



Event details page

OnCommand Unified Manager 9.5

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Event details page

From the Event details page, you can view the details of a selected event, such as the event severity, impact level, impact area, and event source. You can also view additional information about possible remediations to resolve the issue.

- **Event Name**

The name of the event and the time the event was last seen.

For non-performance events, while the event is in the New or Acknowledged state the last seen information is not known and is therefore hidden.

- **Event Description**

A brief description of the event.

In some cases a reason for the event being triggered is provided in the event description.

- **Component in Contention**

For dynamic performance events, this section displays icons that represent the logical and physical components of the cluster. If a component is in contention, its icon is circled and highlighted red.

The following components may be displayed:

- **Network**

Represents the wait time of I/O requests by the iSCSI protocols or the Fibre Channel (FC) protocols on the cluster. The wait time is time spent waiting for iSCSI Ready to Transfer (R2T) or FCP Transfer Ready (XFER_RDY) transactions to finish before the cluster can respond to an I/O request. If the network component is in contention, it means high wait time at the block protocol layer is impacting the latency of one or more workloads.

- **Network Processing**

Represents the software component in the cluster involved with I/O processing between the protocol layer and the cluster. The node handling network processing might have changed since the event was detected. If the network processing component is in contention, it means high utilization at the network processing node is impacting the latency of one or more workloads.

- **QoS Policy**

Represents the storage Quality of Service (QoS) policy group of which the workload is a member. If the policy group component is in contention, it means all workloads in the policy group are being throttled by the set throughput limit, which is impacting the latency of one or more of those workloads.

- **Cluster Interconnect**

Represents the cables and adapters with which clustered nodes are physically connected. If the cluster interconnect component is in contention, it means high wait time for I/O requests at the cluster interconnect is impacting the latency of one or more workloads.

- **Data Processing**

Represents the software component in the cluster involved with I/O processing between the cluster and the storage aggregate that contains the workload. The node handling data processing might have changed since the event was detected. If the data processing component is in contention, it means high utilization at the data processing node is impacting the latency of one or more workloads.

- **MetroCluster Resources**

Represents the MetroCluster resources, including NVRAM and interswitch links (ISLs), used to mirror data between clusters in a MetroCluster configuration. If the MetroCluster component is in contention, it means high write throughput from workloads on the local cluster or a link health issue is impacting the latency of one or more workloads on the local cluster. If the cluster is not in a MetroCluster configuration, this icon is not displayed.

- **Aggregate or SSD Aggregate Ops**

Represents the storage aggregate on which the workloads are running. If the aggregate component is in contention, it means high utilization on the aggregate is impacting the latency of one or more workloads. An aggregate consists of all HDDs, or a mix of HDDs and SSDs (a Flash Pool aggregate). An “SSD Aggregate” consists of all SSDs (an all-flash aggregate), or a mix of SSDs and a cloud tier (a FabricPool aggregate).

- **Cloud Latency**

Represents the software component in the cluster involved with I/O processing between the cluster and the cloud tier on which user data is stored. If the cloud latency component is in contention, it means that a large amount of reads from volumes that are hosted on the cloud tier are impacting the latency of one or more workloads.

- **Sync SnapMirror**

Represents the software component in the cluster involved with replicating user data from the primary volume to the secondary volume in a SnapMirror Synchronous relationship. If the sync SnapMirror component is in contention, it means that the activity from SnapMirror Synchronous operations are impacting the latency of one or more workloads.

The Event Information, System Diagnosis, and Suggested Actions sections are described in other topics.

Command buttons

The command buttons enable you to perform the following tasks:

- **Notes icon**

Enables you to add or update a note about the event, and review all notes left by other users.

Actions menu

- **Assign to Me**

Assigns the event to you.

- **Assign to Others**

Opens the Assign Owner dialog box, which enables you to assign or reassign the event to other users.

When you assign an event to a user, the user's name and the time when the event was assigned are added in the events list for the selected events.

You can also unassign events by leaving the ownership field blank.

- **Acknowledge**

Acknowledges the selected events so that you do not continue to receive repeat alert notifications.

When you acknowledge an event, your user name and the time that you acknowledged the event are added in the events list (Acknowledged By) for the selected events. When you acknowledge an event, you take responsibility for managing that event.

- **Mark As Resolved**

Enables you to change the event state to Resolved.

When you resolve an event, your user name and the time that you resolved the event are added in the events list (Resolved By) for the selected events. After you have taken corrective action for the event, you must mark the event as resolved.

- **Add Alert**

Displays the Add Alert dialog box, which enables you to add an alert for the selected event.

What the Event Information section displays

You use the Event Information section on the Event details page to view the details about a selected event, such as the event severity, impact level, impact area, and event source.

Fields that are not applicable to the event type are hidden. You can view the following event details:

- **Event Trigger Time**

The time at which the event was generated.

- **State**

The event state: New, Acknowledged, Resolved, or Obsolete.

- **Obsoleted Cause**

The actions that caused the event to be obsoleted, for example, the issue was fixed.

- **Event Duration**

For active (new and acknowledged) events, this is the time between detection and the time when the event was last analyzed. For obsolete events, this is the time between detection and when the event was resolved.

This field is displayed for all performance events, and for other event types only after they have been resolved or obsoleted.

- **Last Seen**

The date and time at which the event was last seen as active.

For performance events this value may be more recent than the Event Trigger Time as this field is updated after each new collection of performance data as long as the event is active. For other types of events, when in the New or Acknowledged state, this content is not updated and the field is therefore hidden.

- **Severity**

The event severity: Critical () , Error () , Warning () , and Information () .

- **Impact Level**

The event impact level: Incident, Risk, or Event.

- **Impact Area**

The event impact area: Availability, Capacity, Performance, Protection, or Configuration.

- **Source**

The name of the object on which the event has occurred.

When viewing the details for a shared QoS policy event, up to three of the workload objects that are consuming the most IOPS or MBps are listed in this field.

You can click the source name link to display the health or performance details page for that object.

- **Source Annotations**

Displays the annotation name and value for the object to which the event is associated.

This field is displayed only for health events on clusters, SVMs, and volumes.

- **Source Groups**

Displays the names of all the groups of which the impacted object is a member.

This field is displayed only for health events on clusters, SVMs, and volumes.

- **Source Type**

The object type (for example, SVM, Volume, or Qtree) with which the event is associated.

- **On Cluster**

The name of the cluster on which the event occurred.

You can click the cluster name link to display the health or performance details page for that cluster.

- **Affected Objects Count**

The number of objects affected by the event.

You can click the object link to display the inventory page populated with the objects that are currently affected by this event.

This field is displayed only for performance events.

- **Affected Volumes**

The number of volumes that are being affected by this event.

This field is displayed only for performance events on nodes or aggregates.

- **Triggered Policy**

The name of the threshold policy that issued the event.

You can hover your cursor over the policy name to see the details of the threshold policy. For adaptive QoS policies the defined policy, block size, and allocation type (allocated space or used space) is also displayed.

This field is displayed only for performance events.

- **Acknowledged by**

The name of the person who acknowledged the event and the time that the event was acknowledged.

- **Resolved by**

The name of the person who resolved the event and the time that the event was resolved.

- **Assigned to**

The name of the person who is assigned to work on the event.

- **Alert Settings**

The following information about alerts is displayed:

- If there are no alerts associated with the selected event, an **Add alert** link is displayed.

You can open the Add Alert dialog box by clicking the link.

- If there is one alert associated with the selected event, the alert name is displayed.

You can open the Edit Alert dialog box by clicking the link.

- If there is more than one alert associated with the selected event, the number of alerts is displayed.

You can open the Configuration/Alerting page by clicking the link to view more details about these alerts.

Alerts that are disabled are not displayed.

- **Last Notification Sent**

The date and time at which the most recent alert notification was sent.

- **Sent Via**

The mechanism that was used to send the alert notification: email or SNMP trap.

- **Previous Script Execution**

The name of the script that was executed when the alert was generated.

What the System Diagnosis section displays

The System Diagnosis section of the Event details page provides information that can help you diagnose issues that may have been responsible for the event.

This area is displayed only for some events.

Some performance events provide charts that are relevant to the particular event that has been triggered. Typically this includes an IOPS or MBps chart and a latency chart for the previous ten days. When arranged this way you can see which storage components are most affecting latency, or being affected by latency, when the event is active.

For dynamic performance events, the following charts are displayed:

- **Workload Latency** - Displays the history of latency for the top victim, bully, or shark workloads at the component in contention.
- **Workload Activity** - Displays details about the workload usage of the cluster component in contention.
- **Resource Activity** - Display historical performance statistics for the cluster component in contention.

Other charts are displayed when some cluster components are in contention.

Other events provide a brief description of the type of analysis the system is performing on the storage object. In some cases there will be one or more lines; one for each component that has been analyzed, for system-defined performance policies that analyze multiple performance counters. In this scenario, a green or red icon displays next to the diagnosis to indicate whether an issue was found, or not, in that particular diagnosis.

What the Suggested Actions section displays

The Suggested Actions section of the Event details page provides possible reasons for the event and suggests a few actions so that you can try to resolve the event on your own. The suggested actions are customized based on the type of event or type of threshold that has been breached.

This area is displayed only for some types of events.

In some cases there are **Help** links provided on the page that reference additional information for many suggested actions, including instructions for performing a specific action. Some of the actions may involve using Unified Manager, OnCommand System Manager, OnCommand Workflow Automation, ONTAP CLI commands, or a combination of these tools.

There are also some links provided in this help topic.

You should consider the actions suggested here as only a guidance in resolving this event. The action you take to resolve this event should be based on the context of your environment.

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