one-time license fee as well as annual support costs based on the number of compute cores in their database environment, whether the cores are used for development, testing, production, or disaster recovery. Many of those environments might not be fully utilized throughout the application lifecycle.

The solutions provide an option for customers to potentially reduce their licensable cores count by moving their database environments devoted to development, testing, or disaster recovery to the cloud. By using public-cloud scale, redundancy, high availability, and a consumption-based billing model, the cost saving for licensing and operation can be substantial, while not sacrificing any application usability or availability.

Beyond potential database license-cost savings, the NetApp capacity-based CVO license model allows customers to save storage costs on a per-GB basis while empowering them with high level of database manageability that is not available from competing storage services. The following chart shows a storage cost comparison of popular storage services available in the public cloud.



This solution demonstrates that, by using the SnapCenter GUI-based software tool and NetApp SnapMirror technology, hybrid cloud database operations can be easily setup, implemented, and operated.

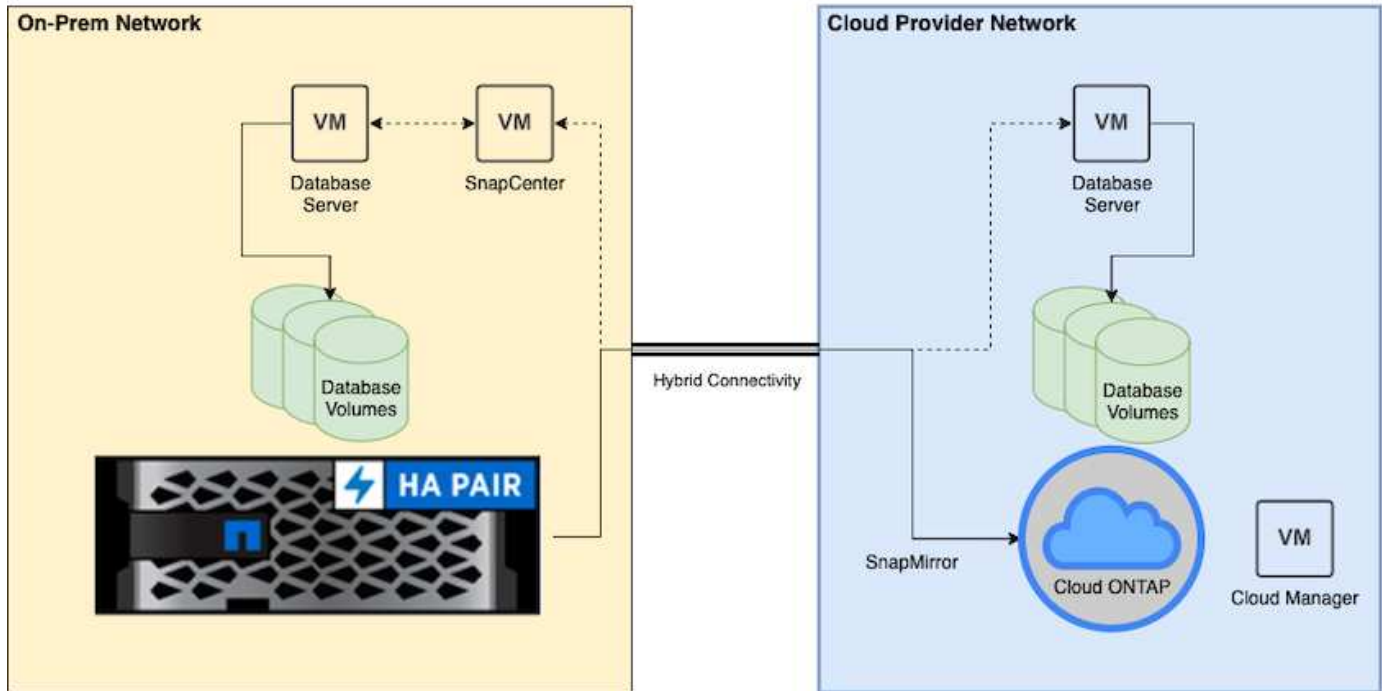
The following videos demonstrate SnapCenter in action:

- [Backup of an Oracle database across a Hybrid Cloud using SnapCenter](#)
- [SnapCenter- Clone DEV/TEST to AWS Cloud for an Oracle database](#)

Notably, although the illustrations throughout this document show CVO as a target storage instance in the public cloud, the solution is also fully validated for the new release of the FSx ONTAP storage engine for AWS.

Solution Architecture

The following architecture diagram illustrates a typical implementation of enterprise database operation in a hybrid cloud for dev/test and disaster recovery operations.



In normal business operations, synchronized database volumes in the cloud can be cloned and mounted to dev/test database instances for applications development or testing. In the event of a failure, the synchronized database volumes in the cloud can then be activated for disaster recovery.

SnapCenter Requirements

This solution is designed in a hybrid cloud setting to support on-premises production databases that can burst to all of the popular public clouds for dev/test and disaster recovery operations.

This solution supports all databases that are currently supported by SnapCenter, although only Oracle and SQL Server databases are demonstrated here. This solution is validated with virtualized database workloads, although bare-metal workloads are also supported.

We assume that production database servers are hosted on-premises with DB volumes presented to DB hosts from a ONTAP storage cluster. SnapCenter software is installed on-premises for database backup and data replication to the cloud. An Ansible controller is recommended but not required for database deployment automation or OS kernel and DB configuration syncing with a standby DR instance or dev/test instances in the public cloud.

Requirements

Environment	Requirements
On-premises	Any databases and versions supported by SnapCenter
	SnapCenter v4.4 or higher
	Ansible v2.09 or higher
	ONTAP cluster 9.x
	Intercluster LIFs configured
	Connectivity from on-premises to a cloud VPC (VPN, interconnect, and so on)
	Networking ports open - ssh 22 - tcp 8145, 8146, 10000, 11104, 11105
Cloud - AWS	Cloud Manager Connector
	Cloud Volumes ONTAP
	Matching DB OS EC2 instances to On-prem
Cloud - Azure	Cloud Manager Connector
	Cloud Volumes ONTAP
	Matching DB OS Azure Virtual Machines to On-prem
Cloud - GCP	Cloud Manager Connector
	Cloud Volumes ONTAP
	Matching DB OS Google Compute Engine instances to on-premises

Prerequisites configuration

Prerequisites configuration

Certain prerequisites must be configured both on-premises and in the cloud before the execution of hybrid cloud database workloads. The following section provides a high-level summary of this process, and the following links provide further information about necessary system configuration.

On premises

- SnapCenter installation and configuration
- On-premises database server storage configuration
- Licensing requirements
- Networking and security
- Automation

Public cloud

- A NetApp Cloud Central login

- Network access from a web browser to several endpoints
- A network location for a connector
- Cloud provider permissions
- Networking for individual services

Important considerations:

1. Where to deploy the Cloud Manager Connector?
2. Cloud Volume ONTAP sizing and architecture
3. Single node or high availability?

The following links provide further details:

[On Premises](#)

[Public Cloud](#)

Prerequisites on-premises

The following tasks must be completed on-premises to prepare the SnapCenter hybrid-cloud database workload environment.

SnapCenter installation and configuration

The NetApp SnapCenter tool is a Windows-based application that typically runs in a Windows domain environment, although workgroup deployment is also possible. It is based on a multi-tiered architecture that includes a centralized management server (the SnapCenter server) and a SnapCenter plug-in on the database server hosts for database workloads. Here are a few key considerations for hybrid-cloud deployment.

- **Single instance or HA deployment.** HA deployment provides redundancy in the case of a single SnapCenter instance server failure.
- **Name resolution.** DNS must be configured on the SnapCenter server to resolve all database hosts as well as on the storage SVM for forward and reverse lookup. DNS must also be configured on database servers to resolve the SnapCenter server and the storage SVM for both forward and reverse lookup.
- **Role-based access control (RBAC) configuration.** For mixed database workloads, you might want to use RBAC to segregate management responsibility for different DB platform such as an admin for Oracle database or an admin for SQL Server. Necessary permissions must be granted for the DB admin user.
- **Enable policy-based backup strategy.** To enforce backup consistency and reliability.
- **Open necessary network ports on the firewall.** For the on-premises SnapCenter server to communicate with agents installed in the cloud DB host.
- **Ports must be open to allow SnapMirror traffic between on-prem and public cloud.** The SnapCenter server relies on ONTAP SnapMirror to replicate onsite Snapshot backups to cloud CVO storage SVMs.

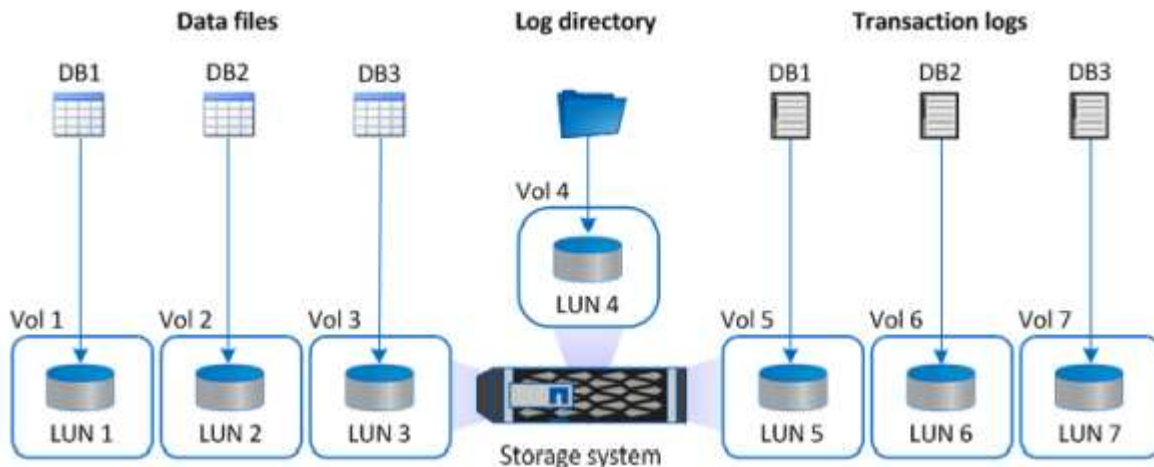
After careful pre-installation planning and consideration, click this [SnapCenter installation pre-requisites](#) for details of SnapCenter installation and configuration.

On-premises database server storage configuration

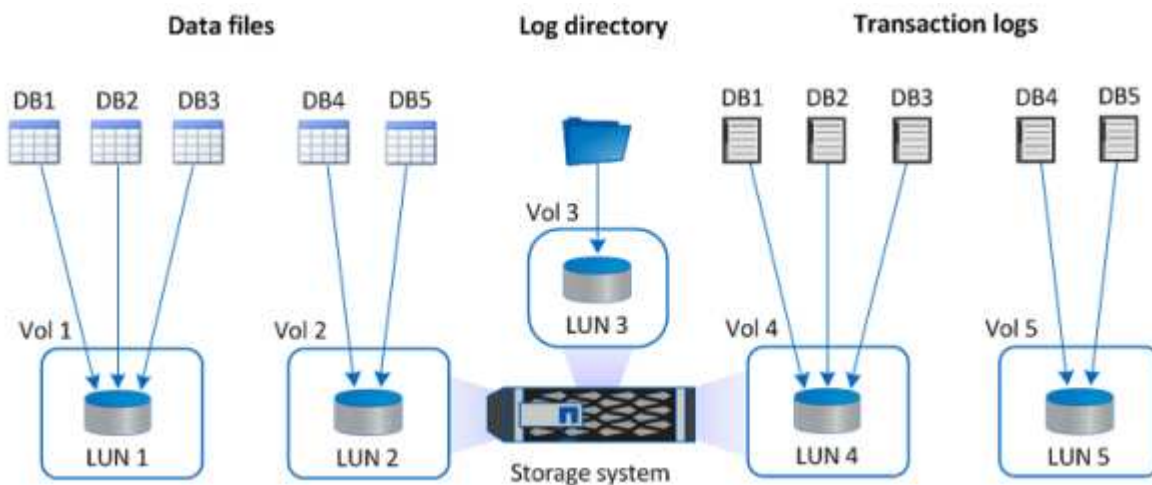
Storage performance plays an important role in the overall performance of databases and applications. A well-

designed storage layout can not only improve DB performance but also make it easy to manage database backup and recovery. Several factors should be considered when defining your storage layout, including the size of the database, the rate of expected data change for the database, and the frequency with which you perform backups.

Directly attaching storage LUNs to the guest VM by either NFS or iSCSI for virtualized database workloads generally provides better performance than storage allocated via VMDK. NetApp recommends the storage layout for a large SQL Server database on LUNs depicted in the following figure.



The following figure shows the NetApp recommended storage layout for small or medium SQL Server database on LUNs.



The Log directory is dedicated to SnapCenter to perform transaction log rollup for database recovery. For an extra large database, multiple LUNs can be allocated to a volume for better performance.

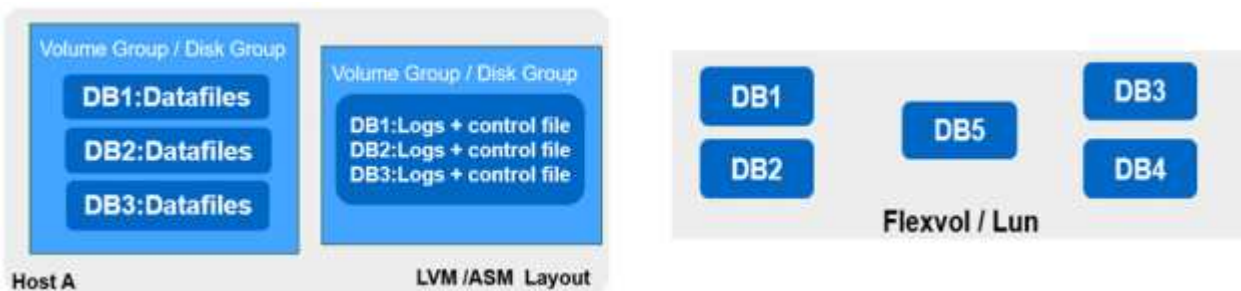
For Oracle database workloads, SnapCenter supports database environments backed by ONTAP storage that are mounted to the host as either physical or virtual devices. You can host the entire database on a single or multiple storage devices based on the criticality of the environment. Typically, customers isolate data files on dedicated storage from all other files such as control files, redo files, and archive log files. This helps administrators to quickly restore (ONTAP single-file SnapRestore) or clone a large critical database (petabyte scale) using Snapshot technology within few seconds to minutes.



For mission critical workloads that are sensitive to latency, a dedicated storage volume should be deployed to different types of Oracle files to achieve the best latency possible. For a large database, multiple LUNs (NetApp recommends up to eight) per volume should be allocated to data files.



For smaller Oracle databases, SnapCenter supports shared storage layouts in which you can host multiple databases or part of a database on the same storage volume or LUN. As an example of this layout, you can host data files for all the databases on a +DATA ASM disk group or a volume group. The remainder of the files (redo, archive log, and control files) can be hosted on another dedicated disk group or volume group (LVM). Such a deployment scenario is illustrated below.



To facilitate the relocation of Oracle databases, the Oracle binary should be installed on a separate LUN that is included in the regular backup policy. This ensures that in the case of database relocation to a new server host, the Oracle stack can be started for recovery without any potential issues due to an out-of-sync Oracle binary.

Licensing requirements

SnapCenter is licensed software from NetApp. It is generally included in an on-premises ONTAP license. However, for hybrid cloud deployment, a cloud license for SnapCenter is also required to add CVO to SnapCenter as a target data replication destination. Please review following links for SnapCenter standard capacity-based license for details:

[SnapCenter standard capacity-based licenses](#)

Networking and security

In a hybrid database operation that requires an on-premises production database that is burstable to cloud for dev/test and disaster recovery, networking and security is important factor to consider when setting up the environment and connecting to the public cloud from an on-premises data center.

Public clouds typically use a virtual private cloud (VPC) to isolate different users within a public-cloud platform. Within an individual VPC, security is controlled using measures such as security groups that are configurable based on user needs for the lockdown of a VPC.

The connectivity from the on-premises data center to the VPC can be secured through a VPN tunnel. On the VPN gateway, security can be hardened using NAT and firewall rules that block attempts to establish network connections from hosts on the internet to hosts inside the corporate data center.

For networking and security considerations, review the relevant inbound and outbound CVO rules for your public cloud of choice:

- [Security group rules for CVO - AWS](#)
- [Security group rules for CVO - Azure](#)
- [Firewall rules for CVO - GCP](#)

Using Ansible automation to sync DB instances between on-premises and the cloud - optional

To simplify management of a hybrid-cloud database environment, NetApp highly recommends but does not require that you deploy an Ansible controller to automate some management tasks, such as keeping compute instances on-premises and in the cloud in sync. This is particularly important because an out-of-sync compute instance in the cloud might render the recovered database in the cloud error prone because of missing kernel packages and other issues.

The automation capability of an Ansible controller can also be used to augment SnapCenter for certain tasks, such as breaking up the SnapMirror instance to activate the DR data copy for production.

Follow these instructions to set up your Ansible control node for RedHat or CentOS machines:

Unresolved directive in dbops/hybrid-dbops-sc-prereq-onprem.adoc - include::_include/automation-rhel-centos-setup.adoc[]

Follow these instructions to set up your Ansible control node for Ubuntu or Debian machines:

Unresolved directive in dbops/hybrid-dbops-sc-prereq-onprem.adoc - include::_include/automation-ubuntu-debian-setup.adoc[]

Prerequisites for the public cloud

Before we install the Cloud Manager connector and Cloud Volumes ONTAP and configure SnapMirror, we must perform some preparation for our cloud environment. This page describes the work that needs to be done as well as the considerations when deploying Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

Cloud Manager and Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment prerequisites checklist

- ☐ A NetApp Cloud Central login
- ☐ Network access from a web browser to several endpoints
- ☐ A network location for a Connector
- ☐ Cloud provider permissions
- ☐ Networking for individual services

For more information about what you need to get started, visit our [cloud documentation](#).

Considerations

1. What is a Cloud Manager connector?

In most cases, a Cloud Central account admin must deploy a connector in your cloud or on-premises network. The connector enables Cloud Manager to manage resources and processes within your public cloud environment.

For more information about Connectors, visit our [cloud documentation](#).

2. Cloud Volumes ONTAP sizing and architecture

When deploying Cloud Volumes ONTAP, you are given the choice of either a predefined package or the creation of your own configuration. Although many of these values can be changed later on nondisruptively, there are some key decisions that need to be made before deployment based on the workloads to be deployed in the cloud.

Each cloud provider has different options for deployment and almost every workload has its own unique properties. NetApp has a [TCO Calculator](#) that can help size deployments correctly based on capacity and performance, but it has been built around some basic concepts which are worth considering:

- Capacity required
- Network capability of the cloud virtual machine
- Performance characteristics of cloud storage

The key is to plan for a configuration that not only satisfies the current capacity and performance requirements, but also looks at future growth. This is generally known as capacity headroom and performance headroom.

If you would like further information, read the documentation about planning correctly for [AWS](#), [Azure](#), and [GCP](#).

3. Single node or high availability?

In all clouds, there is the option to deploy CVO in either a single node or in a clustered high availability pair with two nodes. Depending on the use case, you might wish to deploy a single node to save costs or an HA pair to provide further availability and redundancy.

For a DR use case or spinning up temporary storage for development and testing, single nodes are common since the impact of a sudden zonal or infrastructure outage is lower. However, for any production use case, when the data is in only a single location, or when the dataset must have more redundancy and availability, high availability is recommended.

For further information about the architecture of each cloud's version of high availability, visit the documentation for [AWS](#), [Azure](#) and [GCP](#).

Getting started overview

Getting started overview

This section provides a summary of the tasks that must be completed to meet the prerequisite requirements as outlined in previous section. The following section provide a

high level tasks list for both on-premises and public cloud operations. The detailed processes and procedures can be accessed by clicking on the relevant links.

On-premises

- Setup database admin user in SnapCenter
- SnapCenter plugin installation prerequisites
- SnapCenter host plugin installation
- DB resource discovery
- Setup storage cluster peering and DB volume replication
- Add CVO database storage SVM to SnapCenter
- Setup database backup policy in SnapCenter
- Implement backup policy to protect database
- Validate backup

AWS public cloud

- Pre-flight check
- Steps to deploy Cloud Manager and Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS
- Deploy EC2 compute instance for database workload

Click the following links for details:

[On Premises](#), [Public Cloud - AWS](#)

Getting started on premises

The NetApp SnapCenter tool uses role based access control (RBAC) to manage user resources access and permission grants, and SnapCenter installation creates prepopulated roles. You can also create custom roles based on your needs or applications.

On Premises

1. Setup database admin user in SnapCenter

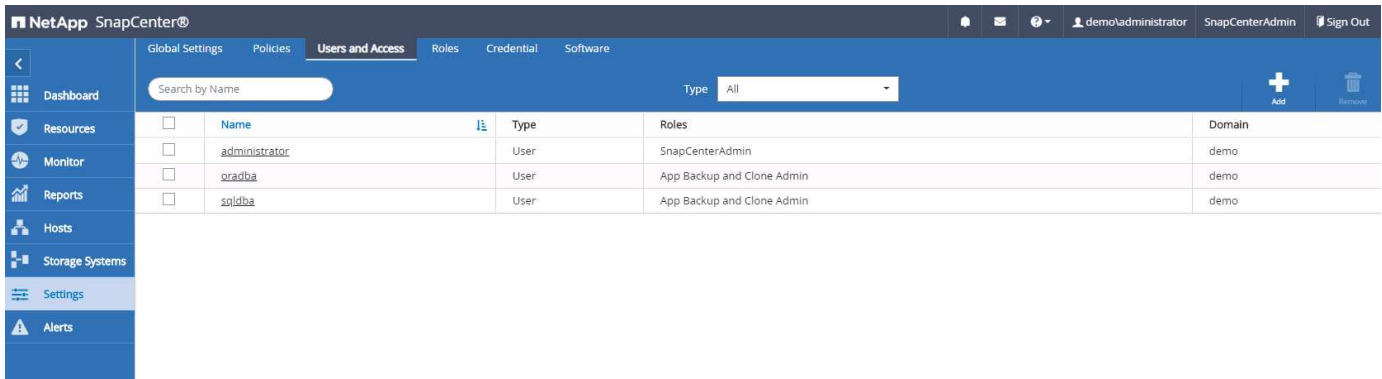
It makes sense to have a dedicated admin user ID for each database platform supported by SnapCenter for database backup, restoration, and/or disaster recovery. You can also use a single ID to manage all databases. In our test cases and demonstration, we created a dedicated admin user for both Oracle and SQL Server, respectively.

Certain SnapCenter resources can only be provisioned with the SnapCenterAdmin role. Resources can then be assigned to other user IDs for access.

In a pre-installed and configured on-premises SnapCenter environment, the following tasks might have already have been completed. If not, the following steps create a database admin user:

1. Add the admin user to Windows Active Directory.

2. Log into SnapCenter using an ID granted with the SnapCenterAdmin role.
3. Navigate to the Access tab under Settings and Users, and click Add to add a new user. The new user ID is linked to the admin user created in Windows Active Directory in step 1. . Assign the proper role to the user as needed. Assign resources to the admin user as applicable.



2. SnapCenter plugin installation prerequisites

SnapCenter performs backup, restore, clone, and other functions by using a plugin agent running on the DB hosts. It connects to the database host and database via credentials configured under the Setting and Credentials tab for plugin installation and other management functions. There are specific privilege requirements based on the target host type, such as Linux or Windows, as well as the type of database.

DB hosts credentials must be configured before SnapCenter plugin installation. Generally, you want to use an administrator user accounts on the DB host as your host connection credentials for plugin installation. You can also grant the same user ID for database access using OS-based authentication. On the other hand, you can also employ database authentication with different database user IDs for DB management access. If you decide to use OS-based authentication, the OS admin user ID must be granted DB access. For Windows domain-based SQL Server installation, a domain admin account can be used to manage all SQL Servers within the domain.

Windows host for SQL server:

1. If you are using Windows credentials for authentication, you must set up your credential before installing plugins.
2. If you are using a SQL Server instance for authentication, you must add the credentials after installing plugins.
3. If you have enabled SQL authentication while setting up the credentials, the discovered instance or database is shown with a red lock icon. If the lock icon appears, you must specify the instance or database credentials to successfully add the instance or database to a resource group.
4. You must assign the credential to a RBAC user without sysadmin access when the following conditions are met:
 - The credential is assigned to a SQL instance.
 - The SQL instance or host is assigned to an RBAC user.
 - The RBAC DB admin user must have both the resource group and backup privileges.

Unix host for Oracle:

1. You must have enabled the password-based SSH connection for the root or non-root user by editing sshd.conf and restarting the sshd service. Password-based SSH authentication on AWS instance is turned

off by default.

2. Configure the sudo privileges for the non-root user to install and start the plugin process. After installing the plugin, the processes run as an effective root user.
3. Create credentials with the Linux authentication mode for the install user.
4. You must install Java 1.8.x (64-bit) on your Linux host.
5. Installation of the Oracle database plugin also installs the SnapCenter plugin for Unix.

3. SnapCenter host plugin installation

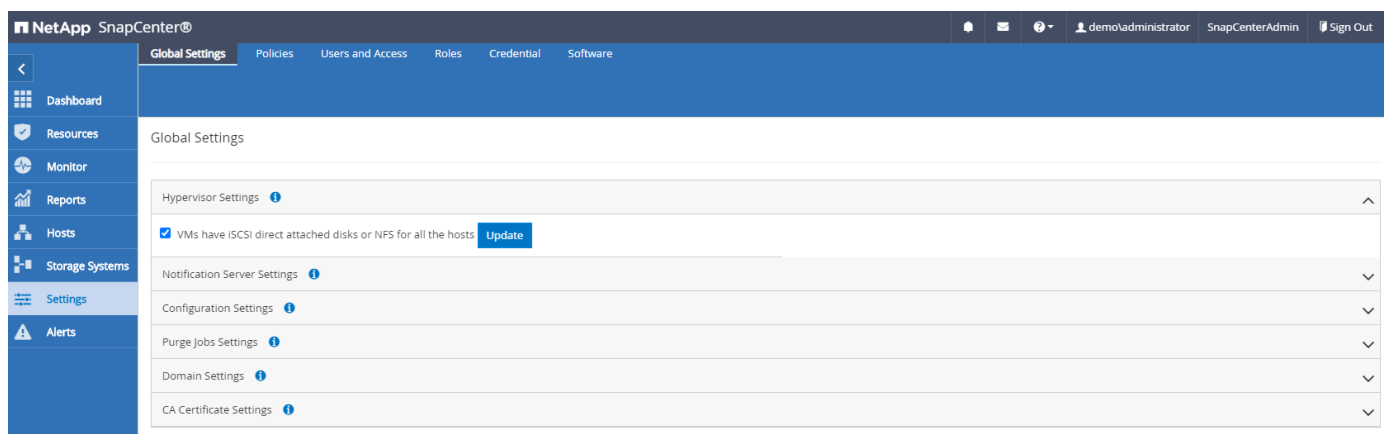


Before attempting to install SnapCenter plugins on cloud DB server instances, make sure that all configuration steps have been completed as listed in the relevant cloud section for compute instance deployment.

The following steps illustrate how a database host is added to SnapCenter while a SnapCenter plugin is installed on the host. The procedure applies to adding both on-premises hosts and cloud hosts. The following demonstration adds a Windows or a Linux host residing in AWS.

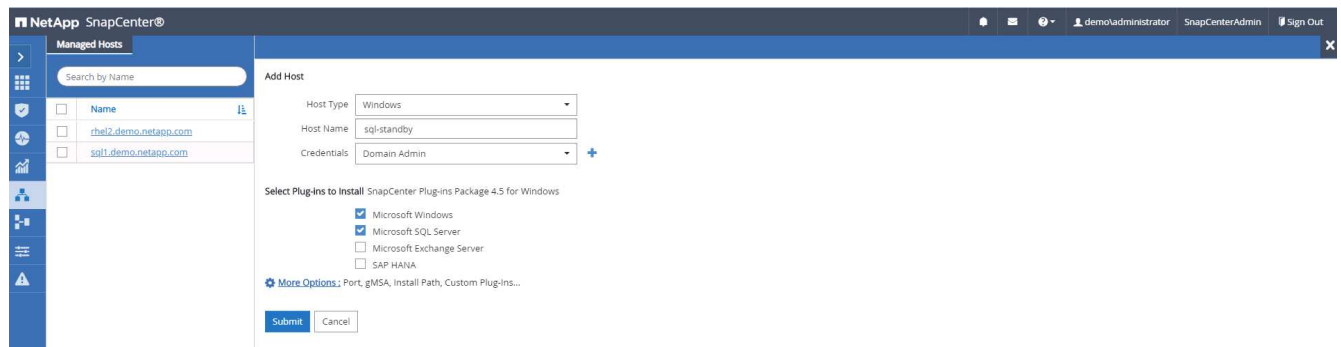
Configure SnapCenter VMware global settings

Navigate to Settings > Global Settings. Select "VMs have iSCSI direct attached disks or NFS for all the hosts" under Hypervisor Settings and click Update.



Add Windows host and installation of plugin on the host

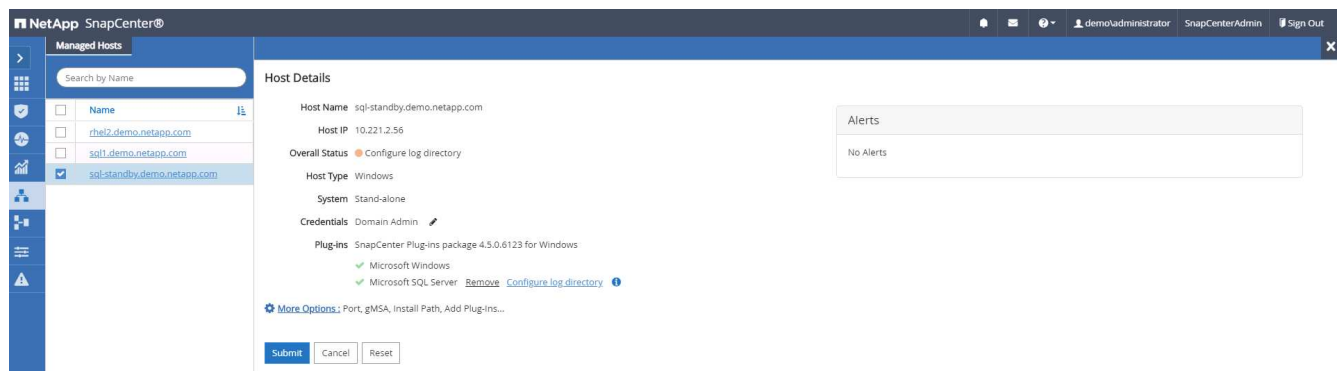
1. Log into SnapCenter with a user ID with SnapCenterAdmin privileges.
2. Click the Hosts tab from the left-hand menu, and then click Add to open the Add Host workflow.
3. Choose Windows for Host Type; the Host Name can be either a host name or an IP address. The host name must be resolved to the correct host IP address from the SnapCenter host. Choose the host credentials created in step 2. Choose Microsoft Windows and Microsoft SQL Server as the plugin packages to be installed.



4. After the plugin is installed on a Windows host, its Overall Status is shown as "Configure log directory."



5. Click the Host Name to open the SQL Server log directory configuration.



6. Click "Configure log directory" to open "Configure Plug-in for SQL Server."

Configure Plug-in for SQL Server

Configure the log backup directory for sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Configure host log directory

Host log directory

dedicated disk directory path

Browse

Save

Close

- Click Browse to discover NetApp storage so that a log directory can be set; SnapCenter uses this log directory to roll up the SQL server transaction log files. Then click Save.

Configure Plug-in for SQL Server

Configure the log backup directory for sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Configure host log directory

Host log directory

G:\

Browse

Choose directory on NetApp Storage

sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

G:\

System Volume Information

Save

Close

For NetApp storage provisioned to a DB host to be discovered, the storage (on-prem or CVO) must be added to SnapCenter, as illustrated in step 6 for CVO as an example.

- After the log directory is configured, the Windows host plugin Overall Status is changed to Running.

14

Name	Type	System	Plug-in	Version	Overall Status
rhel2.demo.netapp.com	Linux	Stand-alone	UNIX, Oracle Database	4.5	Running
sql1.demo.netapp.com	Windows	Stand-alone	Microsoft Windows Server, Microsoft SQL Server	4.5	Running
sql-standby.demo.netapp.com	Windows	Stand-alone	Microsoft Windows Server, Microsoft SQL Server	4.5	Running

- To assign the host to the database management user ID, navigate to the Access tab under Settings and Users, click the database management user ID (in our case the sqldba that the host needs to be assigned to), and click Save to complete host resource assignment.

Name	Type	Roles	Domain
administrator	User	SnapCenterAdmin	demo
sqldba	User	App Backup and Clone Admin	demo
sqlstdba	User	App Backup and Clone Admin	demo

Assign Assets

Asset Type: Host

	Asset Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	rhel2.demo.netapp.com
<input type="checkbox"/>	sql1.demo.netapp.com
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Add Unix host and installation of plugin on the host

- Log into SnapCenter with a user ID with SnapCenterAdmin privileges.
- Click the Hosts tab from left-hand menu, and click Add to open the Add Host workflow.
- Choose Linux as the Host Type. The Host Name can be either the host name or an IP address. However, the host name must be resolved to correct host IP address from SnapCenter host. Choose host credentials created in step 2. The host credentials require sudo privileges. Check Oracle Database as the plug-in to be installed, which installs both Oracle and Linux host plug-ins.

demoAdministrator SnapCenterAdmin Sign Out

Add Host

Host Type:

Host Name:

Credentials: + ⓘ

Select Plug-ins to Install SnapCenter Plug-ins Package 4.5 for Linux

☒ Oracle Database

☐ SAP HANA

[More Options](#): Port, Install Path, Custom Plug-ins...

- Click More Options and select "Skip preinstall checks." You are prompted to confirm the skipping of the preinstall check. Click Yes and then Save.

More Options

Port: ⓘ

Installation Path: ⓘ

☒ Skip preinstall checks

☒ Add all hosts in the oracle RAC

Custom Plug-ins

Choose a File

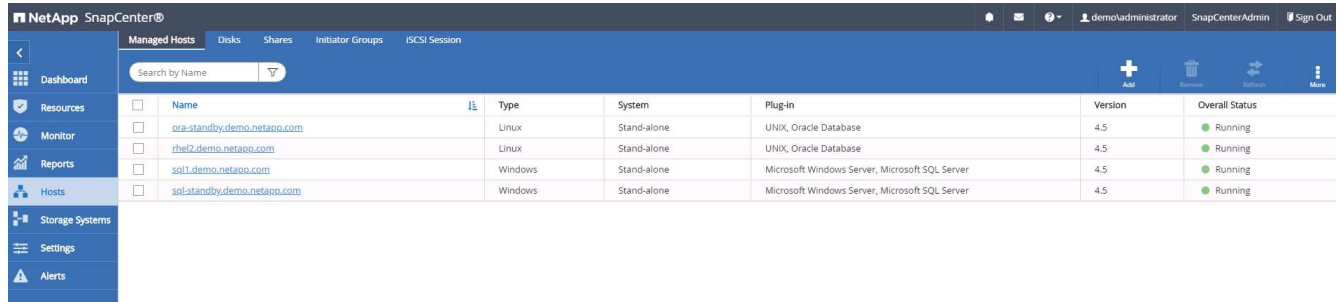
- Click Submit to start the plugin installation. You are prompted to Confirm Fingerprint as shown below.

Confirm Fingerprint

Authenticity of the host cannot be determined ⓘ

Host name	Fingerprint	Valid
ora-standby.demo.netapp.com	ssh-rsa 3072 5C:02:EF:6B:63:54:59:10:84:DF:4D:6B:AB:FB:61:67	

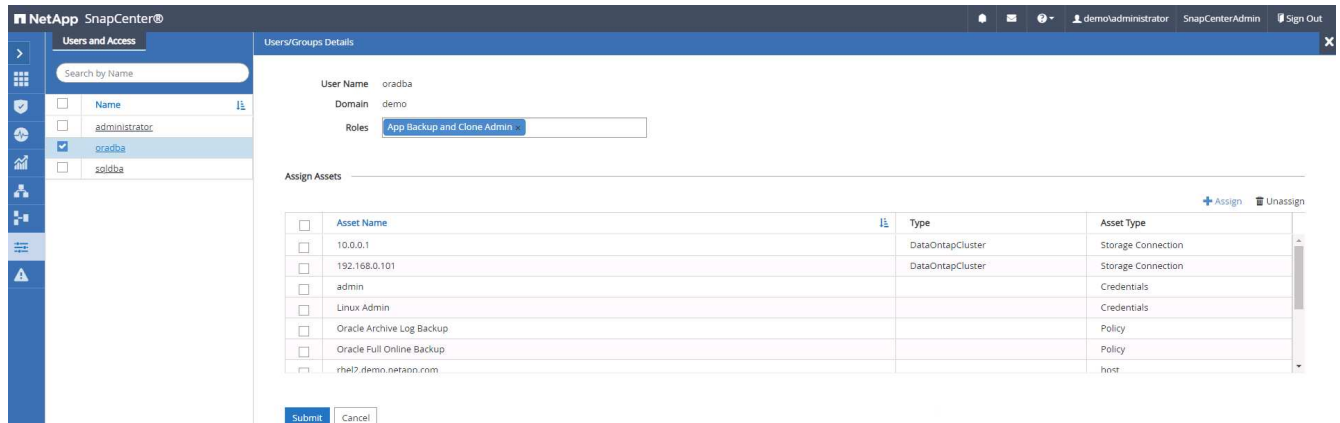
6. SnapCenter performs host validation and registration, and then the plugin is installed on the Linux host. The status is changed from Installing Plugin to Running.



The screenshot shows the NetApp SnapCenter interface with the 'Managed Hosts' tab selected. A table lists four hosts with their details.

Name	Type	System	Plug-in	Version	Overall Status
ora-standby.demo.netapp.com	Linux	Stand-alone	UNIX, Oracle Database	4.5	Running
rhel2.demo.netapp.com	Linux	Stand-alone	UNIX, Oracle Database	4.5	Running
sql1.demo.netapp.com	Windows	Stand-alone	Microsoft Windows Server, Microsoft SQL Server	4.5	Running
sql-standby.demo.netapp.com	Windows	Stand-alone	Microsoft Windows Server, Microsoft SQL Server	4.5	Running

7. Assign the newly added host to the proper database management user ID (in our case, oradba).

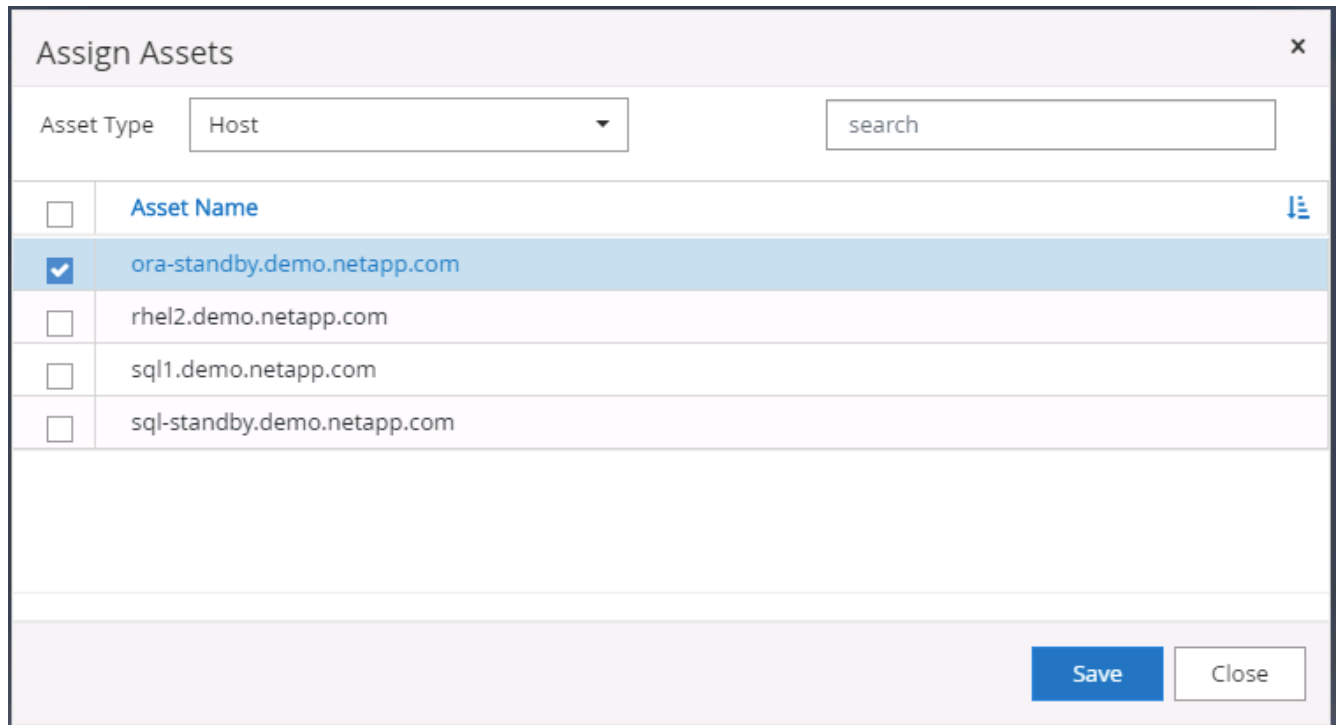


The screenshot shows the 'Users and Access' section in NetApp SnapCenter. The 'Users/Groups Details' for 'oradba' are shown, including roles and a list of assets to assign.

User Name: oradba
Domain: demo
Roles: App Backup and Clone Admin

Assign Assets

Asset Name	Type	Asset Type
10.0.0.1	DataOntapCluster	Storage Connection
192.168.0.101	DataOntapCluster	Storage Connection
admin		Credentials
Linux Admin		Credentials
Oracle Archive Log Backup		Policy
Oracle Full Online Backup		Policy
rhel2.demo.netapp.com		Host



The screenshot shows the 'Assign Assets' dialog box. The 'Asset Type' is set to 'Host'. A search bar is present. The list of assets includes 'ora-standby.demo.netapp.com' which is selected.

Asset Type: Host

search

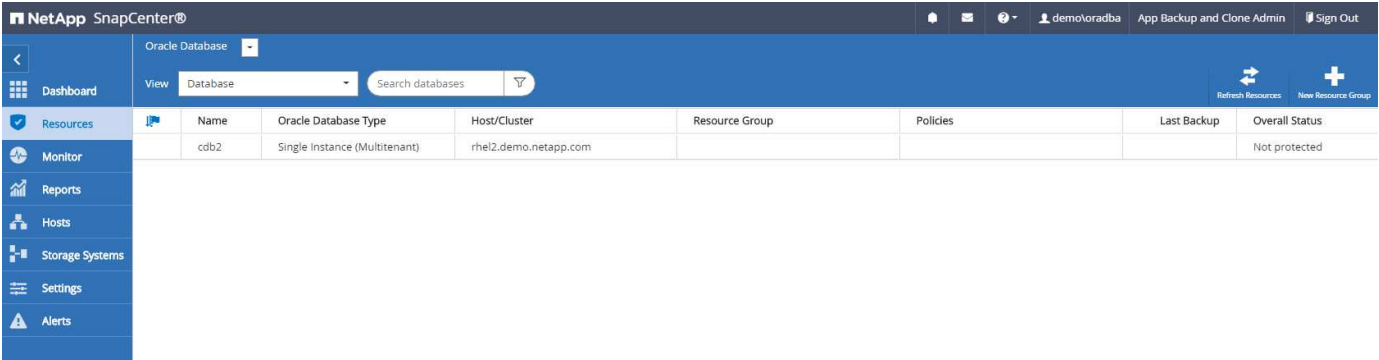
Asset Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ora-standby.demo.netapp.com
<input type="checkbox"/> rhel2.demo.netapp.com
<input type="checkbox"/> sql1.demo.netapp.com
<input type="checkbox"/> sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Save Close

4. Database resource discovery

With successful plugin installation, the database resources on the host can be immediately discovered. Click the Resources tab in the left-hand menu. Depending on the type of database platform, a number of views are

available, such as the database, resources group, and so on. You might need to click the Refresh Resources tab if the resources on the host are not discovered and displayed.

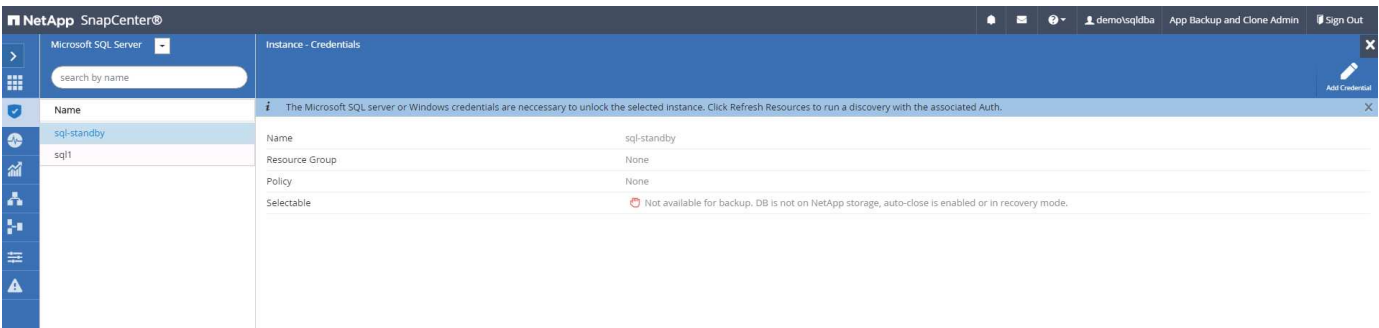
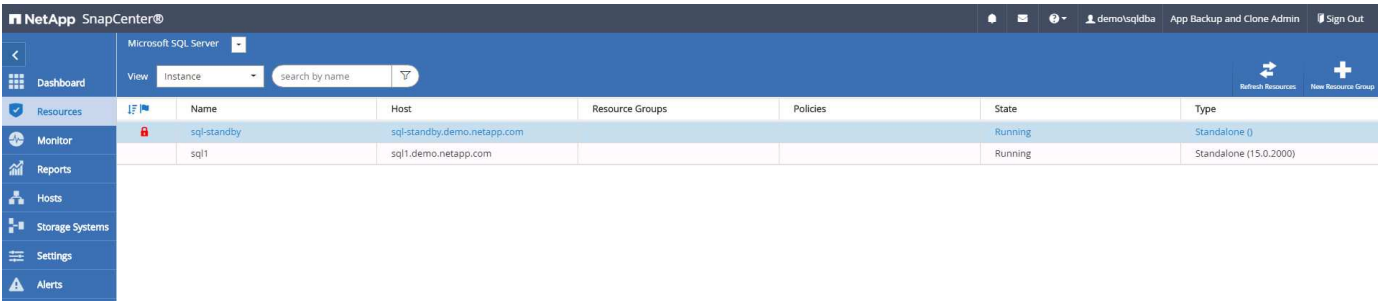


When the database is initially discovered, the Overall Status is shown as "Not protected." The previous screenshot shows an Oracle database not protected yet by a backup policy.

When a backup configuration or policy is set up and a backup has been executed, the Overall Status for the database shows the backup status as "Backup succeeded" and the timestamp of the last backup. The following screenshot shows the backup status of a SQL Server user database.



If database access credentials are not properly set up, a red lock button indicates that the database is not accessible. For example, if Windows credentials do not have sysadmin access to a database instance, then database credentials must be reconfigured to unlock the red lock.



After the appropriate credentials are configured either at the Windows level or the database level, the red lock disappears and SQL Server Type information is gathered and reviewed.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

View Instance search by name

Refresh Resources New Resource Group

Resources	Name	Host	Resource Groups	Policies	State	Type
	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com			Running	Standalone (15.0.2000)
	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com			Running	Standalone (15.0.2000)

DashboardMonitorReportsHostsStorage SystemsSettingsAlerts

5. Setup storage cluster peering and DB volumes replication

To protect your on-premises database data using a public cloud as the target destination, on-premises ONTAP cluster database volumes are replicated to the cloud CVO using NetApp SnapMirror technology. The replicated target volumes can then be cloned for DEV/OPS or disaster recovery. The following high-level steps enable you to set up cluster peering and DB volumes replication.

1. Configure intercluster LIFs for cluster peering on both the on-premises cluster and the CVO cluster instance. This step can be performed with ONTAP System Manger. A default CVO deployment has inter-cluster LIFs configured automatically.

On-premises cluster:

ONTAP System Manager (Return to classic version)

Search actions, objects, and pages

DASHBOARDSTORAGENETWORK

OverviewEthernet PortsFC PortsEVENTS & JOBSPROTECTIONHOSTSCLUSTER

Overview

Overview

IPspaces

Cluster	Broadcast Domains
Default	Storage VMSvm_onPremBroadcast DomainsDefault

Broadcast Domains

Cluster	9000 MTU	IPspace: Cluster
Default	1500 MTU	IPspace: DefaultonPrem-01 e0a e0b e0c e0d e0e e0f e0g e0h e0i-100 e0e-200 e0f-201

Network Interfaces

Name	Status	Storage VM	IPspace	Address	Current Node	Current Port	Protocols	Type
onPrem-01_IC	✓		Default	192.168.0.113	onPrem-01	e0b		Intercluster
onPrem-01_mgmt1	✓		Default	192.168.0.111	onPrem-01	e0c		Cluster/Node Mgmt
cluster_mgmt	✓		Default	192.168.0.101	onPrem-01	e0a		Cluster/Node Mgmt

Target CVO cluster:

The screenshot shows the ONTAP System Manager Overview page. The left sidebar contains navigation links: DASHBOARD, STORAGE, NETWORK, Overview, Ethernet Ports, EVENTS & JOBS, PROTECTION, HOSTS, and CLUSTER. The main content area is divided into three sections: IPspaces, Broadcast Domains, and Network Interfaces.

IPspaces

Cluster	Broadcast Domains
Default	Storage VMs svm_hybridcvo Broadcast Domains Default

Broadcast Domains

Cluster	9000 MTU	IPspace: Cluster
Default	9001 MTU	hybridcvo-01 e0b hybridcvo-02 e0b

Network Interfaces

Name	Status	Storage VM	IPspace	Address	Current Node	Current Port	Protocols	Type	Throughput (I)
hybridcvo-02_mgmt1	✓		Default	10.221.2.104	hybridcvo-02	e0a		Cluster/Node Mgmt	0
inter_1	✓		Default	10.221.1.180	hybridcvo-01	e0a		Intercluster/Cluster/Node Mgmt	0.02
inter_2	✓		Default	10.221.2.250	hybridcvo-02	e0a		Intercluster/Cluster/Node Mgmt	0.03
iscsi_1	✓	svm_hybridcvo	Default	10.221.1.5	hybridcvo-01	e0a	ISCSI	Data	0
iscsi_2	✓	svm_hybridcvo	Default	10.221.2.168	hybridcvo-02	e0a	ISCSI	Data	0

2. With the intercluster LIFs configured, cluster peering and volume replication can be set up by using drag-and-drop in NetApp Cloud Manager. See ["Getting Started - AWS Public Cloud"](#) for details.

Alternatively, cluster peering and DB volume replication can be performed by using ONTAP System Manager as follows:

3. Log into ONTAP System Manager. Navigate to Cluster > Settings and click Peer Cluster to set up cluster peering with the CVO instance in the cloud.

The screenshot shows the ONTAP System Manager Cluster Settings page. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Overview, Applications, Volumes, LUNs, NVMe Namespaces, Shares, Qtrees, Quotas, Storage VMs, Tiers, NETWORK, Overview, Ethernet Ports, FC Ports, EVENTS & JOBS, PROTECTION, Overview, Relationships, HOSTS, CLUSTER, Overview, and Settings.

UI Settings

LOG LEVEL
DEBUG

INACTIVITY TIMEOUT
30 minutes

Intercluster Settings

Network Interfaces

IP ADDRESS
✓ 192.168.0.113

Cluster Peers

PEERED CLUSTER NAME
✓ hybridcvo

Peer Cluster
Generate Passphrase
Manage Cluster Peers

Storage VM Peers

PEERED STORAGE VMs
✓ 1

4. Go to the Volumes tab. Select the database volume to be replicated and click Protect.

ONTAP System Manager (Return to classic version)

Search actions, objects, and pages

Volumes

+ Add Delete **Protect** More

Name	rhel2_u03
onPrem_data	
rhel2_u01	
rhel2_u02	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> rhel2_u03	
rhel2_u0309232119421203118	
sql1_data	
sql1_log	
sql1_snapctr	
svm_onPrem_root	

Overview Snapshot Copies Clone Hierarchy SnapMirror (Local or Remote)

STATUS: Online

STYLE: FlexVol

MOUNT PATH: /rhel2_u03

STORAGE VM: svm_onPrem

LOCAL TIER: onPrem_01_SSD_1

SNAPSHOT POLICY: default

QUOTA: Off

TYPE: Read Write

SPACE RESERVATION

Capacity

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50%

SNAPSHOT CAPACITY

0 Bytes Available 2.36 GB Used 2.36 GB Overflow

Performance

Hour Day Week

Latency

1.5

1

5. Set the protection policy to Asynchronous. Select the destination cluster and storage SVM.

ONTAP System Manager (Return to classic version)

Search actions, objects, and pages

Protect Volumes

PROTECTION POLICY: Asynchronous

Source: CLUSTER: onPrem STORAGE VM: svm_onPrem SELECTED VOLUMES: rhel2_u03

Destination: CLUSTER: hybridcvo STORAGE VM: svm_hybridcvo

Destination Settings

2 matching labels

VOLUME NAME

PREFIX: vol_ SUFFIX: <SourceVolumeName>_dest

☐ Override default storage service name

Configuration Details

☒ Initialize relationship

☐ Enable FabricPool

Save Cancel

6. Validate that the volume is synced between the source and target and that the replication relationship is healthy.

Volumes

+ Add

Delete

Protect

More

Filter

Name

onPrem_data

rhel2_u01

rhel2_u02

rhel2_u03

rhel2_u0309232119421203118

rhel2_u03

All Volumes

Edit

More

Overview

Snapshot Copies

Clone Hierarchy

SnapMirror (Local or Remote)

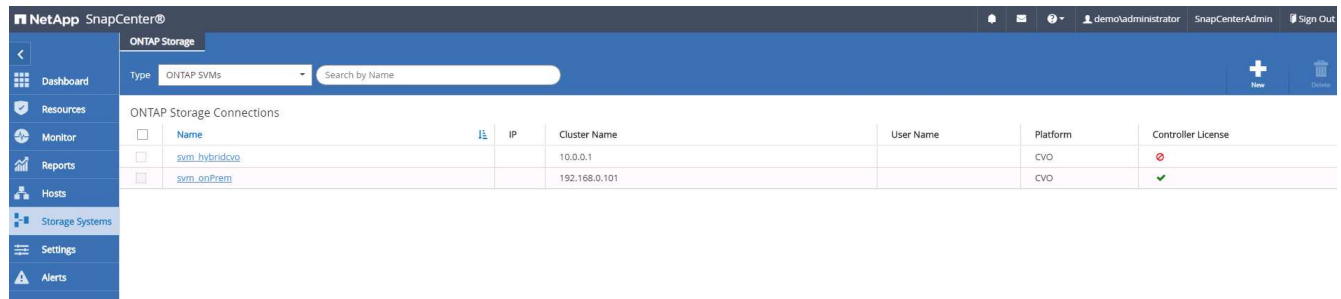
Source	Destination	Protection Policy	Relationship Health	Relationship Status	Lag
svm_onPrem:rhel2_u03	svm_hybridcvoorhel2_u03_dr	MirrorAllSnapshots	<div>Healthy</div>	<div>Mirrored</div>	12 seconds

6. Add CVO database storage SVM to SnapCenter

1. Log into SnapCenter with a user ID with SnapCenterAdmin privileges.
2. Click the Storage System tab from the menu, and then click New to add a CVO storage SVM that hosts replicated target database volumes to SnapCenter. Enter the cluster management IP in the Storage System field, and enter the appropriate username and password.

3. Click More Options to open additional storage configuration options. In the Platform field, select Cloud Volumes ONTAP, check Secondary, and then click Save.

4. Assign the storage systems to SnapCenter database management user IDs as shown in [3. SnapCenter host plugin installation](#).

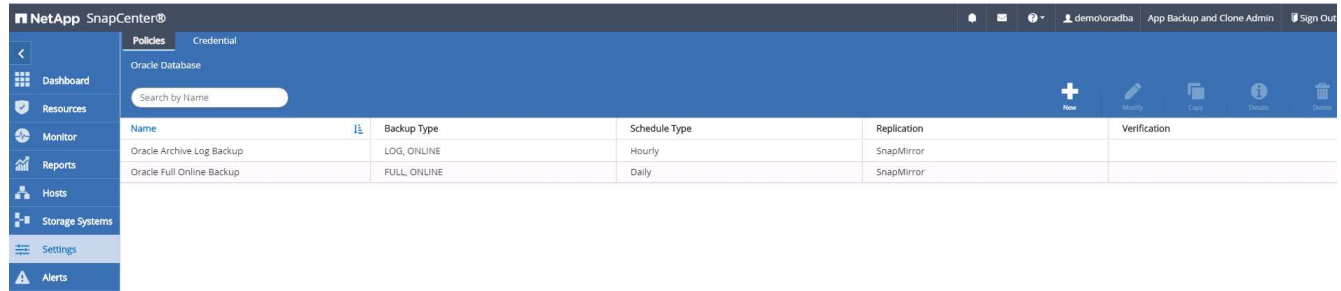


7. Setup database backup policy in SnapCenter

The following procedures demonstrates how to create a full database or log file backup policy. The policy can then be implemented to protect databases resources. The recovery point objective (RPO) or recovery time objective (RTO) dictates the frequency of database and/or log backups.

Create a full database backup policy for Oracle

1. Log into SnapCenter as a database management user ID, click Settings, and then click Policies.



2. Click New to launch a new backup policy creation workflow or choose an existing policy for modification.

Modify Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Provide a policy name

Policy name

Oracle Full Online Backup

Details

Backup all data and log files

Previous

Next

3. Select the backup type and schedule frequency.

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Modify Oracle Database Backup Policy

Select Oracle database backup options

Choose backup type

☒ Online backup

☒ Datafiles, control files, and archive logs

☐ Datafiles and control files

☐ Archive logs

☐ Offline backup

i

☒ Mount

☐ Shutdown

☐ Save state of PDBs

i

Choose schedule frequency

Select how often you want the schedules to occur in the policy. The specific times are set at backup job creation enabling you to stagger your start times.

☐ On demand

☐ Hourly

☒ Daily

Previous

Next

4. Set the backup retention setting. This defines how many full database backup copies to keep.

Modify Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Retention settings

Daily retention settings

Data backup retention settings

Total Snapshot copies to keep

7

Keep Snapshot copies for

14

days

Archive Log backup retention settings

Total Snapshot copies to keep

7

Keep Snapshot copies for

14

days

Previous

Next

5. Select the secondary replication options to push local primary snapshots backups to be replicated to a secondary location in cloud.

26

Modify Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select secondary replication options ⓘ

☒ Update SnapMirror after creating a local Snapshot copy.

☐ Update SnapVault after creating a local Snapshot copy.

Secondary policy label

Daily ⓘ

Error retry count

3 ⓘ

Previous

Next

6. Specify any optional script to run before and after a backup run.

Modify Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Specify optional scripts to run before and after performing a backup job

Prescript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Prescript path

Prescript arguments

Postscript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Postscript path

Postscript arguments

Script timeout

60

secs

Previous

Next

7. Run backup verification if desired.

28

Modify Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select the options to run backup verification

Run Verifications for following backup schedules

Select how often you want the schedules to occur in the policy. The specific verification times are set at backup job creation enabling you to stagger your verification start times.

☐ Daily

Verification script commands

Script timeout

60secs

Prescript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/Enter Prescript path

Prescript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Postscript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/Enter Postscript path

Postscript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Previous

Next

8. Summary.

29

1

Name

2

Backup Type

3

Retention

4

Replication

5

Script

6

Verification

7

Summary

Summary

Policy name	Oracle Full Online Backup
Details	Backup all data and log files
Backup type	Online backup
Schedule type	Daily
RMAN catalog backup	Disabled
Archive log pruning	None
On demand data backup retention	None
On demand archive log backup retention	None
Hourly data backup retention	None
Hourly archive log backup retention	None
Daily data backup retention	Delete Snapshot copies older than : 14 days
Daily archive log backup retention	Delete Snapshot copies older than : 14 days
Weekly data backup retention	None
Weekly archive log backup retention	None
Monthly data backup retention	None
Monthly archive log backup retention	None
Replication	SnapMirror enabled , Secondary policy label: Daily , Error retry count: 3

Previous

Finish

Create a database log backup policy for Oracle

1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID, click Settings, and then click Policies.
2. Click New to launch a new backup policy creation workflow, or choose an existing policy for modification.

New Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Provide a policy name

Policy name

Details

Oracle Archive Log Backup

Backup Oracle archive logs

Previous

Next

3. Select the backup type and schedule frequency.

New Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select Oracle database backup options

Choose backup type

☒ Online backup

☐ Datafiles, control files, and archive logs

☐ Datafiles and control files

☒ Archive logs

☐ Offline backup

i

☒ Mount

☐ Shutdown

☐ Save state of PDBs

i

Choose schedule frequency

Select how often you want the schedules to occur in the policy. The specific times are set at backup job creation enabling you to stagger your start times.

☐ On demand

☒ Hourly

☐ Daily

Previous

Next

4. Set the log retention period.

32

New Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Retention settings

Hourly retention settings

Data backup retention settings

Total Snapshot copies to keep

7

Keep Snapshot copies for

14 days

Archive Log backup retention settings

Total Snapshot copies to keep

7

Keep Snapshot copies for

7 days

Previous

Next

5. Enable replication to a secondary location in the public cloud.

33

New Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select secondary replication options

☒ Update SnapMirror after creating a local Snapshot copy.

☐ Update SnapVault after creating a local Snapshot copy.

Secondary policy label

Hourly

Error retry count

3

Previous

Next

6. Specify any optional scripts to run before and after log backup.

New Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Specify optional scripts to run before and after performing a backup job

Prescript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Prescript path

Prescript arguments

Postscript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Postscript path

Postscript arguments

Script timeout

60

secs

Previous

Next

7. Specify any backup verification scripts.

35

New Oracle Database Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select the options to run backup verification

Run Verifications for following backup schedules

Select how often you want the schedules to occur in the policy. The specific verification times are set at backup job creation enabling you to stagger your verification start times.

Verification script commands

Script timeout

60secs

Prescript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Prescript path

Prescript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Postscript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Postscript path

Postscript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Previous

Next

8. Summary.

1

Name

2

Backup Type

3

Retention

4

Replication

5

Script

6

Verification

7

Summary

Summary

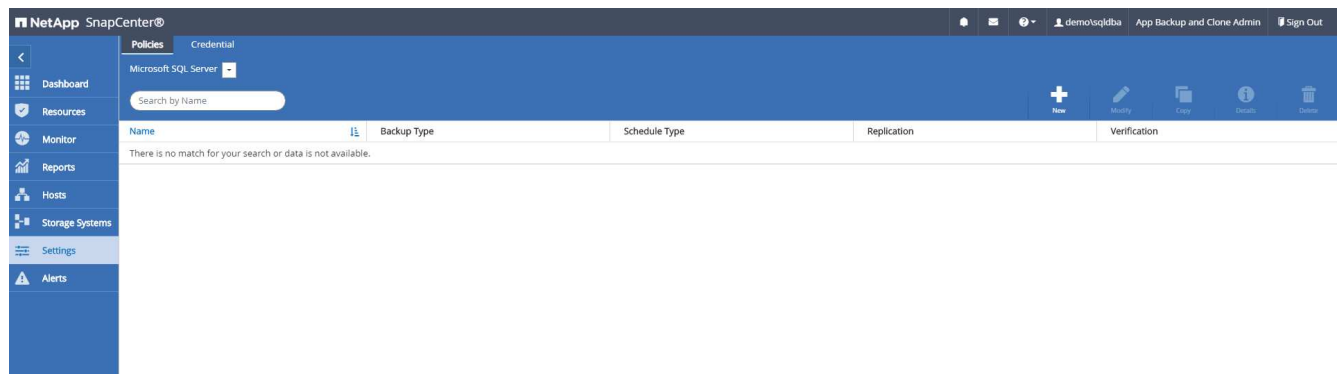
Policy name	Oracle Archive Log Backup
Details	Backup Oracle archive logs
Backup type	Online backup
Schedule type	Hourly
RMAN catalog backup	Disabled
Archive log pruning	None
On demand data backup retention	None
On demand archive log backup retention	None
Hourly data backup retention	None
Hourly archive log backup retention	Delete Snapshot copies older than : 7 days
Daily data backup retention	None
Daily archive log backup retention	None
Weekly data backup retention	None
Weekly archive log backup retention	None
Monthly data backup retention	None
Monthly archive log backup retention	None
Replication	SnapMirror enabled , Secondary policy label: Hourly , Error retry count: 3

Previous

Finish

Create a full database backup policy for SQL

1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID, click Settings, and then click Policies.



2. Click New to launch a new backup policy creation workflow, or choose an existing policy for modification.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Provide a policy name

Policy name

SQL Server Full Backup

Details

Backup all data and log files

Previous

Next

3. Define the backup option and schedule frequency. For SQL Server configured with an availability group, a preferred backup replica can be set.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select SQL server backup options

Choose backup type

☒ Full backup and log backup

☐ Full backup

☐ Log backup

☐ Copy only backup

Maximum databases backed up per Snapshot copy:

Availability Group Settings

Schedule frequency

Select how often you want the schedules to occur in the policy. The specific times are set at backup job creation enabling you to stagger your start times.

☐ On demand

☐ Hourly

☒ Daily

☐ Weekly

☐ Monthly

Previous

Next

4. Set the backup retention period.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Retention settings

Retention settings for up-to-the-minute restore operation ⓘ

☒ Keep log backups applicable to last

7

full backups

☐ Keep log backups applicable to last

14

days

Full backup retention settings ⓘ

Daily

☒ Total Snapshot copies to keep

7

☐ Keep Snapshot copies for

14

days

Previous

Next

5. Enable backup copy replication to a secondary location in cloud.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select secondary replication options

☒ Update SnapMirror after creating a local Snapshot copy.

☐ Update SnapVault after creating a local Snapshot copy.

Secondary policy label

Daily

Error retry count

3

Previous

Next

6. Specify any optional scripts to run before or after a backup job.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Specify optional scripts to run before performing a backup job

Prescript full path

Prescript arguments

Specify optional scripts to run after performing a backup job

Postscript full path

Postscript arguments

Script timeout

Choose optional arguments...

Choose optional arguments...

60secs

Previous

Next

7. Specify the options to run backup verification.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1

Name

2

Backup Type

3

Retention

4

Replication

5

Script

6

Verification

7

Summary

Select the options to run backup verification

Run verifications for the following backup schedules

Select how often you want the schedules to occur in the policy. The specific verification times are set at backup job creation enabling you to stagger your verification start times.

☐ Daily

Database consistency checks options

☒ Limit the integrity structure to physical structure of the database (PHYSICAL_ONLY)

☒ Suppress all information message (NO_INFOMSGS)

☐ Display all reported error messages per object (ALL_ERRORMSGs)

☐ Do not check non-clustered indexes (NOINDEX)

☐ Limit the checks and obtain the locks instead of using an internal database Snapshot copy (TABLOCK)

Log backup

☐ Verify log backup.

Verification script settings

Script timeout

60

secs

Previous

Next

8. Summary.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Summary

Policy name	SQL Server Full Backup
Details	Backup all data and log files
Backup type	Full backup and log backup
Availability group settings	Backup only on preferred backup replica
Schedule Type	Daily
UTM retention	Total backup copies to retain : 7
Daily Full backup retention	Total backup copies to retain : 7
Replication	SnapMirror enabled , Secondary policy label: Daily , Error retry count: 3
Backup prescript settings	undefined Prescript arguments:
Backup postscript settings	undefined Postscript arguments:
Verification for backup schedule type	none
Verification prescript settings	undefined Prescript arguments:
Verification postscript settings	undefined Postscript arguments:

Previous

Finish

Create a database log backup policy for SQL.

1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID, click Settings > Policies, and then New to launch a new policy creation workflow.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Provide a policy name

Policy name

SQL Server Log Backup

Details

Backup SQL server log

Previous

Next

2. Define the log backup option and schedule frequency. For SQL Server configured with a availability group, a preferred backup replica can be set.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select SQL server backup options

Choose backup type

☐ Full backup and log backup

☐ Full backup

☒ Log backup

☐ Copy only backup

Maximum databases backed up per Snapshot copy:

100

Availability Group Settings

Schedule frequency

Select how often you want the schedules to occur in the policy. The specific times are set at backup job creation enabling you to stagger your start times.

☐ On demand

☒ Hourly

☐ Daily

☐ Weekly

☐ Monthly

Previous

Next

3. SQL server data backup policy defines the log backup retention; accept the defaults here.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Log backup retention settings

Up-to-the-minute (UTM) retention settings retains log backups created as part of full backup and full and log backup operations. UTM retention settings also decides for how many full backups the log backups are to be retained. For example, if UTM retention settings is configured to retain log backups of the last 5 full backups, then the log backups of the last 5 full backups are retained and the rest are deleted.

Previous

Next

4. Enable log backup replication to secondary in the cloud.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Select secondary replication options

☒ Update SnapMirror after creating a local Snapshot copy.

☐ Update SnapVault after creating a local Snapshot copy.

Secondary policy label

Hourly

Error retry count

3

Previous

Next

5. Specify any optional scripts to run before or after a backup job.

New SQL Server Backup Policy

1 Name

2 Backup Type

3 Retention

4 Replication

5 Script

6 Verification

7 Summary

Specify optional scripts to run before performing a backup job

Prescript full path

Prescript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Specify optional scripts to run after performing a backup job

Postscript full path

Postscript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Script timeout

60

secs

Previous

Next

6. Summary.

1

Name

2

Backup Type

3

Retention

4

Replication

5

Script

6

Verification

7

Summary

Summary

Policy name	SQL Server Log Backup
Details	Backup SQL server log
Backup type	Log transaction backup
Availability group settings	Backup only on preferred backup replica
Schedule Type	Hourly
Replication	SnapMirror enabled , Secondary policy label: Hourly , Error retry count: 3
Backup prescript settings	undefined Prescript arguments:
Backup postscript settings	undefined Postscript arguments:
Verification for backup schedule type	none
Verification prescript settings	undefined Prescript arguments:
Verification postscript settings	undefined Postscript arguments:

Previous

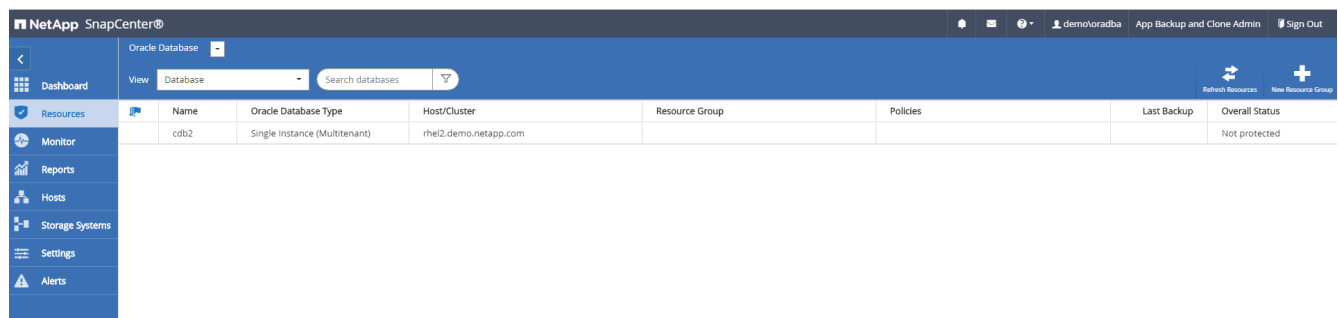
Finish

8. Implement backup policy to protect database

SnapCenter uses a resource group to backup a database in a logical grouping of database resources, such as multiple databases hosted on a server, a database sharing the same storage volumes, multiple databases supporting a business application, and so on. Protecting a single database creates a resource group of its own. The following procedures demonstrate how to implement a backup policy created in section 7 to protect Oracle and SQL Server databases.

Create a resource group for full backup of Oracle

- Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID, and navigate to the Resources tab. In the View drop-down list, choose either Database or Resource Group to launch the resource group creation workflow.



- Provide a name and tags for the resource group. You can define a naming format for the Snapshot copy and bypass the redundant archive log destination if configured.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search databases

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Provide a name and tags for the resource group

Name: rhe12_cdb2

Tags: orafulbkup

☒ Use custom name format for Snapshot copy

CustomText: rhe12_cdb2

Backup settings

Exclude archive log destinations from backup: []

3. Add database resources to the resource group.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search databases

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Add resources to Resource Group

Host: All

Available Resources

search available resources

Selected Resources

cdb2 (rhe12.demonetapp.com)

4. Select a full backup policy created in section 7 from the drop-down list.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search databases

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Select one or more policies and configure schedules

Oracle Full Online Backup

Configure schedules for selected policies

Policy	Applied Schedules	Configure Schedules
Oracle Full Online Backup	None	+

Total 1

5. Click the (+) sign to configure the desired backup schedule.

8. Summary.

Create a resource group for log backup of Oracle

1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID, and navigate to the Resources tab. In the View drop-down list, choose either Database or Resource Group to launch the resource group creation workflow.

Name	Resources	Tags	Policies	Last Backup	Overall Status
rhei2_cdb2	1	orafullbkup	Oracle Full Online Backup		

2. Provide a name and tags for the resource group. You can define a naming format for the Snapshot copy and bypass the redundant archive log destination if configured.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search resource groups

Name

rhel2_cdb2

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Provide a name and tags for the resource group

Name: rhel2_cdb2_log

Tags: oraclogbkup

☒ Use custom name format for Snapshot copy

\$CustomText: rhel2_cdb2_log

Backup settings

Exclude archive log destinations from backup: []

3. Add database resources to the resource group.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search resource groups

Name

rhel2_cdb2

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Add resources to Resource Group

Host: All

Available Resources

search available resources

Selected Resources

cdb2 (rhel2.demo.netapp.com)

Total 1

Previous Next

4. Select a log backup policy created in section 7 from the drop-down list.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search resource groups

Name

rhel2_cdb2

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Select one or more policies and configure schedules

Oracle Archive Log Backup

Oracle Full Online Backup

Oracle Archive Log Backup

Policy: Oracle Archive Log Backup

Applied Schedules: None

Configure Schedules: +

Total 1

Previous Next

5. Click on the (+) sign to configure the desired backup schedule.

Add schedules for policy Oracle Archive Log Backup

Hourly

Start date

09/10/2021 3:00 PM

☒ Expires on

12/31/2021 3:00 PM

Repeat every

1

hours

0

mins

i

The schedules are triggered in the SnapCenter Server time zone.

Cancel

OK

6. If backup verification is configured, it displays here.

NetApp SnapCenter®

demolordba App Backup and Clone Admin Sign Out

Oracle Database

Search resource groups

Name

rhel2_cdb2

Total 1

New Resource Group

1 Name

2 Resources

3 Policies

4 Verification

5 Notification

6 Summary

Configure verification schedules

Policy

Schedule Type

Applied Schedules

Configure Schedules

There is no match for your search or data is not available.

Total 0

Previous

Next

7. Configure an SMTP server for email notification if desired.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search resource groups

Name

rhel2_cdb2

Total 1

New Resource Group

If you want to send notifications for scheduled or on demand jobs, an SMTP server must be configured. Continue to the Summary page to save your information, and then go to Settings>Global Settings>Notification Server Settings to configure the SMTP server.

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Provide email settings ⓘ

Select the service accounts or people to notify regarding protection issues.

Email preference: Never

From: From email

To: Email to

Subject: Notification

☐ Attach job report

Previous Next

8. Summary.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search resource groups

Name

rhel2_cdb2

Total 1

New Resource Group

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Resource group name: rhel2_cdb2_log

Tags: oralogbkup

Policy: Oracle Archive Log Backup: Hourly

Plug-in: SnapCenter Plug-in for Oracle Database

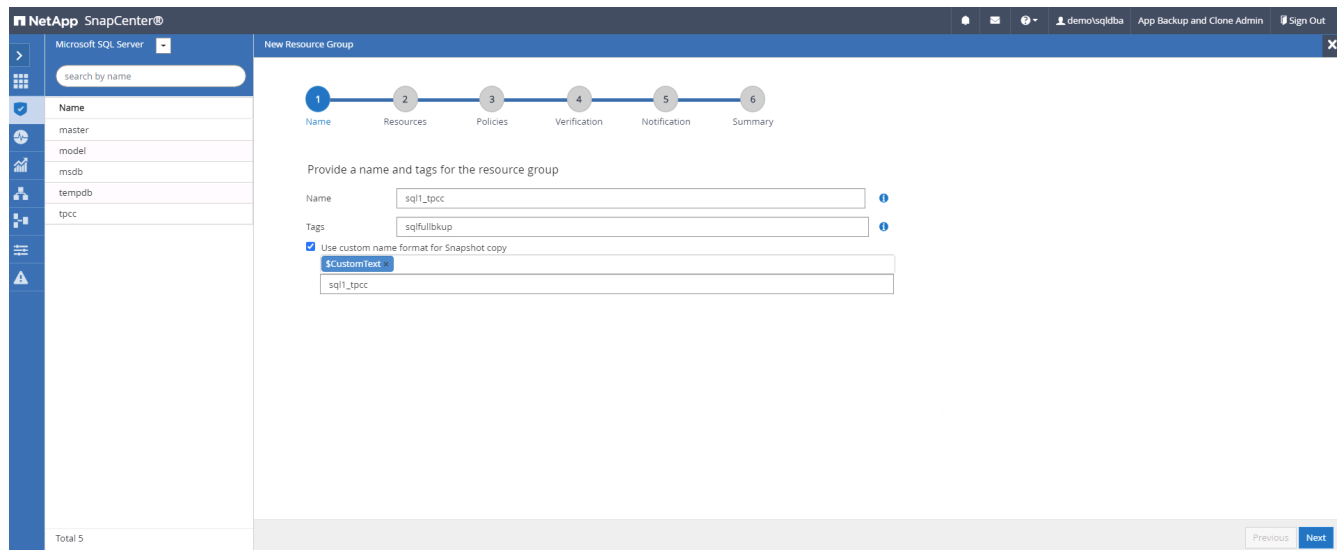
Verification enabled for policy: None

Send email: No

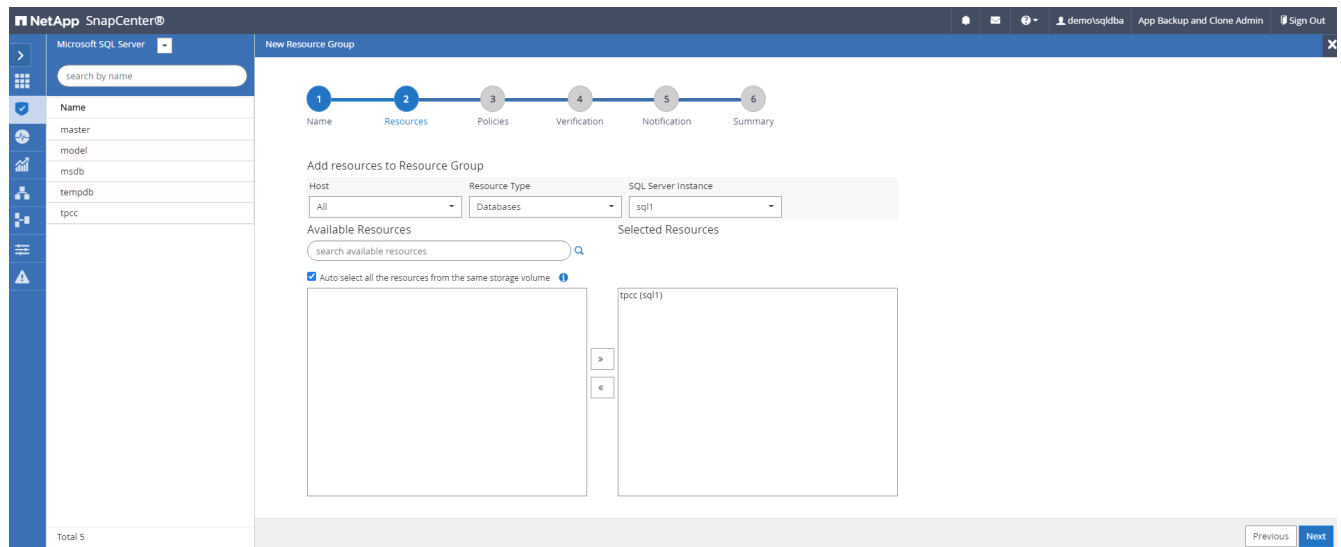
Previous Finish

Create a resource group for full backup of SQL Server

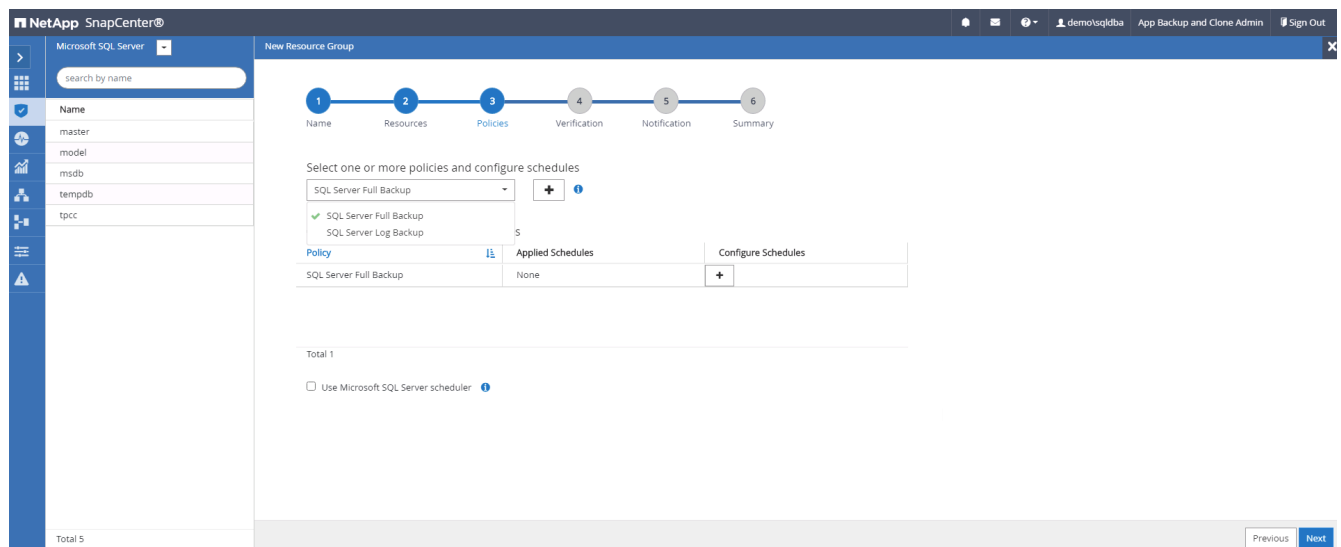
1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID, and navigate to the Resources tab. In the View drop-down list, choose either a Database or Resource Group to launch the resource group creation workflow. Provide a name and tags for the resource group. You can define a naming format for the Snapshot copy.



2. Select the database resources to be backed up.



3. Select a full SQL backup policy created in section 7.



4. Add exact timing for backups as well as the frequency.

Add schedules for policy SQL Server Full Backup

Daily

Start date 09/10/2021 6:20 PM

☒ Expires on 12/31/2021 6:20 PM

Repeat every 1 days

i The schedules are triggered in the SnapCenter Server time zone.

Cancel OK

5. Choose the verification server for the backup on secondary if backup verification is to be performed. Click Load Locator to populate the secondary storage location.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

New Resource Group

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Select the verification servers

Verification server Select one or more servers

Load secondary locators to verify backups on secondary Load locators

Secondary storage location: SnapVault or SnapMirror

Source Volume Destination Volume

svm_onPrem:sql1_data svm_hybridcvosql1_data_dr

svm_onPrem:sql1_log svm_hybridcvosql1_log_dr

Configure verification schedules

Policy Schedule Type Applied Schedules Configure Schedules

There is no match for your search or data is not available.

Previous Next

6. Configure the SMTP server for email notification if desired.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

search by name

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Provide email settings

Select the service accounts or people to notify regarding protection issues.

Email preference: Never

From: From email

To: Email to

Subject: Notification

☐ Attach job report

Total 5

Previous Next

7. Summary.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

search by name

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Resource group name: sql1_tpcc

Tags: sqlfullbkup

Policy: SQL Server Full Backup: Daily

Plug-in: SnapCenter Plug-in for Microsoft SQL Server

Verification Server: None

Verification enabled for policy: None

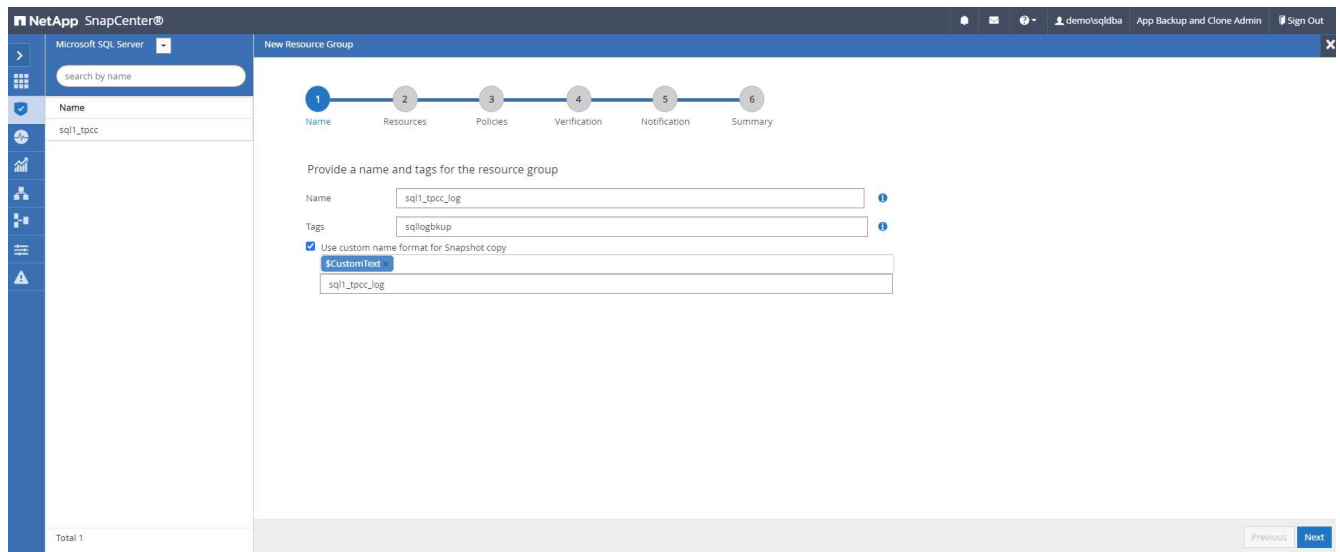
Send email: No

Resources are not found. Click Refresh Resources to discover databases in the database view or create new resource group on the discovered databases from the resource view.

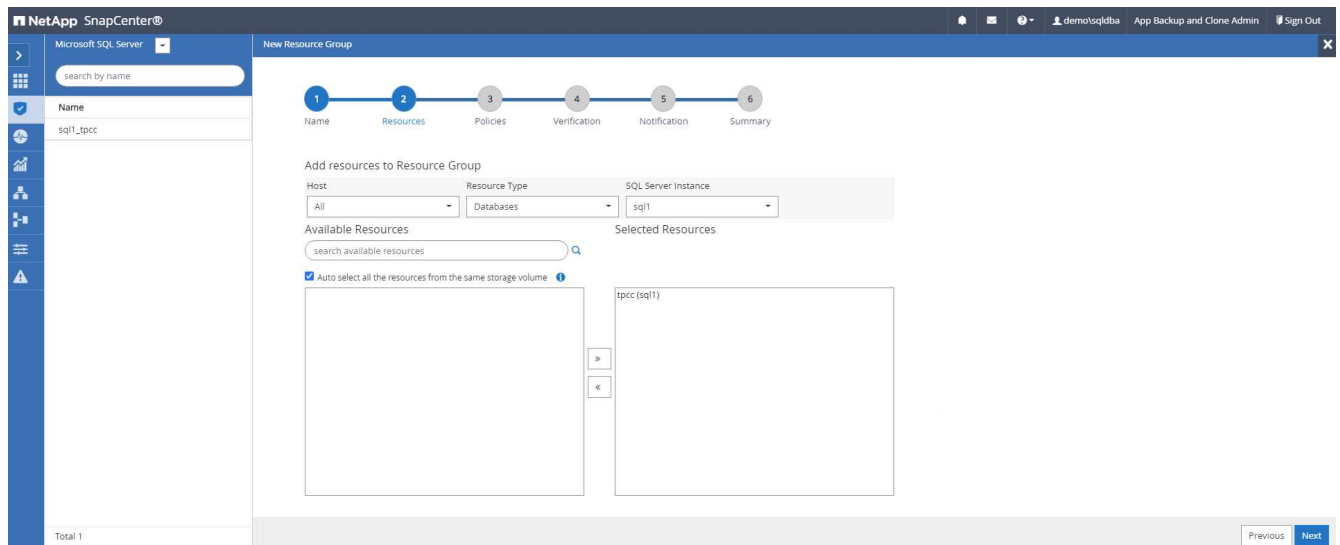
Previous Finish

Create a resource group for log backup of SQL Server

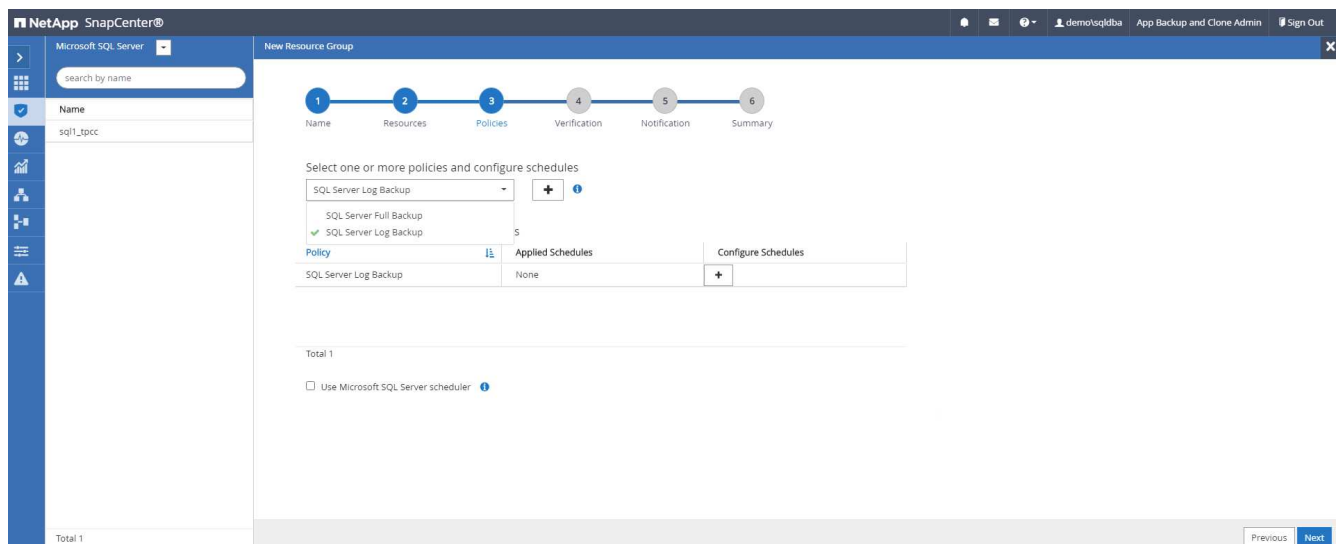
1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID, and navigate to the Resources tab. In the View drop-down list, choose either a Database or Resource Group to launch the resource group creation workflow. Provide the name and tags for the resource group. You can define a naming format for the Snapshot copy.



2. Select the database resources to be backed up.



3. Select a SQL log backup policy created in section 7.



4. Add exact timing for the backup as well as the frequency.

The screenshot shows the NetApp SnapCenter console for a 'New Resource Group'. The left sidebar lists 'Microsoft SQL Server' and 'sql1_tpcc'. The main area displays a progress bar with steps: 1. Name, 2. Resources, 3. Policies (active), 4. Verification, 5. Notification, and 6. Summary. Under 'Policies', there is a section 'Select one or more policies and configure schedules' with a dropdown menu showing 'SQL Server Log Backup'. Below this is a table 'Configure schedules for selected policies' with columns 'Policy', 'Applied Schedules', and 'Configure Schedules'. The table contains one row: 'SQL Server Log Backup' with 'Hourly: Repeat every 1 hours' in the 'Applied Schedules' column. At the bottom, there is a checkbox 'Use Microsoft SQL Server scheduler' which is unchecked. The bottom right has 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons.

5. Choose the verification server for the backup on secondary if backup verification is to be performed. Click the Load Locator to populate the secondary storage location.

The screenshot shows the NetApp SnapCenter console for a 'New Resource Group'. The left sidebar lists 'Microsoft SQL Server' and 'sql1_tpcc'. The main area displays a progress bar with steps: 1. Name, 2. Resources, 3. Policies, 4. Verification (active), 5. Notification, and 6. Summary. Under 'Verification', there is a section 'Select the verification servers' with a dropdown menu 'Verification server: Select one or more servers'. Below this is a section 'Load secondary locators to verify backups on secondary' with a 'Load locators' button. Under 'Secondary storage location: SnapVault or SnapMirror', there is a table with 'Source Volume' and 'Destination Volume' columns. The table contains two rows: 'svm_onPrem:sql1_data' with 'svm_hybridv:sql1_data_dr' and 'svm_onPrem:sql1_log' with 'svm_hybridv:sql1_log_dr'. Below this is a section 'Configure verification schedules' with tabs 'Policy', 'Schedule Type' (active), 'Applied Schedules', and 'Configure Schedules'. The 'Schedule Type' tab shows 'There is no match for your search or data is not available.' The bottom right has 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons.

6. Configure the SMTP server for email notification if desired.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

search by name

sql1_tpcc

Total 1

New Resource Group

If you want to send notifications for scheduled or on demand jobs, an SMTP server must be configured. Continue to the Summary page to save your information, and then go to Settings>Global Settings>Notification Server Settings to configure the SMTP server.

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Provide email settings

Select the service accounts or people to notify regarding protection issues.

Email preference: Never

From: From email

To: Email to

Subject: Notification

☐ Attach job report

Previous Next

7. Summary.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

search by name

sql1_tpcc

Total 1

New Resource Group

1 Name 2 Resources 3 Policies 4 Verification 5 Notification 6 Summary

Resource group name: sql1_tpcc_log

Tags: sqllogbkup

Policy: SQL Server Log Backup: Hourly

Plug-in: SnapCenter Plug-in for Microsoft SQL Server

Verification Server: None

Verification enabled for policy: None

Send email: No

Previous Finish

9. Validate backup

After database backup resource groups are created to protect database resources, the backup jobs runs according to the predefined schedule. Check the job execution status under the Monitor tab.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Jobs Schedules Events Logs

search by name

Jobs - Filter

ID	Status	Name	Start date	End date	Owner
532	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/14/2021 8:35:01 PM	09/14/2021 8:37:10 PM	demo/sqldba
528	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/14/2021 7:35:01 PM	09/14/2021 7:37:09 PM	demo/sqldba
524	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/14/2021 6:35:01 PM	09/14/2021 6:37:08 PM	demo/sqldba
521	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc' with policy 'SQL Server Full Backup'	09/14/2021 6:25:01 PM	09/14/2021 6:27:14 PM	demo/sqldba
517	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/14/2021 5:35:01 PM	09/14/2021 5:37:09 PM	demo/sqldba
513	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/14/2021 4:35:01 PM	09/14/2021 4:37:08 PM	demo/sqldba
509	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/14/2021 3:35:01 PM	09/14/2021 3:37:10 PM	demo/sqldba
503	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/14/2021 2:35:01 PM	09/14/2021 2:37:09 PM	demo/sqldba

Go to the Resources tab, click the database name to view details of database backup, and toggle between Local copies and mirror copies to verify that Snapshot backups are replicated to a secondary location in the public cloud.

Backup Name	Count	Type	End Date	Verified	Mounted	RMAN Cataloged	SCN
rhel2_cdb2_09-23-2021_14.35.03.3242_1	1	Log	09/23/2021 2:35:45 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	6872761
rhel2_cdb2_09-23-2021_14.35.03.3242_0	1	Data	09/23/2021 2:35:30 PM	Unverified	False	Not Cataloged	6872715
rhel2_cdb2_09-22-2021_14.35.02.0014_1	1	Log	09/22/2021 2:35:24 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	6737479
rhel2_cdb2_09-22-2021_14.35.02.0014_0	1	Data	09/22/2021 2:35:14 PM	Unverified	False	Not Cataloged	6737395
rhel2_cdb2_09-21-2021_14.35.02.1884_1	1	Log	09/21/2021 2:35:35 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	6598735

At this point, database backup copies in the cloud are ready to clone to run dev/test processes or for disaster recovery in the event of a primary failure.

Getting Started with AWS public cloud

This section describes the process of deploying Cloud Manager and Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS.

AWS public cloud



To make things easier to follow, we have created this document based on a deployment in AWS. However, the process is very similar for Azure and GCP.

1. Pre-flight check

Before deployment, make sure that the infrastructure is in place to allow for the deployment in the next stage. This includes the following:

- ☐ AWS account
- ☐ VPC in your region of choice
- ☐ Subnet with access to the public internet
- ☐ Permissions to add IAM roles into your AWS account
- ☐ A secret key and access key for your AWS user

2. Steps to deploy Cloud Manager and Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS



There are many methods for deploying Cloud Manager and Cloud Volumes ONTAP; this method is the simplest but requires the most permissions. If this method is not appropriate for your AWS environment, please consult the [NetApp Cloud Documentation](#).

Deploy the Cloud Manager connector

1. Navigate to [NetApp BlueXP](#) and log in or sign up.



[Continue to Cloud Manager](#)

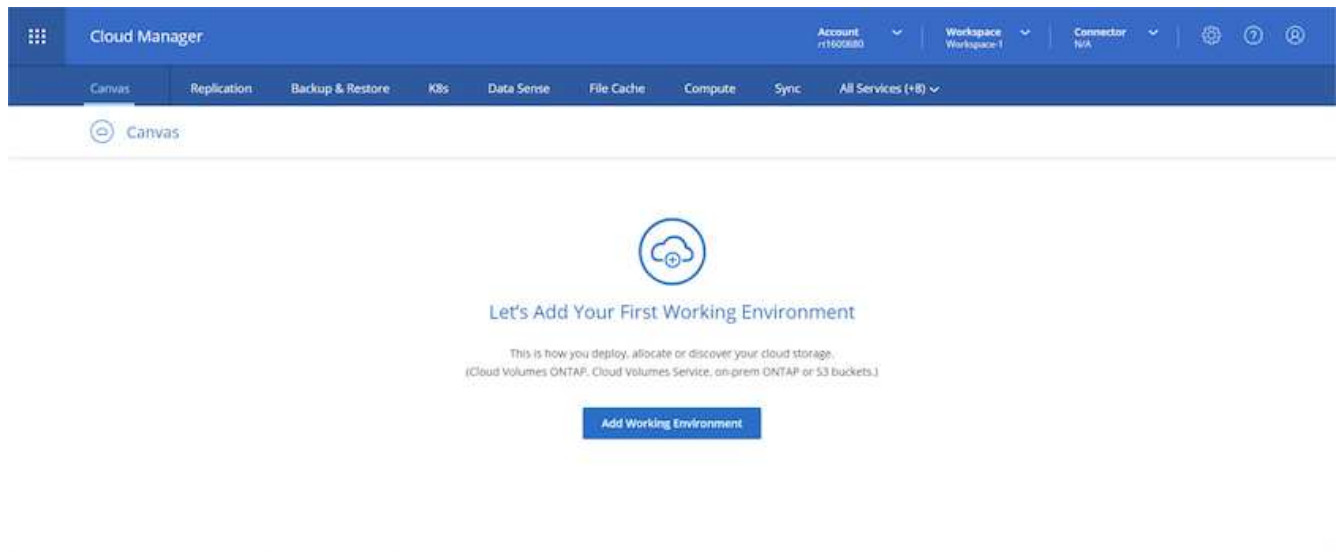
Log In to NetApp Cloud Central

Don't have an account yet? [Sign Up](#)

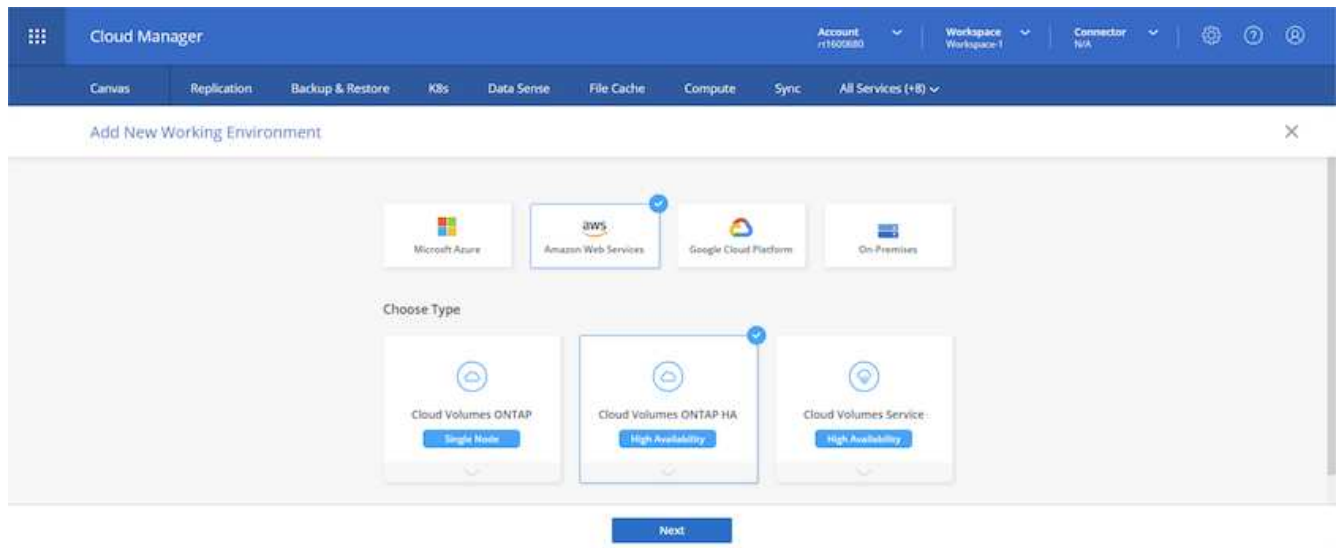
LOGIN

[Forgot your password?](#)

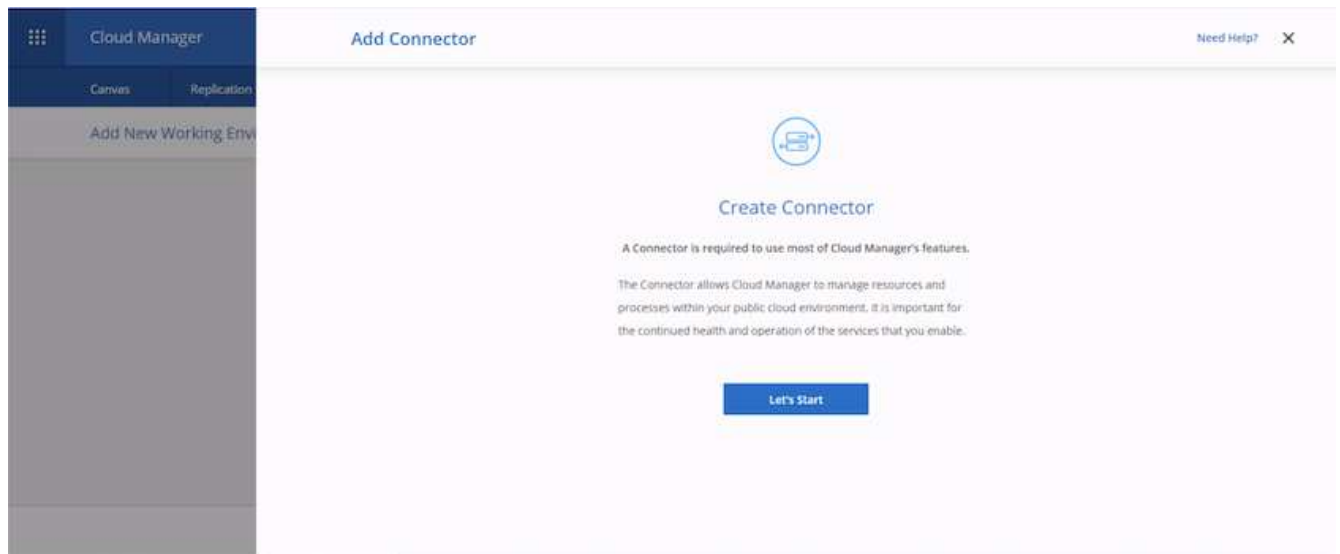
2. After you log in, you should be taken to the Canvas.



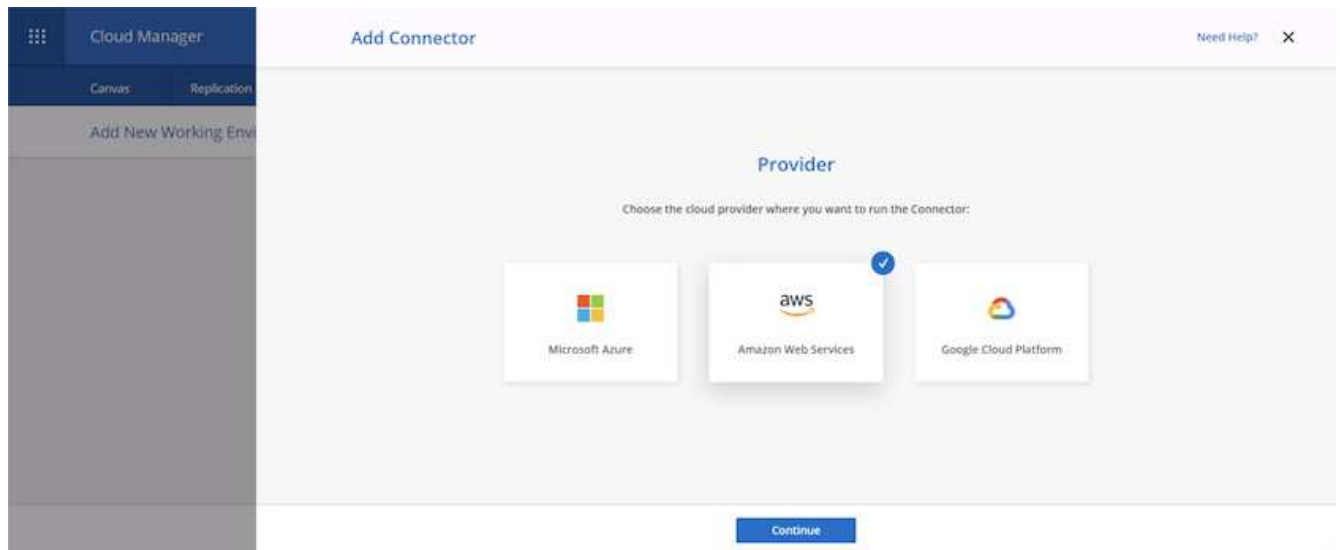
3. Click "Add Working Environment" and choose Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS. Here, you also choose whether you want to deploy a single node system or a high availability pair. I have chosen to deploy a high availability pair.



4. If no connector has been created, a pop-up appears asking you to create a connector.



5. Click Lets Start, and then choose AWS.



6. Enter your secret key and access key. Make sure that your user has the correct permissions outlined on the [NetApp policies page](#).

Cloud Manager

Add Connector

Need Help? X

Get Ready AWS Credentials Details Network Security Group Review

AWS Credentials

AWS Access Key

AWS Access Key is required

AWS Secret Key

Region

us-east-1 | US East (N. Virginia)

Want to launch an instance without AWS Credentials?

Previous Next

7. Give the connector a name and either use a predefined role as described on the [NetApp policies page](#) or ask Cloud Manager to create the role for you.

Cloud Manager

Add Connector

Need Help? X

Get Ready AWS Credentials Details Network Security Group Review

Details

Connector Instance Name

awscloudmanager

Connector Role

Create Role Select an existing Role

Role Name

Cloud-Manager-Operator-IBHt24j

Add Tags to Connector Instance

Previous Next

8. Give the networking information needed to deploy the connector. Verify that outbound internet access is enabled by:
 - a. Giving the connector a public IP address
 - b. Giving the connector a proxy to work through
 - c. Giving the connector a route to the public internet through an Internet Gateway

Add Connector

Get Ready AWS Credentials Details **Network** Security Group Review

Connectivity

VPC: vpc-083fcbd79f75dfb6e - 10.221.0.0/16

Subnet: 10.221.4.0/24 | publicSN_us-east-1a_rt1600680

Key Pair: rt1600680

Public IP: Enable

Proxy Configuration (Optional)

HTTP Proxy: Example: http://172.16.254.1:8080

Define Credentials for this Proxy

Upload a root certificate

Previous Next

9. Provide communication with the connector via SSH, HTTP, and HTTPS by either providing a security group or creating a new security group. I have enabled access to the connector from my IP address only.

Add Connector

Get Ready AWS Credentials Details Network **Security Group** Review

The security group must allow inbound HTTP, HTTPS and SSH access.

Assign a security group: ☒ Create a new security group ☐ Select an existing security group

HTTP (Port 80)

Source Type: My IP

Source (CIDR): 216.240.31.145/32

HTTPS (Port 443)

Source Type: My IP

Source (CIDR): 216.240.31.145/32

SSH (Port 22)

Source Type: My IP

Source (CIDR): 216.240.31.145/32

Previous Next

10. Review the information on the summary page and click Add to deploy the connector.

Add Connector

Get Ready AWS Credentials Details Network Security Group **Review**

Code for Terraform Automation

Connector Name: awscloudmanager

Region: us-east-1

VPC: vpc-083fcbd79f75dfb6e - 10.221.0.0/16

Subnet: 10.221.4.0/24 | publicSN_us-east-1a_rt1600680

Key Pair: rt1600680

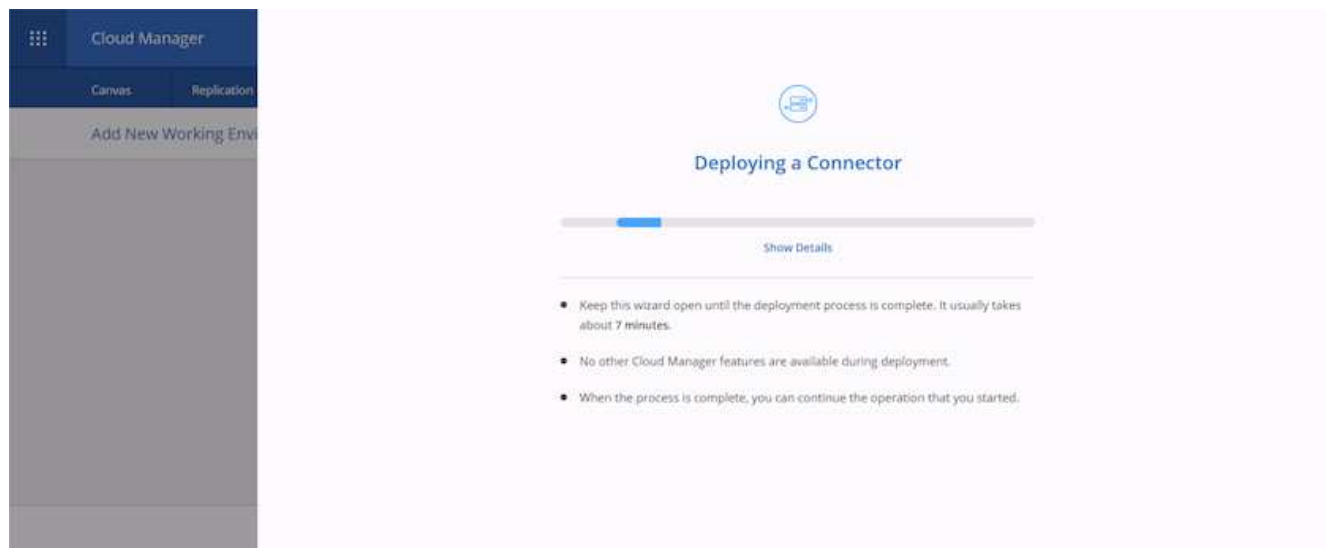
Public IP: Enable

Proxy: None

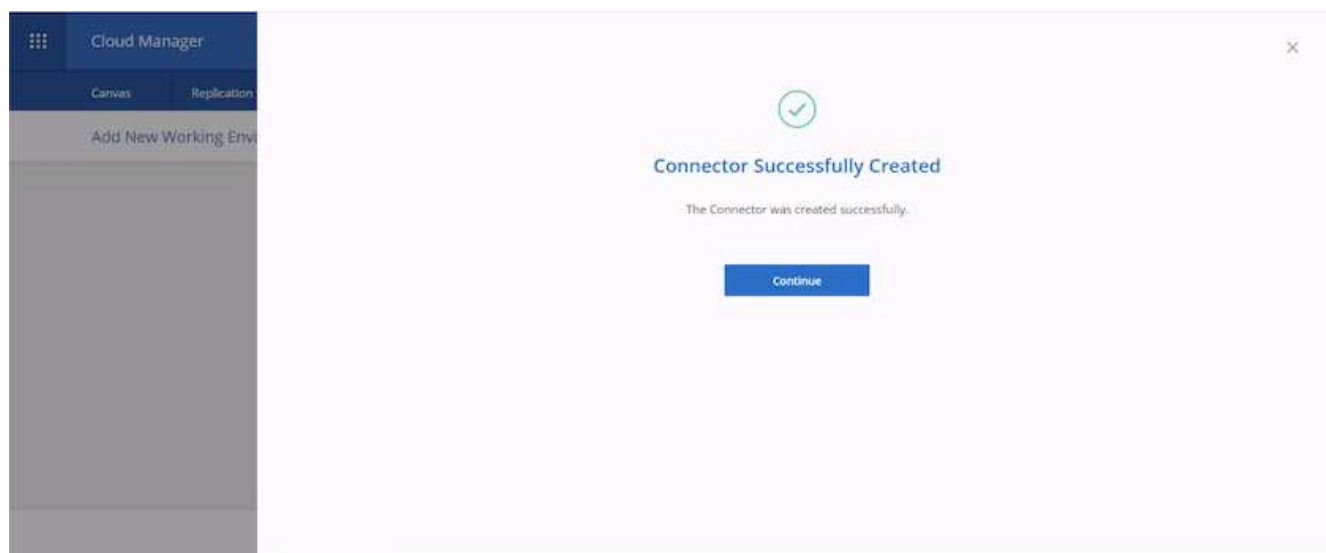
Security Group: HTTP: 216.240.31.145/32, HTTPS: 216.240.31.145/32, SSH: 216.240.31.145/32

Previous Add

11. The connector now deploys using a cloud formation stack. You can monitor its progress from Cloud Manager or through AWS.

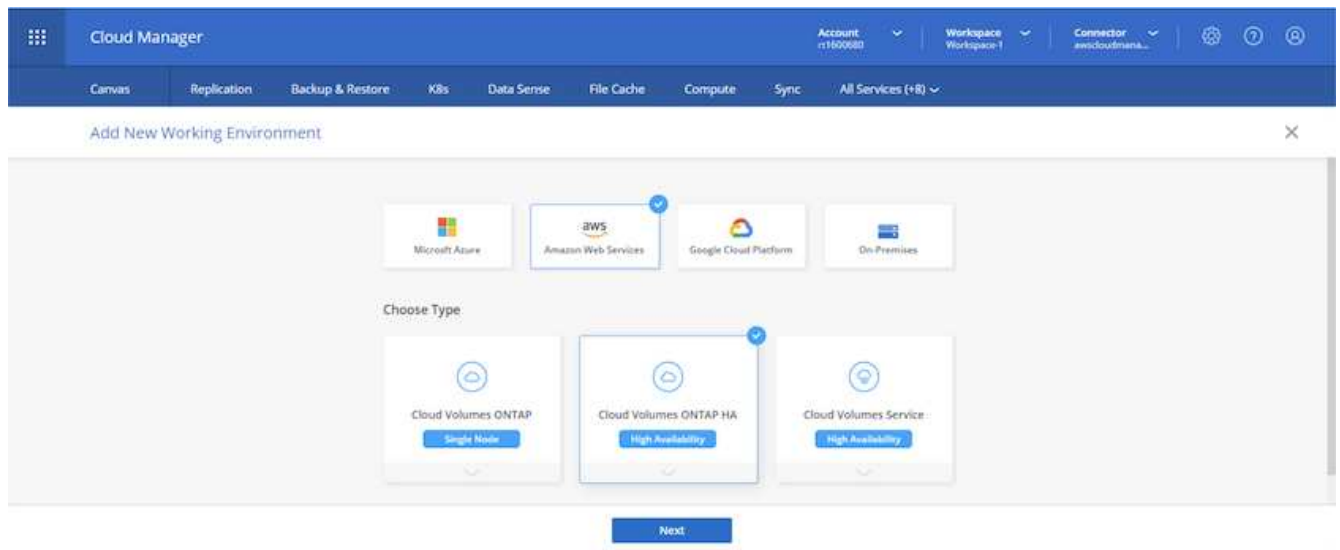


12. When the deployment is complete, a success page appears.

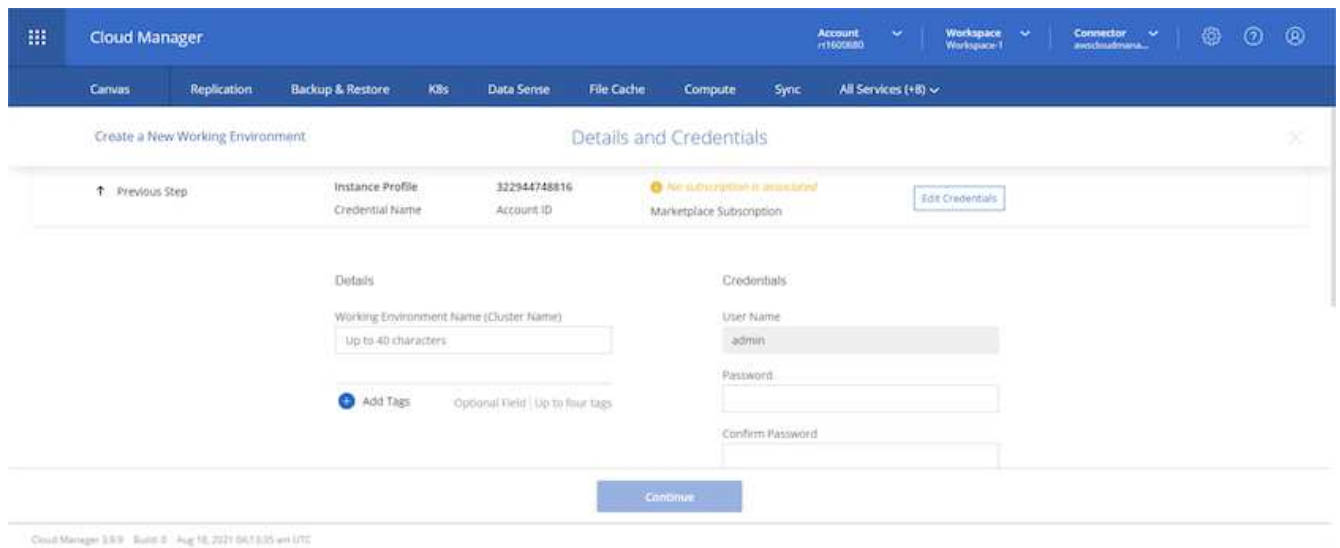


Deploy Cloud Volumes ONTAP

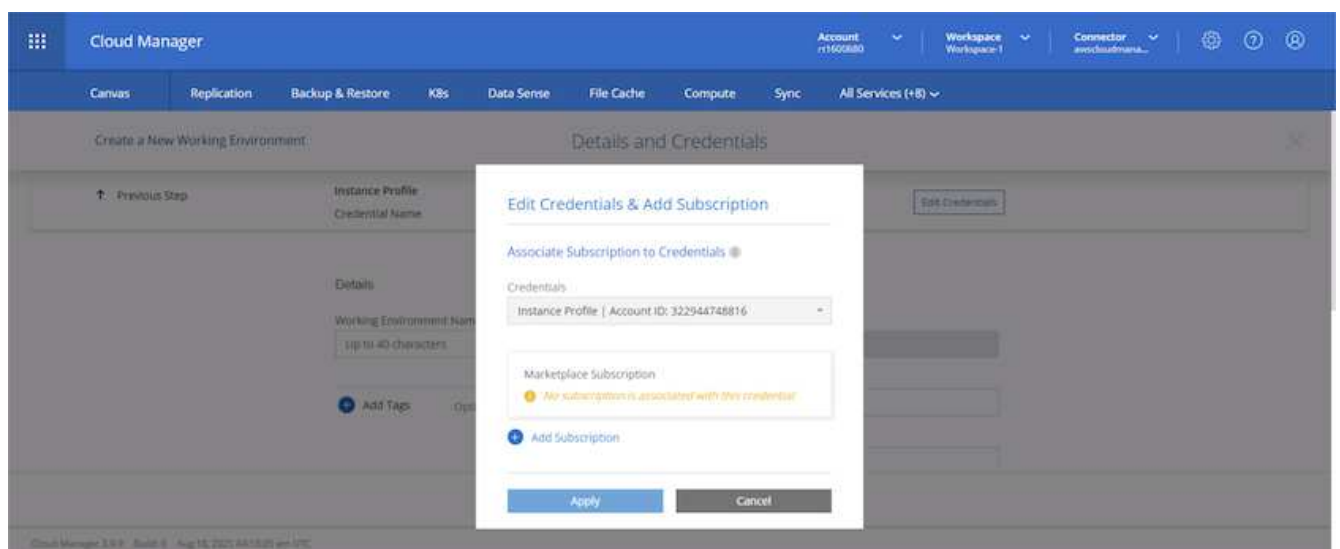
1. Select AWS and the type of deployment based on your requirements.



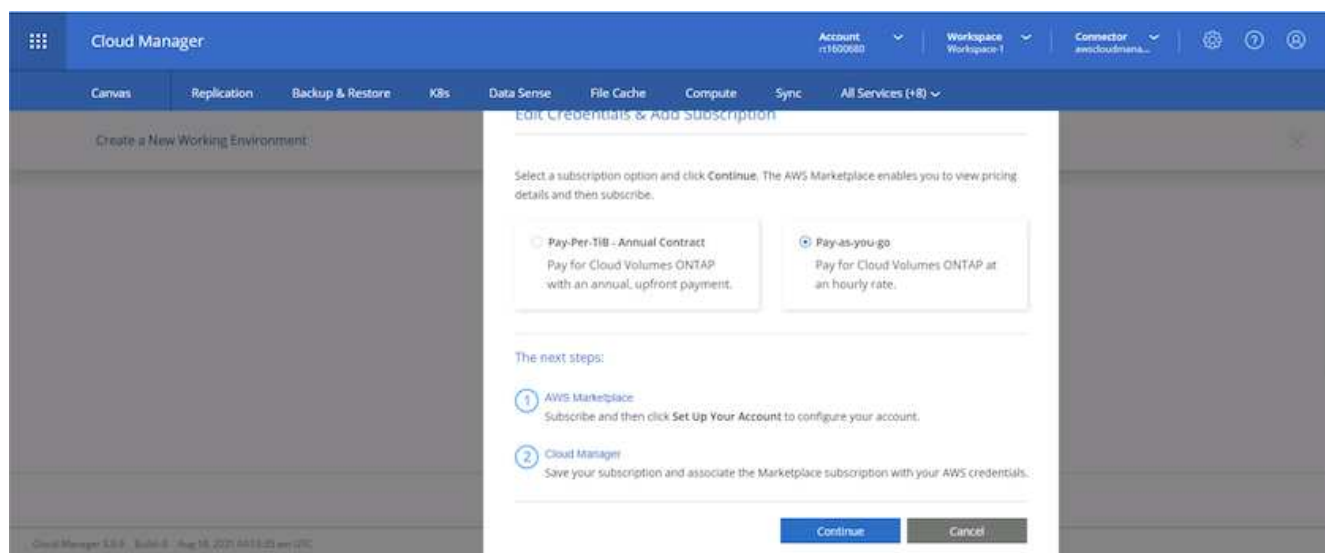
2. If no subscription has been assigned and you wish to purchase with PAYGO, choose Edit Credentials.



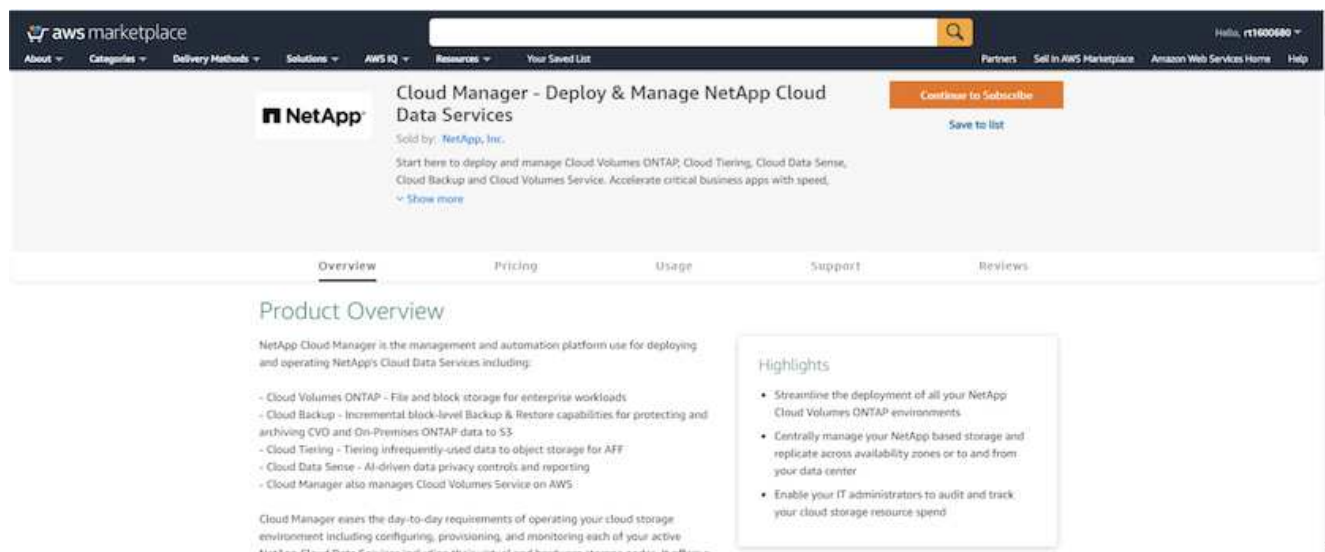
3. Choose Add Subscription.



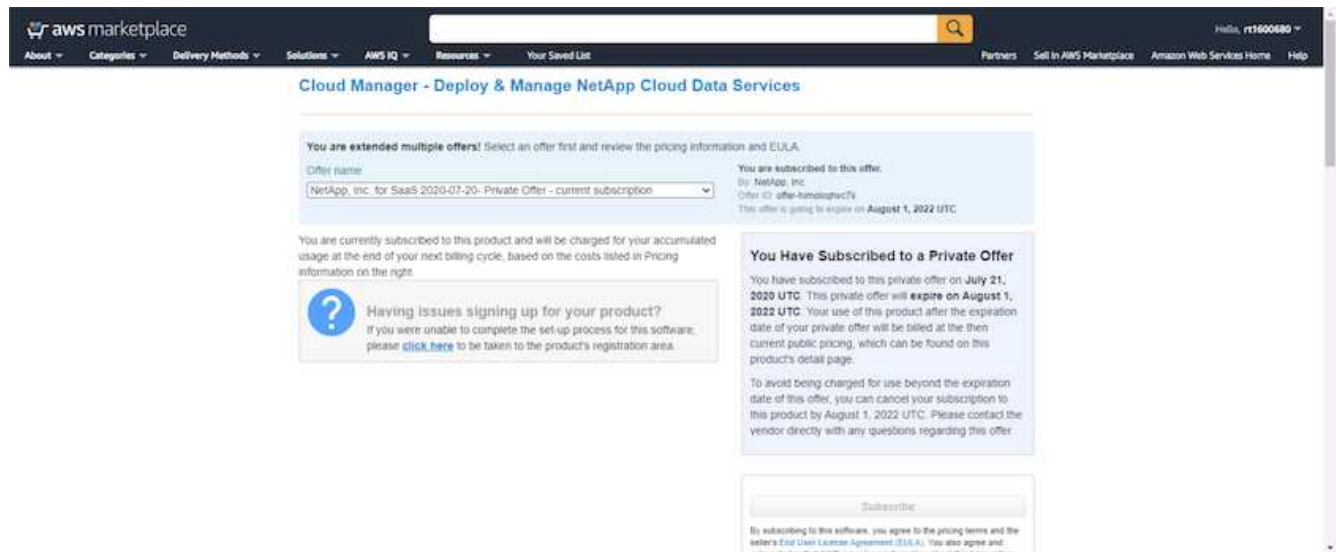
4. Choose the type of contract that you wish to subscribe to. I chose Pay-as-you-go.



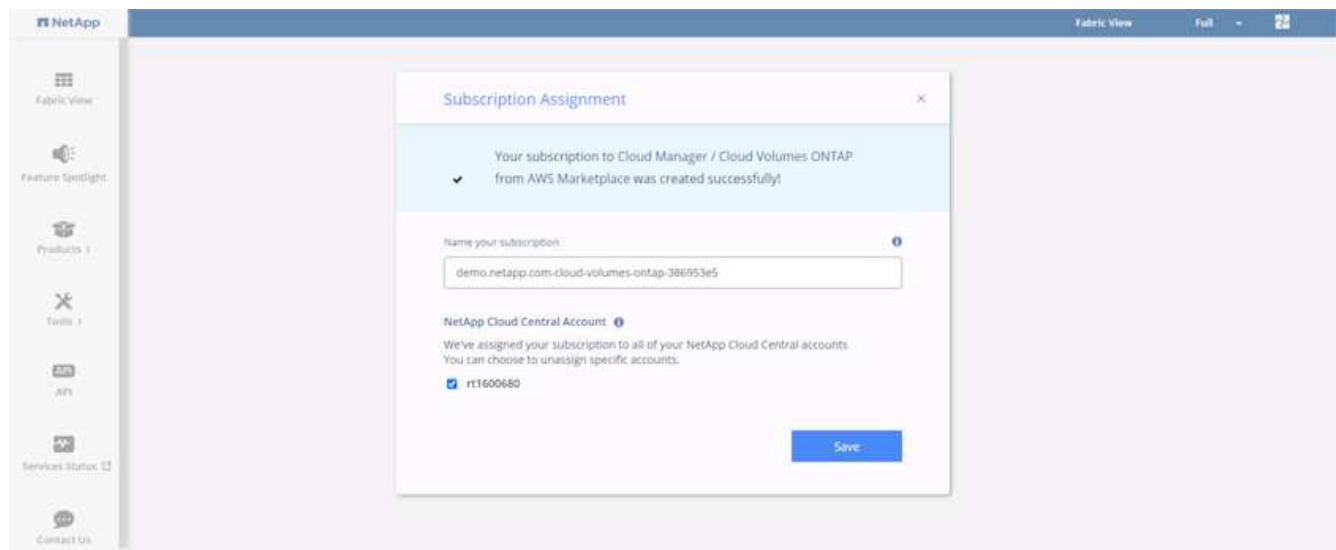
5. You are redirected to AWS; choose Continue to Subscribe.



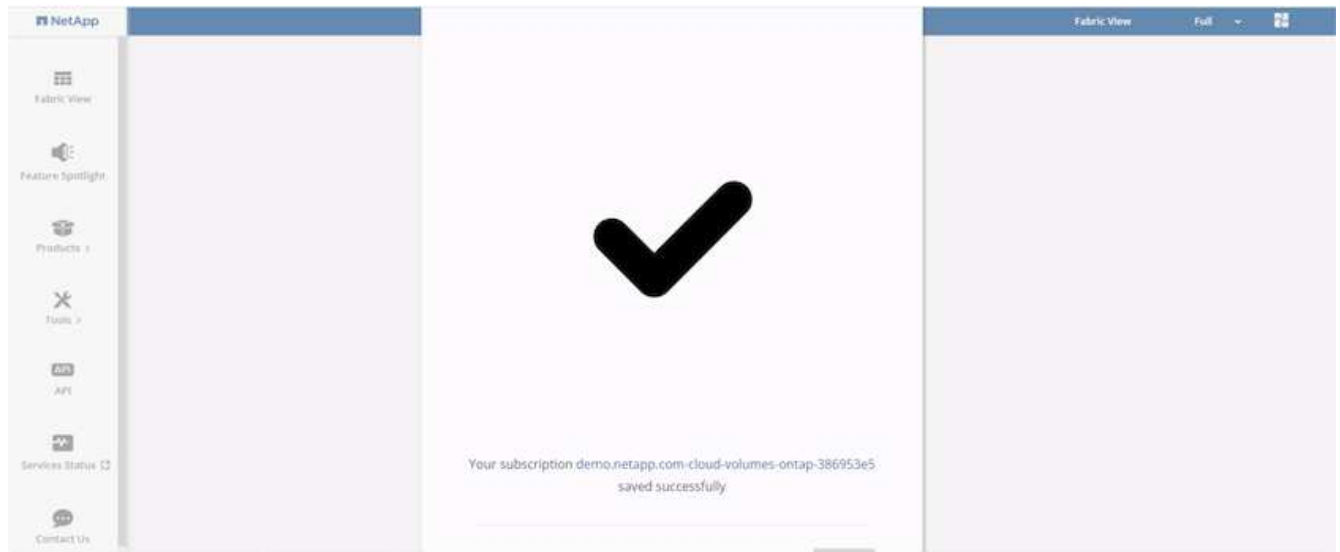
6. Subscribe and you are redirected back to NetApp Cloud Central. If you have already subscribed and don't get redirected, choose the "Click here" link.



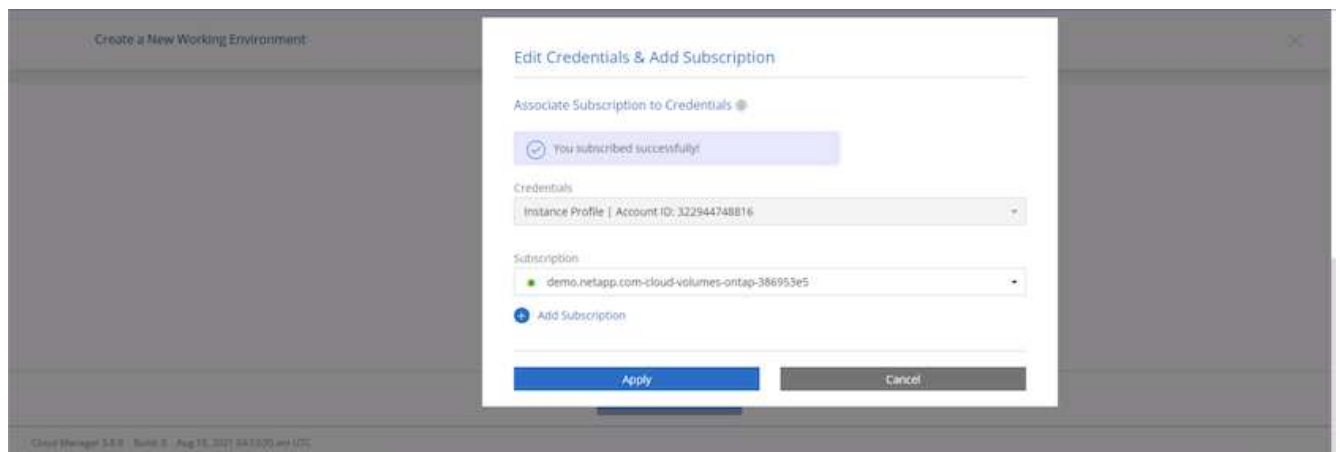
7. You are redirected to Cloud Central where you must name your subscription and assign it to your Cloud Central account.



8. When successful, a check mark page appears. Navigate back to your Cloud Manager tab.



9. The subscription now appears in Cloud Central. Click Apply to continue.



10. Enter the working environment details such as:

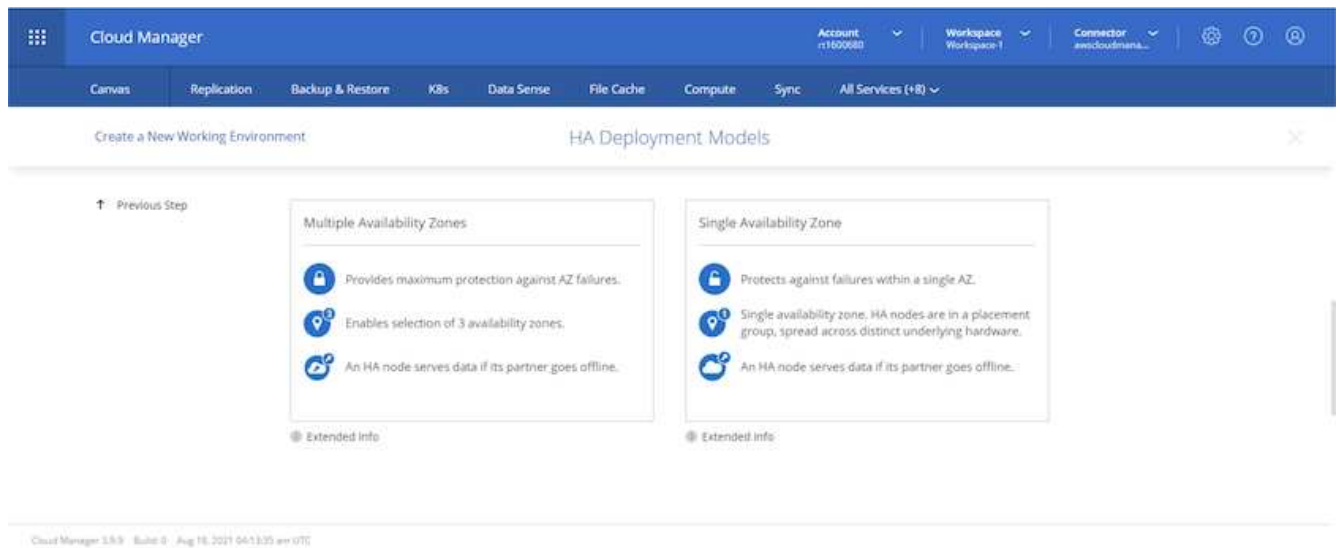
- a. Cluster name
- b. Cluster password
- c. AWS tags (Optional)

The screenshot shows the 'Details and Credentials' step in the Cloud Manager console. The top navigation bar includes 'Cloud Manager', 'Account: r1600880', 'Workspace: Workspace 1', and 'Connector: awscloudmana...'. The main navigation tabs are 'Canvas', 'Replication', 'Backup & Restore', 'K8s', 'Data Sense', 'File Cache', 'Compute', 'Sync', and 'All Services (+8)'. The 'Create a New Working Environment' wizard is active, with the 'Details and Credentials' step selected. The 'Previous Step' is indicated by an upward arrow. The 'Instance Profile' is '322944748816' and the 'Marketplace Subscription' is 'demo.netapp.com-cloud-vol...'. The 'Working Environment Name (Cluster Name)' is 'hybridawsco'. The 'User Name' is 'admin'. The 'Password' and 'Confirm Password' fields are masked with asterisks. There is an 'Add Tags' button and a note 'Optional Field | Up to four tags'. A 'Continue' button is at the bottom. The footer shows 'Cloud Manager 3.9.9 - Build 0 - Aug 18, 2021 06:13:35 am UTC'.

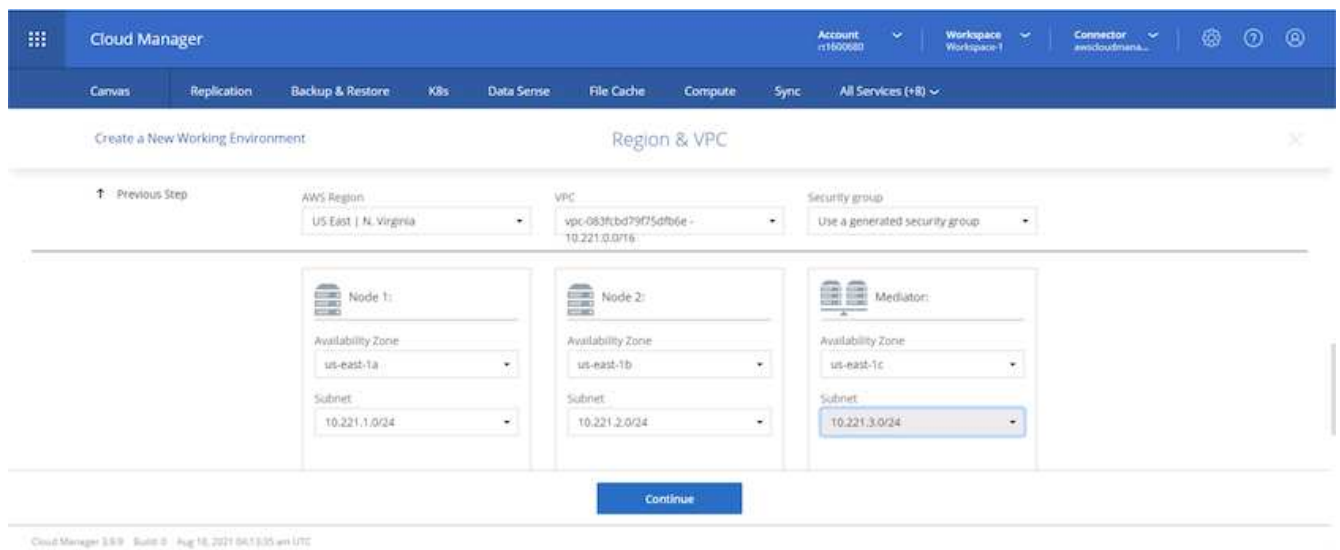
11. Choose which additional services you would like to deploy. To discover more about these services, visit the [BlueXP: Modern data estate operations made simple](#).

The screenshot shows the 'Services' step in the Cloud Manager console. The top navigation bar and main navigation tabs are the same as in the previous screenshot. The 'Create a New Working Environment' wizard is active, with the 'Services' step selected. The 'Previous Step' is indicated by an upward arrow. Three services are listed: 'Data Sense & Compliance', 'Backup to Cloud', and 'Monitoring'. Each service has a toggle switch and a dropdown arrow. All three services are currently enabled. A 'Continue' button is at the bottom. The footer shows 'Cloud Manager 3.9.9 - Build 0 - Aug 18, 2021 06:13:35 am UTC'.

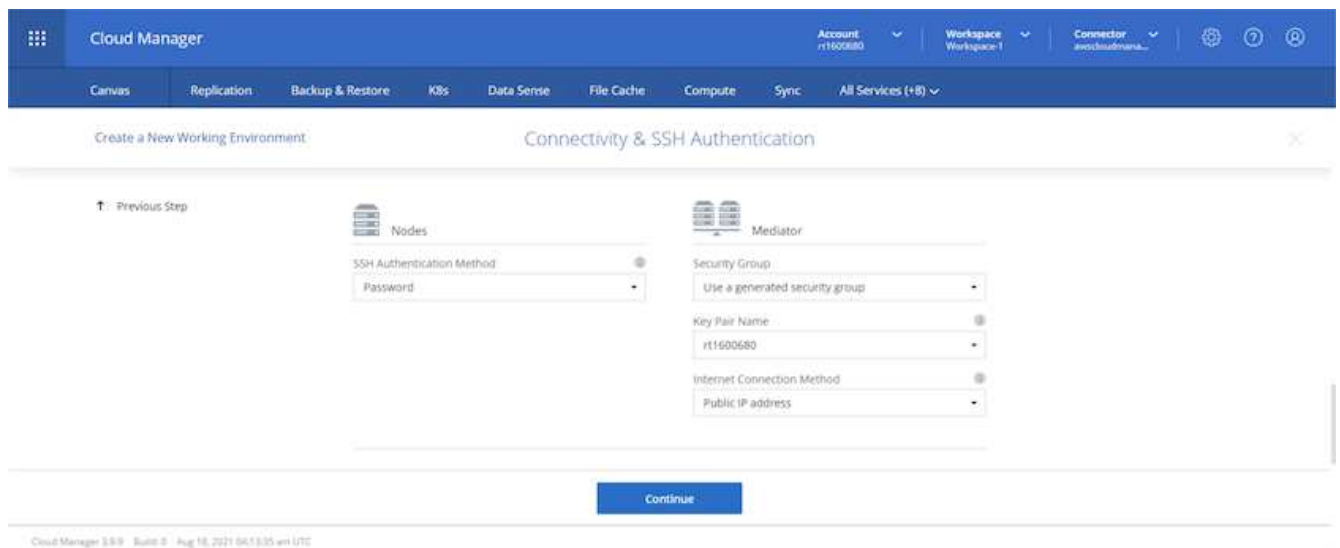
12. Choose whether to deploy in multiple availability zones (requires three subnets, each in a different AZ), or a single availability zone. I chose multiple AZs.



13. Choose the region, VPC, and security group for the cluster to be deployed into. In this section, you also assign the availability zones per node (and mediator) as well as the subnets that they occupy.



14. Choose the connection methods for the nodes as well as the mediator.





The mediator requires communication with the AWS APIs. A public IP address is not required so long as the APIs are reachable after the mediator EC2 instance has been deployed.

1. Floating IP addresses are used to allow access to the various IP addresses that Cloud Volumes ONTAP uses, including cluster management and data serving IPs. These must be addresses that are not already routable within your network and are added to route tables in your AWS environment. These are required to enable consistent IP addresses for an HA pair during failover. More information about floating IP addresses can be found in the [NetApp Cloud Documentation](#).

The screenshot shows the 'Floating IPs' configuration step in the Cloud Manager console. The page title is 'Floating IPs'. Below the title, there is a 'Previous Step' link. The main content area contains instructions: 'Floating IP addresses are required for cluster and SVM access and for NFS and CIFS data access. These floating IPs can migrate between HA nodes if failures occur. To access the data from outside the VPC, you can set up an AWS transit gateway. You must specify IP addresses that are outside of the CIDR blocks for all VPCs in the selected AWS region.' There are four input fields for IP addresses: 'Floating IP address for cluster management' (10.222.0.200), 'Floating IP address 1 for NFS and CIFS data' (10.222.0.201), 'Floating IP address 2 for NFS and CIFS data' (10.222.0.202), and 'Floating IP address for SVM management (Optional)' (Enter Floating IP Address). A 'Continue' button is at the bottom.

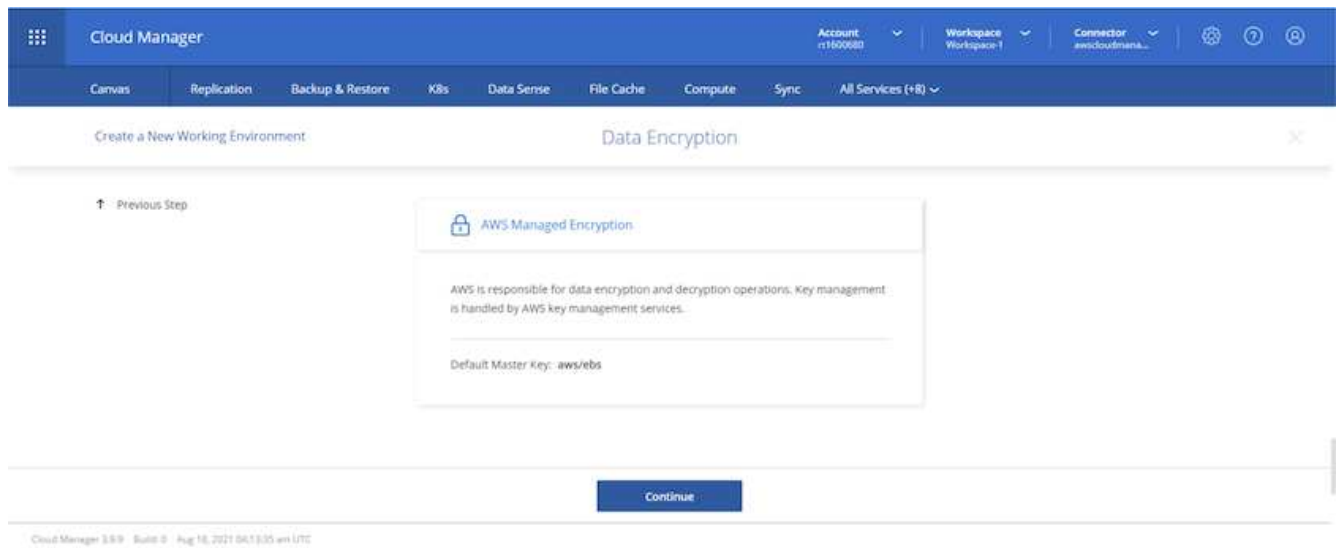
2. Select which route tables the floating IP addresses are added to. These route tables are used by clients to communicate with Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

The screenshot shows the 'Route Tables' configuration step in the Cloud Manager console. The page title is 'Route Tables'. Below the title, there is a 'Previous Step' link. The main content area contains instructions: 'Select the route tables that should include routes to the floating IP addresses. This enables client access to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP HA pair. If you leave a route table unselected, clients that are associated with the route table cannot access the HA pair.' There is a table with the following data:

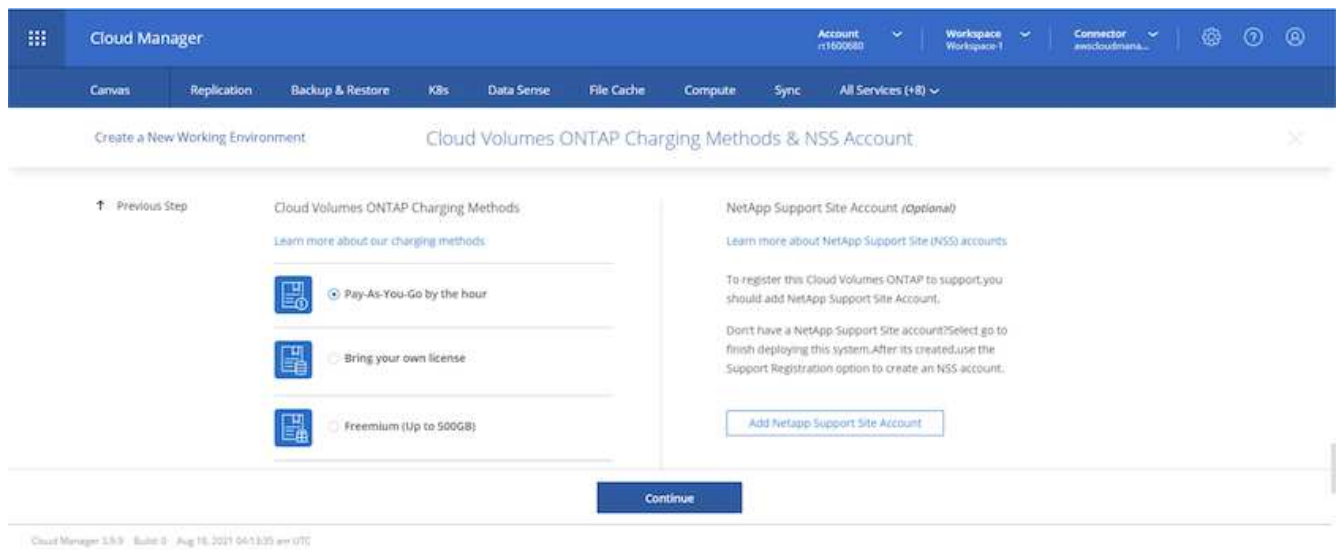
Name	Main	ID	Associate with Subnet	Tags
private_rt_rt1600680	No	rtb-08b4cb88f5c826a5	3 Subnets	1 Tags
public_rt_rt1600680	Yes	rtb-0e46720d0da10c593	1 Subnets	1 Tags

Below the table, it says '2 Route Tables | The main route table is the default for the VPC'. A 'Continue' button is at the bottom.

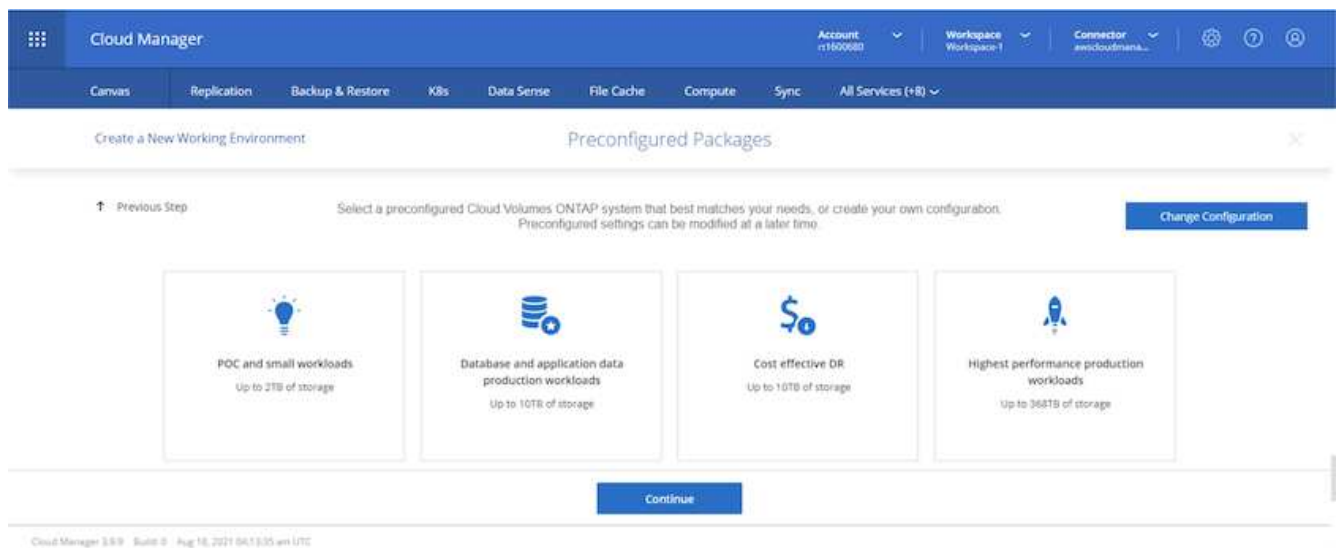
3. Choose whether to enable AWS managed encryption or AWS KMS to encrypt the ONTAP root, boot, and data disks.



4. Choose your licensing model. If you don't know which to choose, contact your NetApp representative.



5. Select which configuration best suits your use case. This is related to the sizing considerations covered in the prerequisites page.



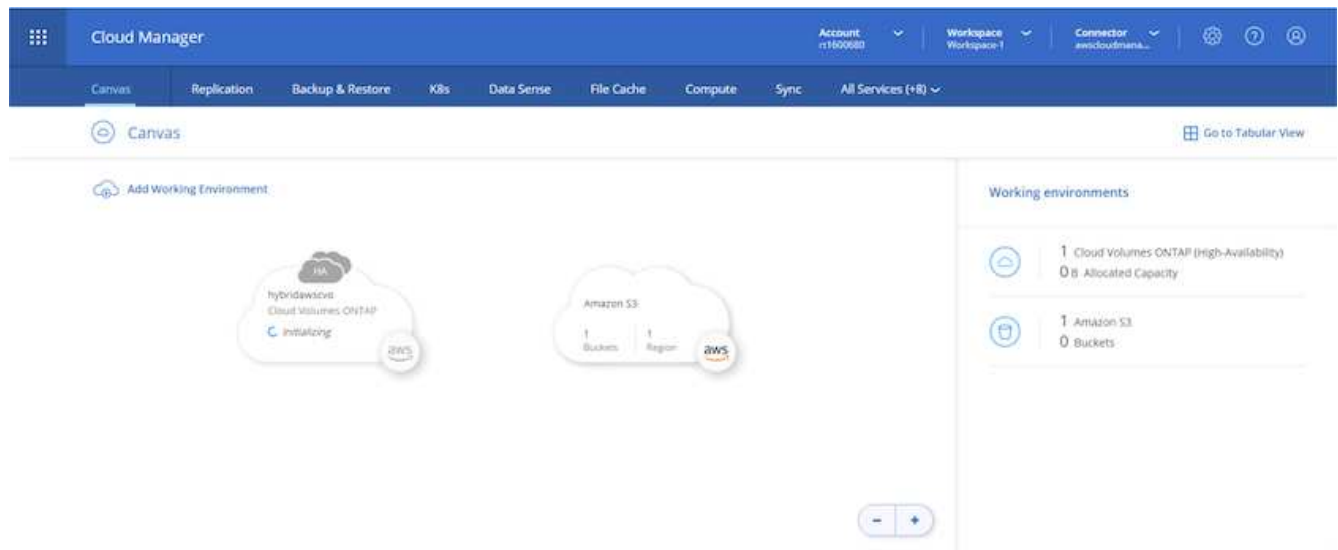
6. Optionally, create a volume. This is not required, because the next steps use SnapMirror, which creates the volumes for us.

The screenshot shows the 'Create Volume' step in the Cloud Manager console. The interface has a blue header with 'Cloud Manager' and navigation tabs for 'Canvas', 'Replication', 'Backup & Restore', 'K8s', 'Data Sense', 'File Cache', 'Compute', 'Sync', and 'All Services (+8)'. Below the header, there's a breadcrumb 'Create a New Working Environment' and a title 'Create Volume'. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column, titled 'Details & Protection', contains a 'Volume Name' field with a placeholder 'i', a 'Size (GB)' field with a placeholder 'Volume size', a 'Snapshot Policy' dropdown set to 'default', and a 'Default Policy' button. The right column, titled 'Protocol', has tabs for 'NFS', 'CIFS', and 'iSCSI'. Under 'NFS', there's an 'Access Control' dropdown set to 'Custom export policy', a 'Custom export policy' field with the value '10.221.0.0/16', and an 'Advanced options' dropdown. At the bottom, there are 'Continue' and 'Skip' buttons. A footer bar shows 'Cloud Manager 5.8.9 Build 9 Aug 18, 2021 04:13:35 am UTC'.

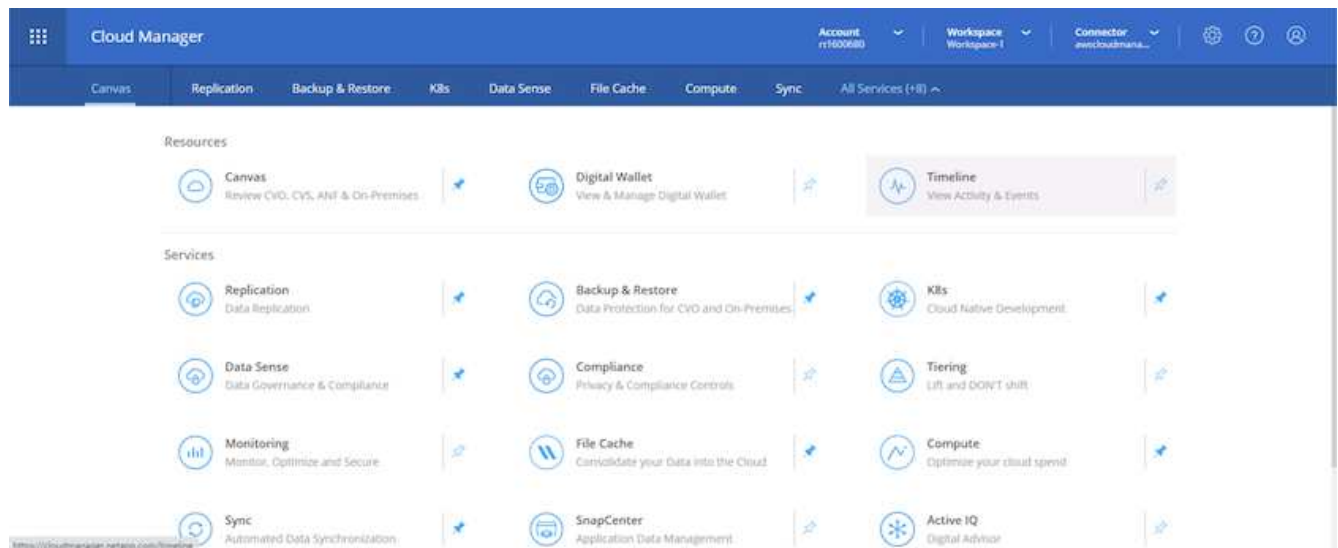
7. Review the selections made and tick the boxes to verify that you understand that Cloud Manager deploys resources into your AWS environment. When ready, click Go.

The screenshot shows the 'Review & Approve' step in the Cloud Manager console. The interface is similar to the previous step, with a blue header and navigation tabs. Below the header, there's a breadcrumb 'Create a New Working Environment' and a title 'Review & Approve'. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column, titled 'hybridawscvo', has tabs for 'AWS', 'us-east-1', and 'HA'. Below these tabs, there are two checkboxes, both of which are checked: 'I understand that in order to activate support, I must first register Cloud Volumes ONTAP with NetApp. More information >' and 'I understand that Cloud Manager will allocate the appropriate AWS resources to comply with my above requirements. More information >'. The right column, titled 'Storage', has tabs for 'Overview', 'Networking', and 'Storage'. Below these tabs, there's a table with the following data: 'Storage System: Cloud Volumes ONTAP HA', 'License Type: Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard', 'Capacity Limit: 10TB', 'HA Deployment Model: Multiple Availability Zones', 'Encryption: AWS Managed', and 'Customer Master Key: aws/ebs'. At the bottom, there is a 'Go' button. A footer bar shows 'Cloud Manager 5.8.9 Build 9 Aug 18, 2021 04:13:35 am UTC'.

8. Cloud Volumes ONTAP now starts its deployment process. Cloud Manager uses AWS APIs and cloud formation stacks to deploy Cloud Volumes ONTAP. It then configures the system to your specifications, giving you a ready-to-go system that can be instantly utilized. The timing for this process varies depending on the selections made.



9. You can monitor the progress by navigating to the Timeline.



10. The Timeline acts as an audit of all actions performed in Cloud Manager. You can view all of the API calls that are made by Cloud Manager during setup to both AWS as well as the ONTAP cluster. This can also be effectively used to troubleshoot any issues that you face.

Cloud Manager

Account: r1600880 | Workspace: Workspace-1 | Connector: awscloudmana...

Canvas | Replication | Backup & Restore | K8s | Data Sense | File Cache | Compute | Sync | All Services (+8)

Timeline

Filters: Time (1) | Service | Action | Agent (1) | Resource | User | Status | Reset

Time	Action	Service	Agent	Resource	User	Status
Aug 18 2021, 9:42:32 pm	Check Connectivity	Cloud Manager	awscloudman...	hybridawsco	Full Name	Success
Aug 18 2021, 9:42:00 pm	Create Aws Ha Working Environment	Cloud Manager	awscloudma...	hybridawsco	Full Name	Pending
Aug 18 2021, 10:09:39 pm	Describe Operation Status					Success
Aug 18 2021, 10:00:01 pm	Describe Operation Status					Success

- After deployment is complete, the CVO cluster appears on the Canvas, which the current capacity. The ONTAP cluster in its current state is fully configured to allow a true, out-of-the-box experience.

Cloud Manager

Account: r1600880 | Workspace: Workspace-1 | Connector: awscloudmana...

Canvas | Replication | Backup & Restore | K8s | Data Sense | File Cache | Compute | Sync | All Services (+8)

Canvas

Add Working Environment

Working environments

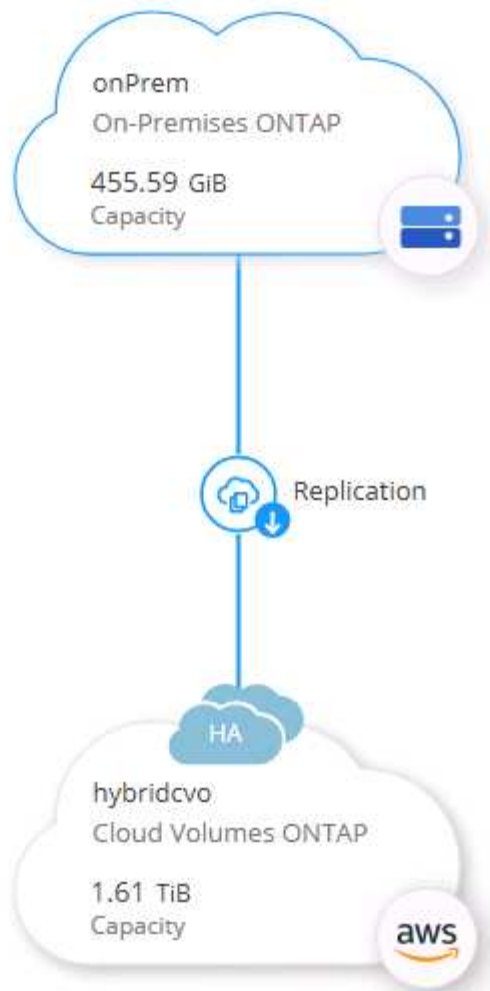
- 1 Cloud Volumes ONTAP (High-Availability)
1 GiB Allocated Capacity
- 1 Amazon S3
0 Buckets

Configure SnapMirror from on-premises to cloud

Now that you have a source ONTAP system and a destination ONTAP system deployed, you can replicate volumes containing database data into the cloud.

For a guide on compatible ONTAP versions for SnapMirror, see the [SnapMirror Compatibility Matrix](#).

- Click the source ONTAP system (on-premises) and either drag and drop it to the destination, select Replication > Enable, or select Replication > Menu > Replicate.



Select Enable.

SERVICES



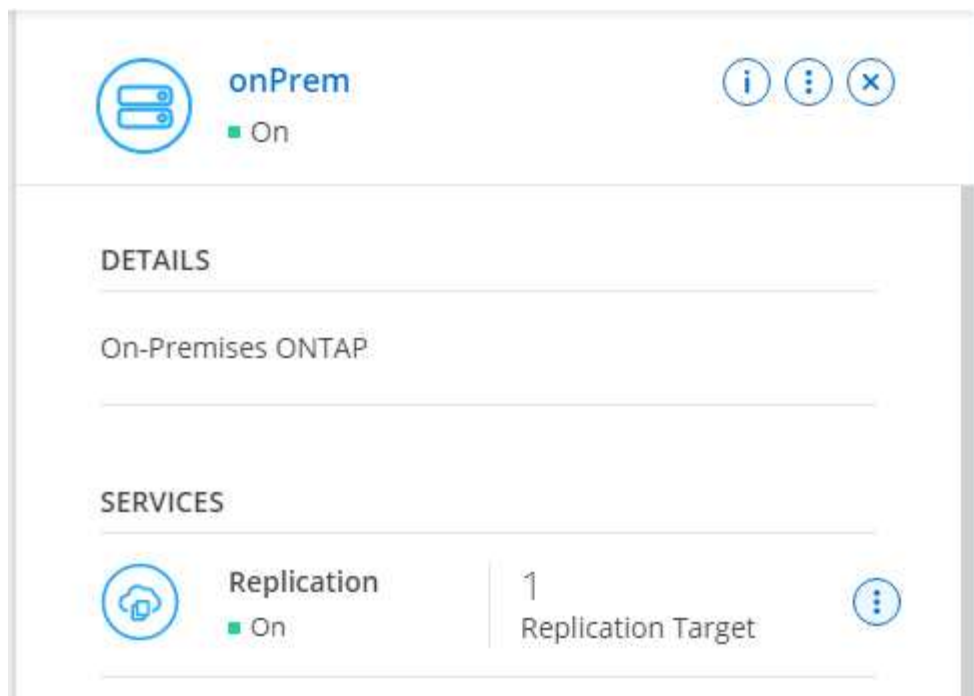
Replication

■ Off

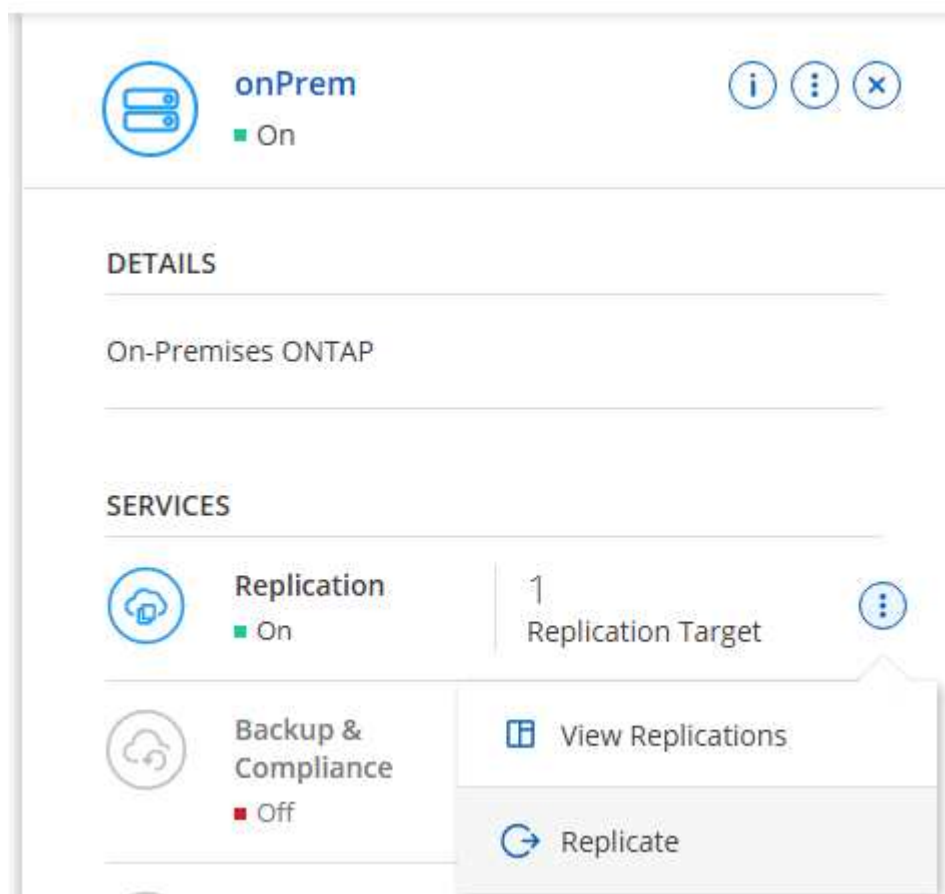
Enable



Or Options.



Replicate.



2. If you did not drag and drop, choose the destination cluster to replicate to.

Replicate Data

From: onPrem

To: select the Working Environment to which you want to replicate data

Replication Target

hybridcvo (Cloud Volumes ONTAP) ✓

Start Replication Wizard Cancel

3. Choose the volume that you'd like to replicate. We replicated the data and all log volumes.

Replication Setup Source Volume Selection

Volume Name	Storage VM Name	Tiering Policy	Volume Type	Capacity	Allocated	Disk Used
rhel2_u03	svm_onPrem	None	RW	100 GB	7.29 GB	35.83 MB
rhel2_u0309232119421203118	svm_onPrem	None	RW	100 GB	35.83 MB	35.83 MB
sql1_data	svm_onPrem	None	RW	53.37 GB	45.09 GB	45.09 GB
sql1_log	svm_onPrem	None	RW	21.35 GB	18.16 GB	21.23 GB
sql1_snapctr	svm_onPrem	None	RW	24.87 GB	21.23 GB	21.23 GB

Cloud Manager 3.9.10 Build: 2 Sep 12, 2021 06:47:41 am UTC

4. Choose the destination disk type and tiering policy. For disaster recovery, we recommend an SSD as the disk type and to maintain data tiering. Data tiering tiers the mirrored data into low-cost object storage and saves you money on local disks. When you break the relationship or clone the volume, the data uses the fast, local storage.

Replication Setup

Destination Disk Type and Tiering

↑ Previous Step

Destination Disk Type

General Purpose SSD

General Purpose SSD - Dynamic Performance

Throughput Optimized HDD

S3 Tiering [What are storage tiers?](#)

☒ Enabled ☐ Disabled

Note: If you enable S3 tiering, thin provisioning must be enabled on volumes created in this aggregate.

Continue

Cloud Manager 3.9.10 Build: 2 Sep 12, 2021 06:47:41 am UTC

5. Select the destination volume name: we chose [source_volume_name]_dr.

Destination Volume Name

sql1_data_dr

Destination Aggregate

Automatically select the best aggregate

6. Select the maximum transfer rate for the replication. This enables you to save bandwidth if you have a low bandwidth connection to the cloud such as a VPN.

Max Transfer Rate

You should limit the transfer rate. An unlimited rate might negatively impact the performance of other applications and it might impact your Internet performance.


- ☒ Limited to: MB/s
- ☐ Unlimited (recommended for DR only machines)

7. Define the replication policy. We chose a Mirror, which takes the most recent dataset and replicates that into the destination volume. You could also choose a different policy based on your requirements.

Replication Policy


Default Policies

Additional Policies

 Mirror

Typically used for disaster recovery

More info

 Mirror and Backup (1 month retention)

Configures disaster recovery and long-term retention of backups on the same destination volume

More info

8. Choose the schedule for triggering replication. NetApp recommends setting a "daily" schedule of for the data volume and an "hourly" schedule for the log volumes, although this can be changed based on requirements.

Replication Setup

Schedule

Previous Step

Select a replication schedule

One-time copy

No schedule

10min

Every hour
Minutes: 0th, 10th, 20th, 3...

12-hourly

Every day
Hours: 12 AM and 12 PM
Minutes: 15th minute

5min

Every hour
Minutes: 0th, 5th, 10th, 15t...

6-hourly

Every day
Hours: 12 AM, 6 AM, 12 PM...
Minutes: 15th minute

8hour

Every day
Hours: 2 AM, 10 AM and 6 ...
Minutes: 15th minute

daily

Every day
Hours: 12 AM
Minutes: 10th minute

hourly

Every hour
Minutes: 5th minute

monthly

Every month
Days: 2nd
Hours: 12 AM
Minutes: 20th minute

pg-15-minutely

Every hour

pg-6-hourly

Every day

pg-daily

Every day

pg-daily-set2

Every day

- Review the information entered, click Go to trigger the cluster peer and SVM peer (if this is your first time replicating between the two clusters), and then implement and initialize the SnapMirror relationship.

Replication Setup

Review & Approve

Previous Step

Review your selection and start the replication process

Source

onPrem

sql1_data

Destination

hybridcvo

sql1_data_copy

☒ I understand that Cloud Manager will allocate the appropriate AWS resources to comply with my above requirements.
 [More information >](#)

Source Volume Allocated Size:	53.37 GB	Destination Thin Provisioning:	Yes
Source Volume Used Size:	45.09 GB	Destination Aggregate:	aggr1 (Automatically s...
Source Thin Provisioning:	Yes	Destination Storage VM:	svm_hybridcvo
Destination Volume Allocated Size:	53.37 GB	Max Transfer Rate:	100 MB/s
Destination Volume Disk Type:	General Purpose SSD (...)	SnapMirror Policy:	Mirror
Capacity Tiering:	S3	Replication Schedule:	daily

Go

- Continue this process for data volumes and log volumes.
- To check all of your relationships, navigate to the Replication tab inside Cloud Manager. Here you can manage your relationships and check on their status.

Replication

7 Volume Relationships

153.32 GiB Replicated Capacity

0 Currently Transferring

7 Healthy

0 Failed

7 Volume Relationships

Health Status	Source Volume	Target Volume	Total Transfer Time	Status	Mirror State	Last Successful Transfer
✓	rhel2_u01 onPrem	rhel2_u01_dr hybridcvo	43 minutes 43 seconds	idle	snapmirrored	Sep 30, 2021, 12:12:50 AI 19.73 MiB
✓	rhel2_u02 onPrem	rhel2_u02_dr hybridcvo	1 hour 37 minutes 59 seconds	idle	snapmirrored	Sep 30, 2021, 2:37:08 PM 239.78 MiB
✓	rhel2_u03 onPrem	rhel2_u03_dr hybridcvo	16 hours 1 minute 9 seconds	idle	snapmirrored	Sep 30, 2021, 4:07:14 PM 225.37 KiB
✓	sql1_data onPrem	sql1_data_dr hybridcvo	1 hour 6 minutes 50 seconds	idle	snapmirrored	Sep 30, 2021, 12:12:28 AI 24.56 KiB

- After all the volumes have been replicated, you are in a steady state and ready to move on to the disaster recovery and dev/test workflows.

3. Deploy EC2 compute instance for database workload

AWS has preconfigured EC2 compute instances for various workloads. The choice of instance type determines the number of CPU cores, memory capacity, storage type and capacity, and network performance. For the use cases, with the exception of the OS partition, the main storage to run database workload is allocated from CVO or the FSx ONTAP storage engine. Therefore, the main factors to consider are the choice of CPU cores, memory, and network performance level. Typical AWS EC2 instance types can be found here: [EC2 Instance Type](#).

Sizing the compute instance

1. Select the right instance type based on the required workload. Factors to consider include the number of business transactions to be supported, the number of concurrent users, data set sizing, and so on.
2. EC2 instance deployment can be launched through the EC2 Dashboard. The exact deployment procedures are beyond the scope of this solution. See [Amazon EC2](#) for details.

Linux instance configuration for Oracle workload

This section contain additional configuration steps after an EC2 Linux instance is deployed.

1. Add an Oracle standby instance to the DNS server for name resolution within the SnapCenter management domain.
2. Add a Linux management user ID as the SnapCenter OS credentials with sudo permissions without a password. Enable the ID with SSH password authentication on the EC2 instance. (By default, SSH password authentication and passwordless sudo is turned off on EC2 instances.)
3. Configure Oracle installation to match with on-premises Oracle installation such as OS patches, Oracle versions and patches, and so on.
4. NetApp Ansible DB automation roles can be leveraged to configure EC2 instances for database dev/test and disaster recovery use cases. The automation code can be download from the NetApp public GitHub site: [Oracle 19c Automated Deployment](#). The goal is to install and configure a database software stack on an EC2 instance to match on-premises OS and database configurations.

Windows instance configuration for SQL Server workload

This section lists additional configuration steps after an EC2 Windows instance is initially deployed.

1. Retrieve the Windows administrator password to log in to an instance via RDP.
2. Disable the Windows firewall, join the host to Windows SnapCenter domain, and add the instance to the DNS server for name resolution.
3. Provision a SnapCenter log volume to store SQL Server log files.
4. Configure iSCSI on the Windows host to mount the volume and format the disk drive.
5. Again, many of the previous tasks can be automated with the NetApp automation solution for SQL Server. Check the NetApp automation public GitHub site for newly published roles and solutions: [NetApp Automation](#).

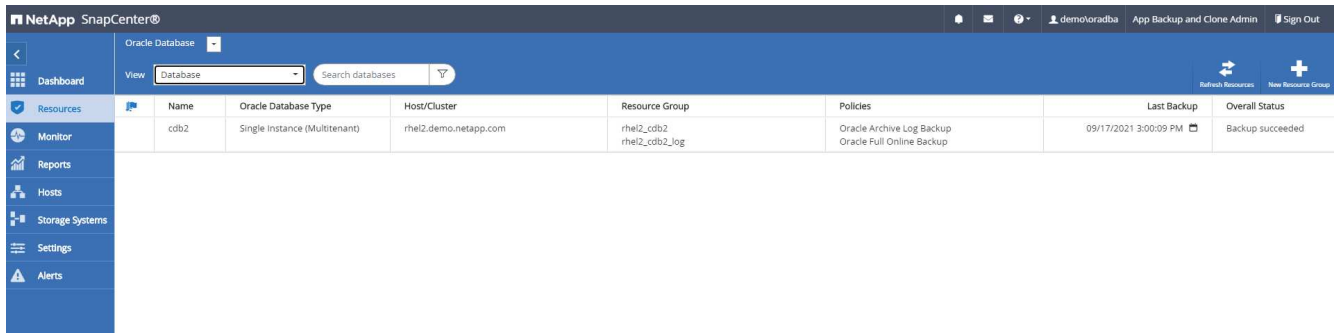
Workflow for dev/test bursting to cloud

The agility of the public cloud, the time to value, and the cost savings are all meaningful value propositions for enterprises adopting the public cloud for database application development and testing effort. There is no better tool than SnapCenter to make this a

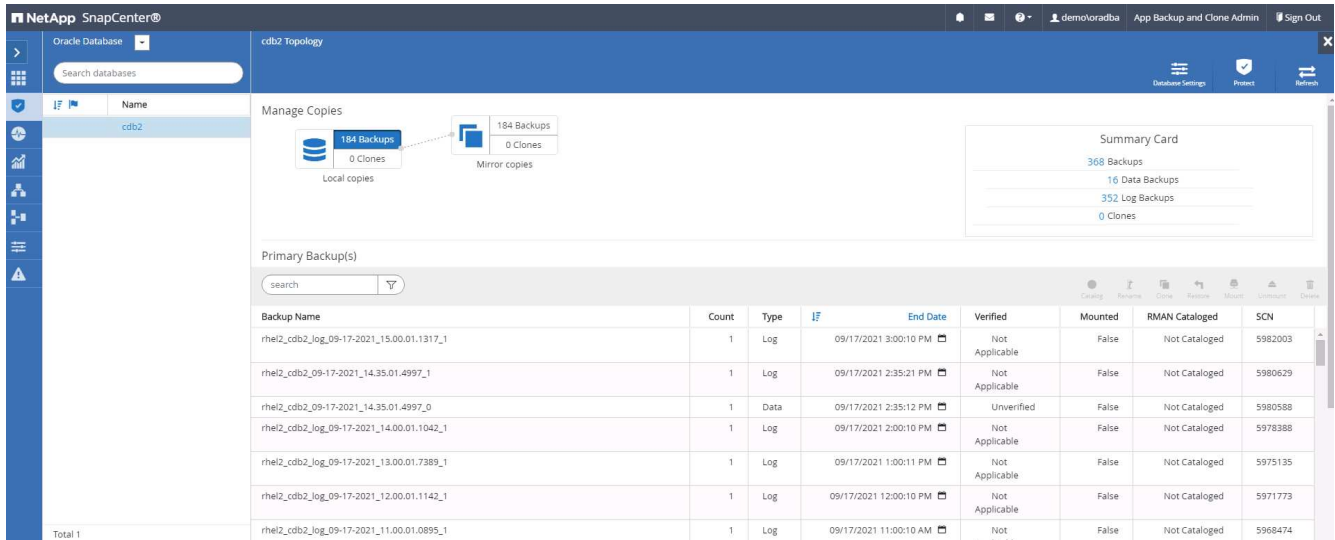
reality. SnapCenter can not only protect your production database on-premises, but can also it quickly clone a copy for application development or code testing in the public cloud while consuming very little extra storage. Following are details of the step-by-step processes for using this tool.

Clone an Oracle Database for dev/test from a replicated snapshot backup

- 1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID for Oracle. Navigate to the Resources tab, which shows the Oracle databases being protected by SnapCenter.



- 2. Click the intended on-premises database name for the backup topology and the detailed view. If a secondary replicated location is enabled, it shows linked mirror backups.



- 3. Toggled to the mirrored backups view by clicking mirrored backups. The secondary mirror backup(s) is then displayed.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search databases

cdb2

Manage Copies

184 Backups
0 Clones
Local copies

184 Backups
0 Clones
Mirror copies

Summary Card

368 Backups
16 Data Backups
352 Log Backups
0 Clones

Secondary Mirror Backup(s)

search

Backup Name	Count	Type	IF	End Date	Verified	Mounted	RMAN Cataloged	SCN
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_15.00.01.1317_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 3:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5982003
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 2:35:21 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5980629
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_0	1	Data		09/17/2021 2:35:12 PM	Unverified	False	Not Cataloged	5980588
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.00.01.1042_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 2:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5978388
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_13.00.01.7389_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 1:00:11 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5975135
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_12.00.01.1142_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 12:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5971773
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_11.00.01.0895_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 11:00:10 AM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5968474
Total 1								

- Choose a mirrored secondary database backup copy to be cloned and determine a recovery point either by time and system change number or by SCN. Generally, the recovery point should be trailing the full database backup time or SCN to be cloned. After a recovery point is decided, the required log file backup must be mounted for recovery. The log file backup should be mounted to target DB server where the clone database is to be hosted.

Mount backups

Choose the host to mount the backup

ora-standby.demo.netapp.com

Mount path : /var/opt/snapcenter/sco/backup_mount/rhel2_cdb2_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_1/cdb2

Secondary storage location : Snap Vault / Snap Mirror

Source Volume

svm_onPrem:rhel2_u03

Destination Volume

svm_hybridcvo:rhel2_u03_dr

Mount Cancel

NetApp SnapCenter®

Oracle Database

Search databases

cdb2 Topology

Manage Copies

184 Backups
0 Clones
Local copies

184 Backups
1 Clone
Mirror copies

Summary Card

368 Backups
16 Data Backups
352 Log Backups
1 Clone

Secondary Mirror Backup(s)

search

Backup Name	Count	Type	IF	End Date	Verified	Mounted	RMAN Cataloged	SCN
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_16.00.01.2156_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 4:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5985272
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_15.00.01.1317_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 3:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5982003
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 2:35:21 PM	Not Applicable	True	Not Cataloged	5980629
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_0	1	Data		09/17/2021 2:35:12 PM	Unverified	False	Not Cataloged	5980588
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.00.01.1042_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 2:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5978388



If log pruning is enabled and the recovery point is extended beyond the last log pruning, multiple archive log backups might need to be mounted.

- Highlight the full database backup copy to be cloned, and then click the clone button to start the DB clone Workflow.

cdb2 Topology

search

Clone

Backup Name	Count	Type	IF	End Date	Verified	Mounted	RMAN Cataloged	SCN
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_16.00.01.2156_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 4:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5985272
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_15.00.01.1317_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 3:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5982003
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 2:35:21 PM	Not Applicable	True	Not Cataloged	5980629
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_0	1	Data		09/17/2021 2:35:12 PM	Unverified	False	Not Cataloged	5980588
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.00.01.1042_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 2:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5978388

- Choose a proper clone DB SID for a complete container database or CDB clone.

Clone from cdb2

×

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

☒ Complete Database Clone

Clone SID

cdb2test

Exclude PDBs

Type to find PDBs

☐ PDB Clone

Secondary storage location : Snap Vault / Snap Mirror

Data

Source Volume

svm_onPrem:rhel2_u02

Destination Volume

svm_hybridcvo:rhel2_u02_dr

Logs

Source Volume

svm_onPrem:rhel2_u03

Destination Volume

svm_hybridcvo:rhel2_u03_dr

Previous

Next

- Select the target clone host in the cloud, and datafile, control file, and redo log directories are created by the clone workflow.

Clone from cdb2

1

Name

2

Locations

3

Credentials

4

PreOps

5

PostOps

6

Notification

7

Summary

Select the host to create a clone

Clone host
ora-standby.demo.netapp.com

Datafile locations ⓘ

/u02_cdb2test
Reset

Control files ⓘ

/u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/control/control01.ctl
/u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/control/control02.ctl
Reset

Redo logs ⓘ

Group	Size	Unit	Number of files
<div> <div> RedoGroup 1 </div> <div> </div> </div>	200	MB	1
/u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/redolog/redo03.log			
<div> <div> RedoGroup 2 </div> <div> </div> </div>	200	MB	1

Previous
Next

- The None credential name is used for OS-based authentication, which renders the database port irrelevant. Fill in the proper Oracle Home, Oracle OS User, and Oracle OS Group as configured in the target clone DB server.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

Database Credentials for the clone

Credential name for sys user

None

+

i

Database port

1521

Oracle Home Settings

i

Oracle Home

/u01/app/oracle/product/19800/cdb2

Oracle OS User

oracle

Oracle OS Group

oinstall

Previous

Next

9. Specify the scripts to run before clone operation. More importantly, the database instance parameter can be adjusted or defined here.

Clone from cdb2

1

Name

2

Locations

3

Credentials

4

5

6

7

Specify scripts to run before clone operation

Prescript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Prescript path

Arguments

Script timeout

60

secs

Database Parameter settings

Previous

Next

- Specify the recovery point either by the date and time or SCN. Until Cancel recovers the database up to the available archive logs. Specify the external archive log location from the target host where the archive log volume is mounted. If target server Oracle owner is different from the on-premises production server, verify that the archive log directory is readable by the target server Oracle owner.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

☒ Recover Database

☐ Until Cancel

☐ Date and Time

☒ Until SCN (System Change Number)

Date-time format: MM/DD/YYYY hh:mm:ss

5980629

Specify external archive log locations

/var/opt/snapcenter/sco/backup_mount/rhel2_cdb2_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_1/cdb2/1/orareco/CDB2/archivelog/

☒ Create new DBID

☒ Create tempfile for temporary tablespace

☐ Enter SQL queries to apply when clone is created

☐ Enter scripts to run after clone operation

Previous

Next

```

oracle@ora-standby/tmp
[oracle@ora-standby tmp]$ ls /var/opt/snapcenter/sco/backup_mount/rhel2_cdb2_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_1/cdb2/1/orareco/CDB2/archivelog/
2021_08_26 2021_08_28 2021_08_30 2021_09_01 2021_09_03 2021_09_05 2021_09_07 2021_09_09 2021_09_11 2021_09_13 2021_09_15 2021_09_17
2021_08_27 2021_08_29 2021_08_31 2021_09_02 2021_09_04 2021_09_06 2021_09_08 2021_09_10 2021_09_12 2021_09_14 2021_09_16
[oracle@ora-standby tmp]$

```

11. Configure the SMTP server for email notification if desired.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

Provide email settings ⓘ

Email preference

Never

From

From email

To

Email to

Subject

Notification

☐ Attach job report

⚠

If you want to send notifications for Clone jobs, an SMTP server must be configured. Continue to the Summary page to save your information, and then go to Settings>Global Settings>Notification Server Settings to configure the SMTP server.

✕

Previous

Next

12. Clone summary.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

Summary

Clone from backup	rhel2_cdb2_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_0
Clone SID	cdb2test
Clone server	ora-standby.demo.netapp.com
Exclude PDBs	none
Oracle home	/u01/app/oracle/product/19800/cdb2
Oracle OS user	oracle
Oracle OS group	oinstall
Datafile mountpaths	/u02_cdb2test
Control files	/u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/control/control01.ctl /u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/control/control02.ctl
Redo groups	RedoGroup =1 TotalSize =200 Path =/u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/redolog/redo03.log RedoGroup =2 TotalSize =200 Path =/u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/redolog/redo02.log RedoGroup =3 TotalSize =200 Path =/u02_cdb2test/cdb2test/redolog/redo01.log
Recovery scope	Until SCN 5980629
Prescript full path	none
Prescript arguments	
Postscript full path	none
Postscript arguments	

Previous

Finish

13. You should validate after cloning to make sure that the cloned database is operational. Some additional tasks, such as starting up the listener or turning off the DB log archive mode, can be performed on the dev/test database.

```

oracle@ora-standby/tmp
[oracle@ora-standby tmp]$ export ORACLE_SID=cdb2test
[oracle@ora-standby tmp]$ export ORACLE_HOME=/u01/app/oracle/product/19800/cdb2
[oracle@ora-standby tmp]$ export PATH=$PATH:$ORACLE_HOME/bin
[oracle@ora-standby tmp]$ sqlplus / as sysdba

SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Fri Sep 17 17:49:29 2021
Version 19.3.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.3.0.0.0

SQL> select name, log_mode from v$database;

NAME          LOG MODE
-----
CDB2TEST      ARCHIVELOG

SQL> select instance_name, host_name from v$instance;

INSTANCE_NAME
HOST_NAME
-----
cdb2test
ora-standby.demo.netapp.com

SQL> show pdbs

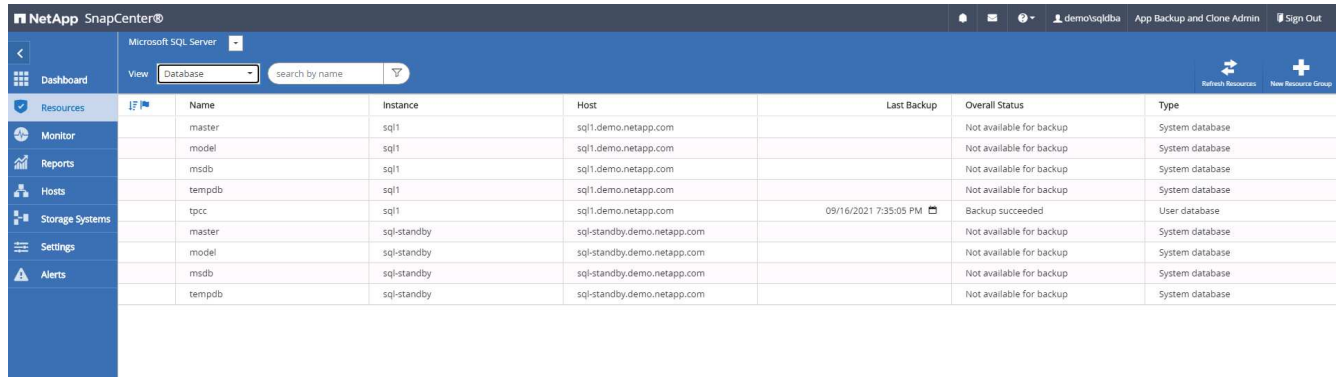
  CON_ID CON_NAME          OPEN MODE  RESTRICTED
  -----
2 PDB$SEED              READ ONLY  NO
3 CDB2_PDB1              READ WRITE NO
4 CDB2_PDB2              READ WRITE NO
5 CDB2_PDB3              READ WRITE NO

SQL>

```

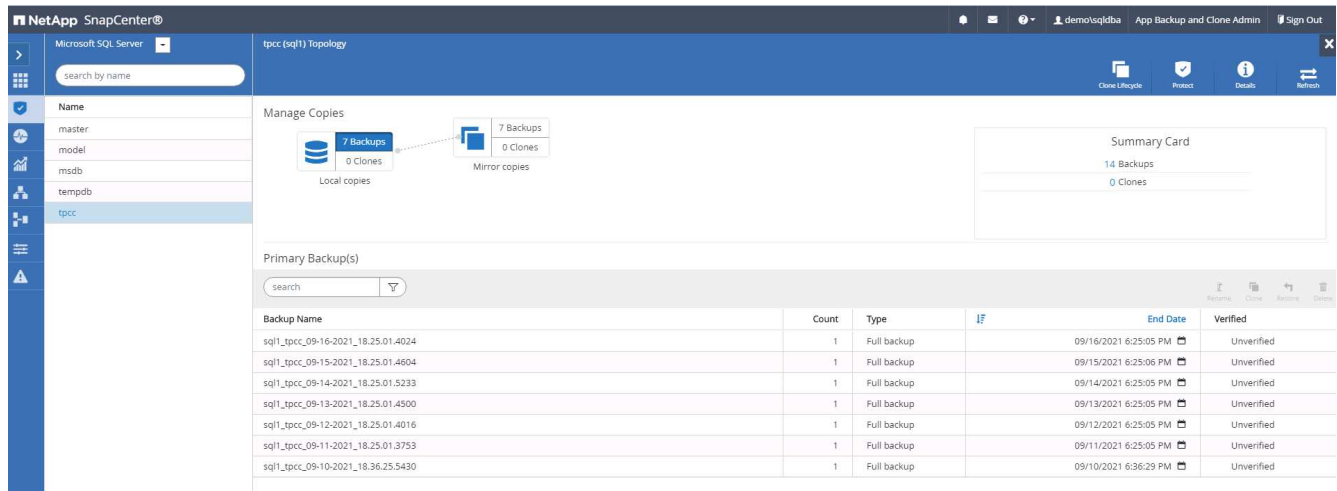
Clone a SQL database for dev/test from a replicated Snapshot backup

1. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID for SQL Server. Navigate to the Resources tab, which shows the SQL Server user databases being protected by SnapCenter and a target standby SQL instance in the public cloud.



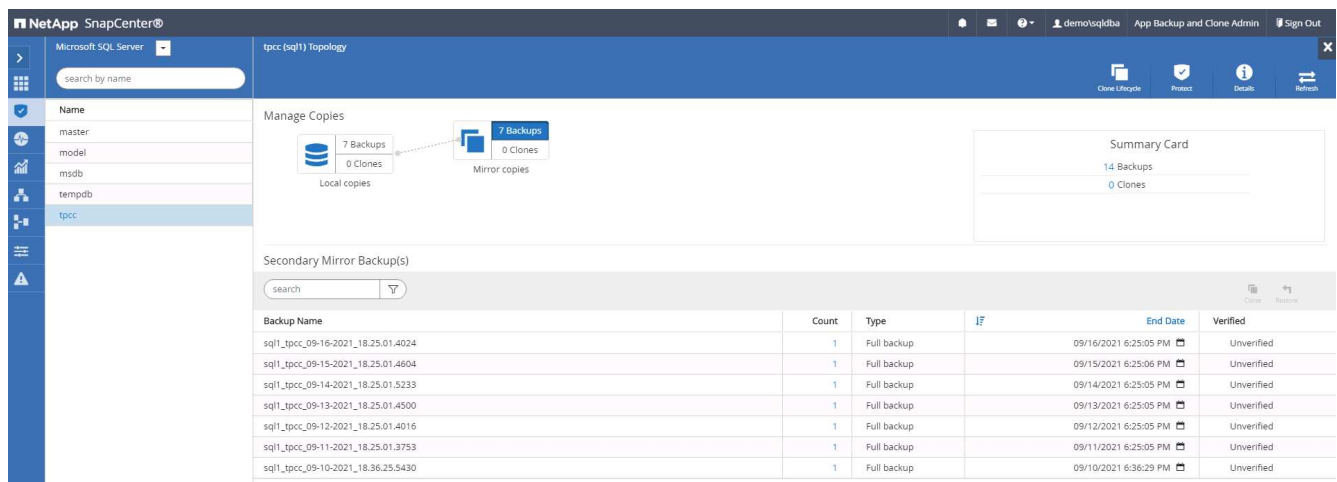
Name	Instance	Host	Last Backup	Overall Status	Type
master	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database
model	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database
msdb	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database
tempdb	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database
tpcc	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com	09/16/2021 7:35:05 PM	Backup succeeded	User database
master	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database
model	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database
msdb	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database
tempdb	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database

2. Click on the intended on-premises SQL Server user database name for the backups topology and detailed view. If a secondary replicated location is enabled, it shows linked mirror backups.



Backup Name	Count	Type	IF	End Date	Verified
sql1_tpcc_09-16-2021_18.25.01.4024	1	Full backup		09/16/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-15-2021_18.25.01.4604	1	Full backup		09/15/2021 6:25:06 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-14-2021_18.25.01.5233	1	Full backup		09/14/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-13-2021_18.25.01.4500	1	Full backup		09/13/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-12-2021_18.25.01.4016	1	Full backup		09/12/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-11-2021_18.25.01.3753	1	Full backup		09/11/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-10-2021_18.36.25.5430	1	Full backup		09/10/2021 6:36:29 PM	Unverified

3. Toggle to the Mirrored Backups view by clicking Mirrored Backups. Secondary Mirror Backup(s) are then displayed. Because SnapCenter backs up the SQL Server transaction log to a dedicated drive for recovery, only full database backups are displayed here.



Backup Name	Count	Type	IF	End Date	Verified
sql1_tpcc_09-16-2021_18.25.01.4024	1	Full backup		09/16/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-15-2021_18.25.01.4604	1	Full backup		09/15/2021 6:25:06 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-14-2021_18.25.01.5233	1	Full backup		09/14/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-13-2021_18.25.01.4500	1	Full backup		09/13/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-12-2021_18.25.01.4016	1	Full backup		09/12/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-11-2021_18.25.01.3753	1	Full backup		09/11/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-10-2021_18.36.25.5430	1	Full backup		09/10/2021 6:36:29 PM	Unverified

- Choose a backup copy, and then click the Clone button to launch the Clone from Backup workflow.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

tpcc (sql1) Topology

Manage Copies

7 Backups
0 Clones
Local copies

7 Backups
1 Clone
Mirror copies

Summary Card

14 Backups
1 Clone

Secondary Mirror Backup(s)

Backup Name	Count	Type	End Date	Verified
sql1_tpcc_09-19-2021_18.25.01.4134	1	Full backup	09/19/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-18-2021_18.25.01.3963	1	Full backup	09/18/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-17-2021_18.25.01.4218	1	Full backup	09/17/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-16-2021_18.25.01.4024	1	Full backup	09/16/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-15-2021_18.25.01.4604	1	Full backup	09/15/2021 6:25:06 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-14-2021_18.25.01.5233	1	Full backup	09/14/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-13-2021_18.25.01.4500	1	Full backup	09/13/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Clone settings

Clone server: Choose

Clone instance: Nothing selected

Clone name: tpcc

Choose mount option

☒ Auto assign mount point

☐ Auto assign volume mount point under path: full file path

Secondary storage location : Snap Vault / Snap Mirror

Source Volume	Destination Volume
svm_onPrem:sql1_data	svm_hybridcvo:sql1_data_dr
svm_onPrem:sql1_log	svm_hybridcvo:sql1_log_dr

Previous Next

- Select a cloud server as the target clone server, clone instance name, and clone database name. Choose either an auto-assign mount point or a user-defined mount point path.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Clone settings

Clone server

sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Clone instance

sql-standby

Clone name

tpcc_clone

Choose mount option

☒ Auto assign mount point

☐ Auto assign volume mount point under path

full file path

Secondary storage location : Snap Vault / Snap Mirror

Source Volume	Destination Volume
svm_onPrem:sql1_data	svm_hybridcvo:sql1_data_dr
svm_onPrem:sql1_log	svm_hybridcvo:sql1_log_dr

Previous

Next

6. Determine a recovery point either by a log backup time or by a specific date and time.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Choose logs

☐ All log backups

☒ By log backups until

9/17/2021 6:25:10 PM

☐ By specific date until

09/17/2021 6:25:05 PM

☐ None

Previous

Next

7. Specify optional scripts to run before and after the cloning operation.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Specify optional scripts to run before and after performing a clone from backup job

Prescript full path

Prescript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Postscript full path

Postscript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Script timeout

60

secs

Previous

Next

8. Configure an SMTP server if email notification is desired.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Provide email settings ⓘ

Email preference

Never

From

From email

To

Email to

Subject

Notification

☐ Attach Job Report

⚠ If you want to send notifications for Clone jobs, an SMTP server must be configured. Continue to the Summary page to save your information, and then go to Settings>Global Settings>Notification Server Settings to configure the SMTP server.

✕

Previous

Next

9. Clone Summary.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Summary

Clone server

sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Clone instance

sql-standby

Clone name

tpcc_dev

Mount option

Auto assign volume mount point under custom path

Prescript full path

None

Prescript arguments

Postscript full path

None

Postscript arguments

Send email

No

Previous

Finish

- Monitor the job status and validate that the intended user database has been attached to a target SQL instance in the cloud clone server.

NetApp SnapCenter®						
Jobs - Filter						
	ID	Status	Name	Start date	End date	Owner
	766	✓	Clone from backup 'sql1_tpcc-09-16-2021_18.25.01.4024'	09/16/2021 8:05:25 PM	09/16/2021 8:06:17 PM	demo:sqldba
	763	✓	Discover resources for all hosts	09/16/2021 7:56:49 PM	09/16/2021 7:56:54 PM	demo:sqldba
	761	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/16/2021 7:35:00 PM	09/16/2021 7:37:08 PM	demo:sqldba
	760	⚠	Discover resources for all hosts	09/16/2021 7:19:05 PM	09/16/2021 7:19:09 PM	demo:sqldba
	759	⚠	Discover resources for all hosts	09/16/2021 7:18:43 PM	09/16/2021 7:18:48 PM	demo:sqldba
	756	⚠	Discover resources for all hosts	09/16/2021 6:59:51 PM	09/16/2021 6:59:56 PM	demo:sqldba
	753	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/16/2021 6:35:00 PM	09/16/2021 6:37:07 PM	demo:sqldba
	750	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc' with policy 'SQL Server Full Backup'	09/16/2021 6:25:01 PM	09/16/2021 6:27:14 PM	demo:sqldba
	749	✓	Discover resources for host 'sql-standby.demo.netapp.com'	09/16/2021 6:19:00 PM	09/16/2021 6:19:05 PM	DemoAdministrator
	745	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/16/2021 5:35:00 PM	09/16/2021 5:37:08 PM	demo:sqldba

Post-clone configuration

- An Oracle production database on-premises is usually running in log archive mode. This mode is not necessary for a development or test database. To turn off log archive mode, log into the Oracle DB as sysdba, execute a log mode change command, and start the database for access.
- Configure an Oracle listener, or register the newly cloned DB with an existing listener for user access.
- For SQL Server, change the log mode from Full to Easy so that the SQL Server dev/test log file can be readily shrunk when it is filling up the log volume.

Refresh clone database

1. Drop cloned databases and clean up the cloud DB server environment. Then follow the previous procedures to clone a new DB with fresh data. It only takes few minutes to clone a new database.
2. Shutdown the clone database, run a clone refresh command by using the CLI. See the following SnapCenter documentation for details: [Refresh a clone](#).

Where to go for help?

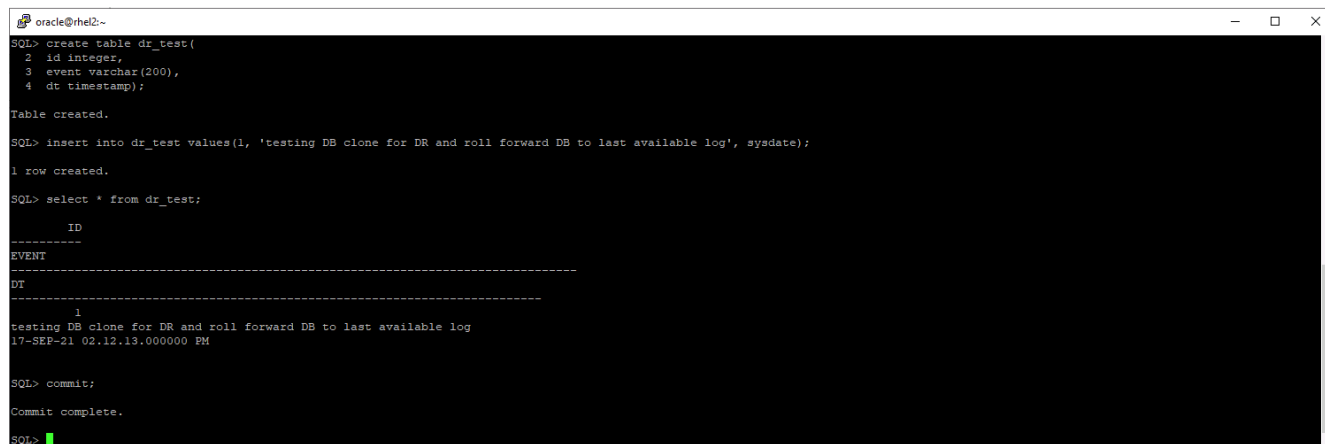
If you need help with this solution and use cases, join the [NetApp Solution Automation community support Slack channel](#) and look for the solution-automation channel to post your questions or inquiries.

Disaster recovery workflow

Enterprises have embraced the public cloud as a viable resource and destination for disaster recovery. SnapCenter makes this process as seamless as possible. This disaster recovery workflow is very similar to the clone workflow, but database recovery runs through the last available log that was replicated to cloud to recover all the business transactions possible. However, there are additional pre-configuration and post-configuration steps specific to disaster recovery.

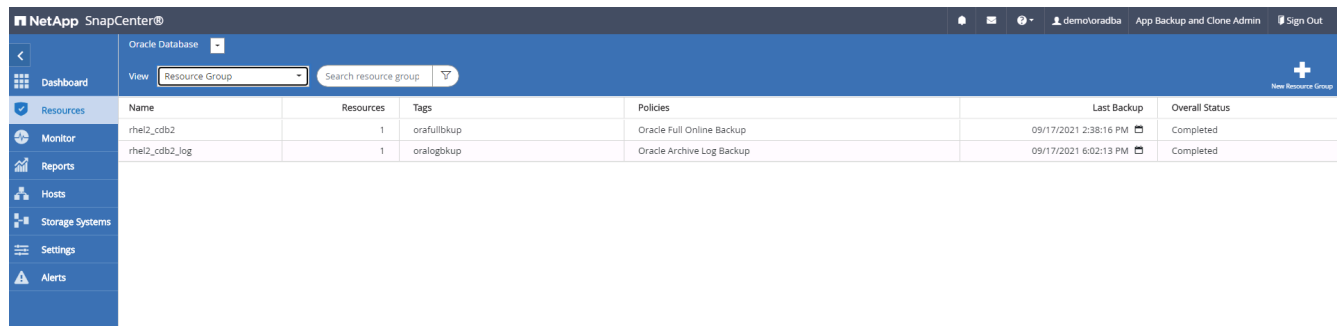
Clone an on-premises Oracle production DB to cloud for DR

1. To validate that the clone recovery runs through last available log, we created a small test table and inserted a row. The test data would be recovered after a full recovery to last available log.



```
oracle@rhel2~  
SQL> create table dr_test(  
  2 id integer,  
  3 event varchar(200),  
  4 dt timestamp);  
  
Table created.  
  
SQL> insert into dr_test values(1, 'testing DB clone for DR and roll forward DB to last available log', sysdate);  
  
1 row created.  
  
SQL> select * from dr_test;  
  
      ID  
-----  
EVENT  
-----  
DT  
-----  
1  
testing DB clone for DR and roll forward DB to last available log  
17-SEP-21 02:12:13.000000 PM  
  
SQL> commit;  
  
Commit complete.  
  
SQL>
```

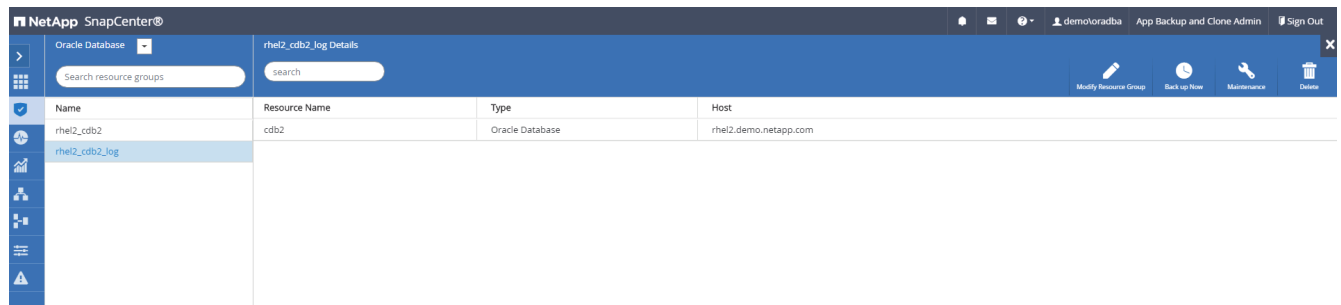
2. Log into SnapCenter as a database management user ID for Oracle. Navigate to the Resources tab, which shows the Oracle databases being protected by SnapCenter.



The screenshot shows the NetApp SnapCenter interface for Oracle Database. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Dashboard, Resources, Monitor, Reports, Hosts, Storage Systems, Settings, and Alerts. The main area displays a table of Resource Groups. The table has columns for Name, Resources, Tags, Policies, Last Backup, and Overall Status. Two resource groups are listed: 'rhei2_cdb2' and 'rhei2_cdb2_log'.

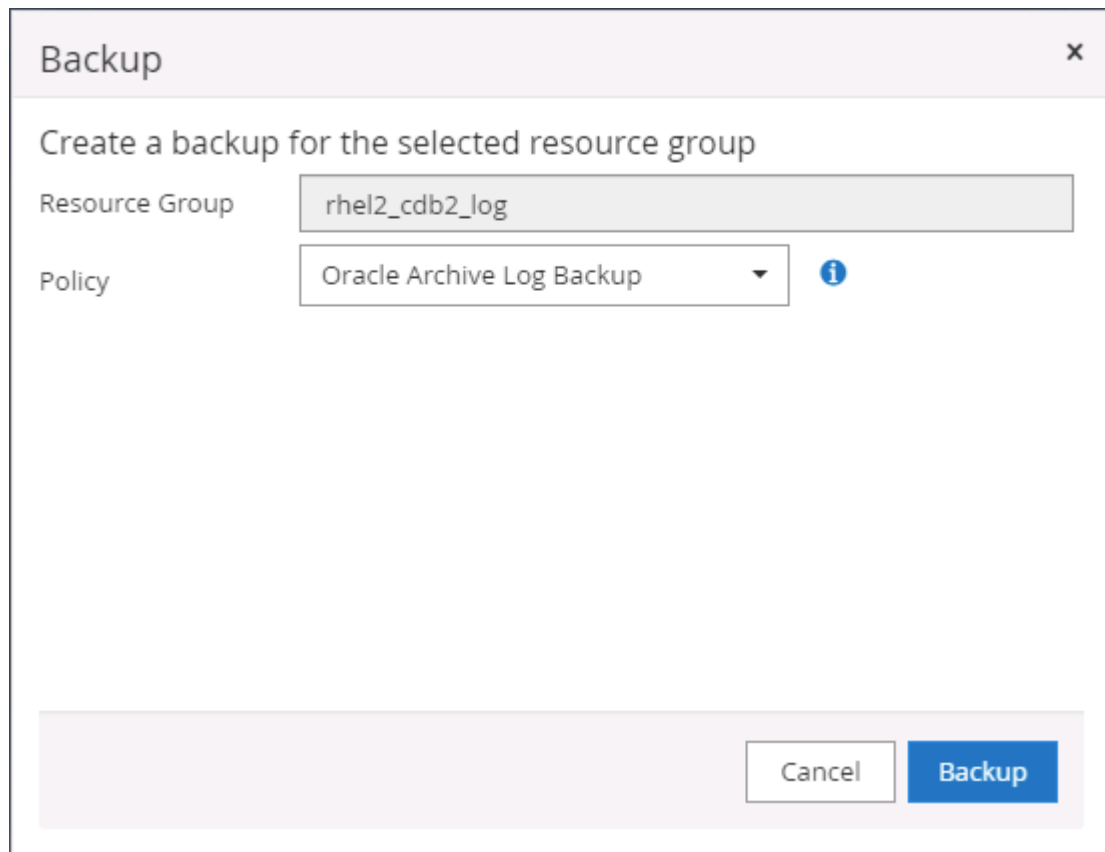
Name	Resources	Tags	Policies	Last Backup	Overall Status
rhei2_cdb2	1	orafullbkup	Oracle Full Online Backup	09/17/2021 2:38:16 PM	Completed
rhei2_cdb2_log	1	oralogbkup	Oracle Archive Log Backup	09/17/2021 6:02:13 PM	Completed

3. Select the Oracle log resource group and click Backup Now to manually run an Oracle log backup to flush the latest transaction to the destination in the cloud. In a real DR scenario, the last transaction recoverable depends on the database log volume replication frequency to the cloud, which in turn depends on the RTO or RPO policy of the company.



The screenshot shows the 'rhei2_cdb2_log Details' view in NetApp SnapCenter. The table displays details for the selected resource group.

Name	Resource Name	Type	Host
rhei2_cdb2	cdb2	Oracle Database	rhei2.demo.netapp.com



The screenshot shows a 'Backup' dialog box with the title 'Backup'. The dialog contains the following fields and controls:

- Create a backup for the selected resource group**
- Resource Group:** A text field containing 'rhei2_cdb2_log'.
- Policy:** A dropdown menu showing 'Oracle Archive Log Backup'.
- Buttons:** 'Cancel' and 'Backup' buttons at the bottom right.



Asynchronous SnapMirror loses data that has not made it to the cloud destination in the database log backup interval in a disaster recovery scenario. To minimize data loss, more frequent log backup can be scheduled. However there is a limit to the log backup frequency that is technically achievable.

4. Select the last log backup on the Secondary Mirror Backup(s), and mount the log backup.

The screenshot shows the NetApp SnapCenter Oracle Database console. On the left, a sidebar lists databases: cdb2, cdb2dev, and cdb2test. The main area displays the 'cdb2 Topology' with 'Manage Copies' showing 185 Backups and 2 Clones. A 'Summary Card' on the right shows 370 Backups, 16 Data Backups, 354 Log Backups, and 2 Clones. Below, the 'Secondary Mirror Backup(s)' table lists three log backups.

Backup Name	Count	Type	End Date	Verified	Mounted	RMAN Cataloged	SCN
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_18.20.04.1177_1	1	Log	09/17/2021 6:20:13 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5994710
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_18.00.01.2424_1	1	Log	09/17/2021 6:00:09 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5992079
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_17.00.01.1566_1	1	Log	09/17/2021 5:00:20 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5988842

The 'Mount backups' dialog box is shown. It prompts the user to 'Choose the host to mount the backup' with a dropdown menu showing 'ora-standby.demo.netapp.com'. Below, the 'Mount path' is displayed as '/var/opt/snapcenter/sco/backup_mount/rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_18.20.04.1177_1/cdb2'. The 'Secondary storage location' is set to 'Snap Vault / Snap Mirror'. At the bottom, 'Source Volume' is 'svm_onPrem:rhel2_u03' and 'Destination Volume' is 'svm_hybridcvo:rhel2_u03_dr'. 'Mount' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom right.

5. Select the last full database backup and click Clone to initiate the clone workflow.

The screenshot shows the NetApp SnapCenter Oracle Database console. The left sidebar contains navigation icons. The main area displays the 'cdb2 Topology' with a diagram showing 'Local copies' (185 Backups, 0 Clones) and 'Mirror copies' (185 Backups, 2 Clones). A 'Summary Card' on the right shows: 370 Backups, 16 Data Backups, 354 Log Backups, and 2 Clones. Below this is a table of 'Secondary Mirror Backup(s)'.

Backup Name	Count	Type	IF	End Date	Verified	Mounted	RMAN Cataloged	SCN
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_18.20.04.1177_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 6:20:13 PM	Not Applicable	True	Not Cataloged	5994710
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_18.00.01.2424_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 6:00:09 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5992079
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_17.00.01.1566_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 5:00:20 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5988842
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_16.00.01.2156_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 4:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5985272
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_15.00.01.1317_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 3:00:10 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5982003
rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_1	1	Log		09/17/2021 2:35:21 PM	Not Applicable	False	Not Cataloged	5980629
rhel2_cdb2_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_0	1	Data		09/17/2021 2:35:12 PM	Unverified	False	Not Cataloged	5980588

Total 3

6. Select a unique clone DB ID on the host.

The screenshot shows the 'Clone from cdb2' wizard. The left sidebar has steps: 1 Name, 2 Locations, 3 Credentials, 4 PreOps, 5 PostOps, 6 Notification, 7 Summary. The main area is for 'Complete Database Clone'.

Clone SID: cdb2dr

Exclude PDBs: Type to find PDBs

Secondary storage location : Snap Vault / Snap Mirror

Data

Source Volume	Destination Volume
svm_onPrem:rhel2_u02	svm_hybridcvo:rhel2_u02_dr

Logs

Source Volume	Destination Volume
svm_onPrem:rhel2_u03	svm_hybridcvo:rhel2_u03_dr

Buttons: Previous, Next

7. Provision a log volume and mount it to the target DR server for the Oracle flash recovery area and online logs.

ONTAP System Manager

Search actions, objects, and pages

DASHBOARD

STORAGE

Overview

Applications

Volumes

LUNS

Shares

Qtrees

Quotas

Storage VMs

Tiers

NETWORK

EVENTS & JOBS

PROTECTION

HOSTS

Volumes

+ Add

More

	Name	Storage VM	Status	Capacity
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ora_standby_u01	svm_hybridcvo	Online	12.3 GB used 17.7 GB available 31.6 GB
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rhel2_u01_dr	svm_hybridcvo	Online	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rhel2_u02_dr	svm_hybridcvo	Online	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rhel2_u02_dr0917211608119360	svm_hybridcvo	Online	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rhel2_u02_dr0917211703534863	svm_hybridcvo	Online	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rhel2_u03_dr	svm_hybridcvo	Online	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rhel2_u03_dr0917211824574775	svm_hybridcvo	Online	

Add Volume

NAME

ora_standby_u03

CAPACITY

20

GB

More Options

Cancel

Save

8. Select the target clone host and location to place the data files, control files, and redo logs.

Clone from cdb2

1

Name

2

Locations

3

Credentials

4

PreOps

5

PostOps

6

Notification

7

Summary

Select the host to create a clone

Clone host
ora-standby.demo.netapp.com

Datafile locations ⓘ

/u02_cdb2dr
Reset

Control files ⓘ

/u02_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/control/control01.ctl
/u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/control/control02.ctl
Reset

Redo logs ⓘ

Group	Size	Unit	Number of files
<div> RedoGroup 1 </div>	200	MB	1
/u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/redolog/redo03.log			
<div> RedoGroup 2 </div>	200	MB	1

Reset

Previous
Next

9. Select the credentials for the clone. Fill in the details of the Oracle home configuration on the target server.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

Database Credentials for the clone

Credential name for sys user

None

+

i

Database port

1521

Oracle Home Settings

i

Oracle Home

/u01/app/oracle/product/19800/cdb2

Oracle OS User

oracle

Oracle OS Group

oinstall

Previous

Next

10. Specify the scripts to run before cloning. Database parameters can be adjusted if needed.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

Specify scripts to run before clone operation

Prescript full path

/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/scripts/

Enter Prescript path

Arguments

Script timeout

60

secs

Database Parameter settings

audit_file_dest	/u01/app/oracle/admin/cdb2dr/adump	X
audit_trail	DB	X
open_cursors	300	X
pga_aggregate_target	1432354816	X

+

Reset

Previous

Next

11. Select Until Cancel as the recovery option so that the recovery runs through all available archive logs to recoup the last transaction replicated to the secondary cloud location.

Clone from cdb2

X

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

☒ Recover Database

☒ Until Cancel*i*

☐ Date and Time

i

Date-time format: MM/DD/YYYY hh:mm:ss

☐ Until SCN (System Change Number)

Specify external archive log locations

i

/var/opt/snapcenter/sco/backup_mount/rhel2_cdb2_log_09-17-2021_18.20.04.1177_1/cdb2/1/orareco/CDB2/archivelog/

☒ Create new DBID*i*

☒ Create tempfile for temporary tablespace*i*

Enter SQL queries to apply when clone is created

Enter scripts to run after clone operation*i*

Previous

Next

12. Configure the SMTP server for email notification if needed.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

Provide email settings ⓘ

Email preference

Never

From

From email

To

Email to

Subject

Notification

☐ Attach job report

⚠

If you want to send notifications for Clone jobs, an SMTP server must be configured. Continue to the Summary page to save your information, and then go to Settings>Global Settings>Notification Server Settings to configure the SMTP server.

✕

Previous

Next

13. DR clone summary.

Clone from cdb2

1 Name

2 Locations

3 Credentials

4 PreOps

5 PostOps

6 Notification

7 Summary

Summary

Clone from backup

rhe12_cdb2_09-17-2021_14.35.01.4997_0

Clone SID

cdb2dr

Clone server

ora-standby.demo.netapp.com

Exclude PDBs

none

Oracle home

/u01/app/oracle/product/19800/cdb2

Oracle OS user

oracle

Oracle OS group

oinstall

Datafile mountpaths

/u02_cdb2dr

Control files

/u02_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/control/control01.ctl

/u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/control/control02.ctl

Redo groups

RedoGroup =1 TotalSize =200 Path =/u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/redolog/redo03.log

RedoGroup =2 TotalSize =200 Path =/u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/redolog/redo02.log

RedoGroup =3 TotalSize =200 Path =/u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr/redolog/redo01.log

Recovery scope

Until Cancel

Prescript full path

none

Prescript arguments

Postscript full path

none

Postscript arguments

Previous

Finish

- Cloned DBs are registered with SnapCenter immediately after clone completion and are then available for backup protection.

NetApp SnapCenter®

demo/oradb

App Backup and Clone Admin

Sign Out

Dashboard

Resources

Monitor

Reports

Hosts

Storage Systems

Settings

Alerts

Oracle Database

View Database

Search databases

Name	Oracle Database Type	Host/Cluster	Resource Group	Policies	Last Backup	Overall Status
cdb2	Single Instance (Multitenant)	rhe12.demo.netapp.com	rhe12_cdb2 rhe12_cdb2_log	Oracle Archive Log Backup Oracle Full Online Backup	09/17/2021 7:00:10 PM	Backup succeeded
cdb2dev	Single Instance (Multitenant)	ora-standby.demo.netapp.com				Not protected
cdb2dr	Single Instance (Multitenant)	ora-standby.demo.netapp.com				Not protected
cdb2test	Single Instance (Multitenant)	ora-standby.demo.netapp.com				Not protected

Post DR clone validation and configuration for Oracle

- Validate the last test transaction that has been flushed, replicated, and recovered at the DR location in the cloud.

```

oracle@ora-standby:/u01/app/oracle/product/19800/cdb2/dbs
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.3.0.0.0

SQL> set lin 200
SQL> select instance_name, host_name from v$instance;

INSTANCE_NAME      HOST_NAME
-----
cdb2dr             ora-standby.demo.netapp.com

SQL> alter pluggable database cdb2_pdb1 open;

Pluggable database altered.

SQL> alter session set container=cdb2_pdb1;

Session altered.

SQL> select * from pdbadmin.dr_test;

      ID
-----
EVENT
-----
DT
-----
1
testing DB clone for DR and roll forward DB to last available log
17-SEP-21 02.12.13.000000 PM

SQL>

```

2. Configure the flash recovery area.

```

oracle@ora-standby:/u01/app/oracle/product/19800/cdb2/dbs
[oracle@ora-standby: dbs]$ sqlplus / as sysdba

SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Fri Sep 17 22:07:11 2021
Version 19.3.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.3.0.0.0

SQL> show parameter db_recovery_file_dest

NAME                                 TYPE      VALUE
-----
db_recovery_file_dest               string    /u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr
db_recovery_file_dest_size          big integer 17208M
SQL> alter system set db_recovery_file_dest='/u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr' scope=both;

System altered.

SQL> show parameter db_recovery_file_dest

NAME                                 TYPE      VALUE
-----
db_recovery_file_dest               string    /u03_cdb2dr/cdb2dr
db_recovery_file_dest_size          big integer 17208M
SQL>

```

3. Configure the Oracle listener for user access.
4. Split the cloned volume off of the replicated source volume.
5. Reverse replication from the cloud to on-premises and rebuild the failed on-premises database server.



Clone split may incur temporary storage space utilization that is much higher than normal operation. However, after the on-premises DB server is rebuilt, extra space can be released.

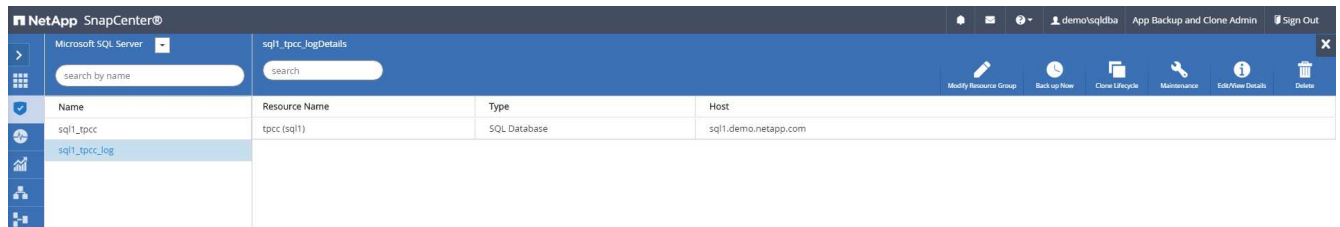
Clone an on-premises SQL production DB to cloud for DR

1. Similarly, to validate that the SQL clone recovery ran through last available log, we created a small test table and inserted a row. The test data would be recovered after a full recovery to the last available log.

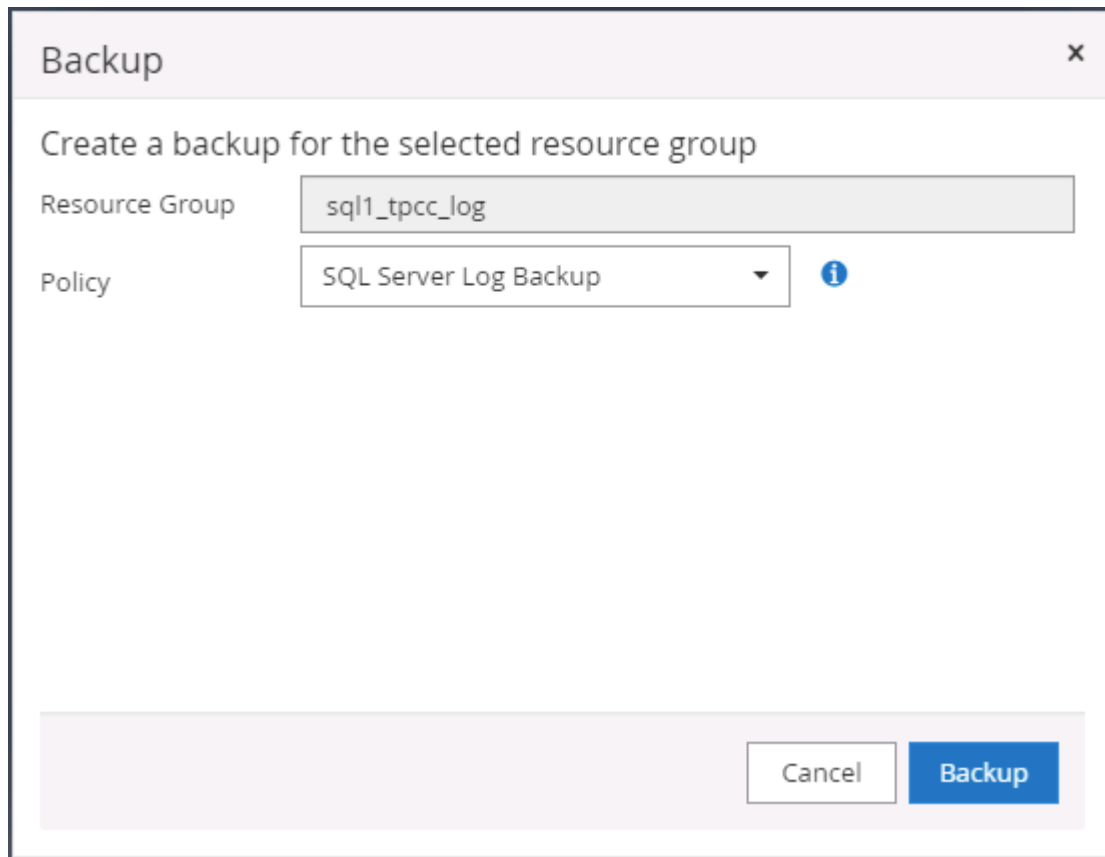
```
Administrator Command Prompt - sqlcmd - SQLCMD
C:\Users\administrator.DEMO>sqlcmd
1> select host_name()
2> go

-----
SQL1
(1 rows affected)
1> use tpcc
2> go
Changed database context to 'tpcc'.
1> insert into snap_sync values ('test snap mirror DR for SQL', getdate())
2> go
(1 rows affected)
1> select * from snap_sync
2> go
event                                         dt
-----
test snap mirror DR for SQL                  2021-09-20 14:23:04.533
(1 rows affected)
1>
```

2. Log into SnapCenter with a database management user ID for SQL Server. Navigate to the Resources tab, which shows the SQL Server protection resources group.



3. Manually run a log backup to flush the last transaction to be replicated to secondary storage in the public cloud.



4. Select the last full SQL Server backup for the clone.

NetApp SnapCenter®

Microsoft SQL Server

tpcc (sql1) Topology

search by name

Manage Copies

7 Backups
0 Clones
Local copies

7 Backups
2 Clones
Mirror copies

Summary Card

14 Backups
2 Clones

Secondary Mirror Backup(s)

search

Backup Name	Count	Type	if	End Date	Verified
sql1_tpcc_09-19-2021_18.25.01.4134	1	Full backup		09/19/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-18-2021_18.25.01.3963	1	Full backup		09/18/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified
sql1_tpcc_09-17-2021_18.25.01.4218	1	Full backup		09/17/2021 6:25:05 PM	Unverified

- Set the clone setting such as the Clone Server, Clone Instance, Clone Name, and mount option. The secondary storage location where cloning is performed is auto-populated.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Clone settings

Clone server: sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Clone instance: sql-standby

Clone name: tpcc_dr

Choose mount option

☒ Auto assign mount point

☐ Auto assign volume mount point under path: full file path

Secondary storage location : Snap Vault / Snap Mirror

Source Volume	Destination Volume
svm_onPrem:sql1_data	svm_hybridcvo:sql1_data_dr
svm_onPrem:sql1_log	svm_hybridcvo:sql1_log_dr

Previous Next

- Select all log backups to be applied.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Choose logs

☒ All log backups

☐ By log backups until

9/19/2021 6:25:10 PM

☐ By specific date until

09/19/2021 6:25:05 PM

☐ None

Previous

Next

7. Specify any optional scripts to run before or after cloning.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Specify optional scripts to run before and after performing a clone from backup job

Prescript full path

Prescript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Postscript full path

Postscript arguments

Choose optional arguments...

Script timeout

60

secs

Previous

Next

8. Specify an SMTP server if email notification is desired.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Provide email settings ⓘ

Email preference

Never

From

From email

To

Email to

Subject

Notification

☐ Attach Job Report

⚠ If you want to send notifications for Clone jobs, an SMTP server must be configured. Continue to the Summary page to save your information, and then go to Settings>Global Settings>Notification Server Settings to configure the SMTP server.

×

Previous

Next

9. DR clone summary. Cloned databases are immediately registered with SnapCenter and available for backup protection.

Clone from backup

1 Clone Options

2 Logs

3 Script

4 Notification

5 Summary

Summary

Clone server

sql-standby.demo.netapp.com

Clone instance

sql-standby

Clone name

tpcc_dr

Mount option

Auto Mount

Prescript full path

None

Prescript arguments

Postscript full path

None

Postscript arguments

Send email

No

Previous

Finish

NetApp SnapCenter®							
Microsoft SQL Server							
View Database search by name							
Resources	Name	Instance	Host	Last Backup	Overall Status	Type	
Monitor	master	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
	model	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
	msdb	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
	tempdb	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
Storage Systems	tpcc	sql1	sql1.demo.netapp.com	09/22/2021 5:35:08 PM	Backup failed, Schedules on hold	User database	
	master	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
	model	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
	msdb	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
Alerts	tempdb	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not available for backup	System database	
	tpcc_clone	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not protected	User database	
	tpcc_dev	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not protected	User database	
	tpcc_dr	sql-standby	sql-standby.demo.netapp.com		Not protected	User database	

Post DR clone validation and configuration for SQL

1. Monitor clone job status.

NetApp SnapCenter®							
Jobs Schedules Events Logs							
search by name							
Resources	Jobs - Filter						
Monitor	ID	Status	Name	Start date	End date	Owner	
Reports	1052	✓	Clone from backup 'sql1_tpcc_09-19-2021_18.25.01.4134'	09/20/2021 2:36:17 PM	09/20/2021 2:37:06 PM	demo/sqlqdba	
	1047	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/20/2021 2:35:01 PM	09/20/2021 2:37:08 PM	demo/sqlqdba	
	1045	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/20/2021 2:28:17 PM	09/20/2021 2:30:25 PM	demo/sqlqdba	
	1044	✓	Clone from backup 'sql1_tpcc_09-17-2021_18.25.01.4218'	09/20/2021 1:39:24 PM	09/20/2021 1:40:09 PM	demo/sqlqdba	
Storage Systems	1042	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/20/2021 1:35:01 PM	09/20/2021 1:37:08 PM	demo/sqlqdba	
	1040	✓	Backup of Resource Group 'sql1_tpcc_log' with policy 'SQL Server Log Backup'	09/20/2021 12:35:01 PM	09/20/2021 12:37:08 PM	demo/sqlqdba	

2. Validate that last transaction has been replicated and recovered with all log file clones and recovery.


```
Administrator: Command Prompt - sqlcmd - SQLCMD
C:\Users\administrator.DEMO>sqlcmd
1> select host_name()
2> go

-----
SQL-STANDBY
(1 rows affected)
1> use tpcc_dr
2> go
Changed database context to 'tpcc_dr'.
1> select * from snap_sync
2> go
event dt
-----
test snap mirror DR for SQL          2021-09-20 14:23:04.533
(1 rows affected)
1> select getdate()
2> go

-----
2021-09-20 14:39:19.937
(1 rows affected)
1> _
```

3. Configure a new SnapCenter log directory on the DR server for SQL Server log backup.
4. Split the cloned volume off of the replicated source volume.
5. Reverse replication from the cloud to on-premises and rebuild the failed on-premises database server.

Where to go for help?

If you need help with this solution and use cases, please join the [NetApp Solution Automation community support Slack channel](#) and look for the solution-automation channel to post your questions or inquiries.

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