Gain insight into data privacy

Cloud Manager

NetApp
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Gain insight into data privacy

Learn about Cloud Compliance

Cloud Compliance is a data privacy and compliance service for Cloud Manager that scans your volumes, Amazon S3 buckets, and databases to identify the personal and sensitive data that resides in those files. Using Artificial Intelligence (AI) driven technology, Cloud Compliance helps organizations understand data context and identify sensitive data.

Learn about the use cases for Cloud Compliance.

Features

Cloud Compliance provides several tools that can help you with your compliance efforts. You can use Cloud Compliance to:

• Identify Personal Identifiable Information (PII)
• Identify a wide scope of sensitive information as required by GDPR, CCPA, PCI, and HIPAA privacy regulations
• Respond to Data Subject Access Requests (DSAR)

Supported working environments and data sources

Cloud Compliance can scan data from the following types of data sources:

• Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS
• Cloud Volumes ONTAP in Azure
• Azure NetApp Files
• Amazon S3
• Databases that reside anywhere (there is no requirement that the database resides in a working environment)

Note: For Azure NetApp Files, Cloud Compliance can scan any volumes that are in the same region as Cloud Manager.

Cost

• The cost to use Cloud Compliance depends on the amount of data that you're scanning. As of October 7th, 2020, the first 1 TB of data that Cloud Compliance scans in a Cloud Manager workspace is free. This includes data from Cloud Volumes ONTAP volumes, Azure NetApp Files volumes,
Amazon S3 buckets, and database schemas. A subscription to the AWS or Azure Marketplace is required to continue scanning data after that point. See pricing for details.

Learn how to subscribe.

• Installing Cloud Compliance requires deploying a cloud instance, which results in charges from the cloud provider where it is deployed. See the type of instance that is deployed for each cloud provider.

• Cloud Compliance requires that you have deployed a Connector. In many cases you already have a Connector because of other storage and services you are using in Cloud Manager. The Connector instance results in charges from the cloud provider where it is deployed. See the type of instance that is deployed for each cloud provider.

Data transfer costs

Data transfer costs depend on your setup. If the Cloud Compliance instance and data source are in the same Availability Zone and region, then there are no data transfer costs. But if the data source, such as a Cloud Volumes ONTAP cluster or S3 Bucket, is in a different Availability Zone or region, then you'll be charged by your cloud provider for data transfer costs. See these links for more details:

• AWS: Amazon EC2 Pricing
• Microsoft Azure: Bandwidth Pricing Details

How Cloud Compliance works

At a high-level, Cloud Compliance works like this:

1. You deploy an instance of Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager.
2. You enable it on one or more working environments, or on your databases.
3. Cloud Compliance scans the data using an AI learning process.
4. In Cloud Manager, you click Compliance and use the provided dashboard and reporting tools to help in your compliance efforts.

The Cloud Compliance instance

When you enable Cloud Compliance, Cloud Manager deploys a Cloud Compliance instance in the same subnet as the Connector. Learn more about Connectors.

If the Connector is installed on-prem, it deploys the Cloud Compliance instance in same VPC or VNet as the first Cloud Volumes ONTAP system in the request.
Note the following about the instance:

- In Azure, Cloud Compliance runs on a Standard_D16s_v3 VM with a 512 GB disk.
- In AWS, Cloud Compliance runs on an m5.4xlarge instance with a 500 GB GP2 disk.
- In regions where m5.4xlarge isn’t available, Cloud Compliance runs on an m4.4xlarge instance instead.

Changing or resizing the instance/VM type isn’t supported. You need to use the size that’s provided.

- The instance is named CloudCompliance with a generated hash (UUID) concatenated to it. For example: CloudCompliance-16bb6564-38ad-4080-9a92-36f5fd2f71c7
- Only one Cloud Compliance instance is deployed per Connector.
- Upgrades of Cloud Compliance software is automated—you don’t need to worry about it.

The instance should remain running at all times because Cloud Compliance continuously scans the data.

**How scans work**

After you enable Cloud Compliance and select the volumes, buckets, or database schemas you want to scan, it immediately starts scanning the data to identify personal and sensitive data. It maps your organizational data, categorizes each file, and identifies and extracts entities and predefined patterns in the data. The result of the scan is an index of personal information, sensitive personal information, and data categories.

Cloud Compliance connects to the data like any other client by mounting NFS and CIFS volumes. NFS
volumes are automatically accessed as read-only, while you need to provide Active Directory credentials to scan CIFS volumes.

After the initial scan, Cloud Compliance continuously scans each volume to detect incremental changes (this is why it's important to keep the instance running).

You can enable and disable scans at the volume level, at the bucket level, and at the database schema level.

**Information that Cloud Compliance indexes**

Cloud Compliance collects, indexes, and assigns categories to unstructured data (files). The data that Cloud Compliance indexes includes the following:

**Standard metadata**
- Cloud Compliance collects standard metadata about files: the file type, its size, creation and modification dates, and so on.

**Personal data**
- Personally identifiable information such as email addresses, identification numbers, or credit card numbers. Learn more about personal data.

**Sensitive personal data**
- Special types of sensitive information, such as health data, ethnic origin, or political opinions, as defined by GDPR and other privacy regulations. Learn more about sensitive personal data.

**Categories**
- Cloud Compliance takes the data that it scanned and divides it into different types of categories. Categories are topics based on AI analysis of the content and metadata of each file. Learn more about categories.

**Name entity recognition**
- Cloud Compliance uses AI to extract natural persons’ names from documents. Learn about responding to Data Subject Access Requests.

**Networking overview**

Cloud Manager deploys the Cloud Compliance instance with a security group that enables inbound HTTP connections from the Connector instance.

When using Cloud Manager in SaaS mode, the connection to Cloud Manager is served over HTTPS, and the private data sent between your browser and the Cloud Compliance instance are secured with end-to-end encryption, which means NetApp and third parties can’t read it.
If you need to use the local user interface instead of the SaaS user interface for any reason, you can still access the local UI.

Outbound rules are completely open. Internet access is needed to install and upgrade the Cloud Compliance software and to send usage metrics.

If you have strict networking requirements, learn about the endpoints that Cloud Compliance contacts.

**User access to compliance information**

The role each user has been assigned provides different capabilities within Cloud Manager and within Cloud Compliance:

- **Account Admins** can manage compliance settings and view compliance information for all working environments.

- **Workspace Admins** can manage compliance settings and view compliance information only for systems that they have permissions to access. If a Workspace Admin can’t access a working environment in Cloud Manager, then they can’t see any compliance information for the working environment in the Compliance tab.

- Users with the **Cloud Compliance Viewer** role can only view compliance information and generate reports for systems that they have permission to access. These users cannot enable/disable scanning of volumes, buckets, or database schemas.

Learn more about Cloud Manager roles and how to add users with specific roles.

**Get started**

**Deploy Cloud Compliance**

Complete a few steps to deploy the Cloud Compliance instance in your Cloud Manager workspace.

**Quick start**

Get started quickly by following these steps or scroll down to the remaining sections for full details.

1. **Create a Connector**

If you don’t already have a Connector, create a Connector in Azure or AWS. See creating a Connector in AWS or creating a Connector in Azure.
2 Review prerequisites

Ensure that your cloud environment can meet the prerequisites, which includes 16 vCPUs for the Cloud Compliance instance, outbound internet access for the instance, connectivity between the Connector and Cloud Compliance over port 80, and more. See the complete list.

3 Deploy Cloud Compliance

Launch the installation wizard to deploy the Cloud Compliance instance in Cloud Manager.

4 Subscribe to the Cloud Compliance service

The first 1 TB of data that Cloud Compliance scans in Cloud Manager is free. A subscription to the AWS or Azure Marketplace is required to continue scanning data after that point.

Creating a Connector

If you don't already have a Connector, create a Connector in Azure or AWS. See creating a Connector in AWS or creating a Connector in Azure. In most cases you will probably have a Connector set up before you attempt to activate Cloud Compliance because most Cloud Manager features require a Connector, but there are cases when you need to set one up now.

There are some scenarios where you have to use a Connector in AWS or Azure for Cloud Compliance.

- When scanning data in Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS or in AWS S3 buckets, you use a connector in AWS.
- When scanning data in Cloud Volumes ONTAP in Azure or in Azure NetApp Files, you use a connector in Azure.
- Databases can be scanned using either Connector.

As you can see, there may be some situations where you need to use multiple Connectors.

If you are planning on scanning Azure NetApp Files, you need to make sure you're deploying in the same region as the volumes you wish to scan.

Reviewing prerequisites

Review the following prerequisites to make sure that you have a supported configuration before you deploy Cloud Compliance.

Enable outbound internet access

Cloud Compliance requires outbound internet access. If your virtual network uses a proxy server for internet access, ensure that the Cloud Compliance instance has outbound internet access to
contact the following endpoints. Note that Cloud Manager deploys the Cloud Compliance instance in the same subnet as the Connector.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Endpoints</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com">https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com</a></td>
<td>Communication with the Cloud Manager service, which includes Cloud Central accounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://netapp-cloud-account.auth0.com">https://netapp-cloud-account.auth0.com</a></td>
<td>Communication with NetApp Cloud Central for centralized user authentication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://auth0.com">https://auth0.com</a></td>
<td>Communication with NetApp Cloud Central for centralized user authentication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://cloud-compliance-support-netapp.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com">https://cloud-compliance-support-netapp.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com</a></td>
<td>Provides access to software images, manifests, and templates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://hub.docker.com">https://hub.docker.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://auth.docker.io">https://auth.docker.io</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://registry-1.docker.io">https://registry-1.docker.io</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://index.docker.io">https://index.docker.io</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://dseasb33srnnr.cloudfront.net/">https://dseasb33srnnr.cloudfront.net/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://production.cloudflare.docker.com/">https://production.cloudflare.docker.com/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://production.cloudflare.docker.com/">https://production.cloudflare.docker.com/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://kinesis.us-east-1.amazonaws.com">https://kinesis.us-east-1.amazonaws.com</a></td>
<td>Enables NetApp to stream data from audit records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://cognito-idp.us-east-1.amazonaws.com">https://cognito-idp.us-east-1.amazonaws.com</a></td>
<td>Enables Cloud Compliance to access and download manifests and templates, and to send logs and metrics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://cognito-identity.us-east-1.amazonaws.com">https://cognito-identity.us-east-1.amazonaws.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Ensure that Cloud Manager has the required permissions**

Ensure that Cloud Manager has permissions to deploy resources and create security groups for the Cloud Compliance instance. You can find the latest Cloud Manager permissions in the policies provided by NetApp.

**Check your vCPU limits**

Ensure that your cloud provider's vCPU limit allows for the deployment of an instance with 16 cores. You'll need to verify the vCPU limit for the relevant instance family in the region where Cloud Manager is running.

In AWS, the instance family is *On-Demand Standard instances*. In Azure, the instance family is *Standard DSv3 Family*.

For more details on vCPU limits, see the following:

- AWS documentation: Amazon EC2 Service Limits
- Azure documentation: Virtual machine vCPU quotas

**Ensure that Cloud Manager can access Cloud Compliance**

Ensure connectivity between the Connector and the Cloud Compliance instance. The security group for the Connector must allow inbound and outbound traffic over port 80 to and from the Cloud
Compliance instance.

This connection enables deployment of the Cloud Compliance instance and enables you to view information in the Compliance tab.

**Set up discovery of Azure NetApp Files**

Before you can scan volumes for Azure NetApp Files, **Cloud Manager must be set up to discover the configuration**.

**Ensure that you can keep Cloud Compliance running**

The Cloud Compliance instance needs to stay on to continuously scan your data.

**Ensure web browser connectivity to Cloud Compliance**

After Cloud Compliance is enabled, ensure that users access the Cloud Manager interface from a host that has a connection to the Cloud Compliance instance.

The Cloud Compliance instance uses a private IP address to ensure that the indexed data isn’t accessible to the internet. As a result, the web browser that you use to access Cloud Manager must have a connection to that private IP address. That connection can come from a direct connection to AWS or Azure (for example, a VPN), or from a host that’s inside the same network as the Cloud Compliance instance.

**Deploying the Cloud Compliance instance**

You deploy an instance of Cloud Compliance for each Cloud Manager instance.

**Steps**

1. In Cloud Manager, click **Cloud Compliance**.

2. Click **Activate Cloud Compliance** to start the deployment wizard.

3. The wizard displays progress as it goes through the deployment steps. It will stop and ask for input if it runs into any issues.
4. When the instance is deployed, click **Continue to configuration** to go to the **Scan Configuration** page.

**Result**

Cloud Manager deploys the Cloud Compliance instance in your cloud provider.

**What’s Next**

From the Scan Configuration page you can select the working environments, volumes, and buckets that you want to scan for compliance. You can also connect to a database server in order to scan specific database schemas. Activate Cloud Compliance on any of these data sources.

**Subscribing to the Cloud Compliance service**

The first 1 TB of data that Cloud Compliance scans in a Cloud Manager workspace is free. A subscription to the AWS or Azure Marketplace is required to continue scanning data after that point.

You can subscribe at any time and you will not be charged until the amount of data exceeds 1 TB. You can always see the total amount of data that is being scanned from the Cloud Compliance Dashboard. And the **Subscribe Now** button makes it easy to subscribe when you are ready.

**Note:** If you are prompted by Cloud Compliance to subscribe, but you already have an Azure subscription, you’re probably using the old **Cloud Manager** subscription and you need to change to the

Steps

These steps must be completed by a user who has the Account Admin role.

1. In the upper right of the Cloud Manager console, click the Settings icon, and select Credentials.

2. Find the credentials for the AWS Instance Profile or Azure Managed Service Identity.

   The subscription must be added to the Instance Profile or Managed Service Identity. Charging won’t work otherwise.

   If you already have a subscription, then you’re all set—there’s nothing else that you need to do.

3. If you don’t have a subscription yet, hover over the credentials and click the action menu.

4. Click Add Subscription.

5. Click Add Subscription, click Continue, and follow the steps.
The following video shows how to associate a Marketplace subscription to an AWS subscription:

▶ https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/occm/media/video_subscribing_aws.mp4 (video)

The following video shows how to associate a Marketplace subscription to an Azure subscription:

▶ https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/occm/media/video_subscribing_azure.mp4 (video)

**Changing to the new Cloud Manager plan in Azure**

Cloud Compliance was added to the Azure Marketplace subscription named **NetApp Cloud Manager** as of October 7, 2020. If you already have the original Azure **Cloud Manager** subscription it will not allow you to use Cloud Compliance.

You need to follow these steps and select the new **NetApp Cloud Manager** subscription and then remove the old **Cloud Manager** subscription.

If your existing Subscription was issued with a special private offer, you need to contact NetApp so that we can issue a new special private offer with Compliance included.

*Steps*

These steps are similar to adding a new subscription as described above, but vary in a few places.

1. In the upper right of the Cloud Manager console, click the Settings icon, and select **Credentials**.
2. Find the credentials for the Azure Managed Service Identity that you want to change the subscription for and hover over the credentials and click **Associate Subscription**.

The details for your current Marketplace Subscription are displayed.

3. Click **Add Subscription**, click **Continue**, and follow the steps. You are redirected to Azure portal in order to create the new subscription.
4. Make sure you select the plan **NetApp Cloud Manager** that provides access to Cloud Compliance and not **Cloud Manager**.
5. Go through the steps in the video to associate a Marketplace subscription to an Azure subscription:

▶ https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/occm/media/video_subscribing_azure.mp4 (video)

6. Return to Cloud Manager, select the new subscription, and click **Associate**.
7. To verify your subscription has changed, hover over the “i” above subscription in the Credentials card.

Now you can unsubscribe your old subscription from the Azure portal.

8. In the Azure portal, go to Software as a Service (SaaS), select the subscription, and click
Activate scanning on your data sources

Getting started with Cloud Compliance for Cloud Volumes ONTAP and Azure NetApp Files

Complete a few steps to get started with Cloud Compliance for Cloud Volumes ONTAP or Azure NetApp Files.

Quick start

Get started quickly by following these steps or scroll down to the remaining sections for full details.

1. **Deploy the Cloud Compliance instance**

   Deploy Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager if there isn't already an instance deployed.

2. **Enable Cloud Compliance in your working environments**

   Click Cloud Compliance, select the Configuration tab, and activate compliance scans for specific working environments.

3. **Ensure access to volumes**

   Now that Cloud Compliance is enabled, ensure that it can access volumes.

   - The Cloud Compliance instance needs a network connection to each Cloud Volumes ONTAP subnet or Azure NetApp Files subnet.
   - Security groups for Cloud Volumes ONTAP must allow inbound connections from the Cloud Compliance instance.
   - NFS volume export policies must allow access from the Cloud Compliance instance.
   - Cloud Compliance needs Active Directory credentials to scan CIFS volumes.

     Click Cloud Compliance > Scan Configuration > Edit CIFS Credentials and provide the credentials. The credentials can be read-only, but providing admin credentials ensures that Cloud Compliance can read data that requires elevated permissions.

4. **Configure volumes to scan**

   Select the volumes that you’d like to scan and Cloud Compliance will start scanning them.
Deploying the Cloud Compliance instance

Deploy Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager if there isn’t already an instance deployed.

Enabling Cloud Compliance in your working environments

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Cloud Compliance** and then select the **Configuration** tab.

2. To scan all volumes in a working environment, click **Activate Compliance for All Volumes**.

   To scan only certain volumes in a working environment, click **or select Volumes** and then choose the volumes you want to scan.

See [Enabling and disabling compliance scans on volumes](#) for details.

**Result**

Cloud Compliance starts scanning the data on each working environment. Results will be available in the Compliance dashboard as soon as Cloud Compliance finishes the initial scans. The time that it takes depends on the amount of data—it could be a few minutes or hours.

**Verifying that Cloud Compliance has access to volumes**

Make sure that Cloud Compliance can access volumes by checking your networking, security groups, and export policies. You’ll need to provide Cloud Compliance with CIFS credentials so it can access CIFS volumes.
Steps

1. Make sure that there’s a network connection between the Cloud Compliance instance and each network that includes volumes for Cloud Volumes ONTAP or Azure NetApp Files.

   For Azure NetApp Files, Cloud Compliance can only scan volumes that are in the same region as Cloud Manager.

2. Ensure that the security group for Cloud Volumes ONTAP allows inbound traffic from the Cloud Compliance instance.

   You can either open the security group for traffic from the IP address of the Cloud Compliance instance, or you can open the security group for all traffic from inside the virtual network.

3. Ensure that NFS volume export policies include the IP address of the Cloud Compliance instance so it can access the data on each volume.

4. If you use CIFS, provide Cloud Compliance with Active Directory credentials so it can scan CIFS volumes.
   a. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Cloud Compliance**.
   b. Click the **Configuration** tab.
   c. For each working environment, click **Edit CIFS Credentials** and enter the user name and password that Cloud Compliance needs to access CIFS volumes on the system.

   The credentials can be read-only, but providing admin credentials ensures that Cloud Compliance can read any data that requires elevated permissions. The credentials are stored on the Cloud Compliance instance.

   After you enter the credentials, you should see a message that all CIFS volumes were authenticated successfully.
5. On the Scan Configuration page, click **View Details** to review the status for each CIFS and NFS volume and correct any errors.

For example, the following image shows three volumes; one of which Cloud Compliance can’t scan due to network connectivity issues between the Cloud Compliance instance and the volume.

### Enabling and disabling compliance scans on volumes

You can stop or start scanning volumes in a working environment at any time from the Scan Configuration page. We recommend that you scan all volumes.
To: | Do this:
---|---
Disable scanning for a volume | Move the volume slider to the left
Disable scanning for all volumes | Move the **Activate Compliance for all Volumes** slider to the left
Enable scanning for a volume | Move the volume slider to the right
Enable scanning for all volumes | Move the **Activate Compliance for all Volumes** slider to the right

New volumes added to the working environment are automatically scanned only when the **Activate Compliance for all Volumes** setting is enabled. When this setting is disabled, you'll need to activate scanning on each new volume you create in the working environment.

**Scanning data protection volumes**

By default, data protection (DP) volumes are not scanned because they are not exposed externally and Cloud Compliance cannot access them. These volumes are typically the destination volumes for SnapMirror operations from an on-premises ONTAP cluster.

Initially, the Cloud Compliance volume list identifies these volumes as **Type DP** with the **Status Not Scanning** and the **Required Action Enable Access to DP volumes**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>'Working Environment Name' Scan Configuration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Cloud Compliance Volume List" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Steps**

1. Click the **Enable Access to DP volumes** button at the top of the page.
2. Activate each DP volume that you want to scan, or use the **Activate Compliance for all Volumes** control to enable all volumes, including all DP volumes.

Once enabled, Cloud Compliance creates an NFS share from each DP volume that was activated for Compliance so that it can be scanned. The share export policies only allow access from the Cloud Compliance instance.
Only volumes that were initially created as NFS volumes in the source ONTAP system are shown in the volume list. Source volumes that were created initially as CIFS do not currently appear in Cloud Compliance.

Getting started with Cloud Compliance for Amazon S3

Cloud Compliance can scan your Amazon S3 buckets to identify the personal and sensitive data that resides in S3 object storage. Cloud Compliance can scan any bucket in the account, regardless if it was created for a NetApp solution.

Quick start

Get started quickly by following these steps, or scroll down to the remaining sections for full details.

1. Set up the S3 requirements in your cloud environment

Ensure that your cloud environment can meet the requirements for Cloud Compliance, including preparing an IAM role and setting up connectivity from Cloud Compliance to S3. See the complete list.

2. Deploy the Cloud Compliance instance

Deploy Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager if there isn’t already an instance deployed.

3. Activate Compliance on your S3 working environment

Select the Amazon S3 working environment, click Enable Compliance, and select an IAM role that includes the required permissions.

4. Select the buckets to scan

Select the buckets that you’d like to scan and Cloud Compliance will start scanning them.

Reviewing S3 prerequisites

The following requirements are specific to scanning S3 buckets.

Set up an IAM role for the Cloud Compliance instance

Cloud Compliance needs permissions to connect to the S3 buckets in your account and to scan them. Set up an IAM role that includes the permissions listed below. Cloud Manager prompts you to select an IAM role when you enable Cloud Compliance on the Amazon S3 working environment.
Provide connectivity from Cloud Compliance to Amazon S3

Cloud Compliance needs a connection to Amazon S3. The best way to provide that connection is through a VPC Endpoint to the S3 service. For instructions, see AWS Documentation: Creating a Gateway Endpoint.

When you create the VPC Endpoint, be sure to select the region, VPC, and route table that corresponds to the Cloud Compliance instance. You must also modify the security group to add an outbound HTTPS rule that enables traffic to the S3 endpoint. Otherwise, Cloud Compliance can’t connect to the S3 service.

If you experience any issues, see AWS Support Knowledge Center: Why can't I connect to an S3 bucket using a gateway VPC endpoint?

An alternative is to provide the connection by using a NAT Gateway.

ℹ️ You can’t use a proxy to get to S3 over the internet.
Deploying the Cloud Compliance instance

Deploy Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager if there isn’t already an instance deployed.

You need to deploy the instance in an AWS Connector so that Cloud Manager automatically discovers the S3 buckets in this AWS account and displays them in an Amazon S3 working environment.

Activating Compliance on your S3 working environment

Enable Cloud Compliance on Amazon S3 after you verify the prerequisites.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click Working Environments.
2. Select the Amazon S3 working environment.
3. In the pane on the right, click Enable Compliance.
4. When prompted, assign an IAM role to the Cloud Compliance instance that has the required permissions.
5. Click **Enable Compliance**.

You can also enable compliance scans for a working environment from the Scan Configuration page by clicking the button and selecting **Activate Compliance**.

**Result**
Cloud Manager assigns the IAM role to the instance.

**Enabling and disabling compliance scans on S3 buckets**

After Cloud Manager enables Cloud Compliance on Amazon S3, the next step is to configure the buckets that you want to scan.

When Cloud Manager is running in the AWS account that has the S3 buckets you want to scan, it discovers those buckets and displays them in an Amazon S3 working environment.

Cloud Compliance can also scan S3 buckets that are in different AWS accounts.

**Steps**

1. Select the Amazon S3 working environment.

2. In the pane on the right, click **Configure Buckets**.
3. Enable compliance on the buckets that you want to scan.

Result
Cloud Compliance starts scanning the S3 buckets that you enabled. If there are any errors, they'll appear in the Status column, alongside the required action to fix the error.

Scanning buckets from additional AWS accounts
You can scan S3 buckets that are under a different AWS account by assigning a role from that account to access the existing Cloud Compliance instance.

Steps
1. Go to the target AWS account where you want to scan S3 buckets and create an IAM role by selecting Another AWS account.
Create role

Select type of trusted entity

Be sure to do the following:

◦ Enter the ID of the account where the Cloud Compliance instance resides.
◦ Change the **Maximum CLI/API session duration** from 1 hour to 12 hours and save that change.
◦ Attach the Cloud Compliance IAM policy. Make sure it has the required permissions.

```json
{
   "Version": "2012-10-17",
   "Statement": [
      {
         "Effect": "Allow",
         "Action": [
            "s3:Get*",
            "s3:List*",
            "s3:HeadBucket"
         ],
         "Resource": "*"
      }
   ]
}
```

2. Go to the source AWS account where the Cloud Compliance instance resides and select the IAM role that is attached to the instance.
   a. Change the **Maximum CLI/API session duration** from 1 hour to 12 hours and save that change.
   b. Click **Attach policies** and then click **Create policy**.
   c. Create a policy that includes the "sts:AssumeRole" action and the ARN of the role that you created in the target account.
The Cloud Compliance instance profile account now has access to the additional AWS account.

3. Go to the Amazon S3 Scan Configuration page and the new AWS account is displayed. Note that it can take a few minutes for Cloud Compliance to sync the new account's working environment and show this information.

4. Click Activate Compliance & Select Buckets and select the buckets you want to scan.

Result
Cloud Compliance starts scanning the new S3 buckets that you enabled.

Scanning database schemas
Complete a few steps to start scanning your database schemas with Cloud
Compliance.

Quick start

Get started quickly by following these steps or scroll down to the remaining sections for full details.

1. **Review database prerequisites**

   Ensure that your database is supported and that you have the information necessary to connect to the database.

2. **Deploy the Cloud Compliance instance**

   Deploy Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager if there isn’t already an instance deployed.

3. **Add the database server**

   Add the database server that you want to access.

4. **Select the schemas**

   Select the schemas that you want to scan.

**Reviewing prerequisites**

Review the following prerequisites to make sure that you have a supported configuration before you enable Cloud Compliance.

**Supported databases**

Cloud Compliance can scan schemas from the following databases:

- MongoDB
- Oracle
- PostgreSQL
- SAP HANA
- SQL Server (MSSQL)

The statistics gathering feature **must be enabled** in the database.
**Database requirements**

Any database with connectivity to the Cloud Compliance instance can be scanned, regardless of where it is hosted. You just need the following information to connect to the database:

- IP Address or host name
- Port
- Service name (only for accessing Oracle databases)
- Credentials that allow read access to the schemas

When choosing a user name and password, it's important to choose one that has full read permissions to all the schemas and tables you want to scan. We recommend that you create a dedicated user for the Cloud Compliance system with all the required permissions.

**Note:** For MongoDB, a read-only Admin role is required.

**Adding the database server**

You must have deployed an instance of Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager already.

Add the database server where the schemas reside.

1. From the *Scan Configuration* page, click the **Add DB Server** button.

2. Enter the required information to identify the database server.
   a. Select the database type.
   b. Enter the port and the host name or IP address to connect to the database.
   c. For Oracle databases, enter the Service name.
   d. Enter the credentials so that Cloud Compliance can access the server.
   e. Click **Add DB Server**.

![Scan Configuration](image-url)
The database is added to the list of working directories.

**Enabling and disabling compliance scans on database schemas**

You can stop or start scanning schemas at any time.

1. From the *Scan Configuration* page, click the **Configuration** button for the database you want to configure.

2. Select the schemas that you want to scan by moving the slider to the right.
Result

Cloud Compliance starts scanning the database schemas that you enabled. If there are any errors, they'll appear in the Status column, alongside the required action to fix the error.

Removing a database from Cloud Manager

If you no longer want to scan a certain database, you can delete it from the Cloud Manager interface and stop all scans.

From the Scan Configuration page, click the button in the row for the database, and then click Remove DB Server.

Scanning on-premises ONTAP data with Cloud Compliance by using SnapMirror

You can scan your on-premises ONTAP data with Cloud Compliance by replicating the on-prem NFS or CIFS data to a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment and then enabling compliance. Scanning the data directly from an on-premises ONTAP working environment isn’t supported.

You must have deployed an instance of Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager already.

Steps

1. From Cloud Manager, create a SnapMirror relationship between the on-premises ONTAP cluster and Cloud Volumes ONTAP.
1. Discover the on-premises cluster in Cloud Manager.

2. Create a SnapMirror replication between the on-premises ONTAP cluster and Cloud Volumes ONTAP from Cloud Manager.

3. For DP volumes that were created from SMB source volumes, from the ONTAP CLI, configure the SMB destination volumes for data access. (This is not required for NFS volumes because data access is enabled automatically through Cloud Compliance.)

   a. Create a SMB share on the destination volume.

   b. Apply the appropriate ACLs to the SMB share at the destination volume.

4. From Cloud Manager, activate Cloud Compliance on the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment that contains the SnapMirror data:

   a. Click Working Environments.

   b. Select the working environment that contains the SnapMirror data and click Enable Compliance.

   Click here if you need help with enabling Cloud Compliance on a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

   c. Click the Enable Access to DP volumes button at the top of the Scan Configuration page.

   d. Activate each DP volume that you want to scan, or use the Activate Compliance for all Volumes control to enable all volumes, including all DP volumes.

See Scanning data protection volumes for more information about scanning DP volumes.

**Gaining visibility and control of private data**

Gain control of your private data by viewing details about the personal data and sensitive personal data in your organization. You can also gain visibility by reviewing the categories and file types that Cloud Compliance found in your data.

By default, the Cloud Compliance dashboard displays compliance data for all working environments and databases.
If you want to see data for only some of the working environments, select those working environments.

**Personal data**

Cloud Compliance automatically identifies specific words, strings, and patterns (Regex) inside the data. For example, Personal Identification Information (PII), credit card numbers, social security numbers, bank account numbers, and more. See the full list.

For some types of personal data, Cloud Compliance uses proximity validation to validate its findings. The validation occurs by looking for one or more predefined keywords in proximity to the personal data that was found. For example, Cloud Compliance identifies a U.S. social security number (SSN) as a SSN if it sees a proximity word next to it—for example, SSN or social security. The list below shows when Cloud Compliance uses proximity validation.

**Viewing files that contain personal data**

*Steps*

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Cloud Compliance** and click the **Dashboard** tab.
2. To investigate the details for all personal data, click the icon next to the personal data percentage.
3. To investigate the details for a specific type of personal data, click **View All** and then click the **Investigate Results** icon for a specific type of personal data.
4. Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking Investigate Results to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.

5. You can also filter the contents of the investigation page to display only the results you want to see. The top-level tabs allow you to view data from files (unstructured data) or from databases (structured data).

Then you have filters for working environment, storage repository, category, private data, file type, last modified date, and whether the S3 object’s permissions are open to public access.

Types of personal data

The personal data found in files can be general personal data or national identifiers. The third column identifies whether Cloud Compliance uses proximity validation to validate its findings for the identifier.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Identifier</th>
<th>Proximity validation?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Email address</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Credit card number</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IBAN number (International Bank Account Number)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Identifier</td>
<td>Proximity validation?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Identifiers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Sensitive personal data

Cloud Compliance automatically identifies special types of sensitive personal information, as defined by privacy regulations such as articles 9 and 10 of the GDPR. For example, information regarding a person's health, ethnic origin, or sexual orientation. See the full list.

Cloud Compliance uses artificial intelligence (AI), natural language processing (NLP), machine learning (ML), and cognitive computing (CC) to understand the meaning of the content that it scans in order to extract entities and categorize it accordingly.

For example, one sensitive GDPR data category is ethnic origin. Because of its NLP abilities, Cloud Compliance can distinguish the difference between a sentence that reads "George is Mexican" (indicating sensitive data as specified in article 9 of the GDPR), versus "George is eating Mexican food."

Only English is supported when scanning for sensitive personal data. Support for more languages will be added later.

### Viewing files that contain sensitive personal data

**Steps**

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Cloud Compliance**.

2. To investigate the details for all sensitive personal data, click the icon next to the sensitive personal data percentage.
3. To investigate the details for a specific type of sensitive personal data, click View All and then click the Investigate Results icon for a specific type of sensitive personal data.

4. Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking Investigate Results to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.

**Types of sensitive personal data**

The sensitive personal data that Cloud Compliance can find in files includes the following:

**Criminal Procedures Reference**
Data concerning a natural person’s criminal convictions and offenses.

**Ethnicity Reference**
Data concerning a natural person’s racial or ethnic origin.

**Health Reference**
Data concerning a natural person’s health.
ICD-9-CM Medical Codes
Codes used in the medical and health industry.

ICD-10-CM Medical Codes
Codes used in the medical and health industry.

Philosophical Beliefs Reference
Data concerning a natural person’s philosophical beliefs.

Religious Beliefs Reference
Data concerning a natural person’s religious beliefs.

Sex Life or Orientation Reference
Data concerning a natural person’s sex life or sexual orientation.

Categories
Cloud Compliance takes the data that it scanned and divides it into different types of categories. Categories are topics based on AI analysis of the content and metadata of each file. See the list of categories.

Categories can help you understand what’s happening with your data by showing you the types of information that you have. For example, a category like resumes or employee contracts can include sensitive data. When you investigate the results, you might find that employee contracts are stored in an insecure location. You can then correct that issue.

Only English is supported for categories. Support for more languages will be added later.

Viewing files by categories
Steps
1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click Cloud Compliance.
2. Click the Investigate Results icon for one of the top 4 categories directly from the main screen, or click View All and then click the icon for any of the categories.
3. Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking Investigate Results to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.

**Types of categories**

Cloud Compliance categorizes your data as follows:

**Finance**
- Balance Sheets
- Purchase Orders
- Invoices
- Quarterly Reports

**HR**
- Background Checks
- Compensation Plans
• Employee Contracts
• Employee Reviews
• Health
• Resumes

Legal
• NDAs
• Vendor-Customer contracts

Marketing
• Campaigns
• Conferences

Operations
• Audit Reports

Sales
• Sales Orders

Services
• RFI
• RFP
• SOW
• Training

Support
• Complaints and Tickets

Metadata categories
• Application Data
• Archive Files
• Audio
• Business Application Data
• CAD Files
• Code
• Database and index files
• Design Files
• Email Application Data
File types

Cloud Compliance takes the data that it scanned and breaks it down by file type. Reviewing your file types can help you control your sensitive data because you might find that certain file types are not stored correctly. See the list of file types.

For example, you might be storing CAD files that include very sensitive information about your organization. If they are unsecured, you can take control of the sensitive data by restricting permissions or moving the files to another location.

Viewing file types

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Cloud Compliance**.

2. Click the **Investigate Results** icon for one of the top 4 file types directly from the main screen, or click **View All** and then click the icon for any of the file types.
3. Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking Investigate Results to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.

**Types of files**

Cloud Compliance scans all files for category and metadata insights and displays all file types in the file types section of the dashboard.

But when Cloud Compliance detects Personal Identifiable Information (PII), or when it performs a DSAR search, only the following file formats are supported: .PDF, .DOCX, .DOC, .PPTX, .XLS, .XLSX, .CSV, .TXT, .RTF, and .JSON.

**Viewing data from specific working environments**

You can filter the contents of the Cloud Compliance dashboard to see compliance data for all working environments and databases, or for just specific working environments.

When you filter the dashboard, Cloud Compliance scopes the compliance data and reports to just those working environments that you selected.

**Steps**

1. Click the filter drop-down, select the working environments that you’d like to view data for, and
Accuracy of information found

NetApp can't guarantee 100% accuracy of the personal data and sensitive personal data that Cloud Compliance identifies. You should always validate the information by reviewing the data.

Based on our testing, the table below shows the accuracy of the information that Cloud Compliance finds. We break it down by precision and recall:

**Precision**

The probability that what Cloud Compliance finds has been identified correctly. For example, a precision rate of 90% for personal data means that 9 out of 10 files identified as containing personal information, actually contain personal information. 1 out of 10 files would be a false positive.
Recall

The probability for Cloud Compliance to find what it should. For example, a recall rate of 70% for personal data means that Cloud Compliance can identify 7 out of 10 files that actually contain personal information in your organization. Cloud Compliance would miss 30% of the data and it won’t appear in the dashboard.

Cloud Compliance is in a Controlled Availability release and we are constantly improving the accuracy of our results. Those improvements will be automatically available in future Cloud Compliance releases.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Precision</th>
<th>Recall</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal data - General</td>
<td>90%-95%</td>
<td>60%-80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal data - Country identifiers</td>
<td>30%-60%</td>
<td>40%-60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitive personal data</td>
<td>80%-95%</td>
<td>20%-30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Categories</td>
<td>90%-97%</td>
<td>60%-80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What’s included in each file list report (CSV file)

From each Investigation page you can download file lists (in CSV format) that include details about the identified files. If there are more than 10,000 results, only the top 10,000 appear in the list.

Each file list includes the following information:

- File name
- Location type
- Working environment
- Storage repository
- Protocol
- File path
- File type
- Category
- Personal information
- Sensitive personal information
- Deletion detection date

A deletion detection date identifies the date that the file was deleted or moved. This enables you to identify when sensitive files have been moved. Deleted files aren't part of the file number count that appears in the dashboard or on the Investigation page. The files only appear in the CSV reports.
Viewing compliance reports

Cloud Compliance provides reports that you can use to better understand the status of your organization’s data privacy program.

By default, the Cloud Compliance dashboard displays compliance data for all working environments and databases. If you want to view reports that contain data for only some of the working environments, select those working environments.

NetApp can't guarantee 100% accuracy of the personal data and sensitive personal data that Cloud Compliance identifies. You should always validate the information by reviewing the data.

Privacy Risk Assessment Report

The Privacy Risk Assessment Report provides an overview of your organization’s privacy risk status, as required by privacy regulations such as GDPR and CCPA. The report includes the following information:

Compliance status

A severity score and the distribution of data, whether it's non-sensitive, personal, or sensitive personal.

Assessment overview

A breakdown of the types of personal data found, as well as the categories of data.

Data subjects in this assessment

The number of people, by location, for which national identifiers were found.

Generating the Privacy Risk Assessment Report

Go to the Compliance tab to generate the report.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click Cloud Compliance.
2. Under Reports, click the download icon next to Privacy Risk Assessment.
Result
Cloud Compliance generates a PDF report that you can review and send to other groups as needed.

Severity score
Cloud Compliance calculates the severity score for the Privacy Risk Assessment Report on the basis of three variables:

- The percentage of personal data out of all data.
- The percentage of sensitive personal data out of all data.
- The percentage of files that include data subjects, determined by national identifiers such as national IDs, Social Security numbers, and tax ID numbers.

The logic used to determine the score is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Severity score</th>
<th>Logic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>All three variables are exactly 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>One of the variables are larger than 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>One of the variables are larger than 3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Two of the variables are larger than 3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Three of the variables are larger than 3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>One of the variables are larger than 6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Two of the variables are larger than 6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Three of the variables are larger than 6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>One of the variables are larger than 15%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Severity score | Logic
---|---
9 | Two of the variables are larger than 15%
10 | Three of the variables are larger than 15%

**PCI DSS Report**

The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) Report can help you identify the distribution of credit card information across your files. The report includes the following information:

**Overview**
How many files contain credit card information and in which working environments.

**Encryption**
The percentage of files containing credit card information that are on encrypted or unencrypted working environments. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

**Ransomware Protection**
The percentage of files containing credit card information that are on working environments that do or don’t have ransomware protection enabled. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

**Retention**
The timeframe in which the files were last modified. This is helpful because you shouldn’t keep credit card information for longer than you need to process it.

**Distribution of Credit Card Information**
The working environments where the credit card information was found and whether encryption and ransomware protection are enabled.

**Generating the PCI DSS Report**
Go to the Compliance tab to generate the report.

**Steps**
1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Cloud Compliance**.
2. Under **Reports**, click the download icon next to **PCI DSS Report**.
Result

Cloud Compliance generates a PDF report that you can review and send to other groups as needed.

HIPAA Report

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Report can help you identify files containing health information. It is designed to aid in your organization’s requirement to comply with HIPAA data privacy laws. The information Cloud Compliance looks for includes:

- Health reference pattern
- ICD-10-CM Medical code
- ICD-9-CM Medical code
- HR – Health category
- Health Application Data category

The report includes the following information:

Overview

How many files contain health information and in which working environments.

Encryption

The percentage of files containing health information that are on encrypted or unencrypted working environments. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

Ransomware Protection

The percentage of files containing health information that are on working environments that do or don’t have ransomware protection enabled. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.
Retention
The timeframe in which the files were last modified. This is helpful because you shouldn’t keep health information for longer than you need to process it.

Distribution of Health Information
The working environments where the health information was found and whether encryption and ransomware protection are enabled.

Generating the HIPAA Report
Go to the Compliance tab to generate the report.

Steps
1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click Cloud Compliance.
2. Under Reports, click the download icon next to HIPAA Report.

Result
Cloud Compliance generates a PDF report that you can review and send to other groups as needed.

Selecting the working environments for reports
You can filter the contents of the Cloud Compliance dashboard to see compliance data for all working environments and databases, or for just specific working environments.

When you filter the dashboard, Cloud Compliance scopes the compliance data and reports to just those working environments that you selected.

Steps
1. Click the filter drop-down, select the working environments that you’d like to view data for, and
Responding to a Data Subject Access Request

Respond to a Data Subject Access Request (DSAR) by searching for a subject’s full name or known identifier (such as an email address) and then downloading a report. The report is designed to aid in your organization’s requirement to comply with GDPR or similar data privacy laws.

NetApp can’t guarantee 100% accuracy of the personal data and sensitive personal data that Cloud Compliance identifies. You should always validate the information by reviewing the data.
What is a Data Subject Access Request?

Privacy regulations such as the European GDPR grant data subjects (such as customers or employees) the right to access their personal data. When a data subject requests this information, this is known as a DSAR (data subject access request). Organizations are required to respond to these requests "without undue delay," and at the latest within one month of receipt.

How can Cloud Compliance help you respond to a DSAR?

When you perform a data subject search, Cloud Compliance finds all of the files that has that person’s name or identifier in it. Cloud Compliance checks the latest pre-indexed data for the name or identifier. It doesn’t initiate a new scan.

After the search is complete, you can then download the list of files for a Data Subject Access Request report. The report aggregates insights from the data and puts it into legal terms that you can send back to the person.

Searching for data subjects and downloading reports

Search for the data subject’s full name or known identifier and then download a file list report or DSAR report. You can search by any personal information type.

Only English is supported when searching for the names of data subjects. Support for more languages will be added later.

Data subject search is not supported within databases at this time.

Steps
1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click Cloud Compliance.
2. Click Data Subjects.
3. Search for the data subject’s full name or known identifier.

Here’s an example that shows a search for the name john doe:
4. Choose one of the available options:

- **Download DSAR Report**: A formal response to the access request that you can send to the data subject. This report contains automatically-generated information based on data that Cloud Compliance found on the data subject and is designed to be used as a template. You should complete the form and review it internally before sending it to the data subject.

- **Investigate Results**: A page that enables you to investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, and by downloading the file list.

  If there are more than 10,000 results, only the top 10,000 appear in the file list.

**Disabling Cloud Compliance**

If you need to, you can stop Cloud Compliance from scanning one or more working environments or databases. You can also delete the Cloud Compliance instance if you no longer want to use Cloud Compliance with your working environments.

**Deactivating compliance scans for a working environment**

When you deactivate scans, Cloud Compliance no longer scans the data on the system and it removes the indexed compliance insights from the Cloud Compliance instance (the data from the working
environment or database itself isn’t deleted).

Steps
From the Scan Configuration page, click the button in the row for the working environment, and then click Deactivate Compliance.

You can also disable compliance scans for a working environment from the Services panel when you select the working environment.

Deleting the Cloud Compliance instance
You can delete the Cloud Compliance instance if you no longer want to use Cloud Compliance. Deleting the instance also deletes the associated disks where the indexed data resides.

Step
1. Go to your cloud provider's console and delete the Cloud Compliance instance.

   The instance is named CloudCompliance with a generated hash (UUID) concatenated to it. For example: CloudCompliance-16bb6564-38ad-4080-9a92-36f5fd2f71c7

Frequently asked questions about Cloud Compliance
This FAQ can help if you’re just looking for a quick answer to a question.

What is Cloud Compliance?
Cloud Compliance is a cloud offering that uses Artificial Intelligence (AI) driven technology to help organizations understand data context and identify sensitive data across your Azure NetApp Files configurations, Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems hosted in AWS or Azure, Amazon S3 buckets, and databases.

Cloud Compliance provides pre-defined parameters (such as sensitive information types and categories) to address new data compliance regulations for data privacy and sensitivity, such as GDPR, CCPA, HIPAA, and more.
Why should I use Cloud Compliance?

Cloud Compliance can empower you with data to help you:

- Comply with data compliance and privacy regulations.
- Comply with data retention policies.
- Easily locate and report on specific data in response to data subjects, as required by GDPR, CCPA, HIPAA, and other data privacy regulations.

What are the common use cases for Cloud Compliance?

- Identify Personal Identifiable Information (PII).
- Identify a wide scope of sensitive information as required by GDPR and CCPA privacy regulations.
- Comply with new and upcoming data privacy regulations.

Learn more about the use cases for Cloud Compliance.

What types of data can be scanned with Cloud Compliance?

Cloud Compliance supports scanning of unstructured data over NFS and CIFS protocols that are managed by Cloud Volumes ONTAP and Azure NetApp Files. Cloud Compliance can also scan data stored on Amazon S3 buckets.

Additionally, Cloud Compliance can scan databases that are located anywhere - they are not required to be managed by Cloud Manager.

Learn how scans work.

Which cloud providers are supported?

Cloud Compliance operates as part of Cloud Manager and currently supports AWS and Azure. This provides your organization with unified privacy visibility across different cloud providers. Support for Google Cloud Platform (GCP) will be added soon.

How do I access Cloud Compliance?

Cloud Compliance is operated and managed through Cloud Manager. You can access Cloud Compliance features from the Compliance tab in Cloud Manager.

How does Cloud Compliance work?

Cloud Compliance deploys another layer of Artificial Intelligence alongside your Cloud Manager system and storage systems. It then scans the data on volumes, buckets, and databases and indexes the data insights that are found.
Learn more about how Cloud Compliance works.

**How much does Cloud Compliance cost?**

The cost to use Cloud Compliance depends on the amount of data that you're scanning. The first 1 TB of data that Cloud Compliance scans in a Cloud Manager workspace is free. A subscription to the AWS or Azure Marketplace is required to continue scanning data after that point. See [pricing](#) for details.

**How often does Cloud Compliance scan my data?**

Data changes frequently, so Cloud Compliance scans your data continuously with no impact to your data. While the initial scan of your data might take longer, subsequent scans only scan the incremental changes, which reduces system scan times.

[Learn how scans work.](#)

**Does Cloud Compliance offer reports?**

Yes. The information offered by Cloud Compliance can be relevant to other stakeholders in your organizations, so we enable you to generate reports to share the insights.

The following reports are available for Cloud Compliance:

**Privacy Risk Assessment report**

Provides privacy insights from your data and a privacy risk score. [Learn more.](#)

**Data Subject Access Request report**

Enables you to extract a report of all files that contain information regarding a data subject's specific name or personal identifier. [Learn more.](#)

**PCI DSS report**

Helps you identify the distribution of credit card information across your files. [Learn more.](#)

**HIPAA report**

Helps you identify the distribution of health information across your files. [Learn more.](#)

**Reports on a specific information type**

Reports are available that include details about the identified files that contain personal data and sensitive personal data. You can also see files broken down by category and file type. [Learn more.](#)

**What type of instance or VM is required for Cloud Compliance?**

- In Azure, Cloud Compliance runs on a Standard_D16s_v3 VM with a 512 GB disk.
- In AWS, Cloud Compliance runs on an m5.4xlarge instance with a 500 GB GP2 disk.

In regions where m5.4xlarge isn't available, Cloud Compliance runs on an m4.4xlarge instance
Changing or resizing the instance/VM type isn’t supported. You need to use the default size that’s provided.

Learn more about how Cloud Compliance works.

**Does scan performance vary?**

Scan performance can vary based on the network bandwidth and the average file size in your cloud environment.

**Which file types are supported?**

Cloud Compliance scans all files for category and metadata insights and displays all file types in the file types section of the dashboard.

When Cloud Compliance detects Personal Identifiable Information (PII), or when it performs a DSAR search, only the following file formats are supported:

`.PDF`, `.DOCX`, `.DOC`, `.PPTX`, `.XLS`, `.XLSX`, `.CSV`, `.TXT`, `.RTF`, and `.JSON`.

**How do I enable Cloud Compliance?**

First you need to deploy an instance of Cloud Compliance in Cloud Manager. Once the instance is running, you can enable it on existing working environments and databases from the **Compliance** tab or by selecting a specific working environment.

Learn how to get started.

Activating Cloud Compliance results in an immediate initial scan. Compliance results display shortly after.

**How do I disable Cloud Compliance?**

You can disable Cloud Compliance from the Working Environments page after you select an individual working environment.

Learn more.

To completely remove the Cloud Compliance instance, you can manually remove the Cloud Compliance instance from your cloud provider’s portal.

**What happens if data tiering is enabled on Cloud Volumes ONTAP?**

You might want to enable Cloud Compliance on a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system that tiers cold data to
object storage. If data tiering is enabled, Cloud Compliance scans all of the data—data that’s on disks and cold data tiered to object storage.

The compliance scan doesn't heat up the cold data—it stays cold and tiered to object storage.

**Can I use Cloud Compliance to scan on-premise ONTAP storage?**

Scanning the data directly from an on-premises ONTAP working environment isn’t supported. But you can scan your on-premises ONTAP data by replicating the on-prem NFS or CIFS data to a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment and then activating compliance on those volumes. We’re planning to support Cloud Compliance with additional cloud offerings such as Cloud Volumes Service.

[Learn more.](#)

**Can Cloud Compliance send notifications to my organization?**

No, but you can download status reports that you can share internally in your organization.

**Can I customize the service to my organization’s need?**

Cloud Compliance provides out-of-the-box insights to your data. These insights can be extracted and used for your organization’s needs.

**Can I limit Cloud Compliance information to specific users?**

Yes, Cloud Compliance is fully integrated with Cloud Manager. Cloud Manager users can only see information for the working environments they are eligible to view according to their workspace privileges.

Additionally, if you want to allow certain users to just view Cloud Compliance scan results without having the ability to manage Cloud Compliance settings, you can assign those users the *Cloud Compliance Viewer* role.

[Learn more.](#)
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