

## event notification commands

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## event notification commands

## event notification create

Create an event notification

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

### **Description**

The `event notification create` command is used to create a new notification of a set of events defined by an event filter to one or more notification destinations.

#### **Parameters**

#### -filter-name <text> - Filter Name

Use this mandatory parameter to specify the name of the event filter. Events that are included in the event filter are forwarded to the destinations specified in the destinations parameter.

The filter name passed to this command must be an existing filter. For more information, see the event filter create command.

#### -destinations <text>, ... - List of Event Notification Destinations

Use this mandatory parameter to specify the list of destinations to which the notification should be forwarded. Enter multiple destinations separated by a comma.

The destination passed to this command must be an existing destination. For more information, see the event destination create command.

#### [-access-control-role <text>] - Access Control Role (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify the access control role of the event notification. Access control role indicates the user role that created the notification and is used to control access to the notification based on RBAC rules.



This is an optional field. If not specified, the currently logged in user role is used. If created by the 'admin' user, the field is left unset.

## **Examples**

The following example creates an event notification for filter name "filter1" to destinations "email\_dest, snmp-traphost and syslog\_dest":

```
cluster1::> event notification destination show
                    Hide
                  Params Destination
Name
           Type
_____
          -----
email dest email false test@example.com
snmp-traphost snmp true 10.27.12.1 (from "system snmp
traphost")
syslog dest syslog false 10.23.12.1
3 entries were displayed.
cluster1::> event filter show -filter-name filter1
Filter Rule Rule
                                          SNMP Trap
Name Posn Type Message Name Severity
                                          Type
Parameters
filter1
        1 exclude callhome.bad.ram *
           include callhome.* ALERT, ERROR *
         3 exclude *
                                                 *=*
3 entries were displayed.
cluster1::> event notification create -filter-name filter1 -destinations
email dest, syslog dest, snmp-traphost
cluster1::> event notification show
ID Filter Name Destinations
_____
  filter1
              email dest, syslog dest, snmp-traphost
```

#### **Related Links**

· event filter create

## event notification delete

Delete event notifications

**Availability:** This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

## **Description**

The event notification delete command deletes an existing event notification.

#### **Parameters**

#### -ID <integer> - Event Notification ID

Use this parameter to specify the ID of the notification to be deleted.

## **Examples**

The following example shows the deletion of event notification with ID 1:

## event notification modify

Modify event notifications

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

## Description

The event notification modify command is used to modify an existing notification.

#### **Parameters**

#### -ID <integer> - Event Notification ID

Use this mandatory parameter to specify the ID of the notification to be modified.

#### [-filter-name <text>] - Event Filter Name

Use this parameter to specify the filter name to be modified.

#### [-destinations <text>,...] - List of Event Notification Destinations

Use this parameter to specify the destinations to be modified. Enter multiple destinations separated by a comma.

Provide the complete set of destinations to be modified. Individual destinations cannot be added or removed.

## **Examples**

The following example shows the modification of the event notification with ID 1:

## event notification show

Display event notifications

**Availability:** This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

## **Description**

The event notification show command is used to display the list of existing event notifications.

#### **Parameters**

#### { [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the <code>-fields</code> <fieldname>, ... parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use '-fields?' to display the fields to specify.

#### | [-instance ] }

If you specify the -instance parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

#### [-ID <integer>] - Event Notification ID

Use this parameter to display the detailed information about the notification ID you specify.

#### [-filter-name <text>] - Event Filter Name

Use this parameter to display event notifications that use the filter-name you specify.

#### [-destinations <text>,...] - List of Event Notification Destinations

Use this parameter to display event notifications that use the destinations you specify.

#### [-access-control-role <text>] - Access Control Role (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to display event notifications that use the specified access control role.

## **Examples**

The following example displays the event notification:

```
cluster1::> event notification show
ID Filter Name Destinations
-----
1 filter1 email_dest, syslog_dest, snmp-traphost
```

## event notification destination create

Create an event notification destination

**Availability:** This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

## **Description**

The event notification destination create command creates a new event notification destination of either email or syslog type.

The following system-defined notification destination is configured for your use:

• snmp-traphost - This destination reflects the configuration in "system snmp traphost".

#### **Parameters**

#### -name <text> - Destination Name

Use this mandatory parameter to specify the name of the notification destination that is to be created. An event notification destination name must be 2 to 64 characters long. Valid characters are the following ASCII characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, "\_\_", and "-". The name must start and end with: A-Z, a-z, or 0-9.

#### { -email <mail address> - Email Destination

Use this parameter to specify the email address event notifications are sent to. For events to properly generate email notifications, the event system must also be configured with an address and mail server from which the mail will be sent. See event config modify command for more information.

#### |-syslog <text>-Syslog Destination

Use this parameter to specify the syslog server host name or IP address syslog messages are sent to.

#### [-syslog-port <integer>] - Syslog Port

Use this parameter to specify the syslog server port value syslog messages are sent to. The default port used depends on the syslog-transport value. If the syslog-transport is set to tcp-encrypted, the syslog-port has the default value 6514. If the syslog-transport is set to tcp-unencrypted, the syslog-port has the default value 601. Otherwise, the default syslog-port is set to 514.

# [-syslog-transport {udp-unencrypted|tcp-unencrypted|tcp-encrypted}] - Syslog Transport

Use this parameter to specify the transport protocol that is used to send the syslog messages.

The syslog-transport can be one of the following values:

- udp-unencrypted User Datagram Protocol with no security
- tcp-unencrypted Transmission Control Protocol with no security
- tcp-encrypted Transmission Control Protocol with Transport Layer Security (TLS)

The default protocol is udp-unencrypted. + If tcp-encrypted transport is specified, then ONTAP verifies the identity of the destination host by validating its certificate. If the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) is enabled for Event Management System (EMS), then ONTAP uses that protocol to determine the certificate's revocation status. Use the (privilege: advanced) security config ocsp show -application ems command to determine if the OCSP-based certificate revocation status check is enabled for EMS.

#### [-syslog-message-format {legacy-netapp|rfc-5424}] - Syslog Message Format

Use this parameter to specify the message format to be used for EMS syslog messages.

The syslog-message-format can be one of the following values:

- legacy-netapp Variation of RFC-3164 Syslog format (format: <PRIVAL>TIMESTAMP [HOSTNAME:Event-name:Event-severity]: MSG)
- rfc-5424 Syslog format as per RFC-5424 (format: <PRIVAL>VERSION TIMESTAMP HOSTNAME Event-source - Event-name - MSG)

Refer to the respective RFCs for detailed information on the syslog message formats. + The default message format is legacy-netapp.

# [-syslog-timestamp-format-override {no-override|rfc-3164|iso-8601-utc|iso-8601-local-time}] - Syslog Timestamp Format Override

Use this parameter to override the default timestamp format (based on the syslog-message-format parameter) used for EMS syslog messages.

The syslog-timestamp-format-override can be one of the following values:

- no-override Timestamp format based on the syslog-message-format parameter (rfc-3164 if message format is legacy-netapp, iso-8601-local-time if message format is rfc-5424)
- rfc-3164 Timestamp format as per RFC-3164 (format: Mmm dd hh:mm:ss)
- iso-8601-utc Timestamp format as per ISO-8601 in UTC (format: YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ)
- *iso-8601-local-time* Timestamp format as per ISO-8601 in local time (format: YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss+/-hh:mm)

The default value is no-override. When this parameter is modified, its value persists even when syslog-message-format is updated. +

# [-syslog-hostname-format-override {no-override|fqdn|hostname-only}] - Syslog Hostname Format Override

Use this parameter to override the default hostname format (based on the syslog-message-format parameter) used for EMS syslog messages.

The syslog-hostname-format-override can be one of the following values:

- no-override Hostname format based on the syslog-message-format parameter (fqdn if message format is rfc-5424, hostname-only if message format is legacy-netapp)
- fqdn Fully Qualified Domain Name (e.g., myhost.example.com)
- hostname-only Hostname only, without the domain name (e.g., myhost)

The default value is no-override. When this parameter is modified, its value persists even when syslog-message-format is updated. +

#### |-rest-api-url <text>-REST API Server URL

Use this parameter to specify the REST API server URL to which event notifications are sent. Enter the full URL, which must start either with an http:// or https:// prefix. To specify a URL that contains a question mark, press ESC followed by the "?". + If a https:// URL is specified, then ONTAP verifies the identity of the destination host by validating its certificate. If the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) is enabled for Event Management System (EMS), then ONTAP uses that protocol to determine the certificate's revocation status. Use the (privilege: advanced) security config ocsp show -application ems command to determine if the OCSP-based certificate revocation status check is enabled for EMS.

#### [-certificate-authority <text>] - Client Certificate Issuing CA

Use this parameter to specify the name of the certificate authority (CA) that signed the client certificate that will be sent in case mutual authentication with the REST API server is required. + There can be multiple client certificates installed for the admin vserver in the cluster, and this parameter, along with the certificate-serial parameter, uniquely identifies which one. + Use the security certificate show command to see the list of certificates installed in the cluster.

#### [-certificate-serial <text>] - Client Certificate Serial Number }

Use this parameter to specify the serial number of the client certificate that will be sent in case mutual authentication with the REST API server is required.

#### [-access-control-role <text>] - Access Control Role (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify the access control role of the event notification destination. Access control role indicates the user role which created the destination and is used to control access to the destination based on RBAC rules.



This is an optional field. If not specified, the currently logged in user role is used. If created by the 'admin' user, the field is left unset.

## **Examples**

The following example shows the creation of a new event notification destination of type email called "StorageAdminEmail":

The following example shows the creation of a new event notification destination of type rest-api called "RestApi":

```
cluster1::> event notification destination create -name RestApi -rest-api
-url https://rest.example.com/rest
-certificate-authority cluster1-root-ca -certificate-serial 052213E60B7088
cluster1::> event notification destination show -name RestApi -instance
Destination Name: RestApi
             Type of Destination: rest-api
              Destination Values: https://rest.example.com/rest
   Client Certificate Issuing CA: cluster1-root-ca
Client Certificate Serial Number: 052213E60B7088
       Client Certificate Valid?: -
                     Syslog Port: -
                Syslog Transport: -
           Syslog Message Format: -
Syslog Timestamp Format Override: -
 Syslog Hostname Format Override: -
      System-Defined Destination: false
```

#### **Related Links**

- · event config modify
- · security config ocsp show
- · security certificate show

## event notification destination delete

Delete existing event destinations

**Availability:** This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

### **Description**

The event notification destination delete command deletes an event notification destination.

The following system-defined notification destination is configured for your use:

• snmp-traphost - This destination reflects the configuration in "system snmp traphost". To remove snmp-traphost addresses, use the system snmp traphost command.

#### **Parameters**

#### -name <text> - Destination Name

Use this mandatory parameter to specify the name of an event destination to be removed.

### **Examples**

The following shows the examples of deleting event notification destinations:

```
cluster1::> event notification destination show
            Type Destination
   _____
   StorageAdminEmail
               email StorageAdmin@example.com
   StorageAdminSyslog
               syslog
                        example.com
   snmp-traphost snmp 10.30.40.10 (from "system snmp traphost")
   3 entries were displayed.
cluster1::> event notification destination delete -name StorageAdminEmail
   cluster1::> event notification destination show
   Name
               Type Destination
   _____
   StorageAdminSyslog
               syslog
                        example.com
   snmp-traphost snmp 10.30.40.10 (from "system snmp traphost")
   2 entries were displayed.
cluster1::> event notification destination delete -name Storage*
cluster1::> event notification destination show
            Type Destination
Name
   ______
   snmp-traphost snmp 10.30.40.10 (from "system snmp traphost")
   1 entries were displayed.
```

## event notification destination modify

Modify an event notification destination

**Availability:** This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

### **Description**

The event notification destination modify command modifies an event notification destination. More detailed information about parameters can be found in the man page for the event notification destination create command.

The following system-defined notification destination is configured for your use:

• snmp-traphost - This destination reflects the configuration in "system snmp traphost". To modify traphost addresses, use the system snmp traphost command.

#### **Parameters**

#### -name <text> - Destination Name

Use this mandatory parameter to specify the name of an event notification destination to be modified. The name of the destination must already exist.

#### { [-email <mail address>] - Email Destination

Use this parameter to specify a new value of email address to replace the current address in the event notification destination. The parameter is specified only when the event notification destination type is already "email". It is not allowed to specify the parameter for a destination that already has another type of destination address.

#### | [-syslog <text>] - Syslog Destination

Use this parameter to specify a new syslog server host name or IP address to replace the current address of the event notification destination. The parameter is specified only when the event notification destination type is already "syslog". It is not allowed to specify the parameter for a destination that already has another type of destination address.

#### [-syslog-port <integer>] - Syslog Port

Use this parameter to specify a new syslog server port value to replace the current port value of the event notification destination. The parameter is specified only when the event notification destination type is already "syslog". It is not allowed to specify the parameter for a destination that already has another type of destination address.

# [-syslog-transport {udp-unencrypted|tcp-unencrypted|tcp-encrypted}] - Syslog Transport

Use this parameter to specify a new syslog transport to replace the current transport of the event notification destination. The parameter is specified only when the event notification destination type is already "syslog". It is not allowed to specify the parameter for a destination that already has another type of destination address.

#### [-syslog-message-format {legacy-netapp|rfc-5424}] - Syslog Message Format

Use this parameter to specify a new syslog message format to replace the current message format of the event notification destination.

# [-syslog-timestamp-format-override {no-override|rfc-3164|iso-8601-utc|iso-8601-local-time}] - Syslog Timestamp Format Override

Use this parameter to override the default syslog timestamp format (based on the syslog-message-format parameter) of the event notification destination.

## [-syslog-hostname-format-override {no-override|fqdn|hostname-only}] - Syslog Hostname Format Override

Use this parameter to override the default syslog hostname format (based on the syslog-message-format parameter) of the event notification destination.

#### | [-rest-api-url <text>] - REST API Server URL

Use this parameter to specify a new REST API server URL to replace the current address of the event notification destination. Enter the full URL, which must start either with an http:// or https:// prefix. + To specify a URL that contains a question mark, press ESC followed by the "?". + If a https:// URL is specified, then ONTAP verifies the identity of the destination host by validating its certificate. If the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) is enabled for Event Management System (EMS), then ONTAP uses that protocol to determine the certificate's revocation status. Use the security config oscp show -application ems command to determine if the OCSP-based certificate revocation status check is enabled for EMS. The parameter is specified only when the event notification destination type is already "rest-api". It is not allowed to specify the parameter for a destination that already has another type of destination address.

#### [-certificate-authority <text>] - Client Certificate Issuing CA

Use this parameter to specify a new value of the certificate authority (CA) to replace the current value in the event notification destination. There can be multiple client certificates installed for the admin vserver in the cluster, and this parameter, along with the <code>certificate-serial</code> parameter, uniquely identifies which one. + Use the security certificate show command to see the list of certificates installed in the cluster.

#### [-certificate-serial <text>] - Client Certificate Serial Number }

Use this parameter to specify a new serial number of the client certificate to replace the current value in the event notification destination.

#### [-access-control-role <text>] - Access Control Role (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to specify a new access control role to replace the current value in the event notification destination.

## **Examples**

The following example shows the modification of event notification destinations:

cluster1::> event notification destination show

Type Destination

-----

StorageAdminEmail

email Storage@example.com

StorageAdminSyslog

syslog example.com snmp-traphost snmp 10.30 40 10 10.30.40.10 (from "system snmp traphost")

3 entries were displayed.

cluster1::> event notification destination modify -name StorageAdminEmail -email StorageAdmin@example.com

cluster1::> event notification destination show

Type Destination Name

-----

StorageAdminEmail

email StorageAdmin@example.com

StorageAdminSyslog

example.com syslog

snmp-traphost snmp 10.30.40.10 (from "system snmp traphost")

3 entries were displayed.

The following example shows how to clear the client certificate configuration when mutual authentication with the REST API server is no longer required:

```
cluster1::> event notification destination show -name RestApi -instance
Destination Name: RestApi
             Type of Destination: rest-api
              Destination Values: https://rest.example.com/rest
   Client Certificate Issuing CA: cluster1-root-ca
Client Certificate Serial Number: 052213E60B7088
       Client Certificate Valid?: -
                     Syslog Port: -
                Syslog Transport: -
           Syslog Message Format: -
Syslog Timestamp Format Override: -
 Syslog Hostname Format Override: -
      System-Defined Destination: false
cluster-1::> event notification destination modify -name RestApi
-certificate-authority - -certificate-serial -
cluster-1::> event notification destination show -name RestApi -instance
Destination Name: RestApi
             Type of Destination: rest-api
              Destination Values: https://rest.example.com/rest
   Client Certificate Issuing CA: -
Client Certificate Serial Number: -
       Client Certificate Valid?: -
                     Syslog Port: -
                Syslog Transport: -
           Syslog Message Format: -
Syslog Timestamp Format Override: -
 Syslog Hostname Format Override: -
      System-Defined Destination: false
```

#### **Related Links**

- · event notification destination create
- · security certificate show

## event notification destination prepare-for-revert

Deletes or updates unsupported syslog destinations (transport=TCP or transport=UDP with non-default configurations: port, message-format, timestamp-format-override, hostname-format-override)

**Availability:** This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *advanced* privilege level.

### **Description**

The event notification destination prepare-for-revert can be used to remove or update syslog notification destinations that are not supported when the cluster reverts to the previous release. Supported syslog destinations are ones with udp-unencryptedsyslog-transport using syslog-port `514 and legacy\_netapp`syslog-message-format with syslog-timestamp-format-override and syslog-hostname-format-override both set to no-override. Syslog destinations with any other configurations are not supported.

#### **Parameters**

{ -delete-unsupported-syslog-destinations {true|false} - Clear unsupported syslog destinations (privilege: advanced)

Use this parameter to delete syslog destinations that are not supported in the previous release.

|-update-unsupported-syslog-destinations {true|false} - Update unsupported syslog destinations to supported (privilege: advanced) }

Use this parameter to update syslog destinations that are not supported in the previous release with supported configurations.

## **Examples**

The following shows examples of "event notification destination prepare-for-revert":

```
cluster1::*> event notification destination show
Name
             Type
                   Destination
             -----
_____
snmp-traphost
             snmp
                       - (from "system snmp traphost")
             syslog test.com (port: 6514, transport: tcp-
tst01
encrypted)
tst02
             syslog test.com (port: 601, transport: tcp-
unencrypted)
tst03
             syslog test.com (port: 1234, transport: udp-
unencrypted)
             syslog test.com (port: 514, transport: udp-
tst04
unencrypted)
5 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*> event notification destination prepare-for-revert -delete
-unsupported-syslog-destinations true
cluster1::*> event notification destination show
                   Destination
             Type
_____
snmp-traphost snmp
                      - (from "system snmp traphost")
        syslog test.com (port: 514, transport: udp-
tst04
unencrypted)
2 entries were displayed.
```

## event notification destination show

Display event notification destinations

**Availability:** This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

## Description

The event notification destination show command displays event notification destinations. More detailed information about parameters can be found in the man page for the event notification destination create command.

Note: In the case of a rest-api destination type or syslog destination type (with tcp-encrypted transport), Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) information is not included. OCSP information is available in the security config ocsp show -app ems command.

#### **Parameters**

#### { [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the <code>-fields</code> <fieldname>, ... parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use '-fields?' to display the fields to specify.

#### |[-instance]}

If you specify the -instance parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

#### [-name <text>] - Destination Name

Use this optional parameter to display information of an event notification destination that has the specified name.

#### [-type {snmp|email|syslog|rest-api}] - Type of Destination

Use this optional parameter to display information of event notification destinations that have the specified destination type.

#### [-destination <text>,...] - Destination

Use this optional parameter to display information of event notification destinations that have the specified destination address. Enter multiple addresses separated by a comma.

#### [-server-ca-present {true|false}] - Server CA Certificates Present?

Use this optional parameter to display information of event notification destinations that have the specified server-ca-present value. This field indicates whether there are certificates of the server-ca type exist in the system. If not, event messages will not be sent to a rest-api type destination having an HTTPS URL.

#### [-certificate-authority <text>] - Client Certificate Issuing CA

Use this optional parameter to display information of event notification destinations that have the specified certificate authority name.

#### [-certificate-serial <text>] - Client Certificate Serial Number

Use this optional parameter to display information of event notification destinations that have the specified certificate serial number.

#### [-certificate-valid {true|false}] - Client Certificate Valid?

Use this optional parameter to display information of event notification destinations that have the specified certificate-valid value. This field indicates whether the client certificate specified by the certificate-authority and certificate-serial fields is valid. If not, and if the REST API server requires client authentication, event messages are not sent to the server.

#### [-syslog-port <integer>] - Syslog Port

Use this optional parameter to display information about an event notification destination that has the specified syslog port.

# [-syslog-transport {udp-unencrypted|tcp-unencrypted|tcp-encrypted}] - Syslog Transport

Use this optional parameter to display information about an event notification destination that has the specified syslog transport.

#### [-syslog-message-format {legacy-netapp|rfc-5424}] - Syslog Message Format

Use this optional parameter to display information about an event notification destination that has the specified syslog message format.

# [-syslog-timestamp-format-override {no-override|rfc-3164|iso-8601-utc|iso-8601-local-time}] - Syslog Timestamp Format Override

Use this optional parameter to display information about an event notification destination that has the

specified syslog timestamp format override.

# [-syslog-hostname-format-override {no-override|fqdn|hostname-only}] - Syslog Hostname Format Override

Use this optional parameter to display information about an event notification destination that has the specified syslog hostname format override.

### [-system-defined {true|false}] - System-Defined Destination

Use this optional parameter to display information about an event notification destination that has the specified system-defined value.

#### [-access-control-role <text>] - Access Control Role (privilege: advanced)

Use this optional parameter to display information about an event notification destination that has the specified access control role.

## **Examples**

The following shows examples of "event notification destination show":

```
cluster1::> event notification destination show
                          Destination
               Type
StorageAdminEmail
               email
                           StorageAdmin@example.com (via "localhost" from
"admin@localhost", configured in "event config")
StorageAdminSyslog
               syslog
                           example.com (port: 514, transport: udp-
unencrypted)
snmp-traphost
               snmp
                           10.30.40.10 (from "system snmp traphost")
RestApi
                          https://rest.example.com/rest
               rest-api
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::> event notification destination show -type snmp -instance
Destination Name: snmp-traphost
             Type of Destination: snmp
                    Destination: 10.30.40.10 (from "system snmp
traphost")
 Server CA Certificates Present?: -
   Client Certificate Issuing CA: -
Client Certificate Serial Number: -
      Client Certificate Valid?: -
                    Syslog Port: -
               Syslog Transport: -
           Syslog Message Format: -
Syslog Timestamp Format Override: -
 Syslog Hostname Format Override: -
      System-Defined Destination: false
```

#### **Related Links**

- · event notification destination create
- security config ocsp show

## event notification history show

Display latest events sent to destination

Availability: This command is available to *cluster* administrators at the *admin* privilege level.

## **Description**

The event notification history show command displays a list of event messages that have been sent to a notification destination. Information displayed by the command for each event is identical to that of the event log show command. This command displays events sent to a notification destination while the event

log show command displays all events that have been logged.

#### **Parameters**

#### { [-fields <fieldname>,...]

If you specify the -fields <fieldname>, ... parameter, the command output also includes the specified field or fields. You can use '-fields?' to display the fields to specify.

#### |[-instance]}

If you specify the -instance parameter, the command displays detailed information about all fields.

#### -destination <text> - Destination

Specifies the destination to which event messages have been sent to be displayed.

#### [-node {<nodename>|local}] - Node

Displays a list of events for the node you specify. Use this parameter with the -seqnum parameter to display detailed information.

#### [-seqnum <Sequence Number>] - Sequence#

Selects the events that match this parameter value. Use with the -node parameter to display detailed information.

#### [-time <MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS>] - Time

Selects the events that match this parameter value. Use the format: MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS [+- HH:MM]. You can specify a time range by using the ".." operator between two time statements.

#### [-severity {EMERGENCY|ALERT|ERROR|NOTICE|INFORMATIONAL|DEBUG}] - Severity

Selects the events that match this parameter value. Severity levels are as follows:

- EMERGENCY Disruption.
- ALERT Single point of failure.
- · ERROR Degradation.
- · NOTICE Information.
- INFORMATIONAL Information.
- · DEBUG Debug information.

#### [-message-name <Message Name>] - Message Name

Selects the events that match this parameter value (string). Message names are descriptive, so filtering output by message name displays messages of a specific type.

#### [-event <text>] - Event

Selects the events that match this parameter value. This parameter is useful when entered with wildcards. The "event" field contains the full text of the event, including any parameters. For example, the wafl.vol.offline event displays the name of the volume that is taken offline.

### **Examples**

The following example displays all the events which match "important-events" filter and forwarded to the "snmp-traphost" destination:

```
cluster1::> event filter show
Filter Rule Rule
                                          SNMP Trap
Name
        Posn Type Message Name Severity
                                          Type
default-trap-events
        1 include * EMERGENCY, ALERT
                                                  *=*
         2 include *
                                           Standard, Built-
in
                                                  *=*
                                                  *=*
         3 exclude *
important-events
         1 include *
                                EMERGENCY, ALERT
                                                  *=*
         2 include callhome.* ERROR
                                                  *=*
         3
            exclude *
no-info-debug-events
         1 include *
                                EMERGENCY, ALERT, ERROR, NOTICE
                                                  *=*
         2 exclude *
                                                  *=*
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::> event notification destination show
           Type
                 Destination
_____
snmp-traphost snmp 192.168.10.40 (from "system snmp traphost")
cluster1::> event notification show
ID Filter Name Destinations
-----
     important-events snmp-traphost
cluster1::>event notification history show -destination snmp-traphost
              Node
                           Severity Event
______
                           EMERGENCY callhome.clam.node.ooq:
5/14/2015 03:02:09 node1
Call home for NODE(S) OUT OF CLUSTER QUORUM.
                           ALERT od.rdb.mbox.read.error:
5/13/2015 12:05:45 node1
message="RDB-HA readPSlot: Failed to read blob type 19, (pslot 16),
instance 1: 1 (1)."
2 entries were displayed.
```

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