

Customer scenarios

NetApp Solutions NetApp April 26, 2024

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/netapp-solutions/xcp/xcp-bp-customer-scenarios-overview.html on April 26, 2024. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Customer scenarios

Overview

This section describes customer scenarios and their architectures.

Data lake to ONTAP NFS

This use case is based on the largest financial customer proof of concept (CPOC) that we have done. Historically, we used the NetApp In-Place Analytics Module (NIPAM) to move analytics data to NetApp ONTAP AI. However, because of recent enhancements and the improved performance of NetApp XCP as well as the unique NetApp data mover solution approach, we reran the data migration using NetApp XCP.

Customer challenges and requirements

Customer challenges and requirements that are worth noting include the following:

- Customers have different types of data, including structured, unstructured, and semistructured data, logs, and machine-to-machine data in data lakes. Al systems require all these types of data to process for prediction operations. When data is in a data lake-native file system, it is difficult to process.
- The customer's AI architecture is not able to access data from Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) and Hadoop Compatible File System (HCFS), so the data is not available to AI operations. AI requires data in an understandable file system format such as NFS.
- Some special processes are required to move data from the data lake because of the large amount of data and high-throughput, and a cost-effective method is required to move the data to the AI system.

Data mover solution

In this solution, the MapR File System (MapR-FS) is created from local disks in the MapR cluster. The MapR NFS Gateway is configured on each data node with virtual IPs. The file server service stores and manages the MapR-FS data. NFS Gateway makes Map-FS data accessible from the NFS client through the virtual IP. An XCP instance is running on each MapR data node to transfer the data from the Map NFS Gateway to NetApp ONTAP NFS. Each XCP instance transfers a specific set of source folders to the destination location.

The following figure illustrates the NetApp data mover solution for MapR cluster using XCP.



For detailed customer use cases, recorded demos, and test results, see the Using XCP to Move Data from a Data Lake and High-Performance Computing to ONTAP NFS blog.

For detailed steps on moving MapR-FS data into ONTAP NFS by using NetApp XCP, see Appendix B in TR-4732: Big Data Analytics Data to Artificial Intelligence.

High-performance computing to ONTAP NFS

This use case is based on requests from field organizations. Some NetApp customers have their data in a high-performance computing environment, which provides data analytics for training models and enables research organizations to gain insight and understanding of large amount of digital data. NetApp field engineers need a detailed procedure to extract the data from IBM's GPFS to NFS. We used NetApp XCP to migrate the data from GPFS to NFS so that GPUs can process the data. Al typically processes data from a network file system.

For more information about the high-performance computing to ONTAP NFS use case, a recorded demo, and test results, see the Using XCP to Move Data from a Data Lake and High-Performance Computing to ONTAP NFS blog.

For detailed steps on moving MapR-FS data into ONTAP NFS by using NetApp XCP, see Appendix A: GPFS to NFS—Detailed Steps in TR-4732: Big Data Analytics Data to Artificial Intelligence.

Using the XCP Data Mover to migrate millions of small files to flexible storage

This use case is based on the largest NetApp tourism industry customer for on-premisesto-cloud data migration. Because COVID-19 has reduced demand in the travel industry, customers want to save capital expenses on high-end storage in their on-premises environment for the demand pricing application. This customer has a tight SLA to migrate millions of small files to the cloud.

The following figure depicts data migration from on-premises to Azure NetApp Files for small files.



For more information, see the NetApp XCP Data Mover Solution: On Premises to Cloud blog.

Using the XCP Data Mover to migrate large files

This use case is based on a television network customer. The customer wanted to migrate Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN) backup files to the cloud and run the Oracle E-Business Suite (EBS) application by using Azure NetApp Files with Pacemaker software. The customer also wanted to migrate their database backup files to on-demand cloud storage and transfer large files (in the range of 25GB to 50GB each) to Azure.

The following figure illustrates the data migration from on-premises to Azure NetApp Files for large files.

For more information, see the NetApp XCP Data Mover Solution: On Premises to Cloud blog.

Duplicate files

NetApp received a request to find duplicate files from a single volume or multiple volumes. NetApp provided the following solution.

For single volume, run the following commands:

```
[root@mastr-51 linux]# ./xcp -md5 -match 'type==f and nlinks==1 and size
!= 0' 10.63.150.213:/common volume/nfsconnector hw cert/ | sort | uniq -cd
--check-chars=32
XCP 1.5; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to Calin Salagean [NetApp Inc]
until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
176,380 scanned, 138,116 matched, 138,115 summed, 10 giants, 61.1 GiB in
(763 MiB/s), 172 MiB out (2.57 MiB/s), 1m5s
Filtered: 38264 did not match
176,380 scanned, 138,116 matched, 138,116 summed, 10 giants, 62.1 GiB in
(918 MiB/s), 174 MiB out (2.51 MiB/s), 1m9s.
      3 00004964ca155eca1a71d0949c82e37e
nfsconnector hw cert/grid 01082017 174316/0/hadoopge/accumulo/shell/pom.xm
1
      2 000103fbed06d8071410c59047738389
nfsconnector hw cert/usr hdp/2.5.3.0-37/hive2/doc/examples/files/dim-
data.txt
      2 000131053a46d67557d27bb678d5d4a1
nfsconnector hw cert/grid 01082017 174316/0/log/cluster/mahout 1/artifacts
/classifier/20news reduceddata/20news-bydate-test/alt.atheism/53265
```

For multiple volumes, run the following commands:

```
[root@mastr-51 linux]# cat multiplevolume duplicate.sh
#! /usr/bin/bash
#user input
JUNCTION PATHS='/nc volume1 /nc volume2 /nc volume3 /oplogarchivevolume'
NFS DATA LIF='10.63.150.213'
#xcp operation
for i in $JUNCTION PATHS
do
echo "start - $i" >> /tmp/duplicate results
/usr/src/xcp/linux/xcp -md5 -match 'type==f and nlinks==1 and size != 0'
${NFS DATA LIF}:$i | sort | uniq -cd --check-chars=32 | tee -a
/tmp/duplicate results
echo "end - $i" >> /tmp/duplicate results
done
[root@mastr-51 linux]# nohup bash +x multiplevolume duplicate.sh &
[root@mastr-51 linux]# cat /tmp/duplicate results
```

Specific date-based scan and copy of data

This solution is based on a customer who needs to copy data based on a specific date. Verify the following details:

```
Created a file in Y: and checked the scan command to list them.
c:\XCP>dir Y:\karthik test
Volume in drive Y is from
Volume Serial Number is 80F1-E201
Directory of Y:\karthik test
05/26/2020 02:51 PM <DIR>
05/26/2020 02:50 PM <DIR>
                                      . .
05/26/2020 02:51 PM
                               2,295 testfile.txt
              1 File(s)
                                2,295 bytes
              2 Dir(s) 658,747,392 bytes free
c:\XCP>
c:\XCP>xcp scan -match "strftime(ctime,'%Y-%m-%d')>'2020-05-01'" -fmt
"'{},{}'.format(iso(mtime),name)" Y:\
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to Calin Salagean [NetApp
Inc] until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
It appears that you are not running XCP as Administrator. To avoid access
issues please run XCP as Administrator.
2020-05-26 14:51:13.132465,testfile.txt
2020-05-26 14:51:00.074216, karthik test
xcp scan -match strftime(ctime,'%Y-%m-%d')>'2020-05-01' -fmt
'{},{}'.format(iso(mtime),name) Y:\ : PASSED
30,205 scanned, 2 matched, 0 errors
Total Time : 4s
STATUS : PASSED
Copy the files based on date (2020 YearMay month first date) from Y: to
Ζ:
c:\XCP>xcp copy -match "strftime(ctime,'%Y-%m-%d')>'2020-05-01'" Y:
Z:\dest karthik
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to Calin Salagean [NetApp
Inc] until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
It appears that you are not running XCP as Administrator. To avoid access
```

```
issues please run XCP as Administrator.
30,205 scanned, 3 matched, 0 copied, 0 errors, 5s
xcp copy -match strftime(ctime,'%Y-%m-%d')>'2020-05-01' Y: Z:\dest karthik
: PASSED
30,205 scanned, 3 matched, 2 copied, 0 errors
Total Time : 6s
STATUS : PASSED
c:\XCP>
Check the destination Z:
c:\XCP>dir Z:\dest karthik\karthik test
Volume in drive Z is to
Volume Serial Number is 80F1-E202
Directory of Z:\dest karthik\karthik test
05/26/2020 02:51 PM <DIR>
                                      •
05/26/2020 02:50 PM <DIR>
                                      . .
05/26/2020 02:51 PM
                              2,295 testfile.txt
              1 File(s)
                               2,295 bytes
              2 Dir(s) 659,316,736 bytes free
c:\XCP>
```

Creating a CSV file from SMB/CIFS share

The following command dumps data in the CSV format. You can sum up the size column to get the total size of the data.

```
xcp scan -match "((now-x.atime) / 3600) > 31*day" -fmt "'{}, {}, {},
{}'.format(relpath, name, strftime(x.atime, '%y-%m-%d-%H:%M:%S'),
humanize_size(size))" -preserve-atime >file.csv
```

The output should look similar to this example:

```
erase\report_av_fp_cdot_crosstab.csvreport_av_fp_cdot_crosstab.csv20-01-
29-10:26:2449.6MiB
```

To scan up to the depth of three subdirectories and provide the result in sorting order, run the xcp -du command and dump the size at each directory level up to the depth of three subdirectories.

./xcp scan -du -depth 3 NFS Server IP:/source_vol

To sort, dump the information to a CSV file and sort the information.

xcp scan -match "type == d" -depth 3 -fmt "'{}, {}, {}, {}'.format(name, relpath, size)" NFS_Server_IP:/share > directory_report.csv

This is a custom report that uses the -fmt command. It scans all the directories and dumps the name of the directory, path, and size of directory into a CSV file. You can sort the size column from the spreadsheet application.

Data migration from 7-Mode to ONTAP

This section provides detailed steps for migrating data from NetApp Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode to ONTAP.

Transitioning 7-Mode NFSv3 storage to ONTAP for NFS data

This section provides the step-by-step procedure in the following table for transitioning a source 7-Mode NFSv3 export to an ONTAP system.

NetApp assumes that the source 7-Mode NFSv3 volume is exported and mounted on the client system and that XCP is already installed on a Linux system.

1. Verify that the target ONTAP system is healthy.

CLUSTER::> cluster show Health Eligibility Node ----- -----CLUSTER-01 true true CLUSTER-02 true true 2 entries were displayed. CLUSTER::> node show Node Health Eligibility Uptime Model Owner Location _____ _ ____ _____ _____ CLUSTER-01 true true 78 days 21:01 FAS8060 RTP CLUSTER-02 true true 78 days 20:50 FAS8060 RTP 2 entries were displayed. CLUSTER::> storage failover show Takeover Node Partner Possible State Description ----- ----- ------_____ CLUSTER-01 CLUSTER-02 true Connected to CLUSTER-02 CLUSTER-02 CLUSTER-01 true Connected to CLUSTER-01 2 entries were displayed.

2. Verify that at least one nonroot aggregate exists on the target system. The aggregate is normal.

CLUSTER::> storage aggregate show Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID Status ----- ----- ------ ----- ------ ------_____ aggr0 368.4GB 17.85GB 95% online 1 CLUSTER-01 raid_dp, normal aggr0_CLUSTER_02_0 368.4GB 17.85GB 95% online 1 CLUSTER-02 raid dp, normal source 1.23TB 1.10TB 11% online 6 CLUSTER-01 raid dp, normal 3 entries were displayed.

If there is no data aggregate, create a new one using the storage aggr create command.

3. Create a storage virtual machine (SVM) on the target cluster system.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver create -vserver dest -rootvolume dest root -aggregate
poc -rootvolume-security-style mixed
[Job 647] Job succeeded:
Vserver creation completed
Verify the security style and language settings of the source
Verify that the SVM was successfully created.
CLUSTER::> vserver show -vserver dest
                                    Vserver: dest
                               Vserver Type: data
                            Vserver Subtype: default
                               Vserver UUID: 91f6d786-0063-11e5-b114-
00a09853a969
                                Root Volume: dest root
                                  Aggregate: poc
                                 NIS Domain: -
                 Root Volume Security Style: mixed
                                LDAP Client: -
               Default Volume Language Code: C.UTF-8
                            Snapshot Policy: default
                                    Comment:
                               Quota Policy: default
                List of Aggregates Assigned: -
 Limit on Maximum Number of Volumes allowed: unlimited
                        Vserver Admin State: running
                  Vserver Operational State: running
   Vserver Operational State Stopped Reason: -
                          Allowed Protocols: nfs, cifs, fcp, iscsi, ndmp
                       Disallowed Protocols: -
            Is Vserver with Infinite Volume: false
                           QoS Policy Group: -
                                Config Lock: false
                               IPspace Name: Default
```

4. Remove the FCP, iSCSI, NDMP, and CIDS protocols from the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver remove-protocols -vserver dest -protocols fcp,iscsi,ndmp,cifs
```

Verify that NFS is the allowed protocol for this SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver show -vserver dest -fields allowed-protocols
vserver allowed-protocols
------ dest nfs
```

5. Create a new read-write data volume on the destination SVM. Verify that the security style, language settings, and capacity requirements match the source volume.

```
CLUSTER::> vol create -vserver dest -volume dest_nfs -aggregate poc
-size 150g -type RW -state online -security-style mixed
[Job 648] Job succeeded: Successful
```

6. Create a data LIF to serve NFS client requests.

```
CLUSTER::> network interface create -vserver dest -lif dest_lif -address
10.61.73.115 -netmask 255.255.255.0 -role data -data-protocol nfs -home
-node CLUSTER-01 -home-port e01
```

Verify that the LIF was successfully created.

CLUSTER::>	network int	erface show	-vserver dest		
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is					
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
	_				
dest					
	dest_lif				
		up/up	10.61.73.113/24	CLUSTER-01	eOi
true					

7. Create a static route with the SVM, if required.

```
CLUSTER::> network route create -vserver dest -destination 0.0.0.0/0 -gateway 192.168.100.111
```

Verify that the route was successfully created.

CLUSTER::> network route show -vserver source						
Vserver	Destination	Gateway	Metric			
dest		10 61 73 1	20			
	0.0.0.070	10.01./3.1	20			

8. Mount the target NFS data volume in the SVM namespace.

```
CLUSTER::> volume mount -vserver dest -volume dest_nfs -junction-path /dest nfs -active true
```

Verify that the volume is successfully mounted.

```
CLUSTER::> volume show -vserver dest -fields junction-path
vserver volume junction-path
------
dest dest_nfs /dest_nfs
dest dest_root
/
2 entries were displayed.
```

You can also specify volume mount options (junction path) with the volume create command.

9. Start the NFS service on the target SVM.

CLUSTER::> vserver nfs start -vserver dest

Verify that the service is started and running.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver nfs status

The NFS server is running on Vserver "dest".

CLUSTER::> nfs show

Vserver: dest

General Access: true

v3: enabled

v4.0: disabled

4.1: disabled

UDP: enabled

TCP: enabled

Default Windows User: -

Default Windows Group: -
```

10. Verify that the default NFS export policy was applied to the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy show -vserver dest
Vserver Policy Name
------
dest default
```

11. If required, create a new custom export policy for the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy create -vserver dest -policyname xcpexportpolicy
```

Verify that the new custom export policy was successfully created.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy show -vserver dest

Vserver Policy Name

------

dest default

dest xcpexportpolicy

2 entries were displayed.
```

12. Modify the export policy rules to allow access to NFS clients.

```
CLUSTER::> export-policy rule modify -vserver dest -ruleindex 1
-policyname xcpexportpolicy -clientmatch 0.0.0.0/0 -rorule any -rwrule
any -anon 0
Verify the policy rules have modified
CLUSTER::> export-policy rule show -instance
                                    Vserver: dest
                                Policy Name: xcpexportpolicy
                                 Rule Index: 1
                            Access Protocol: nfs3
Client Match Hostname, IP Address, Netgroup, or Domain: 0.0.0.0/0
                             RO Access Rule: none
                             RW Access Rule: none
User ID To Which Anonymous Users Are Mapped: 65534
                   Superuser Security Types: none
               Honor SetUID Bits in SETATTR: true
                  Allow Creation of Devices: true
```

13. Verify that the client is allowed access to the volume.

CLUSTER::> export-policy check-access -vserver dest -volume dest nfs -client-ip 10.61.82.215 -authentication-method none -protocol nfs3 -access-type read-write Policy Policy Rule Path Owner Type Index Policy Owner Access _____ _____ / xcpexportpolicy dest root volume 1 read /dest nfs xcpexportpolicy dest nfs volume 1 read-write 2 entries were displayed.

14. Connect to the Linux NFS server. Create a mount point for the NFS exported volume.

```
[root@localhost /]# cd /mnt
[root@localhost mnt]# mkdir dest
```

15. Mount the target NFSv3 exported volume at this mount point.



The NFSv3 volumes should be exported but not necessarily mounted by the NFS server. If they can be mounted, the XCP Linux host client mounts these volumes.

[root@localhost mnt]# mount -t nfs 10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs /mnt/dest

Verify that the mount point was successfully created.

```
[root@ localhost /]# mount | grep nfs
10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs on /mnt/dest type nfs
(rw,relatime,vers=3,rsize=65536,wsize=65536,namlen=255,hard,proto=tcp,ti
meo=600,retrans=2,sec=sys,mountaddr=10.61.82.215,mountvers=3,mountport=4
046,mountproto=udp,local_lock=none,addr=10.61.73.115)
```

16. Create a test file on the NFS exported mount point to enable read-write access.

```
[root@localhost dest]# touch test.txt
Verify the file is created
[root@localhost dest]# ls -l
total 0
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin 0 Jun 2 03:16 test.txt
```



After the read-write test is complete, delete the file from the target NFS mount point.

17. Connect to the Linux client system in which XCP is installed. Browse to the XCP install path.

```
[root@localhost ~]# cd /linux/
[root@localhost linux]#
```

18. Query the source 7-Mode NFSv3 exports by running the xcp show command on the XCP Linux client host system.

```
[root@localhost]#./xcp show 10.61.82.215
== NFS Exports ==
Mounts Errors Server
     4
          0 10.61.82.215
            Files
                       Space
                               Files
    Space
     Free
             Free
                        Used
                               Used Export
 23.7 Gib 778,134 356 Kib
                                   96 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol1
  17.5 GiB 622,463 1.46 GiB
                                  117 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
  328 GiB 10.8M 2.86 GiB
                               7,904 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0/home
                               7,904 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0
  328 GiB
            10.8M 2.86 GiB
== Attributes of NFS Exports ==
drwxr-xr-x --- root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 2d21h 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol1
drwxr-xr-x --- root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 2d21h 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
drwxrwxrwx --t root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 9d22h 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0/home
drwxr-xr-x --- root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 4d0h 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0
3.89 KiB in (5.70 KiB/s), 7.96 KiB out (11.7 KiB/s), 0s.
```

19. Scan the source NFSv3 exported paths and print the statistics of their file structure.

NetApp recommends putting the source NFSv3 exports in read-only mode during xcp scan, copy, and sync operations.

```
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp scan 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
nfsvol
nfsvol/n5000-uk9.5.2.1.N1.1.bin
nfsvol/821_q_image.tgz
nfsvol/822RC2_q_image.tgz
nfsvol/Nx5010_12_node_RCF_v1.3.txt
nfsvol/n5000-uk9-kickstart.5.2.1.N1.1.bin
nfsvol/netApp_CN1610_1.1.0.5.stk
nfsvol/glibc-common-2.7-2.x86_64.rpm
nfsvol/glibc-2.7-2.x86_64.rpm
nfsvol/rhel-server-5.6-x86_64-dvd.iso.filepart
nfsvol/rhel-server-5.6-x86_64-dvd.iso.filepart
nfsvol/xcp
nfsvol/xcp_source
nfsvol/catalog
23 scanned, 7.79 KiB in (5.52 KiB/s), 1.51 KiB out (1.07 KiB/s), 1s.
```

20. Copy the source 7-Mode NFSv3 exports to NFSv3 exports on the target ONTAP system.

```
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp copy 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs
44 scanned, 39 copied, 264 MiB in (51.9 MiB/s), 262 MiB out (51.5
MiB/s), 5s
44 scanned, 39 copied, 481 MiB in (43.3 MiB/s), 479 MiB out (43.4
MiB/s), 10s
44 scanned, 40 copied, 748 MiB in (51.2 MiB/s), 747 MiB out (51.3
MiB/s), 16s
44 scanned, 40 copied, 1.00 GiB in (55.9 MiB/s), 1.00 GiB out (55.9
MiB/s), 21s
44 scanned, 40 copied, 1.21 GiB in (42.8 MiB/s), 1.21 GiB out (42.8
MiB/s), 26s
Sending statistics...
44 scanned, 43 copied, 1.46 GiB in (47.6 MiB/s), 1.45 GiB out (47.6
MiB/s), 31s.
```

21. After the copy is finished, verify that the source and destination NFSv3 exports have identical data. Run the xcp verify command.

```
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp verify 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs
44 scanned, 44 found, 28 compared, 27 same data, 2.41 GiB in (98.4
MiB/s), 6.25 MiB out (255 KiB/s), 26s
44 scanned, 44 found, 30 compared, 29 same data, 2.88 GiB in (96.4
MiB/s), 7.46 MiB out (249 KiB/s), 31s
44 scanned, 100% found (43 have data), 43 compared, 100% verified (data,
attrs, mods), 2.90 GiB in (92.6 MiB/s), 7.53 MiB out (240 KiB/s), 32s.
```

If xcp verify finds differences between the source and destination data, then the error no such file or directory is reported in the summary. To fix that issue, run the xcp sync command to copy the source changes to the destination.

22. Before and during the cutover, run verify again. If the source has new or updated data, then perform incremental updates. Run the xcp sync command.

```
For this operation, the previous copy index name or number is required.
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp sync -id 3
Index: {source: '10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol', target:
'10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs1'}
64 reviewed, 64 checked at source, 6 changes, 6 modifications, 51.7 KiB
in (62.5 KiB/s), 22.7 KiB out (27.5 KiB/s), 0s.
xcp: sync '3': Starting search pass for 1 modified directory...
xcp: sync '3': Found 6 indexed files in the 1 changed directory
xcp: sync '3': Rereading the 1 modified directory to find what's new...
xcp: sync '3': Deep scanning the 1 directory that changed...
11 scanned, 11 copied, 12.6KiB in (6.19KiBps), 9.50 KiB out (4.66KiBps),
2s.
```

23. To resume a previously interrupted copy operation, run the xcp resume command.

```
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp resume -id 4
Index: {source: '10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol', target:
'10.61.73.115:/dest nfs7'}
xcp: resume '4': WARNING: Incomplete index.
xcp: resume '4': Found 18 completed directories and 1 in progress
106 reviewed, 24.2 KiB in (30.3 KiB/s), 7.23 KiB out (9.06 KiB/s), 0s.
xcp: resume '4': Starting second pass for the in-progress directory...
xcp: resume '4': Found 3 indexed directories and 0 indexed files in the
1 in-progress directory
xcp: resume '4': In progress dirs: unindexed 1, indexed 0
xcp: resume '4': Resuming the 1 in-progress directory...
 20 scanned, 7 copied, 205 MiB in (39.6 MiB/s), 205 MiB out (39.6
MiB/s), 5s
 20 scanned, 14 copied, 425 MiB in (42.1 MiB/s), 423 MiB out (41.8
MiB/s), 11s
 20 scanned, 14 copied, 540 MiB in (23.0 MiB/s), 538 MiB out (23.0
MiB/s), 16s
 20 scanned, 14 copied, 721 MiB in (35.6 MiB/s), 720 MiB out (35.6
MiB/s), 21s
 20 scanned, 15 copied, 835 MiB in (22.7 MiB/s), 833 MiB out (22.7
MiB/s), 26s
 20 scanned, 16 copied, 1007 MiB in (34.3 MiB/s), 1005 MiB out (34.3
MiB/s), 31s
 20 scanned, 17 copied, 1.15 GiB in (33.9 MiB/s), 1.15 GiB out (33.9
MiB/s), 36s
 20 scanned, 17 copied, 1.27 GiB in (25.5 MiB/s), 1.27 GiB out (25.5
MiB/s), 41s
 20 scanned, 17 copied, 1.45 GiB in (36.1 MiB/s), 1.45 GiB out (36.1
MiB/s), 46s
 20 scanned, 17 copied, 1.69 GiB in (48.7 MiB/s), 1.69 GiB out (48.7
MiB/s), 51s
Sending statistics...
20 scanned, 20 copied, 21 indexed, 1.77 GiB in (33.5 MiB/s), 1.77 GiB
out (33.4 MiB/s), 54s.
```

After resume finishes copying files, run verify again so that the source and destination storage have identical data.

24. The NFSv3 client host needs to unmount the source NFSv3 exports provisioned from the 7-Mode storage and mounts the target NFSv3 exports from ONTAP. Cutover requires an outage.

Transitioning 7-Mode volume Snapshot copies to ONTAP

This section covers the procedure for transitioning a source 7-Mode volume NetApp Snapshot copy to ONTAP.



NetApp assumes that the source 7-Mode volume is exported and mounted on the client system and that XCP is already installed on a Linux system. A Snapshot copy is a point-in-time image of a volume that records incremental changes since the last Snapshot copy. Use the -snap option with a 7-Mode system as the source.

Warning: Keep the base Snapshot copy. Do not delete the base Snapshot copy after the baseline copy is complete. The base Snapshot copy is required for further sync operations.

1. Verify that the target ONTAP system is healthy.

```
CLUSTER::> cluster show
          Health Eligibility
Node
----- -----
CLUSTER-01 true true
CLUSTER-02 true true
2 entries were displayed.
CLUSTER::> node show
Node Health Eligibility Uptime Model Owner Location
_____
CLUSTER-01
      true true 78 days 21:01 FAS8060
                                               RTP
CLUSTER-02
      true true 78 days 20:50 FAS8060
                                               RTP
2 entries were displayed.
CLUSTER::> storage failover show
                      Takeover
Node Partner Possible State Description
----- ----- ------
 -----
CLUSTER-01CLUSTER-02trueConnected to CLUSTER-02CLUSTER-02CLUSTER-01trueConnected to CLUSTER-01
2 entries were displayed.
```

2. Verify that at least one nonroot aggregate exists on the target system. The aggregate is normal.

CLUSTER::> storage aggregate show Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID Status ----- ----- ------ ----- ------ ------_____ aggr0 368.4GB 17.85GB 95% online 1 CLUSTER-01 raid dp, normal aggr0_CLUSTER 02_0 368.4GB 17.85GB 95% online 1 CLUSTER-02 raid dp, normal source 1.23TB 1.10TB 11% online 6 CLUSTER-01 raid dp, normal 3 entries were displayed.

If there is no data aggregate, create a new one using the storage aggr create command.

3. Create an SVM on the target cluster system.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver create -vserver dest -rootvolume dest root -aggregate
poc -rootvolume-security-style mixed
[Job 647] Job succeeded:
Vserver creation completed
Verify the security style and language settings of the source
Verify that the SVM was successfully created.
CLUSTER::> vserver show -vserver dest
                                    Vserver: dest
                               Vserver Type: data
                            Vserver Subtype: default
                               Vserver UUID: 91f6d786-0063-11e5-b114-
00a09853a969
                                Root Volume: dest root
                                  Aggregate: poc
                                 NIS Domain: -
                 Root Volume Security Style: mixed
                                LDAP Client: -
               Default Volume Language Code: C.UTF-8
                            Snapshot Policy: default
                                    Comment:
                               Quota Policy: default
                List of Aggregates Assigned: -
 Limit on Maximum Number of Volumes allowed: unlimited
                        Vserver Admin State: running
                  Vserver Operational State: running
   Vserver Operational State Stopped Reason: -
                          Allowed Protocols: nfs, cifs, fcp, iscsi, ndmp
                       Disallowed Protocols: -
            Is Vserver with Infinite Volume: false
                           QoS Policy Group: -
                                Config Lock: false
                               IPspace Name: Default
```

4. Remove the FCP, iSCSI, NDMP, and CIFS protocols from the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver remove-protocols -vserver dest -protocols
fcp,iscsi,ndmp,cifs
Verify that NFS is the allowed protocol for this SVM.
CLUSTER::> vserver show -vserver dest -fields allowed-protocols
vserver allowed-protocols
------ dest nfs
```

5. Create a new read-write data volume on the destination SVM. Verify that the security style, language settings, and capacity requirements match the source volume.

```
CLUSTER::> vol create -vserver dest -volume dest_nfs -aggregate poc
-size 150g -type RW -state online -security-style mixed
[Job 648] Job succeeded: Successful
```

6. Create a data LIF to serve NFS client requests.

```
CLUSTER::> network interface create -vserver dest -lif dest_lif -address
10.61.73.115 -netmask 255.255.255.0 -role data -data-protocol nfs -home
-node CLUSTER-01 -home-port e01
```

Verify that the LIF was successfully created.

CLUSTER::> network interface show -vserver dest					
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is					
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
	_				
dest					
	dest_lif				
		up/up	10.61.73.113/24	CLUSTER-01	eOi
true					

7. If required, create a static route with the SVM.

CLUSTER::> network route create -vserver dest -destination 0.0.0.0/0 -gateway 192.168.100.111

Verify that the route was successfully created.

```
CLUSTER::> network route show -vserver source
Vserver Destination Gateway Metric
-----
dest
0.0.0.0/0 10.61.73.1 20
```

8. Mount the target NFS data volume in the SVM namespace.

```
CLUSTER::> volume mount -vserver dest -volume dest_nfs -junction-path /dest_nfs -active true
```

Verify that the volume was successfully mounted.

```
CLUSTER::> volume show -vserver dest -fields junction-path
vserver volume junction-path
------
dest dest_nfs /dest_nfs
dest dest_root
/
2 entries were displayed.
```

You can also specify the volume mount options (junction path) with the volume create command.

9. Start the NFS service on the target SVM.

CLUSTER::> vserver nfs start -vserver dest

Verify that the service is started and running.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver nfs status

The NFS server is running on Vserver "dest".

CLUSTER::> nfs show

Vserver: dest

General Access: true

v3: enabled

v4.0: disabled

4.1: disabled

UDP: enabled

TCP: enabled

Default Windows User: -

Default Windows Group: -
```

10. Verify that the default NFS export policy is applied to the target SVM.

CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy show -vserver dest Vserver Policy Name -----dest default 11. If required, create a new custom export policy for the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy create -vserver dest -policyname xcpexportpolicy
```

Verify that the new custom export policy was successfully created.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy show -vserver dest

Vserver Policy Name

------

dest default

dest xcpexportpolicy

2 entries were displayed.
```

12. Modify the export policy rules to allow access to NFS clients on the target system.

```
CLUSTER::> export-policy rule modify -vserver dest -ruleindex 1
-policyname xcpexportpolicy -clientmatch 0.0.0.0/0 -rorule any -rwrule
any -anon 0
Verify the policy rules have modified
CLUSTER::> export-policy rule show -instance
                                    Vserver: dest
                                Policy Name: xcpexportpolicy
                                 Rule Index: 1
                            Access Protocol: nfs3
Client Match Hostname, IP Address, Netgroup, or Domain: 0.0.0/0
                            RO Access Rule: none
                            RW Access Rule: none
User ID To Which Anonymous Users Are Mapped: 65534
                  Superuser Security Types: none
               Honor SetUID Bits in SETATTR: true
                  Allow Creation of Devices: true
```

13. Verify that the client has access to the target volume.

CLUSTER::> export-policy check-access -vserver dest -volume dest nfs -client-ip 10.61.82.215 -authentication-method none -protocol nfs3 -access-type read-write Policy Policy Rule Path Owner Type Index Policy Owner Access _____ ----- ----- ------ -----_____ / xcpexportpolicy dest root volume 1 read /dest nfs xcpexportpolicy dest nfs volume 1 read-write 2 entries were displayed.

14. Connect to the Linux NFS server. Create a mount point for the NFS exported volume.

```
[root@localhost /]# cd /mnt
[root@localhost mnt]# mkdir dest
```

15. Mount the target NFSv3 exported volume at this mount point.



The NFSv3 volumes should be exported but not necessarily mounted by the NFS server. If they can be mounted, the XCP Linux host client mounts these volumes.

[root@localhost mnt]# mount -t nfs 10.61.73.115:/dest nfs /mnt/dest

Verify that the mount point was successfully created.

```
[root@ localhost /]# mount | grep nfs
10.61.73.115:/dest nfs on /mnt/dest type nfs
```

16. Create a test file on the NFS exported mount point to enable read-write access.

```
[root@localhost dest]# touch test.txt
Verify the file is created
[root@localhost dest]# ls -l
total 0
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin 0 Jun 2 03:16 test.txt
```



After the read-write test is complete, delete the file from the target NFS mount point.

17. Connect to the Linux client system in which XCP is installed. Browse to the XCP install path.

```
[root@localhost ~]# cd /linux/
[root@localhost linux]#
```

18. Query the source 7-Mode NFSv3 exports by running the xcp show command on the XCP Linux client host system.

```
[root@localhost]#./xcp show 10.61.82.215
== NFS Exports ==
Mounts Errors Server
           0 10.61.82.215
      4
     Space
            Files
                        Space
                                 Files
      Free
             Free
                        Used
                                 Used Export
  23.7 GiB 778,134
                     356 KiB
                                    96 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol1
  17.5 GiB 622,463 1.46 GiB
                                   117 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
   328 GiB
            10.8M
                   2.86 GiB
                                 7,904 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0/home
   328 GiB
           10.8M 2.86 GiB
                                 7,904 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0
== Attributes of NFS Exports ==
drwxr-xr-x --- root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 2d21h 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol1
drwxr-xr-x --- root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 2d21h 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
drwxrwxrwx --t root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 9d22h 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0/home
drwxr-xr-x --- root wheel 4KiB 4KiB 4d0h 10.61.82.215:/vol/vol0
3.89 KiB in (5.70 KiB/s), 7.96 KiB out (11.7 KiB/s), 0s.
```

19. Scan the source NFSv3 exported paths and print the statistics of their file structure.

NetApp recommends putting the source NFSv3 exports in read-only mode during xcp scan, copy, and sync operations. In sync operation, you must pass the -snap option with a corresponding value.

```
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp scan 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol/.snapshot/snap1
nfsvol
nfsvol/n5000-uk9.5.2.1.N1.1.bin
nfsvol/821_q_image.tgz
nfsvol/822RC2_q_image.tgz
nfsvol/NX5010_12_node_RCF_v1.3.txt
nfsvol/n5000-uk9-kickstart.5.2.1.N1.1.bin
nfsvol/catalog
23 scanned, 7.79 KiB in (5.52 KiB/s), 1.51 KiB out (1.07 KiB/s), 1s.
[root@scspr1202780001 vol_acl4]# ./xcp sync -id 7msnap1 -snap
10.236.66.199:/vol/nfsvol/.snapshot/snap10
(show scan and sync)
```

20. Copy the source 7-Mode NFSv3 snapshot (base) to NFSv3 exports on the target ONTAP system.

```
[root@localhost /]# /xcp copy 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol/.snapshot/snap1
10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs
44 scanned, 39 copied, 264 MiB in (51.9 MiB/s), 262 MiB out (51.5
MiB/s), 5s
44 scanned, 39 copied, 481 MiB in (43.3 MiB/s), 479 MiB out (43.4
MiB/s), 10s
44 scanned, 40 copied, 748 MiB in (51.2 MiB/s), 747 MiB out (51.3
MiB/s), 16s
44 scanned, 40 copied, 1.00 GiB in (55.9 MiB/s), 1.00 GiB out (55.9
MiB/s), 21s
44 scanned, 40 copied, 1.21 GiB in (42.8 MiB/s), 1.21 GiB out (42.8
MiB/s), 26s
Sending statistics...
44 scanned, 43 copied, 1.46 GiB in (47.6 MiB/s), 1.45 GiB out (47.6
MiB/s), 31s.
```



Keep this base snapshot for further sync operations.

21. After copy is complete, verify that the source and destination NFSv3 exports have identical data. Run the xcp verify command.

```
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp verify 10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol
10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs
44 scanned, 44 found, 28 compared, 27 same data, 2.41 GiB in (98.4
MiB/s), 6.25 MiB out (255 KiB/s), 26s
44 scanned, 44 found, 30 compared, 29 same data, 2.88 GiB in (96.4
MiB/s), 7.46 MiB out (249 KiB/s), 31s
44 scanned, 100% found (43 have data), 43 compared, 100% verified (data,
attrs, mods), 2.90 GiB in (92.6 MiB/s), 7.53 MiB out (240 KiB/s), 32s.
```

If verify finds differences between the source and destination data, then the error no such file or directory `is reported in the summary. To fix that issue, run the `xcp sync command to copy the source changes to the destination.

22. Before and during the cutover, run verify again. If the source has new or updated data, then perform incremental updates. If there are incremental changes, create a new Snapshot copy for these changes and pass that snapshot path with the -snap option for sync operations.

Run the xcp sync command with the -snap option and snapshot path.

```
[root@localhost /]# ./xcp sync -id 3
Index: {source: '10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol/.snapshot/snap1', target:
'10.61.73.115:/dest_nfs1'}
64 reviewed, 64 checked at source, 6 changes, 6 modifications, 51.7 KiB
in (62.5
KiB/s), 22.7 KiB out (27.5 KiB/s), 0s.
xcp: sync '3': Starting search pass for 1 modified directory...
xcp: sync '3': Found 6 indexed files in the 1 changed directory
xcp: sync '3': Rereading the 1 modified directory to find what's new...
xcp: sync '3': Deep scanning the 1 directory that changed...
11 scanned, 11 copied, 12.6 KiB in (6.19 KiB/s), 9.50 KiB out (4.66
KiB/s), 2s..
```



For this operation, the base snapshot is required.

23. To resume a previously interrupted copy operation, run the xcp resume command.

```
[root@scspr1202780001 534h dest vol]# ./xcp resume -id 3
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxxxx [NetApp Inc]
until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
xcp: Index: {source: '10.61.82.215:/vol/nfsvol',/.snapshot/snap1,
target: 10.237.160.55:/dest vol}
xcp: resume '7msnap res1': Reviewing the incomplete index...
xcp: diff '7msnap res1': Found 143 completed directories and 230 in
progress
39,688 reviewed, 1.28 MiB in (1.84 MiB/s), 13.3 KiB out (19.1 KiB/s),
0s.
xcp: resume '7msnap res1': Starting second pass for the in-progress
directories...
xcp: resume '7msnap res1': Resuming the in-progress directories...
xcp: resume '7msnap res1': Resumed command: copy {-newid:
u'7msnap res1'}
xcp: resume '7msnap res1': Current options: {-id: '7msnap res1'}
xcp: resume '7msnap res1': Merged options: {-id: '7msnap res1', -newid:
u'7msnap res1'}
xcp: resume '7msnap res1': Values marked with a * include operations
before resume
 68,848 scanned*, 54,651 copied*, 39,688 indexed*, 35.6 MiB in (7.04
MiB/s), 28.1 MiB out (5.57 MiB/s), 5s
```

24. The NFSv3 client host must unmount the source NFSv3 exports provisioned from the 7-Mode storage and mount the target NFSv3 exports from ONTAP. This cutover requires an outage.

Migrating ACLv4 from NetApp 7-Mode to a NetApp storage system

This section covers the step-by-step procedure for transitioning a source NFSv4 export to an ONTAP system.



NetApp assumes that the source NFSv4 volume is exported and mounted on the client system and that XCP is already installed on a Linux system. The source should be a NetApp 7-Mode system that support ACLs. ACL migration is supported from NetApp to NetApp only. To copy files with a special character in the name, make sure the source and destination support UTF- 8 encoded language.

Prerequisites for migrating a source NFSv4 export to ONTAP

Before you migrate a source NFSv4 export to ONTAP, the following prerequisites must be met:

- The destination system must have NFSv4 configured.
- The NFSv4 source and target must be mounted on the XCP host. Select NFS v4.0 to match the source and target storage and verify that the ACLs are enabled on the source and target system.
- XCP requires the source/target path to be mounted on the XCP host for ACL processing. In the following example, vol1(10.63.5.56:/vol1) is mounted on the /mnt/vol1 path:

[root@localhost ~]# df -h Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on 10.63.5.56:/vol1 973M 4.2M 969M 1% /mnt/vol1 [root@localhost ~]# ./xcp scan -l -acl4 10.63.5.56:/vol1/ XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until Sun Mar 31 00:00:00 2029 drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 23h42m vol1 rw-r--r-- root root 4 0 23h42m vol1/DIR1/FILE drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 23h42m vol1/DIR1/DIR11 drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 23h42m vol1/DIR1 rw-r--r- --- root root 4 0 23h42m vol1/DIR1/DIR11/FILE drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 23h42m vol1/DIR1/DIR11/DIR2 rw-r--r-- root root 4 0 23h42m vol1/DIR1/DIR1/DIR2/FILE drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 17m43s vol1/DIR1/DIR1/DIR2/DIR22 8 scanned, 8 getacls, 1 v3perm, 7 acls, 3.80 KiB in (3.86 KiB/s), 1.21 KiB out (1.23 KiB/s), 0s.

Subdirectories options

The two options to work with subdirectories are as follows:

• For XCP to work on a subdirectory (/vol1/DIR1/DIR11), mount the complete path (10.63.5.56:/vol1/DIR1/DIR11) on the XCP host.

If the complete path is not mounted, XCP reports the following error:

```
[root@localhost ~]# ./xcp scan -l -acl4 10.63.5.56:/vol1/DIR1/DIR11
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until
Sun Mar 31 00:00:00 2029
xcp: ERROR: For xcp to process ACLs, please mount
10.63.5.56:/vol1/DIR1/DIR11 using the OS nfs4 client.
```

• Use the subdirectory syntax (mount: subdirectory/qtree/.snapshot), as shown in the example below:

```
[root@localhost ~]# ./xcp scan -l -acl4 10.63.5.56:/vol1:/DIR1/DIR11
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until
Sun Mar 31 00:00:00 2029
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 23h51m DIR11
rw-r--r- --- root root 4 0 23h51m DIR11/DIR2/FILE
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 26m9s DIR11/DIR2/DIR22
rw-r--r- --- root root 4 0 23h51m DIR11/DIR2/DIR22
rw-r--r- --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 23h51m DIR11/FILE
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 23h51m DIR11/DIR2
5 scanned, 5 getacls, 5 acls, 2.04 KiB in (3.22 KiB/s), 540 out (850/s),
0s.
```

Complete the following steps to migrate ACLv4 from NetApp 7-Mode to a NetApp storage system.

1. Verify that the target ONTAP system is healthy.

```
CLUSTER::> cluster show
           Health Eligibility
Node
----- -----
CLUSTER-01
                true
                     true
CLUSTER-02
               true true
2 entries were displayed.
CLUSTER::> node show
Node Health Eligibility Uptime Model Owner Location
_____ _ ____ _____
_____
CLUSTER-01
      true true 78 days 21:01 FAS8060
                                               RTP
CLUSTER-02
       true true 78 days 20:50 FAS8060
                                                RTP
2 entries were displayed.
CLUSTER::> storage failover show
                      Takeover
                   Possible State Description
Node
          Partner
_____ ____ ____
_____
CLUSTER-01CLUSTER-02trueConnected to CLUSTER-02CLUSTER-02CLUSTER-01trueConnected to CLUSTER-01
2 entries were displayed.
```

2. Verify that at least one nonroot aggregate exists on the target system. The aggregate is normal.

CLUSTER::> storage aggregate show Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID Status _____ aggr0 368.4GB 17.85GB 95% online 1 CLUSTER-01 raid dp, normal aggr0_CLUSTER_02_0 368.4GB 17.85GB 95% online 1 CLUSTER-02 raid dp, normal source 1.23TB 1.10TB 11% online 6 CLUSTER-01 raid dp, normal 3 entries were displayed.

If there is no data aggregate, create a new one using the storage aggr create command.

3. Create an SVM on the target cluster system.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver create -vserver dest -rootvolume dest_root -aggregate
poc -rootvolume-security-style mixed
[Job 647] Job succeeded:
Vserver creation completed
Verify the security style and language settings of the source
```

Verify that the SVM was successfully created.

CLUSTER::> vserver show -vserver dest Vserver: dest Vserver Type: data Vserver Subtype: default Vserver UUID: 91f6d786-0063-11e5-b114-00a09853a969 Root Volume: dest root Aggregate: poc NIS Domain: -Root Volume Security Style: mixed LDAP Client: -Default Volume Language Code: C.UTF-8 Snapshot Policy: default Comment: Quota Policy: default List of Aggregates Assigned: -Limit on Maximum Number of Volumes allowed: unlimited Vserver Admin State: running Vserver Operational State: running Vserver Operational State Stopped Reason: -Allowed Protocols: nfs, cifs, fcp, iscsi, ndmp Disallowed Protocols: -Is Vserver with Infinite Volume: false QoS Policy Group: -Config Lock: false IPspace Name: Default

4. Remove the FCP, iSCSI, NDMP, and CIFS protocols from the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver remove-protocols -vserver dest -protocols fcp,iscsi,ndmp,cifs
```

Verify that NFS is the allowed protocol for this SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver show -vserver dest -fields allowed-protocols
vserver allowed-protocols
------ dest nfs
```

5. Create a new read-write data volume on the destination SVM. Verify that the security style, language settings, and capacity requirements match the source volume.

```
CLUSTER::> vol create -vserver dest -volume dest_nfs -aggregate poc
-size 150g -type RW -state online -security-style mixed
[Job 648] Job succeeded: Successful
```

6. Create a data LIF to serve NFS client requests.

```
CLUSTER::> network interface create -vserver dest -lif dest_lif -address
10.61.73.115 -netmask 255.255.255.0 -role data -data-protocol nfs -home
-node CLUSTER-01 -home-port e01
```

Verify that the LIF was successfully created.

CLUSTER::> network interface show -vserver dest					
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is					
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
	-				
dest					
	dest_lif				
		up/up	10.61.73.113/24	CLUSTER-01	eOi
true					

7. If required, create a static route with the SVM.

CLUSTER::> network route create -vserver dest -destination 0.0.0.0/0 -gateway 192.168.100.111

Verify that the route was successfully created.

CLUSTER::> network	route show -vser	ver source	
Vserver	Destination	Gateway	Metric
dest			
	0.0.0/0	10.61.73.1	20

8. Mount the target NFS data volume in the SVM namespace.

```
CLUSTER::> volume mount -vserver dest -volume dest_nfs -junction-path /dest_nfs -active true
```

Verify that the volume was successfully mounted.

```
CLUSTER::> volume show -vserver dest -fields junction-path
vserver volume junction-path
------
dest dest_nfs /dest_nfs
dest dest_root
/
2 entries were displayed.
```

You can also specify the volume mount options (junction path) with the volume create command.

9. Start the NFS service on the target SVM.

CLUSTER::> vserver nfs start -vserver dest

Verify that the service is started and running.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver nfs status

The NFS server is running on Vserver "dest".

CLUSTER::> nfs show

Vserver: dest

General Access: true

v3: enabled

v4.0: enabled

4.1: disabled

UDP: enabled

TCP: enabled

Default Windows User: -

Default Windows Group: -
```

10. Check that the default NFS export policy is applied to the target SVM.

CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy show -vserver dest Vserver Policy Name -----dest default 11. If required, create a new custom export policy for the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy create -vserver dest -policyname xcpexportpolicy
```

Verify that the new custom export policy was successfully created.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy show -vserver dest

Vserver Policy Name

------

dest default

dest xcpexportpolicy

2 entries were displayed.
```

12. Modify the export policy rules to allow access to NFS clients.

```
CLUSTER::> export-policy rule modify -vserver dest -ruleindex 1
-policyname xcpexportpolicy -clientmatch 0.0.0.0/0 -rorule any -rwrule
any -anon 0
```

Verify that the policy rules have been modified.

```
CLUSTER::> export-policy rule show -instance
Vserver: dest
Policy Name: xcpexportpolicy
Rule Index: 1
Access Protocol: nfs3
Client Match Hostname, IP Address, Netgroup, or Domain: 0.0.0.0/0
RO Access Rule: none
RW Access Rule: none
User ID To Which Anonymous Users Are Mapped: 65534
Superuser Security Types: none
Honor SetUID Bits in SETATTR: true
Allow Creation of Devices: true
```

13. Verify that the client is allowed access to the volume.

CLUSTER::> export-policy check-access -vserver dest -volume dest nfs -client-ip 10.61.82.215 -authentication-method none -protocol nfs3 -access-type read-write Policy Policy Rule Path Owner Type Index Policy Owner Access _____ _____ _ ____ _____ / xcpexportpolicy dest root volume 1 read /dest nfs xcpexportpolicy dest nfs volume 1 read-write 2 entries were displayed.

14. Connect to the Linux NFS server. Create a mount point for the NFS exported volume.

```
[root@localhost /]# cd /mnt
[root@localhost mnt]# mkdir dest
```

15. Mount the target NFSv4 exported volume at this mount point.



The NFSv4 volumes should be exported but not necessarily mounted by the NFS server. If they can be mounted, the XCP Linux host client mounts these volumes.

[root@localhost mnt]# mount -t nfs4 10.63.5.56:/vol1 /mnt/vol1

Verify that the mount point was successfully created.

```
[root@localhost mnt]# mount | grep nfs
10.63.5.56:/vol1 on /mnt/vol1 type nfs4
(rw,relatime,vers=4.0,rsize=65536,wsize=65536,namlen=255,hard,proto=tcp,
timeo=600,
retrans=2,sec=sys,clientaddr=10.234.152.84,local_lock=none,addr=10.63.5.
56)
```

16. Create a test file on the NFS exported mount point to enable read-write access.

[root@localhost dest]# touch test.txt

Verify the file is created.

```
[root@localhost dest]# ls -l
total 0
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin 0 Jun 2 03:16 test.txt
```



After the read-write test is complete, delete the file from the target NFS mount point.

17. Connect to the Linux client system in which XCP is installed. Browse to the XCP install path.

```
[root@localhost ~]# cd /linux/
[root@localhost linux]#
```

18. Query the source NFSv4 exports by running the xcp show command on the XCP Linux client host system.

```
root@localhost]# ./xcp show 10.63.5.56
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxx [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
getting pmap dump from 10.63.5.56 port 111...
getting export list from 10.63.5.56...
sending 6 mounts and 24 nfs requests to 10.63.5.56...
== RPC Services ==
'10.63.5.56': UDP rpc services: MNT v1/2/3, NFS v3, NLM v4, PMAP v2/3/4,
STATUS v1
'10.63.5.56': TCP rpc services: MNT v1/2/3, NFS v3/4, NLM v4, PMAP
v2/3/4, STATUS v1
== NFS Exports ==
Mounts Errors Server
            0 10.63.5.56
     6
            Files
     Space
                               Files
                       Space
     Free
             Free
                        Used
                                Used Export
  94.7 MiB 19,883
                     324 KiB
                                 107 10.63.5.56:/
  971 MiB 31,023 2.19 MiB
                                  99 10.63.5.56:/vol2
  970 MiB 31,024 2.83 MiB
                                   98 10.63.5.56:/vol1
  9.33 GiB 310,697 172 MiB
                                  590 10.63.5.56:/vol 005
            1.10M 4.17 GiB
                                1.00M 10.63.5.56:/vol3
  43.3 GiB
  36.4 GiB 1.10M 11.1 GiB 1.00M 10.63.5.56:/vol4
== Attributes of NFS Exports ==
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 6d2h 10.63.5.56:/
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 3d2h 10.63.5.56:/vol2
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 3d2h 10.63.5.56:/vol1
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 9d2h 10.63.5.56:/vol 005
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 9d4h 10.63.5.56:/vol3
drwxr-xr-x --- root root 4KiB 4KiB 9d4h 10.63.5.56:/vol4
6.09 KiB in (9.19 KiB/s), 12.2 KiB out (18.3 KiB/s), 0s.
```

19. Scan the source NFSv4 exported paths and print the statistics of their file structure.

NetApp recommends putting the source NFSv4 exports in read-only mode during xcp scan, copy, and sync operations.

```
[root@localhost]# ./xcp scan -acl4 10.63.5.56:/vol1
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxx [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
vol1
vol1/test/f1
vol1/test
3 scanned, 3 getacls, 3 v3perms, 1.59 KiB in (1.72 KiB/s), 696 out
(753/s), 0s.
```

20. Copy source NFSv4 exports to NFSv4 exports on the target ONTAP system.

[root@localhost]# ./xcp copy -acl4 -newid id1 10.63.5.56:/vol1
10.63.5.56:/vol2
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxx [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
3 scanned, 2 copied, 3 indexed, 3 getacls, 3 v3perms, 1 setacl, 14.7 KiB
in (11.7 KiB/s), 61 KiB out (48.4 KiB/s), 1s..

21. After copy is complete, verify that the source and destination NFSv4 exports have identical data. Run the xcp verify command.

```
[root@localhost]# ./xcp verify -acl4 -noid 10.63.5.56:/vol1
10.63.5.56:/vol2
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxx [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
3 scanned, 100% found (0 have data), 100% verified (data, attrs, mods,
acls), 6 getacls, 6 v3perms, 2.90 KiB in (4.16 KiB/s), 2.94 KiB out
(4.22 KiB/s), 0s.
```

If verify finds differences between the source and destination data, then the error no such file or directory is reported in the summary. To fix that issue, run the xcp sync command to copy the source changes to the destination.

22. Before and during the cutover, run verify again. If the source has new or updated data, then perform incremental updates. Run the xcp sync command.

```
[root@ root@localhost]# ./xcp sync -id id1
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxx [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
xcp: Index: {source: 10.63.5.56:/vol1, target: 10.63.5.56:/vol2}
3 reviewed, 3 checked at source, no changes, 3 reindexed, 25.6 KiB in
(32.3 KiB/s), 23.3 KiB out (29.5 KiB/s), 0s.
```



For this operation, the previous copy index name or number is required.

23. To resume a previously interrupted copy operation, run the xcp resume command.

```
[root@localhost]# ./xcp resume -id id1
XCP <version>; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxx [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
xcp: Index: {source: 10.63.5.56:/vol3, target: 10.63.5.56:/vol4}
xcp: resume 'id1': Reviewing the incomplete index...
xcp: diff 'idl': Found 0 completed directories and 8 in progress
39,899 reviewed, 1.64 MiB in (1.03 MiB/s), 14.6 KiB out (9.23 KiB/s),
1s.
xcp: resume 'id1': Starting second pass for the in-progress
directories...
xcp: resume 'id1': Resuming the in-progress directories...
xcp: resume 'id1': Resumed command: copy {-acl4: True}
xcp: resume 'id1': Current options: {-id: 'id1'}
xcp: resume 'id1': Merged options: {-acl4: True, -id: 'id1'}
xcp: resume 'id1': Values marked with a * include operations before
resume
 86,404 scanned, 39,912 copied, 39,899 indexed, 13.0 MiB in (2.60
MiB/s), 78.4 KiB out (15.6 KiB/s), 5s 86,404 scanned, 39,912 copied,
39,899 indexed, 13.0 MiB in (0/s), 78.4 KiB out (0/s), 10s
1.00M scanned, 100% found (1M have data), 1M compared, 100% verified
(data, attrs, mods, acls), 2.00M getacls, 202 v3perms, 1.00M same acls,
2.56 GiB in (2.76 MiB/s), 485 MiB out (524 KiB/s), 15m48s.
```

After resume finishes copying files, run verify again so that the source and destination storage have identical data.

Transitioning 7-Mode SMB storage to ONTAP for CIFS data

This section covers the step-by-step procedure for transitioning a source 7-Mode SMB share to an ONTAP system.



NetApp assumes that the 7-Mode and ONTAP systems are SMB licensed. The destination SVM is created, the source and destination SMB shares are exported, and XCP is installed and licensed.

1. Scan the SMB shares for the files and directories.

C:\xcp>xcp scan -stats \\10.61.77.189\performance SMB home dirs XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxxx xxxx[NetApp Inc] until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029 == Maximum Values == Size Depth Namelen Dirsize 15.6MiB 2 8 200 == Average Values == Size Depth Namelen Dirsize 540KiB 2 7 81 == Top File Extensions == .txt .tmp 5601 2200 == Number of files == empty <8KiB 8-64KiB 64KiB-1MiB 1-10MiB 10-100MiB >100MiB 46 6301 700 302 200 252 == Space used == empty <8KiB 8-64KiB 64KiB-1MiB 1-10MiB 10-100MiB >100MiB 0 6.80MiB 8.04MiB 120MiB 251MiB 3.64GiB 0 == Directory entries == empty 1-10 10-100 100-1K 1K-10K >10k 18 1 77 1 == Depth == 0-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-100 >100 7898 == Modified == >1 year >1 month 1-31 days 1-24 hrs <1 hour <15 mins future 2167 56 322 5353 == Created == >1 year >1 month 1-31 days 1-24 hrs <1 hour <15 mins future 2171 54 373 5300 Total count: 7898 Directories: 97 Regular files: 7801 Symbolic links: Junctions: Special files: Total space for regular files: 4.02GiB Total space for directories: 0 Total space used: 4.02GiB 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0s

2. Copy the files (with or without ACL) from the source to the destination SMB share. The following example shows a copy with ACL.

C:\xcp>xcp copy -acl -fallback-user "DOMAIN\gabi" -fallback-group "DOMAIN\Group" \\10.61.77.189\performance SMB home dirs \\10.61.77.56\performance SMB home dirs XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxxx xxxx[NetApp Inc] until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 184 copied, 96.1MiB (19.2MiB/s), 5s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 333 copied, 519MiB (84.7MiB/s), 10s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 366 copied, 969MiB (89.9MiB/s), 15s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 422 copied, 1.43GiB (99.8MiB/s), 20s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 1,100 copied, 1.69GiB (52.9MiB/s), 25s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 1,834 copied, 1.94GiB (50.4MiB/s), 30s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 1,906 copied, 2.43GiB (100MiB/s), 35s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 2,937 copied, 2.61GiB (36.6MiB/s), 40s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 2,969 copied, 3.09GiB (100.0MiB/s), 45s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 3,001 copied, 3.58GiB (100.0MiB/s), 50s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 3,298 copied, 4.01GiB (88.0MiB/s), 55s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 5,614 copied, 4.01GiB (679KiB/s), 1m0s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 7,879 copied, 4.02GiB (445KiB/s), 1m5s 7,898 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 7,897 copied, 4.02GiB (63.2MiB/s), 1m5s



If there is no data aggregate, create a new one using the storage aggr create command.

3. Sync the files on the source and destination.

```
C:\xcp>xcp sync -acl -fallback-user "DOMAIN\gabi" -fallback-group
"DOMAIN\Group" \\10.61.77.189\performance_SMB_home_dirs
\\10.61.77.56\performance_SMB_home_dirs
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxxx xxxx[NetApp Inc]
until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
10,796 scanned, 4,002 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0
removed, 5s
15,796 scanned, 8,038 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0
removed, 10s
15,796 scanned, 8,505 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0
```

removed, 15s 15,796 scanned, 8,707 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 20s 15,796 scanned, 8,730 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 25s 15,796 scanned, 8,749 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 30s 15,796 scanned, 8,765 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 35s 15,796 scanned, 8,786 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 40s 15,796 scanned, 8,956 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 45s 8 XCP v1.6 User Guide © 2020 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Step Description 15,796 scanned, 9,320 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 50s 15,796 scanned, 9,339 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 55s 15,796 scanned, 9,363 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m0s 15,796 scanned, 10,019 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m5s 15,796 scanned, 10,042 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m10s 15,796 scanned, 10,059 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m15s 15,796 scanned, 10,075 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m20s 15,796 scanned, 10,091 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m25s 15,796 scanned, 10,108 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m30s 15,796 scanned, 10,929 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m35s 15,796 scanned, 12,443 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m40s 15,796 scanned, 13,963 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m45s 15,796 scanned, 15,488 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m50s 15,796 scanned, 15,796 compared, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 removed, 1m51s

4. Verify that the files were copied correctly.

```
C:\xcp> xcp verify \\10.61.77.189\performance SMB home dirs
\\10.61.77.56\performance SMB home dir
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to xxxx xxxx[NetApp Inc]
until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
8 compared, 8 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 5s
24 compared, 24 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 10s
41 compared, 41 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 15s
63 compared, 63 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 20s
86 compared, 86 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 25s
423 compared, 423 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 30s
691 compared, 691 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 35s
1,226 compared, 1,226 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 40s
1,524 compared, 1,524 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 45s
1,547 compared, 1,547 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 50s
1,564 compared, 1,564 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 55s
2,026 compared, 2,026 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m0s
2,045 compared, 2,045 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m5s
2,061 compared, 2,061 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m10s
2,081 compared, 2,081 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m15s
2,098 compared, 2,098 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m20s
2,116 compared, 2,116 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m25s
3,232 compared, 3,232 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m30s
4,817 compared, 4,817 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m35s
6,267 compared, 6,267 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m40s
7,844 compared, 7,844 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m45s
7,898 compared, 7,898 same, 0 different, 0 missing, 1m45s,cifs
```

CIFS data migration with ACLs from a source storage box to ONTAP

This section covers the step-by-step procedure for migrating CIFS data with security information from a source to a target ONTAP system.

1. Verify that the target ONTAP system is healthy.

C1 sti96-vsim-ucs540m cluster::> cluster show Node Health Eligibility ----- ----sti96-vsim-ucs540m true true sti96-vsim-ucs540n true true 2 entries were displayed. C1 sti96-vsim-ucs540m cluster::> node show Node Health Eligibility Uptime Model Owner Location _____ sti96-vsim-ucs540m true true 15 days 21:17 SIMBOX ahammed sti sti96-vsim-ucs540n true true 15 days 21:17 SIMBOX ahammed sti 2 entries were displayed. cluster::> storage failover show Takeover Partner Node Possible State Description ----- ----- ------_____ sti96-vsim-ucs540m sti96-vsim- true Connected to sti96-vsim-ucs540n ucs540n sti96-vsim-ucs540n sti96-vsim- true Connected to sti96-vsim-ucs540m ucs540m 2 entries were displayed. C1 sti96-vsim-ucs540m cluster::>

2. Verify that at least one nonroot aggregate exists on the target system. The aggregate is normal.

cluster::*> storage aggregate show Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID Status _____ _____ _____ aggr0_sti96_vsim_ucs540o 7.58GB 373.3MB 95% online 1 sti96-vsimraid dp, ucs540o normal aggr0 sti96 vsim ucs540p 7.58GB 373.3MB 95% online 1 sti96-vsimraid_dp, ucs540p normal aggr 001 103.7GB 93.63GB 10% online 1 sti96-vsimraid dp, ucs540p normal sti96 vsim ucs540o aggr1 23.93GB 23.83GB 0% online 1 sti96-vsimraid dp, ucs540o normal sti96 vsim ucs540p aggr1 23.93GB 23.93GB 0% online 0 sti96-vsimraid dp, ucs540p normal 5 entries were displayed.



If there is no data aggregate, create a new one using the storage aggr create command.

3. Create an SVM on the target cluster system.

```
cluster::*> vserver create -vserver vs1 -rootvolume root vs1 -aggregate
sti96 vsim ucs5400 aggr1 -rootvolume-security-style mixed
Verify that the SVM was successfully created.
C2 sti96-vsim-ucs5400 cluster::*> vserver show -vserver vs1
                                    Vserver: vsl
                               Vserver Type: data
                            Vserver Subtype: default
                               Vserver UUID: f8bc54be-d91b-11e9-b99c-
005056a7e57e
                                Root Volume: root vsl
                                  Aggregate: sti96 vsim ucs5400 aggr1
                                 NIS Domain: NSQA-RTP-NIS1
                 Root Volume Security Style: mixed
                                LDAP Client: esisconfig
               Default Volume Language Code: C.UTF-8
                            Snapshot Policy: default
                              Data Services: data-nfs, data-cifs,
                                             data-flexcache, data-iscsi
                                    Comment: vs1
                               Quota Policy: default
                List of Aggregates Assigned: -
 Limit on Maximum Number of Volumes allowed: unlimited
                        Vserver Admin State: running
                  Vserver Operational State: running
   Vserver Operational State Stopped Reason: -
                          Allowed Protocols: nfs, cifs, fcp, iscsi, ndmp
                       Disallowed Protocols: -
            Is Vserver with Infinite Volume: false
                           QoS Policy Group: -
                        Caching Policy Name: -
                                Config Lock: false
             Volume Delete Retention Period: 0
                               IPspace Name: Default
                         Foreground Process: -
                   Is Msid Preserved for DR: false
Force start required to start Destination in muliple IDP fan-out case:
false
                    Logical Space Reporting: false
                  Logical Space Enforcement: false
```

Create a new read-write data volume on the destination SVM. Verify that the security style, language settings, and capacity requirements match the source volume. CLUSTER CLUSTER::> vol create -vserver vs1 -volume dest_vol -aggregate aggr 001 -size 150g type RW -state online -security-style ntfs

5. Create a data LIF to serve SMB client requests.

```
CLUSTER::> network interface create -vserver vs1 -lif sti96-vsim-
ucs5400_data1 -address 10.237.165.87 -netmask 255.255.240.0 -role data
-data-protocol nfs,cifs -home-node sti96-vsim-ucs5400 -home-port e0d
```

Verify that the LIF was successfully created.

6. If required, create a static route with the SVM.

```
Network route create -vserver dest -destination 0.0.0.0/0 -gateway 10.237.160.1
```

Verify that the route was successfully created.

7. Mount the target data volume in the SVM namespace.

```
CLUSTER::> volume mount -vserver vs1 -volume dest_vol -junction-path /dest_vol -active true
```

Verify that the volume is successfully mounted.

8. Start the CIFs service on the target SVM.

```
cluster::*> vserver cifs start -vserver vs1
Warning: The admin status of the CIFS server for Vserver "vs1" is
already "up".
```

Verify that the service is started and running.

cluster::*>	>					
Verify the service is started and running						
C2_sti96-vs	C2_sti96-vsim-ucs540o_cluster::*> cifs show					
	Server	Status	Domain/Workgroup	Authentication		
Vserver	Name	Admin	Name	Style		
vs1	D60AB15C2AFC4D6	up	CTL	domain		

9. Verify that the default export policy is applied to the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy show -vserver dest
Vserver Policy Name
------
dest default
```

If required, create a new custom export policy for the target SVM.

```
CLUSTER::> vserver export-policy create -vserver vs1 -policyname xcpexport
```

10. Modify the export policy rules to allow access to CIFs clients.

```
CLUSTER::> export-policy rule modify -vserver dest -ruleindex 1
-policyname xcpexportpolicy -clientmatch 0.0.0.0/0 -rorule any -rwrule
any -anon 0
```

Verify that the policy rules are modified.

cluster::*> export-policy rule show -instance Vserver: vsl Policy Name: default Rule Index: 1 Access Protocol: any List of Client Match Hostnames, IP Addresses, Netgroups, or Domains: 0.0.0/0 RO Access Rule: any RW Access Rule: any User ID To Which Anonymous Users Are Mapped: 65534 Superuser Security Types: any Honor SetUID Bits in SETATTR: true Allow Creation of Devices: true NTFS Unix Security Options: fail Vserver NTFS Unix Security Options: use export policy Change Ownership Mode: restricted Vserver Change Ownership Mode: use export policy Policy ID: 12884901889 Vserver: vsl Policy Name: default Rule Index: 2 Access Protocol: any List of Client Match Hostnames, IP Addresses, Netgroups, or Domains: 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0/0RO Access Rule: any RW Access Rule: any User ID To Which Anonymous Users Are Mapped: 65534 Superuser Security Types: none Honor SetUID Bits in SETATTR: true Allow Creation of Devices: true NTFS Unix Security Options: fail Vserver NTFS Unix Security Options: use export policy Change Ownership Mode: restricted Vserver Change Ownership Mode: use export policy Policy ID: 12884901889 2 entries were displayed.

11. Verify that the client is allowed access to the volume.

cluster::*> export-policy check-access -vserver vs1 -volume dest vol -client-ip 10.234.17.81 -authentication-method none -protocol cifs -access-type read-write Policy Policy Rule Owner Owner Type Index Path Policy Access _____ default root vs1 volume / 1 read default dest vol volume /dest vol 1 read-write 2 entries were displayed.

12. Connect to the Windows client system where XCP is installed. Browse to the XCP install path.

```
C:\WRSHDNT>dir c:\netapp\xcp
dir c:\netapp\xcp
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 5C04-C0C7
Directory of c:\netapp\xcp
09/18/2019 09:30 AM <DIR>
                                  .
09/18/2019 09:30 AM <DIR>
                                . .
06/25/2019 06:27 AM
                               304 license
09/18/2019 09:30 AM <DIR>
                                  Logs
09/29/2019 08:45 PM 12,143,105 xcp.exe
             2 File(s) 12,143,409 bytes
             3 Dir(s) 29,219,549,184 bytes free
```

13. Query the source node SMB exports by running the xcp show command on the XCP Windows client host system.

```
C:\WRSHDNT>c:\netapp\xcp\xcp show \\10.237.165.71
c:\netapp\xcp\xcp show \\10.237.165.71
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
 Shares Errors Server
                   10.237.165.71
     6 0
== SMB Shares ==
 Space Space Current
Free Used Connections Share Path
                                                      Folder Path
 9.50GiB 4.57MiB 1
                          \\10.237.165.71\source_share C:\source_vol
94.3MiB 716KiB 0
                          \\10.237.165.71\ROOTSHARE C:\
 0 0 N/A
                          \\10.237.165.71\ipc$
                                                     N/A
 94.3MiB 716KiB 0
                          \\10.237.165.71\c$
                                                     C:\
== Attributes of SMB Shares ==
 Share
                                 Types
Remark
source share
                                 DISKTREE
test share
                                 DISKTREE
                                DISKTREE
test sh
ROOTSHARE
                                DISKTREE
                                                    \"Share mapped
to top of Vserver global namespace, created bydeux init \"
                                PRINTQ, SPECIAL, IPC, DEVICE
 ipc$
с$
                                 SPECIAL
== Permissions of SMB Shares ==
Share
                                Entity
Type
source share
                                Everyone
Allow/Full Control
ROOTSHARE
                               Everyone
Allow/Full Control
ipc$
                               Everyone
Allow/Full Control
c$
                               Administrators
Allow/Full Control/
```

14. Run the help command for copy.

```
C:\WRSHDNT>c:\netapp\xcp\xcp help copy
c:\netapp\xcp\xcp help copy
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
usage: xcp copy [-h] [-v] [-parallel <n>] [-match <filter>] [-preserve-
atime]
                [-acl] [-fallback-user FALLBACK USER]
                [-fallback-group FALLBACK GROUP] [-root]
                source target
positional arguments:
  source
  target
optional arguments:
  -h, --help
                        show this help message and exit
                        increase debug verbosity
  -77
                        number of concurrent processes (default: <cpu-
  -parallel <n>
count>)
  -match <filter>
                       only process files and directories that match
the
                        filter (see `xcp help -match` for details)
                        restore last accessed date on source
  -preserve-atime
                        copy security information
  -acl
  -fallback-user FALLBACK USER
                        the name of the user on the target machine to
receive
                        the permissions of local (non-domain) source
machine
                        users (eg. domain\administrator)
  -fallback-group FALLBACK GROUP
                        the name of the group on the target machine to
receive
                        the permissions of local (non-domain) source
machine
                        groups (eg. domain\administrators)
                        copy acl for root directorytxt
  -root
```

15. On the target ONTAP system, get the list of local user and local group names that you need to provide as values for the fallback-user and fallback-group arguments path.

```
cluster::*> local-user show
 (vserver cifs users-and-groups local-user show)
Vserver User Name
                               Full Name
Description
----- -----
_____
vs1
         D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator
                                               Built-in
administrator account
C2 sti96-vsim-ucs540o cluster::*> local-group show
 (vserver cifs users-and-groups local-group show)
Vserver Group Name
                               Description
_____
-----
vs1
          BUILTIN\Administrators Built-in Administrators
group
         BUILTIN\Backup OperatorsBackup Operators groupBUILTIN\GuestsBuilt-in Guests Group
vs1
vs1
vs1
          BUILTIN\Power Users
                                    Restricted
administrative privileges
vs1 BUILTIN\Users
                                    All users
5 entries were displayed
```

16. To migrate the CIFs data with ACLs from the source to target, run the xcp copy command with the -acl and -fallback-user/group options.

For the fallback-user/group options, specify any user or group that can be found in Active Directory or local user/group to target system.

C:\WRSHDNT>c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -fallback-user D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator -fallback-group BUILTIN\Users \\10.237.165.79\source share \\10.237.165.89\dest share c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -fallback-user D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator -fallback-group BUILTIN\Users \\10.237.165.79\source share \\10.237.165.89\dest share XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 8s 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 13s 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 18s ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "BUILTIN\Users". Please check if the principal with the name "BUILTIN\Users" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator". Please check if the principal with the name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "BUILTIN\Users". Please check if the principal with the name "BUILTIN\Users" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "BUILTIN\Users". Please check if the principal with the name "BUILTIN\Users" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "BUILTIN\Users". Please check if the principal with the name "BUILTIN\Users" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 23s ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator". Please check if the principal with the name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator". Please check if the principal with the name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator". Please check if the principal with the name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6". 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 28s 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 249 copied, 24.0KiB (4.82KiB/s), 33s 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 744 copied, 54.4KiB (6.07KiB/s), 38s 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 746 copied, 54.5KiB (20/s), 43s 753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (1.23KiB/s), 44s C:\WRSHDNT>

17. If xcp copy results in the error message ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal, add the destination box in the hosts file (C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\hosts).

Use the following format for the NetApp storage destination box entry.

<data vserver data interface ip> 1 or more white spaces <cifs server name>

cluster::*> cifs show Status Domain/Workgroup Authentication Server Admin Style Vserver Name Name _____ ____ vs1 D60AB15C2AFC4D6 up CTL domain C2 sti96-vsim-ucs540o cluster::*> network interface show Logical Status Network Current Current Is Cluster sti96-vsim-ucs540p clus1 up/up 192.168.148.136/24 sti96-vsim-ucs540p e0a true sti96-vsim-ucs540p clus2 up/up 192.168.148.137/24 sti96-vsim-ucs540p e0b true vs1 sti96-vsim-ucs540o data1 up/up 10.237.165.87/20 sti96-vsim-ucs540o e0d true sti96-vsim-ucs5400 data1 inet6 up/up fd20:8b1e:b255:9155::583/64 sti96-vsim-ucs540o e0d true sti96-vsim-ucs5400 data2 up/up 10.237.165.88/20 sti96-vsim-ucs540o e0e true 10.237.165.87 D60AB15C2AFC4D6 -> destination box entry to be added in hosts file.

18. If you still get the error message ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal after adding the destination box entry in the hosts files, then the user/group does not exist in the target system.

```
C:\WRSHDNT>c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -fallback-user
D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user -fallback-group BUILTIN\Users
\\10.237.165.79\source share \\10.237.165.89\dest share
c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -fallback-user D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user
-fallback-group BUILTIN\Users \\10.237.165.79\source share
\\10.237.165.89\dest share
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal
"D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user". Please check if the principal with the
name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6".
ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal
"D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user". Please check if the principal with the
name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6".
ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal
"D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user". Please check if the principal with the
name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6".
ERROR failed to obtain fallback security principal
"D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown user". Please check if the principal with the
name "D60AB15C2AFC4D6\unknown_user" exists on "D60AB15C2AFC4D6".
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 5s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 10s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 15s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 284 copied, 27.6KiB (5.54KiB/s), 20s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (2.44KiB/s), 22s
C:\WRSHDNT>
```

19. Use xcp copy to migrate CIFs data with ACLs (with or without the root folder).

Without the root folder, run the following commands:

```
C:\WRSHDNT>c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -fallback-user
D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator -fallback-group BUILTIN\Users
\\10.237.165.79\source_share \\10.237.165.89\dest_share
c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -fallback-user
D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator -fallback-group BUILTIN\Users
\\10.237.165.79\source_share \\10.237.165.89\dest_share
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 5s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 10s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 15s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 210 copied, 20.4KiB (4.08KiB/s), 20s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (2.38KiB/s), 22s
C:\WRSHDNT>
```

With the root folder, run the following commands:

```
C:\WRSHDNT>c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -root -fallback-user
D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator -fallback-group BUILTIN\Users
\\10.237.165.79\source share \\10.237.165.89\dest share
c:\netapp\xcp\xcp copy -acl -root -fallback-user
D60AB15C2AFC4D6\Administrator -fallback-group BUILTIN\Users
\\10.237.165.79\source share \\10.237.165.89\dest share
XCP SMB 1.6; (c) 2020 NetApp, Inc.; Licensed to XXX [NetApp Inc] until
Mon Dec 31 00:00:00 2029
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 5s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 10s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 0 copied, 0 (0/s), 15s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 243 copied, 23.6KiB (4.73KiB/s), 20s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (6.21KiB/s), 25s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 30s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 35s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 40s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 45s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 50s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 55s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 1m0s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (0/s), 1m5s
753 scanned, 0 errors, 0 skipped, 752 copied, 54.7KiB (817/s), 1m8s
C:\WRSHDNT>
```

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