



vserver object-store-server commands

ONTAP 9.14.1 commands

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Table of Contents

vserver object-store-server commands	1
vserver object-store-server create	1
vserver object-store-server delete	2
vserver object-store-server modify	2
vserver object-store-server show	4
vserver object-store-server audit create	6
vserver object-store-server audit delete	8
vserver object-store-server audit disable	9
vserver object-store-server audit enable	9
vserver object-store-server audit modify	10
vserver object-store-server audit rotate-log	12
vserver object-store-server audit show	12
vserver object-store-server audit event-selector create	15
vserver object-store-server audit event-selector delete	16
vserver object-store-server audit event-selector modify	17
vserver object-store-server audit event-selector show	18
vserver object-store-server bucket create	19
vserver object-store-server bucket delete	21
vserver object-store-server bucket evict-remote-cached-objects	21
vserver object-store-server bucket modify	22
vserver object-store-server bucket show-nas-bucket	23
vserver object-store-server bucket show	25
vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule create	30
vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule delete	31
vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule modify	32
vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule show	34
vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition create	38
vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition delete	40
vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition modify	41
vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition show	42
vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement create	44
vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement delete	45
vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement modify	46
vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement show	47
vserver object-store-server group create	49
vserver object-store-server group delete	50
vserver object-store-server group modify	51
vserver object-store-server group show	51
vserver object-store-server policy create	53
vserver object-store-server policy delete	53
vserver object-store-server policy modify	54
vserver object-store-server policy show	55
vserver object-store-server policy statement create	56

vserver object-store-server policy statement delete	57
vserver object-store-server policy statement modify	58
vserver object-store-server policy statement show	59
vserver object-store-server user create	61
vserver object-store-server user delete-keys	62
vserver object-store-server user delete	63
vserver object-store-server user modify	63
vserver object-store-server user regenerate-keys	64
vserver object-store-server user show	65

vserver object-store-server commands

vserver object-store-server create

Create an object store server

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server create` command creates an object store server.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which to create the object store server. The Vserver must already exist.

-object-store-server <Object store server name> - Object Store Server Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server. Note that the object-store-server name must not begin with a bucket name. For virtual hosted style (VHS) API access, you must use the same hostname as the server name configured here.

[-is-http-enabled {true|false}] - Accept Connections Over HTTP

This optional parameter specifies if server should accept HTTP connections.

[-is-https-enabled {true|false}] - Accept Connections Over HTTPS

This optional parameter specifies if server should accept HTTPS connections.

[-certificate-name <text>] - Name of Certificate Used for HTTPS Connections

Common name of the certificate used for HTTPS connections.

[-listener-port <integer>] - Object Store Server Listener Port

Use this parameter to specify the listener port for the object store server. The default port is *80* .

[-secure-listener-port <integer>] - Object Store Server Listener Port for HTTPS

Use this parameter to specify the secure listener port for the object store server. The default port is *443* .

-status-admin {down|up} - Object Store Server Administrative State

Use this parameter to specify whether the initial administrative status of the object store server is up or down. The default setting is *up* .

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server Description

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store server.

[-default-unix-user <text>] - Default UNIX User for NAS Access

This optional parameter specifies the default UNIX user for name-mapping from an S3 user to UNIX user during NAS access. The default UNIX user name is *pcuser* .

[`-default-win-user <text>`] - Default Windows User for NAS Access

This optional parameter specifies the default Windows user for name-mapping from an S3 user to Windows user during NAS access.

[`-is-ldap-fastbind-enabled {true|false}`] - Is LDAP FastBind Authentication Enabled? (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies whether LDAP FastBind authentication is enabled for the object store server.

Examples

The following example creates an object store server OSS1 for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server create -vserver vs1 -object-store  
-server OSS1
```

vsserver object-store-server delete

Delete an object store server

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server delete` command deletes an object store server.

Parameters

`-vserver <vserver name>` - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server you want to delete.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store server for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server delete -vserver vs1
```

vsserver object-store-server modify

Modify an object store server

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server modify` command modifies an object store server.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server which you want to modify.

[-object-store-server <Object store server name>] - Object Store Server Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server. Note that the object-store-server name must not begin with a bucket name.

[-is-http-enabled {true|false}] - Accept Connections Over HTTP

This optional parameter specifies if server should accept HTTP connections.

[-is-https-enabled {true|false}] - Accept Connections Over HTTPS

This optional parameter specifies if server should accept HTTPS connections.

[-certificate-name <text>] - Name of Certificate Used for HTTPS Connections

Common name of the certificate used for HTTPS connections.

[-listener-port <integer>] - Object Store Server Listener Port

This parameter specifies the listener port for the object store server.

[-secure-listener-port <integer>] - Object Store Server Listener Port for HTTPS

This parameter specifies the secure listener port for the object store server.

[-status-admin {down|up}] - Object Store Server Administrative State

This parameter specifies the administrative status of the object store server.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server Description

This parameter specifies the text comment for the object store server.

[-default-unix-user <text>] - Default UNIX User for NAS Access

This optional parameter specifies the default UNIX user used for name-mapping from an S3 user to UNIX user during NAS access.

[-default-win-user <text>] - Default Windows User for NAS Access

This optional parameter specifies the default Windows user used for name-mapping from an S3 user to Windows user during NAS access.

[-is-ldap-fastbind-enabled {true|false}] - Is LDAP FastBind Authentication Enabled? (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies whether LDAP FastBind authentication is enabled for the object store server.

Examples

The following example modifies the name of the object store server for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server modify -vserver vs1 -object-store  
-server OSS2
```

vserver object-store-server show

Display object store servers

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server show` command displays information about the object store server.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>, ...` parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vserver <vserver name>] - Vserver

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only about the object store servers for the specified Vserver

[-object-store-server <Object store server name>] - Object Store Server Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match the specified object store server name.

[-is-http-enabled {true|false}] - Accept Connections Over HTTP

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that accept HTTP connections.

[-is-https-enabled {true|false}] - Accept Connections Over HTTPS

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that accept HTTPS connections.

[-certificate-name <text>] - Name of Certificate Used for HTTPS Connections

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match specified certificate name.

[-listener-port <integer>] - Object Store Server Listener Port

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match the specified listener port.

[-secure-listener-port <integer>] - Object Store Server Listener Port for HTTPS

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match the specified secure listener port.

[-status-admin {down|up}] - Object Store Server Administrative State

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match the specified administrative status.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server Description

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match the specified comment field.

[-default-unix-user <text>] - Default UNIX User for NAS Access

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match the specified default UNIX user.

[-default-win-user <text>] - Default Windows User for NAS Access

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store servers that match the specified default Windows user.

[-is-ldap-fastbind-enabled {true|false}] - Is LDAP FastBind Authentication Enabled? (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies whether LDAP FastBind authentication is enabled for the object store server.

Examples

The following example displays information of all object store servers:

```
cluster1:> vsserver object-store-server show
Vserver: vs3
Object Store Server Name: test.s3.local
      Administrative State: up
      Listener Port For HTTP: 80
      Secure Listener Port For HTTPS: 443
      HTTP Enabled: false
      HTTPS Enabled: true
      Certificate for HTTPS Connections: server_cert
      Default UNIX User: pcuser
      Default Windows User: win_user
      Comment: Server comment
```

The following example displays information about the object store server associated with Vserver vs1:


```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server show -vsserver vs1
Vserver: vs1
Object Store Server Name: test.s3.local
      Administrative State: up
      Listener Port For HTTP: 80
      Secure Listener Port For HTTPS: 443
      HTTP Enabled: false
      HTTPS Enabled: true
      Certificate for HTTPS Connections: server_cert
      Default UNIX User: pcuser
      Default Windows User: win_user
      Comment: Server comment
```

vsserver object-store-server audit create

Create an audit configuration

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server audit create` command creates an audit configuration for a Vserver.

When you create an object store audit configuration, you can also specify the rotation method. By default, the audit log is rotated based on size.

You can use the time-based rotation parameters in any combination (`-rotate-schedule-month`, `-rotate-schedule-dayofweek`, `-rotate-schedule-day`, `-rotate-schedule-hour`, and `-rotate-schedule-minute`). The `-rotate-schedule-minute` parameter is mandatory. All other time-based rotation parameters are optional.

The rotation schedule is calculated by using all the time-related values. For example, if you specify only the `-rotate-schedule-minute` parameter, the audit log files are rotated based on the minutes specified on all days of the week, during all hours on all months of the year. If you specify only one or two time-based rotation parameters (say `-rotate-schedule-month` and `-rotate-schedule-minutes`), the log files are rotated based on the minute values that you specified on all days of the week, during all hours, but only during the specified months. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated during the months January, March, and August on all Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays at 10:30.

If you specify values for both `-rotate-schedule-dayofweek` and `-rotate-schedule-day`, they are considered independently. For example if you specify `-rotate-schedule-dayofweek` as Friday and `-rotate-schedule-day` as 13 then the audit logs would be rotated on every Friday and on the 13th day of the specified month, not just on every Friday the 13th.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which to create the audit configuration. The Vserver must already exist.

-destination <text> - Log Destination Path

This parameter specifies the audit log destination path where consolidated audit logs are stored. If the path is not valid, the command fails. The path can be up to 864 characters in length and must have read-write permissions.

[-events {data|management}] - Categories of Events to Audit

This parameter specifies the categories of events to be audited. Supported event categories are: data and management events, The corresponding parameter values are: *data* , *management* .

[-format <json>] - Log Format

This parameter specifies the output format of the audit logs. By default, the output format is JSON.

[-rotate-size {<size>|-}] - Log File Size Limit

This parameter specifies the audit log file size limit. By default, the audit log is rotated based on size. The default audit log size is 100 MB.

[-rotate-schedule-month <cron_month>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Month

This parameter specifies the monthly schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated during the months January, March, and August, or during all the months. Valid values are January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December, and all. Specify "all" to rotate the audit logs every month.

[-rotate-schedule-dayofweek <cron_dayofweek>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Day of Week

This parameter specifies the daily (day of the week) schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated on Tuesdays and Fridays, or during all the days of a week. Valid values are Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and all. Specify "all" to rotate the audit logs every day.

[-rotate-schedule-day <cron_dayofmonth>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Day

This parameter specifies the day of the month schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated on the 10th and 20th days of a month, or all days of a month. Valid values range from 1 to 31.

[-rotate-schedule-hour <cron_hour>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Hour

This parameter specifies the hourly schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated at 6 a.m and 10 a.m. Valid values range from 0 (midnight) to 23 (11:00 p.m.). Specify "all" to rotate the audit logs every hour.

[-rotate-schedule-minute <cron_minute>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Minute

This parameter specifies the minute schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated at the 30th minute. Valid values range from 0 to 59.

{ [-rotate-limit <integer>] - Log Files Rotation Limit

This parameter specifies the audit log files rotation limit. A value of 0 indicates that all the log files are retained. The default value is 0. For example, if you enter a value of 5, the last five audit logs are retained.

[`-retention-duration <[<integer>d] [<integer>h] [<integer>m] [<integer>s]>`] - Log Retention Duration }

This parameter specifies the audit log files retention duration. A value of 0s indicates that all the log files are retained. The default value is 0s. For example, if you enter a value of 5d0h0m, logs more than 5 days old are deleted.

Examples

The following examples create an audit configuration for Vserver vs1 using size-based rotation.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server audit create -vserver vs1
-destination /audit_log -rotate-size 10MB -rotate-limit 5
```

+ +

The following example creates an audit configuration for Vserver vs1 using time-based rotation. The audit logs are rotated monthly, all days of the week, at 12:30.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server audit create -vserver vs1
-destination /audit_log -rotate-schedule-month all -rotate-schedule
-dayofweek all -rotate-schedule-hour 12 -rotate-schedule-minute 30
```

The following example creates an audit configuration for Vserver vs1 using time-based rotation. The audit logs are rotated in January, March, May, July, September, and November on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6:15, 6:30, 6:45, 12:15, 12:30, 12:45, 18:15, 18:30, and 18:45. The last 6 audit logs are retained.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server audit create -vserver vs1
-destination /audit_log -rotate-schedule-month
January,March,May,July,September,November -rotate-schedule-dayofweek
Monday,Wednesday,Friday -rotate-schedule-hour 6,12,18 -rotate-schedule
-minute 15,30,45 -rotate-limit 6
```

The following example creates an audit configuration for Vserver vs1 for auditing object store data access events in the output log format Json.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server audit create -vserver vs1
-destination /audit_log -format json -events data
```

vserver object-store-server audit delete

Delete audit configuration

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit delete` command deletes the audit configuration for a Vserver.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver associated with the audit configuration to be deleted.

[-force <true>] - Force Delete (privilege: advanced)

This parameter is used to forcibly delete the audit configuration. By default the setting is `false`.

Examples

The following example deletes the audit configuration for Vserver `vs1`.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit delete -vserver vs1
```

vserver object-store-server audit disable

Disable auditing

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit disable` command disables auditing for a Vserver.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for which auditing is to be disabled. The Vserver audit configuration must already exist.

Examples

The following example disables auditing for Vserver `vs1`.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit disable -vserver vs1
```

vserver object-store-server audit enable

Enable auditing

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit enable` command enables auditing for a Vserver.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for which auditing is to be enabled. The Vserver audit configuration must already exist.

[-force <true>] - Force Enable (privilege: advanced)

This parameter is used to ignore errors while enabling auditing.

Examples

The following example enables auditing for Vserver vs1:

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit enable -vserver vs1
```

vserver object-store-server audit modify

Modify the audit configuration

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit modify` command modifies an audit configuration for a Vserver.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> - Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for which the audit configuration is to be modified. The Vserver audit configuration must already exist.

If you have configured time-based rotation, modifying one parameter of time-based rotation schedule does not affect the other parameters. For example, if the rotation schedule is set to run at Monday 12:30 a.m., and you modify the `-rotate-schedule-dayofweek` parameter to Monday,Wednesday,Friday, the new rotation-schedule rotates the audit logs on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 12:30 a.m. To clear time-based rotation parameters, you must explicitly set that portion to "-". Some time-based parameters can also be set to "all".

[-destination <text>] - Log Destination Path

This parameter specifies the audit log destination path where consolidated audit logs are stored. If the path is not valid, the command fails. The path can be up to 864 characters in length and must have read-write permissions.

[-events {data|management}] - Categories of Events to Audit

This parameter specifies the categories of events to be audited. Supported event categories are: data and management events. The corresponding parameter values are: *data* , *management* . By default, *data* events are enabled

[-format <json>] - Log Format

This parameter specifies the output format of the audit logs. By default, the output format is JSON.

[-rotate-size {<size>|-}] - Log File Size Limit

This parameter specifies the audit log file size limit. By default, the audit log is rotated based on size. The default audit log size is 100 MB.

[-rotate-schedule-month <cron_month>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Month

This parameter specifies the monthly schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated during the months January, March, and August, or during all the months. Valid values are January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December, and all. Specify "all" to rotate the audit logs every month.

[-rotate-schedule-dayofweek <cron_dayofweek>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Day of Week

This parameter specifies the daily (day of the week) schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated on Tuesdays and Fridays, or during all the days of a week. Valid values are Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and all. Specify "all" to rotate the audit logs every day.

[-rotate-schedule-day <cron_dayofmonth>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Day

This parameter specifies the day of the month schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated on the 10th and 20th days of a month, or all days of a month. Valid values range from 1 to 31.

[-rotate-schedule-hour <cron_hour>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Hour

This parameter specifies the hourly schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated at 6 a.m and 10 a.m. Valid values range from 0 (midnight) to 23 (11:00 p.m.). Specify "all" to rotate the audit logs every hour.

[-rotate-schedule-minute <cron_minute>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Minute

This parameter specifies the minute schedule for rotating the audit log. For example, you can specify that the audit log is to be rotated at the 30th minute. Valid values range from 0 to 59.

{ [-rotate-limit <integer>] - Log Files Rotation Limit

This parameter specifies the audit log files rotation limit. A value of 0 indicates that all the log files are retained. The default value is 0.

| [-retention-duration <[<integer>d] [<integer>h] [<integer>m] [<integer>s]>] - Log Retention Duration }

This parameter specifies the audit log files retention duration. A value of 0s indicates that all the log files are retained. For example, if you enter a value of 5d0h0m0s, logs more than 5 days old are deleted.

Examples

The following example modifies the rotate-size and rotate-limit field for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit modify -vserver vs1 -rotate
-size 10MB -rotate-limit 3
```

The following example modifies an audit configuration for Vserver vs1 using the time-based rotation method. The audit logs are rotated monthly, all days of the week, at 12:30.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit modify -vserver vs1
-destination /audit_log -rotate-schedule-month all -rotate-schedule
-dayofweek all -rotate-schedule-hour 12 -rotate-schedule-minute 30
```

The following example modifies an audit configuration for Vserver vs1 for auditing object store data events in the output log format Json.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit modify -vserver vs1 -format
json -events data
```

vserver object-store-server audit rotate-log

Rotate audit log

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit rotate-log` command rotates audit logs for a Vserver.

Parameters

-vserver <vserver name> -Vserver

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for which audit logs are to be rotated. The Vserver audit configuration must already exist. Auditing must be enabled for the Vserver.

Examples

The following example rotates audit logs for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit rotate-log -vserver vs1
```

vserver object-store-server audit show

Display the audit configuration

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit show` command displays object store audit configuration information about Vservers. The command output depends on the parameter or parameters specified with the command. If you do not specify any parameters, the command displays the following information about all the Vservers:

- Vserver name
- Audit state
- Target directory

You can specify the `-fields` parameter to specify which audit configuration information to display about Vservers. + You can specify additional parameters to display only information that matches those parameters. For instance, to display information about the log file rotation size of a Vserver whose value matches 10 MB, run the command with the `-rotate-size 10MB` parameter.

You can specify the `-instance` parameter to display audit configuration information for all Vservers in list form.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>, ...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>, ...` parameter, the command only displays the fields that you specify.

| [-log-save-details]

You can specify the `-log-save-details` parameter to display the following information about all the Vservers:

- Vserver name
- Rotation file size
- Rotation schedules
- Rotation limit

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all entries.

[-vserver <vserver name>] - Vserver

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the specified Vserver.

[-state {true|false}] - Auditing State

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified audit state value.

[-destination <text>] - Log Destination Path

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified destination path.

[-events {data|management}] - Categories of Events to Audit

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified

category of events that are audited. Valid values are *file-ops*, *cifs-logon-logoff*, *cap-staging*, *file-share*, *audit-policy-change*, *user-account*, *security-group* and *authorization-policy-change*. *audit-policy-change* will appear only in diag mode.

[-format <json>] - Log Format

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified log format.

[-rotate-size {<size>|-}] - Log File Size Limit

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified log file rotation size.

[-rotate-schedule-month <cron_month>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Month

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified month of the time-based log rotation scheme. Valid values are January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, and December.

[-rotate-schedule-dayofweek <cron_dayofweek>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Day of Week

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified day of the week of the time-based log rotation scheme. Valid values are Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

[-rotate-schedule-day <cron_dayofmonth>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Day

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified day of the month of the time-based log rotation scheme. Valid values range from 1 to 31.

[-rotate-schedule-hour <cron_hour>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Hour

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified hour of the time-based log rotation scheme. Valid values range from 0 (midnight) to 23 (11:00 p.m.).

[-rotate-schedule-minute <cron_minute>,...] - Log Rotation Schedule: Minute

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified minute of the time-based log rotation scheme. Valid values range from 0 to 59.

[-rotate-schedule-description <text>] - Rotation Schedules

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified rotation schedules. This field is derived from the rotate-time fields.

[-rotate-limit <integer>] - Log Files Rotation Limit

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers that use the specified rotation limit value.

[-retention-duration [<integer>d] [<integer>h] [<integer>m] [<integer>s]>] - Log Retention Duration

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information about the Vservers audit logs retention duration.

Examples

The following example displays the name, audit state, event types, log format, and target directory for all Vservers.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit show
Vserver      State  Event Types Log Format Target Directory
-----
vs1          false  data      json      /audit_log
```

The following example displays the Vserver names and details about the audit log for all Vservers.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit show -log-save-details
Rotation
Vserver      File Size Rotation Schedule Limit
-----
vs1          100MB      -
```

The following example displays in list form all audit configuration information about all Vservers.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit show -instance
Vserver: vs1
    Auditing state: true
    Log Destination Path: /audit_log
    Categories of Events to Audit: data
    Log Format: json
    Log File Size Limit: 100MB
    Log Rotation Schedule: Month: -
    Log Rotation Schedule: Day of Week: -
    Log Rotation Schedule: Day: -
    Log Rotation Schedule: Hour: -
    Log Rotation Schedule: Minute: -
    Rotation Schedules: -
    Log Files Rotation Limit: 0
    Log Retention Time: 0s
```

vserver object-store-server audit event-selector create

Create an object store server audit event-selector

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit event-selector create` command creates an audit event-selector for the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket audit event-selector needs to be created for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the audit event-selector needs to be created. The object store bucket must already exist.

-access {read-only|write-only|all} - Access type for audit events

Use this parameter to specify which type of event access is being audited. Possible values are: read-only, write-only or all.

-permission {allow-only|deny-only|all} - Permission type for audit events

Use this parameter to specify which type of event permission is being audited. Possible value are: allow-only, deny-only or all.

Examples

The following example displays information on object store server audit event-selector for vs1 and bucket bucket1:

```
cluster1::> vs1 object-store-server audit event-selector create
               -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -access read-only -permission
allow-only
```

vserver object-store-server audit event-selector delete

Delete an object store server audit event-selector

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit event-selector delete` command delete an audit event-selector for the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket audit event-selector needs to be deleted.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the audit event-selector needs to be deleted.

Examples

The following example delete an object store server audit event-selector for Vserver vs1 and bucket1:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server audit event-selector delete
               -vsserver vs1 -bucket bucket1
```

vserver object-store-server audit event-selector modify

Modify an object store server audit event-selector

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit event-selector modify` command modifies an audit event-selector for the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vsserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket audit event-selector needs to be modified for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the audit event-selector needs to be modified.

[-access {read-only|write-only|all}] - Access type for audit events

Use this parameter to specify which type of event access is being audited. Possible values are: read-only, write-only or all.

[-permission {allow-only|deny-only|all}] - Permission type for audit events

Use this parameter to specify which type of event permission is being audited. Possible value are: allow-only, deny-only or all.

Examples

The following example modified an object store server audit event-selector for Vserver vs1 and bucket1 with read-only access to write-only access:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server audit event-selector modify
               -vsserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -access write-only
```

vserver object-store-server audit event-selector show

Display object store server audit event-selector

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server audit event-selector show` command displays information about object store server audit event-selector.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>`, ... parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server audit event-selector for the specified Vserver.

[-bucket <TextNoCase>] - Object Store Server Bucket Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server audit event-selector for the specified bucket.

[-access {read-only|write-only|all}] - Access type for audit events

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server audit event-selector that match the specified access.

[-permission {allow-only|deny-only|all}] - Permission type for audit events

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server audit event-selector that match the specified permission.

Examples

The following example displays information on object store server audit event-selector for vserver vs1 and bucket bucket1:

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server audit event-selector show
              -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1
Vserver      Bucket      Access      Permission
-----
vs1
              bucket1    read-only    allow-only
```

The following example displays detailed information of the object server audit event-selector associated with Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server audit event-selector show
               -vsserver vs1
```

```
Vserver          :vs1
Bucket           :bucket1
Access          :all
Permission       :all
```

vserver object-store-server bucket create

Create an object store server bucket

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket create` command creates a bucket for the object store server.

Parameters

-vsserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server where the bucket needs to be created. The object store server must already exist.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket. Note that the bucket name must not be same as the beginning of the object-store-server name present in the vsserver.

[-type {s3|nas}] - Type of bucket

This parameter specifies the type of the bucket. The default value is `s3`.

[-versioning-state {disabled|enabled|suspended}] - Object Store Server Versioning State

Use this parameter to specify the state of versioning on the bucket.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server Bucket Comment

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store server bucket.

{ [-aggr-list <aggregate name>, ...] - List of Aggregates for FlexGroup Constituents (privilege: advanced)}

Use this parameter to specify the list of aggregates for the FlexGroup constituents on which the bucket needs to be created. Each entry in the list will create a constituent on the specified aggregate. The root constituent will always be placed on the first aggregate in the list, unless `optimize-aggr-list` is specified as `true`. An aggregate may be specified multiple times to have multiple constituents created on it. This parameter only applies to FlexGroups.

`[-aggr-list-multiplier <integer>]` - Aggregate List Repeat Count (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify the number of FlexGroup constituents to be created.

`[-optimize-aggr-list {true|false}]` - Have the System Optimize the Order of the Aggregate List (privilege: advanced)

Specifies whether to create the constituents of the FlexGroup volume on which the bucket needs to be created, on the aggregates specified in the `aggr-list` in the order they are specified, or whether the system should optimize the ordering of the aggregates. If this value is `true`, the system will optimize the ordering of the aggregates specified in the `aggr-list`. If this value is `false` the order of the `aggr-list` will be unchanged. The default value is `false`. This parameter only applies to FlexGroups.

`{ [-used-as-capacity-tier {true|false}]}` - Is Used as Capacity Tier

Use this parameter to specify if the bucket is going to be used for capacity tier.

`[-storage-service-level <text>]` - Storage Service Level of the Bucket }

Use this parameter to specify the storage service level with which the bucket should be created.

`[-size {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB]}]` - Size of the Bucket

Use this parameter to specify the size of the FlexGroup volume to be created.

`[-exclude-aggr-list <aggregate name>,...]` - List of Aggregates to Exclude During FlexGroup Create

Use this parameter to specify the list of aggregates to exclude during FlexGroup creation. This parameter is used only when creating bucket for capacity tier use case within the local cluster.

`[-qos-policy-group <text>]` - QoS policy group

A policy group defines measurable service level objectives (SLOs) that apply to the storage objects with which the policy group is associated. If you do not assign a policy group to a bucket, the system will not monitor and control the traffic to it.

`[-nas-path <text>]` - NAS Path corresponding to the Bucket

This parameter specifies the path to the NAS directory which the bucket maps to.

`[-retention-mode {no-lock|compliance|governance}]` - Bucket Retention Mode

Use this parameter to specify the retention-mode in which objects within the bucket can be locked.

`[-use-mirrored-aggregates {true|false}]` - Use Mirrored Aggregates

Use this parameter to specify whether mirrored aggregates are selected for the FlexGroup on which the bucket will be created. Only mirrored aggregates are used if this parameter is set to `true` and only unmirrored aggregates are used if this parameter is set to `false`. The default value is `true` for a MetroCluster configuration and is `false` for a non-MetroCluster configuration.

`[-default-retention-period {{<integer> days|years} | none}]` - Bucket Default Retention Period

Use this parameter to specify the retention-period to be applied on all unlocked objects inserted into the bucket. The retention period can be in years, or days. A period specified for years and days is represented in the ISO-8601 format as "10 years" and "100 days" respectively, for example "10 years" represents a duration of 10 years. The period string must contain only a single time element that is, either years, or days. A duration which combines different periods is not supported, for example "10 years 12 days" is not supported.

Examples

The following example creates an object store server bucket for Vserver vs1 of size 1TB.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket create -vsserver vs1 -bucket testbucket -size 1TB.
```

The following example creates an object store server bucket for Vserver vs1 of size 1TB using aggr-list.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket create -vsserver vs1 -bucket testbucket -aggr-list aggr1 -size 1TB.
```

vserver object-store-server bucket delete

Delete an object store bucket

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server bucket delete` command deletes the bucket belonging to the object store server.

Parameters

-vsserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server's bucket you want to delete.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the bucket of the object store server you want to delete.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store server bucket for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server delete -vsserver vs1 -bucket testbucket
```

vserver object-store-server bucket evict-remote-cached-objects

Evict remote read-write cached objects

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *advanced* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server evict-remote-cached-objects` command will evict read-write dirty cached objects in all constituent volumes of a given object store server bucket. This command will evict only objects that are cached on a different volume than its origin volume. This command requires two parameters - a Vserver name and an object store server bucket name.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name (privilege: advanced)

This specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name (privilege: advanced)

This specifies the name of the object store server bucket.

Examples

The following example starts the command:

```
cluster1::>vserver object-store-server bucket evict-remote-cached-objects  
-vserver my-vserver -bucket my-bkt
```

vserver object-store-server bucket modify

Modify an object store server bucket

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket modify` command modifies an object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server which you want to modify.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket which you want to modify.

[-versioning-state {disabled|enabled|suspended}] - Object Store Server Versioning State

Use this parameter to specify the state of versioning on the bucket. Note that the versioning state cannot be modified to 'disabled' from any other state.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server Bucket Comment

This parameter specifies the text comment for the object store server bucket.

[`-size` {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB]}] - Size of the Bucket

This parameter specifies the size of the object store server bucket.

[`-qos-policy-group` <text>] - QoS policy group

A policy group defines measurable service level objectives (SLOs) that apply to the storage objects with which the policy group is associated. If you do not assign a policy group to a bucket, the system will not monitor and control the traffic to it.

[`-nas-path` <text>] - NAS Path corresponding to the Bucket

This parameter specifies the path to the NAS directory which the bucket maps to.

[`-default-retention-period` {{<integer> days|years} | none}] - Bucket Default Retention Period

Use this parameter to modify the default-retention-period to be applied on all unlocked objects to be inserted into the bucket.

Examples

The following example modifies the comment of the object store server bucket for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket modify -vsserver vs1 -bucket
testbucket -comment test
```

vsserver object-store-server bucket show-nas-bucket

Display NAS buckets

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server bucket show-nas-bucket` command displays information about the object store server NAS buckets.

Parameters

{ [`-fields` <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>, ...` parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [`-instance`] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[`-vsserver` <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only about the object store server NAS buckets for the specified Vserver

[-bucket <TextNoCase>] - Object Store Server Bucket Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server NAS buckets that match the specified bucket.

[-versioning-state {disabled|enabled|suspended}] - Object Store Server Versioning State

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified versioning-state field. This parameter specifies the state of the versioning on a bucket. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[-uuid <UUID>] - Object Store Server Bucket UUID

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified bucket UUID.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server Bucket Comment

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified comment.

[-volume <volume name>] - Hosting Volume Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified volume. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[-size {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB]}] - Size of the Bucket

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified size. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[-logical-used {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB]}] - Object Store Server Bucket Logical Used Size

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified logical used size. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[-object-count <integer>] - Object Store Server Object Count

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified object-count. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[-encryption {true|false}] - Is Encryption Enabled on Bucket

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified encryption field. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[-qos-policy-group <text>] - QoS policy group

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified qos-policy-group field. A policy group defines measurable service level objectives (SLOs) that apply to the storage objects with which the policy group is associated. If you do not assign a policy group to a bucket, the system will not monitor and control the traffic to it. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[-is-protected {true|false}] - Is bucket a FabricLink source and protected

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified is-protected field. This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected using Snapmirror relationship to another bucket. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[`-is-protected-on-ontap {true|false}`] - Is bucket protected over ONTAP

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified `is-protected-on-ontap` field. This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected using Snapmirror relationship to another ONTAP bucket. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[`-is-protected-on-cloud {true|false}`] - Is bucket protected over Cloud

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified `is-protected-on-cloud` field. This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected using Snapmirror relationship to a Cloud bucket. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[`-is-protected-on-external-cloud {true|false}`] - Is bucket protected on External Cloud

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified `is-protected-on-external-cloud`. This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected in a backup relationship with objects outside Ontap. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[`-nas-path <text>`] - NAS Path corresponding to the Bucket

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for NAS buckets that match the specified `nas-path`. This parameter specifies the path to the NAS directory which the bucket maps to.

[`-retention-mode {no-lock|compliance|governance}`] - Bucket Retention Mode

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified `retention-mode`. This parameter specifies the object locking mode of the bucket. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

[`-default-retention-period {{<integer> days|years} | none}`] - Bucket Default Retention Period

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified `default-retention-period` field. This parameter specifies the default-retention-period applied on the bucket. This parameter is only supported for S3 buckets and not NAS buckets.

Examples

The following example displays information of all NAS buckets:

```
cluster1::> vservers object-store-server bucket show-nas-bucket
Vserver      Bucket      Type      Volume      Size
Encryption Role      Nas Path
-----
vs1          nas-bucket  nas       -            -
-            /
```

vservers object-store-server bucket show

Display object store server buckets

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket show` command displays information about the object store server bucket.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>, ...` parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only about the object store server buckets for the specified Vserver

[-bucket <TextNoCase>] - Object Store Server Bucket Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified bucket.

[-type {s3|nas}] - Type of bucket

This parameter specifies the type of bucket.

[-versioning-state {disabled|enabled|suspended}] - Object Store Server Versioning State

This parameter specifies the state of the versioning on a bucket.

[-uuid <UUID>] - Object Store Server Bucket UUID

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified bucket uuid.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server Bucket Comment

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified comment.

[-volume <volume name>] - Hosting Volume Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified volume.

[-size {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB] }] - Size of the Bucket

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified size.

[-logical-used {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB] }] - Object Store Server Bucket Logical Used Size

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified logical used size.

[`-object-count` <integer>] - Object Store Server Object Count

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified object-count.

[`-encryption` {`true`|`false`}] - Is Encryption Enabled on Bucket

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified encryption field.

[`-qos-policy-group` <text>] - QoS policy group

A policy group defines measurable service level objectives (SLOs) that apply to the storage objects with which the policy group is associated. If you do not assign a policy group to a bucket, the system will not monitor and control the traffic to it.

[`-is-protected` {`true`|`false`}] - Is bucket a FabricLink source and protected

This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected using Snapmirror relationship to another bucket.

[`-is-protected-on-ontap` {`true`|`false`}] - Is bucket protected over ONTAP

This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected using Snapmirror relationship to another ONTAP bucket.

[`-is-protected-on-cloud` {`true`|`false`}] - Is bucket protected over Cloud

This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected using Snapmirror relationship to a Cloud bucket.

[`-is-protected-on-external-cloud` {`true`|`false`}] - Is bucket protected on External Cloud

This parameter specifies whether a bucket is protected using S3 Snapmirror relationship to a bucket on an external Cloud provider i.e. excluding providers types ONTAP_S3 and SGWS.

[`-nas-path` <text>] - NAS Path corresponding to the Bucket

This parameter specifies the path to the NAS directory which the bucket maps to.

[`-retention-mode` {`no-lock`|`compliance`|`governance`}] - Bucket Retention Mode

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified retention-mode. This parameter specifies the object locking mode of the bucket.

[`-default-retention-period` {{<integer> `days`|`years`} | `none`}] - Bucket Default Retention Period

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store server buckets that match the specified default-retention-period field. This parameter specifies the default-retention-period applied on the bucket.

Examples

The following example displays information of all object store servers buckets:

```

cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server bucket show
nsankaracluster-1::*> vsriver object-store-server bucket show
Vserver      Bucket      Type      Volume      Size
Encryption Role      NAS Path
-----
vs1          s3bucket1    nas       s3adapter    -      false
-            /s3adapter
vs1          testbucket1  s3        fg_oss_1654817100 1.56GB  false
standalone -
Comment: test1
vs2          nasbucket1    nas       vol2         -      false
-            /vol2
vs2          nasbucket2    nas       vol2         -      false
-            /vol2
4 entries were displayed.

```

The following example displays information of the object store server bucket associated with Vserver vs1:

```

cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server bucket show -vsriver vs1
Vserver      Bucket      Type      Volume      Size
Encryption Role      NAS Path
-----
vs1          s3bucket1    nas       s3adapter    -      false
-            /s3adapter
vs1          testbucket1  s3        fg_oss_1654817100 1.56GB  false
standalone -
Comment: test1

```

The following example displays detailed information of the object store server bucket associated with Vserver vs1:

```

cluster1::> vservers object-store-server bucket show -vservers vs1 -instance
Vserver Name: vs1
    Object Store Server Bucket Name: s3bucket1
        Type of bucket: nas
    Object Store Server Versioning State: -
    Object Store Server Bucket UUID: c621d53a-ddf0-11ec-958f-
005056bba281
    Object Store Server Bucket Comment:
        Hosting FlexGroup Volume Name: s3adapter
        Size of the Bucket: -
Object Store Server Bucket Logical Used Size: -
    Object Store Server Object Count: -
    Is Encryption Enabled on Bucket: false
        QoS policy group: -
        Role of the Bucket: -
    Is bucket a FabricLink source and protected: -
        Is bucket protected over ONTAP: -
        Is bucket protected over Cloud: -
    Is bucket protected on External Cloud: -
    NAS Path corresponding to the Bucket: /s3adapter
Vserver Name: vs1
    Object Store Server Bucket Name: testbucket1
        Type of bucket: s3
    Object Store Server Versioning State: disabled
    Object Store Server Bucket UUID: 6a1fa354-e84b-11ec-adce-
005056bba281
    Object Store Server Bucket Comment:
        Hosting FlexGroup Volume Name: fg_oss_1654817100
        Size of the Bucket: 1.56GB
Object Store Server Bucket Logical Used Size: 0B
    Object Store Server Object Count: 0
    Is Encryption Enabled on Bucket: false
        QoS policy group: -
        Role of the Bucket: standalone
    Is bucket a FabricLink source and protected: false
        Is bucket protected over ONTAP: false
        Is bucket protected over Cloud: false
    Is bucket protected on External Cloud: false
    NAS Path corresponding to the Bucket: -
2 entries were displayed.

```


vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule create

Create a lifecycle management rule

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule create` command creates a lifecycle management rule for the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket lifecycle management rule needs to be created for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the lifecycle management rule needs to be created. The object store server bucket must already exist.

-rule-id <text> - Lifecycle Management Rule Identifier

This parameter specifies the rule identifier of the lifecycle management rule to be applied on the object store server bucket.

[-index <integer>] - Lifecycle Management Rule Index

This parameter specifies the index of the lifecycle management rule to be applied on the object store server bucket.

[-is-enabled {true|false}] - Is This Rule Enabled?

This parameter specifies whether the configured lifecycle management rule is enabled or disabled on the object store server bucket. If you do not specify this parameter, the default is *true*.

[-prefix <text>] - Prefix to be Matched with Object Names

Use this parameter to specify a prefix that is matched against object-names within a bucket.

[-tags <text>, ...] - Tags in Format <tag> or <tag=value>

Use this parameter to specify a list of key-value paired tags.

[-obj-size-greater-than {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB]}] - Min Size of the Object

Use this parameter to specify the minimum size of the object for which the corresponding lifecycle rule is to be applied.

[-obj-size-less-than {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB]}] - Max Size of the Object

Use this parameter to specify the maximum size of the object for which the corresponding lifecycle rule is to be applied.

-action {Expiration|NoncurrentVersionExpiration|AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload} - Lifecycle Management Action

Use this parameter to specify lifecycle management actions. The set of actions that the object store server supports are *Expiration*, *NoncurrentVersionExpiration* and *AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload*.

{ [-obj-age-days <integer>] - Number of Days since Creation, After Which Current Version of Objects Can be Deleted

Minimum lifetime in number of days since creation, after which objects can be deleted. This parameter is available for expiration actions only.

[-obj-exp-date <MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS>] - Specific Date When the Objects Should Expire

Expiration date of an object. This parameter is available for expiration actions only.

[-expired-obj-del-marker {true|false}] - Cleanup Object Delete Markers

When set to *true*, an object with a delete marker will be deleted. This parameter is available for expiration actions only.

| [-new-non-curr-versions <integer>] - Number of Latest Non-current Versions to Be Retained

This parameter specifies the number of latest non-current versions to be retained. This parameter is available for non-current version expiration actions only.

[-non-curr-days <integer>] - Number of Days after Which Non-current Versions will Be Deleted

This parameter specifies the number of days after which non-current versions can be deleted. This parameter is available for non-current version expiration actions only.

| [-after-initiation-days <integer>] - Number of Days of Initiation, After Which Upload Can Be Aborted }

This parameter specifies the number of days of initiation, after which uploads can be aborted. This parameter is required for abort-incomplete multipart upload actions only.

Examples

The following example creates an object store server bucket lifecycle management rule for Vserver vs1 and bucket1 which specifies an expiration action on a set of objects.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule
create -vsserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -rule-id rule1 -prefix obj1/ -action
Expiration -obj-age-days 100"
```

vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule delete

Delete a Lifecycle Management rule

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule delete` command deletes a lifecycle management rule for the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket lifecycle management rule needs to be deleted for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the lifecycle management rule needs to be deleted. The object store server bucket must already exist.

-rule-id <text> - Lifecycle Management Rule Identifier

This parameter specifies the rule identifier of the lifecycle management rule to be deleted from the object store server bucket.

-index <integer> - Lifecycle Management Rule Index

This parameter specifies the index of the lifecycle management rule to be deleted from the object store server bucket.

[-force <true>] - Ignore Errors

If this parameter is specified and set to true, the user is not prompted to confirm each deletion operation. In addition, several potential errors are ignored. By default, this setting is `true`.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store server bucket lifecycle management rule for Vserver `vs1` and bucket `bucket1`.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule
delete -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -rule-id rule1 -index 1"
```

vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule modify

Modify a lifecycle management rule

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule modify` command modifies a lifecycle management rule for the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket lifecycle management rule will be modified for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the lifecycle management rule will be modified. The object store server bucket must already exist.

-rule-id <text> - Lifecycle Management Rule Identifier

This parameter specifies the rule identifier of the lifecycle management rule to be applied on the object store server bucket.

-index <integer> - Lifecycle Management Rule Index

This parameter specifies the index of the lifecycle management rule to be applied on the object store server bucket.

[-is-enabled {true|false}] - Is This Rule Enabled?

This parameter specifies whether the configured lifecycle management rule is to be enabled or disabled on the object store server bucket. The default value when a rule is created is *true*.

{ [-obj-age-days <integer>] - Number of Days since Creation, After Which Current Version of Objects Can be Deleted

This parameter specifies the minimum lifetime, in days since creation, after which objects can be deleted. This parameter is available for expiration actions only.

[-obj-exp-date <MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS>] - Specific Date When the Objects Should Expire

This parameter specifies the expiration date when an object will expire. This parameter is available for expiration actions only.

[-expired-obj-del-marker {true|false}] - Cleanup Object Delete Markers

This parameter specifies whether to delete an object that has a delete marker or not. When set to *true*, an object with a delete marker will be deleted. This parameter is available for expiration actions only.

| [-new-non-curr-versions <integer>] - Number of Latest Non-current Versions to Be Retained

This parameter specifies the number of latest non-current versions to be retained. This parameter is available for non-current version expiration actions only.

[-non-curr-days <integer>] - Number of Days after Which Non-current Versions will Be Deleted

This parameter specifies the number of days after which non-current versions can be deleted. This parameter is available for non-current version expiration actions only.

| [-after-initiation-days <integer>] - Number of Days of Initiation, After Which Upload Can Be Aborted }

This parameter specifies the number of days of initiation, after which uploads can be aborted. This parameter is available for abort-incomplete multipart upload actions only.

Examples

The following example modifies an object store server bucket lifecycle management rule for Vserver vs1 and bucket1 which specifies expiration action on a set of objects.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule
modify -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -rule-id rule1 -index 1 -obj-age-days
200"
```

vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule show

Show the lifecycle management rule

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule show` command displays information about lifecycle management rules. If no parameters are specified, the command displays the following information about all lifecycle management rule:

- Vserver name
- Bucket name
- Lifecycle Management rule identifier
- Lifecycle Management rule index
- Action
- Enabled

To display detailed information about a single lifecycle management rule, run the command with the `-vserver` `-bucket` `-rule-id` and `-index` parameters. The detailed view provides all of the information in the default list and the following additional information:

- Link-id
- Prefix to be matched with object names
- Tags
- Minimum size of the object
- Maximum size of the object
- Lifecycle Management Rule Action
- Number of days since creation after which objects can be deleted
- Specific Date when the objects should expire cleanup object delete markers
- Number of latest non-current versions to be retained
- Number of days after which non-current versions will be deleted

- Number of days of initiation after which upload can be aborted

To display detailed information about all lifecycle management rules, run the command with the `-instance` parameter.

You can specify additional parameters to display information that matches only those parameters. For example, to display information only about lifecycle management rules with a specified rule identifier, run the command with the `-rule-id` specified rule identifier parameter.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>, ...]

This specifies the fields that need to be displayed.

| [-instance] }

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about all lifecycle management rule entries.

[-vserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about all lifecycle management rule entries on the specified vservers.

[-bucket <TextNoCase>] - Object Store Server Bucket Name

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about all lifecycle management rule entries on the specified bucket.

[-rule-id <text>] - Lifecycle Management Rule Identifier

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about all lifecycle management rule entries with the specified rule identifier.

[-index <integer>] - Lifecycle Management Rule Index

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about all lifecycle management rule entries with the specified index.

[-is-enabled {true|false}] - Is This Rule Enabled?

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules that are enabled (true) or disabled (false).

[-prefix <text>] - Prefix to be Matched with Object Names

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified prefix.

[-tags <text>, ...] - Tags in Format <tag> or <tag=value>

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified tags.

[-obj-size-greater-than {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB] }] - Min Size of the Object

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified object greater than size.

[`-obj-size-less-than` {<integer>[KB|MB|GB|TB|PB]}] - Max Size of the Object

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified object lesser than size.

[`-action` {Expiration|NoncurrentVersionExpiration|AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload}]

- Lifecycle Management Action

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified action.

[`-obj-age-days` <integer>] - Number of Days since Creation, After Which Current Version of Objects Can be Deleted

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified number of days since creation, after which objects can be deleted.

[`-obj-exp-date` <MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS>] - Specific Date When the Objects Should Expire

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified date from when objects can expire.

[`-expired-obj-del-marker` {true|false}] - Cleanup Object Delete Markers

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules that have delete markers enabled (true) or disabled (false).

[`-new-non-curr-versions` <integer>] - Number of Latest Non-current Versions to Be Retained

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified non current versions to be allowed.

[`-non-curr-days` <integer>] - Number of Days after Which Non-current Versions will Be Deleted

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified number of days after which non-current versions can be deleted.

[`-after-initiation-days` <integer>] - Number of Days of Initiation, After Which Upload Can Be Aborted

If this parameter is specified, the command only displays information about lifecycle management rules with the specified number of days of initiation, after which uploads can be aborted.

Examples

The following example displays object store server bucket lifecycle management rule entries for all Vservers.

```

cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule
show
Vserver  Bucket      Rule-identifier Action-identifier Action
Enabled
-----
vs1      bucket1     rule1          1              Expiration    true
vs1      bucket1     rule2          1
AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload true
vs1      bucket2     rule1          1              Expiration    true
vs1      bucket2     rule2          1
AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload true
vs1      bucket3     rule1          1              Expiration    true
vs1      bucket3     rule2          1
AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload true
vs2      bucket4     rule1          1              Expiration    true
vs2      bucket4     rule2          1
AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload true
vs2      bucket5     rule1          1              Expiration    true
vs2      bucket5     rule2          1
AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload true
10 entries were displayed.

```

The following example displays detailed information about a lifecycle management rule on bucket bucket1 on a Vserver named vs1 with rule identifier rule1 and index 1:


```

cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server bucket lifecycle-management-rule
show -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -rule-id rule1 -index 1
-----
                                Vserver: vs1
                Object Store Server Bucket Name: bucket1
        Lifecycle Management Rule Identifier: rule1
                Lifecycle Management Rule Index: 1
Link-id from the Fabriclink Links Table: 4
                Is This Rule Enabled?: true
        Prefix to Be Matched with Object Names: obj1/
                                Tags in Format: -
                Minimum Size of the Object: -
                Maximum Size of the Object: -
        Lifecycle Management Rule Action: Expiration
        Number of Days Since Creation After Which
                Objects Can Be Deleted: 100
Specific Date When the Objects Should Expire: -
                Cleanup Object Delete Markers: -
        Number of Latest Non-current Versions to be
                Retained: -
        Number of Days after Which Non-current
                Versions will Be Deleted: -
        Number of Days of Initiation After Which
                Upload Can Be Aborted: -

```

vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition create

Create a bucket policy statement condition

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *advanced* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition create` command creates a single condition for a bucket policy statement in an object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket policy statement condition needs to be created for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the policy statement condition needs to be created. The object store bucket must already exist.

-index <integer> - Statement Index (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server bucket policy statement in which a condition needs to be created. The index must already exist.

-operator {ip-address|not-ip-address|string-equals|string-not-equals|string-equals-ignore-case|string-not-equals-ignore-case|string-like|string-not-like|numeric-equals|numeric-not-equals|numeric-greater-than|numeric-greater-than-equals|numeric-less-than|numeric-less-than-equals} - Policy Condition Operator (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the condition operator to be applied on the condition keys specified.

[-source-ips <IP Address or Subnet>,...] - List of IP Addresses with Access Allowed or Denied (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of IP addresses for which the access is allowed or denied based on the operator specified.

[-usernames <text>,...] - List of Usernames with Access Allowed or Denied (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of object store server users for which the access is allowed or denied based on the operator specified. The user name policy variables '\${aws:username}' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[-prefixes <text>,...] - List of Prefixes to be Matched (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of prefixes that are compared with the input prefix value specified at the time of execution of an S3-based command, using the condition operator specified. The user name policy variables '\${aws:username}' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[-max-keys <integer>,...] - List of Maximum Keys Allowed to be Fetched (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of max-keys values that are allowed or denied retrieval using an S3 list operation, based on the condition operator specified.

[-delimiters <text>,...] - List of Delimiters to be Matched (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of delimiters that are compared with the input delimiter value specified at the time of execution of an S3-based command, using the condition operator specified. The user name policy variables '\${aws:username}' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

Examples

The following example creates an object store server bucket policy statement condition for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1, bucket bucket1, index 1 and ip-address as operator.

```
cluster1::*> vsriver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition
create -vsriver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1 -operator ip-address -source
-ips 10.1.1.0/24,10.1.1.1
```

The following example creates an object store server bucket policy statement condition for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1, bucket bucket1, index 1, string-like as operator and prefix with the user name policy variable.

```
cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition
create -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1 -operator string-like
-prefixes ${aws:username}/*
```

vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition delete

Delete a bucket policy statement condition

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *advanced* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition delete` command deletes a condition for the specified bucket policy statement belonging to the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for which a condition belonging to a particular bucket policy statement (which belongs to the object store server bucket) you wish to delete.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which a condition belonging to a particular bucket policy statement needs to be deleted.

-index <integer> - Statement Index (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server bucket policy for which a condition needs to be deleted.

-operator {ip-address|not-ip-address|string-equals|string-not-equals|string-equals-ignore-case|string-not-equals-ignore-case|string-like|string-not-like|numeric-equals|numeric-not-equals|numeric-greater-than|numeric-greater-than-equals|numeric-less-than|numeric-less-than-equals} - Policy Condition Operator (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the condition operator of a condition which needs to be deleted.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store server bucket policy statement condition for Vserver vs1, bucket bucket1, index 1 and operator as IpAddress.

```
cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition
delete -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1 -operator IpAddress
```

vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition modify

Modify a bucket policy statement condition

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *advanced* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition modify` command modifies a single condition for a bucket policy statement in an object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket policy statement condition needs to be modified for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the policy statement condition needs to be modified.

-index <integer> - Statement Index (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server bucket policy statement in which a condition needs to be modified.

-operator {ip-address|not-ip-address|string-equals|string-not-equals|string-equals-ignore-case|string-not-equals-ignore-case|string-like|string-not-like|numeric-equals|numeric-not-equals|numeric-greater-than|numeric-greater-than-equals|numeric-less-than|numeric-less-than-equals} - Policy Condition Operator (privilege: advanced)

This parameter specifies the condition operator to be applied on the condition keys specified.

[-source-ips <IP Address or Subnet>,...] - List of IP Addresses with Access Allowed or Denied (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of IP addresses for which the access is allowed or denied based on the operator specified.

[-usernames <text>,...] - List of Usernames with Access Allowed or Denied (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of object store server users for which the access is allowed or denied based on the operator specified. The user name policy variables '`${aws:username}`' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[-prefixes <text>,...] - List of Prefixes to be Matched (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of prefixes that are compared with the input prefix value specified at the time of execution of an S3-based command, using the condition operator specified. The user name policy variables '`${aws:username}`' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[`-max-keys <integer>`,...] - List of Maximum Keys Allowed to be Fetched (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of max-keys values that are allowed or denied retrieval using an S3 list operation, based on the condition operator specified.

[`-delimiters <text>`,...] - List of Delimiters to be Matched (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a list of delimiters that are compared with the input delimiter value specified at the time of execution of an S3-based command, using the condition operator specified. The user name policy variables '`${aws:username}`' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

Examples

The following example modifies an object store server bucket policy statement condition for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1, bucket bucket1, index 1 and ip-address as operator.

```
cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition
modify -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1 -operator ip-address -source
-ips 10.1.0.0/16,10.1.1.1
```

The following example modifies an object store server bucket policy statement condition for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1, bucket bucket1, index 1, string-like as operator and prefix with the user name policy variable.

```
cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition
modify -vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1 -operator string-like
-prefixes "${aws:username}/*"
```

vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition show

Show the bucket policy condition

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *advanced* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition show` command displays information about object store server bucket policy condition.

Parameters

{ [`-fields <fieldname>`,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>`, ... parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use '`-fields ?`' to display the fields to specify.

[`-instance`] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[`-vserver <Vserver Name>`] - Vserver Name (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions for the specified Vserver.

[`-bucket <TextNoCase>`] - Object Store Server Bucket Name (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions for the specified bucket.

[`-index <integer>`] - Statement Index (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions for the specified bucket policy index.

[`-operator {ip-address|not-ip-address|string-equals|string-not-equals|string-equals-ignore-case|string-not-equals-ignore-case|string-like|string-not-like|numeric-equals|numeric-not-equals|numeric-greater-than|numeric-greater-than-equals|numeric-less-than|numeric-less-than-equals}`] - Policy Condition Operator (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions that match the specified condition operator.

[`-source-ips <IP Address or Subnet>,...`] - List of IP Addresses with Access Allowed or Denied (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions that match the specified bucket policy condition source IP addresses.

[`-usernames <text>,...`] - List of Usernames with Access Allowed or Denied (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions that match the specified usernames.

[`-prefixes <text>,...`] - List of Prefixes to be Matched (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions that match the specified prefixes.

[`-max-keys <integer>,...`] - List of Maximum Keys Allowed to be Fetched (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions that match the specified max-keys.

[`-delimiters <text>,...`] - List of Delimiters to be Matched (privilege: advanced)

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statement conditions that match the specified delimiters.

Examples

The following example displays information on object store server bucket policy statement conditions for vs1, bucket bb1 and index 1:

```
cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server bucket policy-statement-condition
show -vserver vs1 -bucket bb1 -index 1
Vserver: vs1
Bucket: bb1
```

Index	Operator	Source-IPs	Username	Prefixes	Max-Keys
1	ip-address	1.1.1.0/24	-	-	-
1	string-like	-	user1	pref	delim1

2 entries were displayed.

vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement create

Create a bucket policy statement

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement create` command creates a bucket policy statement for the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the bucket policy statement needs to be created for the object store server bucket.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which the policy statement needs to be created. The object store bucket must already exist.

[-index <integer>] - Statement Index

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server bucket policy statement. The allowed range is 1-10. This is an optional parameter.

-effect {deny|allow} - Allow or Deny Access

Use this parameter to specify whether access is allowed or denied when a user requests the specific action.

[-action <Action>, ...] - Bucket Policy Action Allowed or Denied

Use this parameter to specify resource operations. The set of resource operations that the object store server supports are GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject, ListBucket, GetBucketAcl, GetObjectAcl, ListBucketMultipartUploads, ListMultipartUploadParts, GetObjectTagging, PutObjectTagging, DeleteObjectTagging, PutBucketPolicy, GetBucketPolicy, DeleteBucketPolicy, GetBucketLocation, GetBucketVersioning, PutBucketVersioning, and ListBucketVersions. Wildcards are accepted for this parameter.

[*-principal* <Objectstore Principal>,...] - List of Users to Be Allowed or Denied Access

Validate the user requesting access against the object store server users or groups or NAS groups specified in this parameter. To gain access, the user in the context should either match one of the users or belong to one of the groups specified in this principle parameter. An object store server group is specified by adding a prefix "group/" to the group name. A NAS group is specified by adding a prefix "nasgroup/" to the group name.

[*-resource* <text>,...] - Bucket or Objects to Be Allowed or Denied Access

Use this parameter to specify the bucket, folder, or object for which allow or deny permissions are set. The user name policy variables '{aws:username}' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[*-sid* <SID>] - Statement Identifier

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store server bucket policy statement. Alpha numeric characters are allowed as values for this parameter.

Examples

The following example creates an object store server bucket policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1 and bucket1 which specifies allowed access to a readme folder for the object store server user user1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket policy statement create
-vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -effect allow -action
GetObject,PutObject,DeleteObject,ListBucket -principal
user1,group/group1,nasgroup/group2 -resource bucket1/readme/* -sid
"fullAccessToReadmeForUser1"
```

The following example creates an object store server bucket policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1 and bucket1 which specifies allowed access to the corresponding user home directory by specifying the user name policy variable in the resource field.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket policy statement create
-vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -effect allow -action * -principal *
-resource bucket1,bucket1/${aws:username}/* -sid
"fullAccessToUsersHomeDirectory"
```

vsserver object-store-server bucket policy statement delete

Delete a bucket policy statement

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server bucket policy statement delete` command deletes the bucket policy statement belonging to the object store server bucket.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver whose bucket policy statement (which belongs to the object store server bucket) you wish to delete.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket whose policy needs to be deleted.

-index <integer> - Statement Index

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server bucket policy.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store server bucket policy statement with index 1 of Vserver vs1 and bucket bucket1.

```
cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server bucket policy statement delete
-vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1
```

vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement modify

Modify a bucket policy statement

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement modify` command modifies a bucket policy statement.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server bucket for which the bucket policy statement needs to be modified.

-bucket <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server Bucket Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server bucket for which policy statement needs to be modified.

-index <integer> - Statement Index

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server bucket policy statement.

[-effect {deny|allow}] - Allow or Deny Access

Use this parameter to specify whether access is allowed or denied when a user requests the specific action.

[*-action* <Action>,...] - Bucket Policy Action Allowed or Denied

Use this parameter to specify resource operations. The set of resource operations that the object store server supports are GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject, ListBucket, GetBucketAcl, GetObjectAcl, ListBucketMultipartUploads, ListMultipartUploadParts, GetObjectTagging, PutObjectTagging, DeleteObjectTagging, GetBucketLocation, PutBucketPolicy, GetBucketPolicy, DeleteBucketPolicy, GetBucketVersioning, PutBucketVersioning, and ListBucketVersions.

[*-principal* <Objectstore Principal>,...] - List of Users to Be Allowed or Denied Access

Validate the user requesting access against the object store server users or groups or NAS groups specified in this parameter. To gain access, the user in the context should either match one of the users or belong to one of the groups specified in this principle parameter. An object store server group is specified by adding a prefix "group/" to the group name. A NAS group is specified by adding a prefix "nasgroup/" to the group name.

[*-resource* <text>,...] - Bucket or Objects to Be Allowed or Denied Access

Use this parameter to specify the bucket, folder, or object for which allow or deny permissions are set. The user name policy variables '{aws:username}' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[*-sid* <SID>] - Statement Identifier

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store server bucket policy statement.

Examples

The following example modifies an object store server bucket policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1 and bucket1 which specifies allowed access to a readme folder for the object store server user user1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket policy statement modify
-vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1 -effect allow -action
GetObject,PutObject,DeleteObject,ListBucket -principal user1 -resource
bucket1/readme/* -sid "fullAccessToReadmeForUser1"
```

The following example modifies an object store server bucket policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) and bucket1 which specifies allowed access to the corresponding user home directory by specifying the user name policy variable in the resource field.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server bucket policy statement modify
-vserver vs1 -bucket bucket1 -index 1 -effect allow -action * -principal *
-resource bucket1,bucket1/${aws:username}/* -sid
"fullAccessToUsersHomeDirectory"
```

vsserver object-store-server bucket policy statement show

Show the bucket policy

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server bucket policy statement show` command displays information about object store server bucket policy.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>, ...` parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements for the specified Vserver.

[-bucket <TextNoCase>] - Object Store Server Bucket Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements for the specified bucket.

[-index <integer>] - Statement Index

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements that match the specified index.

[-effect {deny|allow}] - Allow or Deny Access

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements that match the specified effect.

[-action <Action>,...] - Bucket Policy Action Allowed or Denied

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements that match the specified action.

[-principal <Objectstore Principal>,...] - List of Users to Be Allowed or Denied Access

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements that match the specified bucket principal.

[-resource <text>,...] - Bucket or Objects to Be Allowed or Denied Access

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements that match the specified resource.

[-sid <SID>] - Statement Identifier

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server bucket policy statements that match the specified sid.

Examples

The following example displays information on object store server bucket policy statements for vserver vs1 and bucket bucket1:

```
cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server bucket policy show -vsriver vs1
-bucket bucket1
```

Vsriver	Bucket	Index	Effect	Action	Principal	Resource
vs1	bucket1	1	allow	GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject , ListBucket	user1	bucket1/ readme/*
	bucket1	2	allow	GetObject	user2	bucket1/*

2 entries were displayed.

The following example displays detailed information of the object store server bucket policy statement associated with Vsriver vs1 and bucket bucket1:

```
cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server bucket policy show -vsriver vs1
-bucket bucket1 -index 1
```

Vsriver	:vs1
Bucket	:bucket1
Index	:1
Effect	:allow
Action	:GetObject
Principal	:user-2
Resource	:bucket1/readme/*
Sid	:AllowAccessToUseruser1ForGetObject

vsriver object-store-server group create

Create an Object Store Server Group

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vsriver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsriver object-store-server group create` command creates an object store group.

Parameters

-vsriver <Vsriver Name> - Vsriver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vsriver on which to create the object store group. The Vsriver must already exist.

-gid <integer> - Group ID

This parameter specifies a unique ID used to identify a particular object store group.

-name <TextNoCase> - Group Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store group.

-users <TextNoCase>, ... - List of Users Belonging to the Group

Use this parameter to specify the list of object store users who belong to the object store group.

[-policies <TextNoCase>, ...] - List of Policies Attached to the Group

Use this parameter to specify the list of object store policies that are attached to the object store group.

[-comment <text>] - Group Description

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store group.

Examples

The following example creates an object store group named `user_group` for Vserver `vs1`:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server group create -vsserver vs1 -name
user_group -users user1,user2 -policies policy1,policy2 -comment
"UserGroup1"
```

vsserver object-store-server group delete

Delete an Object Store Server Group

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server group delete` command deletes an object store group.

Parameters

-vsserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server you want to delete.

-gid <integer> - Group ID

This parameter specifies the ID of the object store group you want to delete.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store group for Vserver `vs1`:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server group delete -vsserver vs1 -gid 1
```

vserver object-store-server group modify

Modify an Object Store Server Group

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server group modify` command modifies an object store group.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store group which you want to modify.

-gid <integer> - Group ID

This parameter specifies the ID of the object store group.

[-name <TextNoCase>] - Group Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store group.

[-users <TextNoCase>, ...] - List of Users Belonging to the Group

Use this parameter to specify the list of object store users who belong to the object store group.

[-policies <TextNoCase>, ...] - List of Policies Attached to the Group

Use this parameter to specify the list of object store policies that are attached to the object store group.

[-comment <text>] - Group Description

This parameter specifies the text comment for the object store group.

Examples

The following example modifies the comment of the object store group for Vserver vs1:

```
cluster1:> vserver object-store-server group modify -vserver vs1 -gid 3  
-comment "UserGroup"
```

vserver object-store-server group show

Display Object Store Server Groups

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server group show` command displays information about the object store group.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>`, ... parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server groups for the specified Vserver.

[-gid <integer>] - Group ID

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server group that match the specified group ID.

[-name <TextNoCase>] - Group Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server groups that match the specified group name.

[-users <TextNoCase>,...] - List of Users Belonging to the Group

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server groups that match the specified user.

[-policies <TextNoCase>,...] - List of Policies Attached to the Group

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server groups that match the specified policy.

[-comment <text>] - Group Description

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server groups that match the specified comment.

Examples

The following example displays information for all object store groups in admin privilege:

```
cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server group show
Vserver      Group ID  Group Name      Users              Policies
-----
vs1          3 UserGroup    user1, user2     policy1, policy2
  Comment: User_Privileges
vs1          4 AdminGroup   admin1, admin2   policy1, policy2
  Comment: Admin_Privileges
  2 entries were displayed.
```

The following example displays information for a particular object store group associated with vsriver vs1:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server group show -vsserver vs1 -gid 5
Vserver Name      :vs1
  Group ID        :5
  Group Name      :User-Group
  Users           :user_1, user_2
  Policies        :Policy1, Policy2, Policy3
  Comment         :User group
```

vsserver object-store-server policy create

Create a policy

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server policy create` command creates an object store policy.

Parameters

-vsserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which to create the object store policy. The Vserver must already exist.

-policy <TextNoCase> - Policy Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store policy.

[-comment <text>] - Comment

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store policy.

Examples

The following example creates an object store policy named `Policy_1` for Vserver `vs1`:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server policy create -vsserver vs1 -policy
Policy_1 -comment "ReadAccessForBucket1"
```

vsserver object-store-server policy delete

Delete a policy

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server policy delete` command deletes an object store policy.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server you want to delete.

-policy <TextNoCase> - Policy Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store policy you want to delete.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store policy for Vserver vs1:

```
cluster1::>vserver object-store-server policy delete -vserver vs1 -policy
Policy_2
```

vserver object-store-server policy modify

Modify a policy

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server policy modify` command modifies an object store policy.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store policy you want to modify.

-policy <TextNoCase> - Policy Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store policy.

[-comment <text>] - Comment

This parameter specifies the text comment for the object store policy.

Examples

The following example modifies the comment of the object store policy for Vserver vs1:

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server policy modify -policy Policy_1
-comment "Read_Access_for_Bucket2"
```

vserver object-store-server policy show

Show the policy

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server policy show` command displays information about the object store policy.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>, ...` parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policies for the specified Vserver.

[-policy <TextNoCase>] - Policy Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policies that match the specified policy name.

[-is-read-only {true|false}] - Is Read-Only?

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policies that match the specified read only field.

[-comment <text>] - Comment

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policies that match the specified comment.

Examples

The following example displays information for all object store policies in admin privilege:

```
cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server policy show
```

Vserver	Name	Is Read-Only	Comment
vs1	FullAccess	true	Read Only Policy: To allow full access to S3 resources
vs1	NoS3Access	true	Read Only Policy: To deny access to all S3 resources
vs1	Policy_1	false	Read_access_for_bucket1
vs1	Policy_2	false	Read_access_for_bucket2
vs1	ReadOnlyAccess	true	Read Only Policy: To allow read-only access to S3 resources

5 entries were displayed.

The following example displays information for a particular object store policy associated with Vserver vs1:

```
cluster1::> vsriver object-store-server policy show -policy Policy_1
```

Vserver	Name	Is Read-Only	Comment
vs1	Policy_1	false	Read_access_for_bucket1

vsvrrer object-store-server policy statement create

Create a Policy Statement

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vsvrrer* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsvrrer object-store-server policy statement create` command creates a policy statement for the object store server policy.

Parameters

-vsvrrer <Vsvrrer Name> - Vsvrrer Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vsvrrer on which the policy statement needs to be created for the object store server policy.

-policy <TextNoCase> - Policy Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server policy for which the policy statement needs to be created. The object store policy must already exist.

-index <integer> - Statement Index

This parameter specifies the unique index used to identify the particular object store server policy statement.

-effect {deny|allow} - Allow or Deny Access

Use this parameter to specify whether or not access is allowed or denied when a user requests a specific action.

-actions <Action>,... - Policy Actions

Use this parameter to specify resource operations. The set of resource operations that the object store server supports are GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject, ListBucket, GetBucketAcl, GetObjectAcl, ListAllMyBuckets, ListBucketMultipartUploads, ListMultipartUploadParts, GetObjectTagging, PutObjectTagging, DeleteObjectTagging, CreateBucket, DeleteBucket, GetBucketLocation, GetBucketVersioning, PutBucketVersioning, and ListBucketVersions. Wildcards are accepted for this parameter. If all operations must be specified, then use the wildcard character * to specify it. The default actions are GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject, ListBucket, GetBucketAcl, GetObjectAcl, ListBucketMultipartUploads, ListMultipartUploadParts, GetObjectTagging, PutObjectTagging, DeleteObjectTagging, GetBucketLocation, PutBucketPolicy, GetBucketPolicy, DeleteBucketPolicy, GetBucketVersioning, PutBucketVersioning, and ListBucketVersions.

-resource <text>,... - Buckets or Objects

Use this parameter to specify the bucket, folder, or object for which allow or deny permissions are set. The user name policy variables '\${aws:username}' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[-sid <SID>] - Statement Identifier

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store server policy statement. The parameter name "sid" refers to statement identifier.

Examples

The following example creates an object store server policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1 and Policy_1 which specifies allowed access to bucket1 resources.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server policy statement create -vsserver
vs1 -policy Policy_1 -effect allow -actions
GetObject,PutObject,DeleteObject,ListBucket,GetBucketAcl,GetObjectAcl,List
AllMyBuckets,GetBucketLocation -resource bucket1/* -sid
"FullAccessToBucket1"
```

The following example creates an object store server policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1 and Policy_1 which specifies allowed access to the corresponding user home directory by specifying the user name policy variable in the resource field.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server policy statement create -vsserver
vs1 -policy Policy_1 -effect allow -actions * -resource
bucket1,bucket1/${aws:username}/* -sid "fullAccessToUsersHomeDirectory"
```

vsserver object-store-server policy statement delete

Delete a Policy Statement

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server policy statement delete` command deletes the policy statement belonging to the object store server policy.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver whose policy statement you want to delete.

-policy <TextNoCase> - Policy Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server policy whose policy statement needs to be deleted.

-index <integer> - Statement Index

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server policy statement.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store server policy statement with index 1 of Vserver vs1 and policy Policy_1.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server policy statement delete -vserver  
vs1 -policy Policy_1 -index 1
```

vserver object-store-server policy statement modify

Modify a Policy Statement

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server policy statement modify` command modifies a policy statement.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server policy for which the policy statement needs to be modified.

-policy <TextNoCase> - Policy Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store server policy for the policy statement that needs to be modified.

-index <integer> - Statement Index

This parameter specifies the index of the object store server policy statement.

[-effect {deny|allow}] - Allow or Deny Access

Use this parameter to specify whether or not access is allowed or denied when a user requests a specific action.

[-actions <Action>,...] - Policy Actions

Use this parameter to specify resource operations. The set of resource operations that the object store server supports are GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject, ListBucket, GetBucketAcl, GetObjectAcl, ListAllMyBuckets, ListBucketMultipartUploads, ListMultipartUploadParts, GetObjectTagging, PutObjectTagging, DeleteObjectTagging, CreateBucket, DeleteBucket, GetBucketLocation, PutBucketPolicy, GetBucketPolicy, DeleteBucketPolicy, GetBucketVersioning and PutBucketVersioning.

[-resource <text>,...] - Buckets or Objects

Use this parameter to specify the bucket, folder, or object for which allow or deny permissions are set. The user name policy variables '\${aws:username}' can be specified here, serving as placeholders that are dynamically replaced with the actual user name during run time based on the request context.

[-sid <SID>] - Statement Identifier

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store server policy statement.

Examples

The following example modifies an object store server policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1 and Policy_1 which specifies allowed access to bucket1 resources.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server policy statement modify -vsserver
vs1 -policy Policy_1 -index 5 -effect allow -actions
GetObject,PutObject,DeleteObject,ListBucket,GetBucketAcl,GetObjectAcl,List
AllMyBuckets,GetBucketLocation -resource bucket1/* -sid
FullAccesToBucket1Resources
```

The following example modifies an object store server policy statement for storage virtual machine (SVM) vs1 and Policy_1 which specifies allowed access to the corresponding user home directory by specifying the user name policy variable in the resource field.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server policy statement modify -vsserver
vs1 -policy Policy_1 -index 5 -effect allow -actions * -resource
bucket1,bucket1/${aws:username}/* -sid "fullAccessToUsersHomeDirectory"
```

vsserver object-store-server policy statement show

Show Policy Statements

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server policy statement show` command displays information about object store server policy statements.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>`, ... parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policy statements for the specified Vserver.

[-policy <TextNoCase>] - Policy Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policy statements for the specified policy.

[-index <integer>] - Statement Index

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policy statements that match the specified index.

[-effect {deny|allow}] - Allow or Deny Access

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policy statements that match the specified effect.

[-actions <Action>,...] - Policy Actions

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policy statements that match the specified action.

[-resource <text>,...] - Buckets or Objects

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policy statements that match the specified resource.

[-sid <SID>] - Statement Identifier

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information on the object store server policy statements that match the specified sid.

Examples

The following example displays information on object store server policy statements for Vserver `vs1` and policy `Policy_1`:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server policy statement show -vs1
-vpolicy Policy_1
```

Vserver	Policy	Index	Effect	Actions	Resources
vs1	Policy_1	1	allow	ListBucket	*
	Policy_1	5	allow	GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject, ListBucket, GetBucketAcl, GetObjectAcl, ListAllMyBuckets	bucket1/*

Sid: FullAccesToBucket1
2 entries were displayed.

The following example displays detailed information of the object store server policy statement associated with Vserver vs1 and policy Policy_1:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server policy statement show -vs1
-vpolicy Policy_1 -index 5
```

Vserver: vs1

Policy: Policy_1

Index: 5

Effect: allow

Actions: GetObject, PutObject, DeleteObject, ListBucket,
GetBucketAcl, GetObjectAcl, ListAllMyBuckets

Resource: bucket1/*

Sid: FullAccesToBucket1

vsserver object-store-server user create

Create an object store server user

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server user create` command creates an object store user. This will generate an access-key and a secret-key to be used for aws v4 authentication

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which to create the object store user. The Vserver must already exist.

-user <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server User Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store user.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server User Description

This optional parameter specifies a text comment for the object store user.

[-key-time-to-live {P[<integer>D]T[<integer>H][<integer>M][<integer>S] | P[<integer>W]}] - Time Period After Which User Keys Expire

This optional parameter specifies a time period after which the object store user keys expire and are no longer valid. If the value specified is zero or no value is specified, then the user keys will not expire.

Examples

The following example creates an object store user user1 for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server user create -vserver vs1 -user
user1
```

vsserver object-store-server user delete-keys

Delete keys for an object store user

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server user delete-keys` command deletes the access-key and secret-key for an object store user. To regenerate the keys for the user again, use the [vsserver object-store-server user regenerate-keys](#) command.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the SVM on which the keys should be deleted for the object store user. The object store user must already exist.

-user <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server User Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store user.

Examples

The following example deletes the keys for object store user for the SVM vs1.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server user delete-keys -vserver vs1
-user user1
```

Related Links

- [vserver object-store-server user regenerate-keys](#)

vserver object-store-server user delete

Delete an object store server user

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server user delete` command deletes an object store user.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver for the object store server you want to delete.

-user <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server User Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store user you want to delete.

Examples

The following example deletes an object store user for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server user delete -vserver vs1 -user
user1
```

vserver object-store-server user modify

Modify an object store server user

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vserver object-store-server user modify` command modifies an object store user.

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the SVM for the object store user which you want to modify.

-user <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server User Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store user.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server User Description

This parameter specifies the text comment for the object store user.

Examples

The following example modifies the object store user for the SVM vs1:

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server user modify -vserver vs1 -user
user1 -comment testuser --key-time-to-live 1h20m
```

vsserver object-store-server user regenerate-keys

Regenerate keys for object store user

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server user regenerate-keys` command regenerates a new access-key and secret-key for an object store user

Parameters

-vserver <Vserver Name> - Vserver Name

This parameter specifies the name of the Vserver on which the keys should be generated for the object store user. The object store user must already exist.

-user <TextNoCase> - Object Store Server User Name

This parameter specifies the name of the object store user.

[-key-time-to-live {P[<integer>D]T[<integer>H][<integer>M][<integer>S] | P[<integer>W]}] - Time Period after Which User Keys Expire

This optional parameter specifies a time period after which the object store user keys expire and are no longer valid. If the value specified is zero, then the user keys will not expire.

Examples

The following example regenerates the keys for object store user for Vserver vs1.

```
cluster1::> vsserver object-store-server user regenerate-keys -vsserver vs1
-user user1
```

vsserver object-store-server user show

Display object store server users

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* and *Vserver* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

Description

The `vsserver object-store-server user show` command displays information about the object store user.

Parameters

{ [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the `-fields <fieldname>, ...` parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use `'-fields ?'` to display the fields to specify.

| [-instance] }

If you specify the `-instance` parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

[-vsserver <Vserver Name>] - Vserver Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only about the object store users for the specified SVM.

[-user <TextNoCase>] - Object Store Server User Name

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store users that match the specified object store user name.

[-id <integer>] - Object Store Server User ID

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store users that match the specified user id.

[-comment <text>] - Object Store Server User Description

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store users that match the specified comment field.

[-access-key <text>] - Access Key for the Object Store Server User

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store users that match the specified access key.

[-key-time-to-live {P[<integer>D]T[<integer>H][<integer>M][<integer>S] | P[<integer>W]}] - Time Period After Which User Keys Expire

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store users that match the specified key time to live value.

[-key-expiry-time <MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS>] - Date And Time When User Keys Expire

If you specify this parameter, the command displays information only for object store users that match the specified key expiry date value.

Examples

The following example displays information of all object store users in admin privilege:

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server user show
Vserver      User          ID      Key Time To Live Key Expiry Time
-----
vs1          user1         1       1h                2/6/2023 13:28:50
    Comment: testuser
vs1          user2         2       -                 -
2 entries were displayed.
```

The following example displays information of a particular object store user associated with the SVM vs1 in admin privilege:

```
cluster1::> vserver object-store-server user show -vserver vs1 -user user1
Vserver Name: vs1
Object Store Server User Name: user1
Object Store Server User ID: 1
Object Store Server User Description: testuser
Access Key for the Object Store Server User: 5HBRV20PWWX7IIHKYRRN
Time Period After Which User Keys Expire: 1h
Date And Time When User Keys Expire: 2/6/2023 13:28:50
```

The following example displays information of all object store users in advanced privilege:

```
cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server user show
Vserver      User          ID      Key Time To Live Key Expiry Time
-----
vs1          root          0       -                 -
Access Key: -
Secret Key: -
    Comment: Root User
vs1          user2         2       99999h0m0s       7/6/2034 23:40:54
Access Key: 2K4PL22JQV5L2WA564TB
Secret Key: x643f_TKS_ngCo2T7VoKgBXx_N2_t34Bc79BQa5_
    Comment:
2 entries were displayed.
```

The following example displays information of a particular object store user associated with the SVM vs1 in

advanced privilege:

```
cluster1::*> vserver object-store-server user show -vserver vs1 -user  
user1
```

Vserver Name: vs1

Object Store Server User Name: user1

Object Store Server User ID: 1

Object Store Server User Description: testuser

Access Key for the Object Store Server User: 5HBRV20PWWX7IIHKYRRN

Secret Key for the Object Store Server User:

8mA_vd9zrkq073AsN6dlzC56P94R3_T064bQSc79

Time Period After Which User Keys Expire: 1h

Date And Time When User Keys Expire: 2/6/2023 13:28:50

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