

Add an NFS volume to an NFS-enabled SVM

System Manager Classic

NetApp June 22, 2024

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-system-manager-classic/nfsconfig/task_creating_configuring_volume.html on June 22, 2024. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Add an NFS volume to an NFS-enabled SVM

Adding an NFS volume to an NFS-enabled SVM involves creating and configuring a volume, creating an export policy, and verifying access from a UNIX administration host. You can then configure NFS client access.

Before you begin

NFS must be completely set up on the SVM.

Create and configure a volume

You must create a FlexVol volume to contain your data. You can optionally change the volume's default security style, which is inherited from the security style of the root volume. You can also optionally change the volume's default location in the namespace, which is at the root volume of the storage virtual machine (SVM).

Steps

- 1. Navigate to the Volumes window.
- 2. Click Create > Create FlexVol.

The Create Volume dialog box is displayed.

- 3. If you want to change the default name, which ends in a date and time stamp, specify a new name, such as vol1.
- 4. Select an aggregate for the volume.
- 5. Specify the size of the volume.
- 6. Click Create.

Any new volume created in System Manager is mounted by default at the root volume using the volume name as the junction name. NFS clients use the junction path and the junction name when mounting the volume.

- 7. If you do not want the volume to be located at the root of the SVM, modify the place of the new volume in the existing namespace:
 - a. Navigate to the Namespace window.
 - b. Select the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SVM}}$ from the drop-down menu.
 - c. Click Mount.
 - d. In the **Mount Volume** dialog box, specify the volume, the name of its junction path, and the junction path on which you want the volume mounted.
 - e. Verify the new junction path in the Namespace window.

If you want to organize certain volumes under a main volume named "data", you can move the new volume "vol1" from the root volume to the "data" volume.

Path 👻	Storage Object
4 /	🖯 vs0examplecom_root
∓ data	🖯 data
i∓ vol1	🖯 vol1

- 8. Review the volume's security style and change it, if necessary:
 - a. In the Volume window, select the volume you just created, and click Edit.

The Edit Volume dialog box is displayed, showing the volume's current security style, which is inherited from the security style of the SVM root volume.

b. Make sure the security style is UNIX.

Edit Volume						×
General Storage	Efficiency A	dvanced				
Name:	vol1					_
Security style:	NTFS	~				
UNIX permissions	NTFS		Read	Write	Execute	
Owner	UNIX					- 1
Group	Mixed	_				

Create an export policy for the volume

Before any NFS clients can access a volume, you must create an export policy for the volume, add a rule that permits access by an administration host, and apply the new export policy to the volume.

Steps

- 1. Navigate to the SVMs window.
- 2. Click the SVM Settings tab.
- 3. Create a new export policy:
 - a. In the **Policies** pane, click **Export Policies** and then click **Create**.
 - b. In the Create Export Policy window, specify a policy name.
 - c. Under Export Rules, click Add to add a rule to the new policy.

Policy Name:		ExportPo	olicy1	
Copy Rules fro	m			
				~
				~
Export Rules:				
🔂 Add 📝 Edi	t 🗙 Del	ete 🕎	Move Up 👋 Move D	own
Rule Index	Client		Access Protocols	Read-Only Rule

- 4. In the **Create Export Rule** dialog box, create a rule that allows an administrator full access to the export through all protocols:
 - a. Specify the IP address or client name, such as admin_host, from which the exported volume will be administered.
 - b. Select NFSv3.
 - c. Ensure that all Read/Write access details are selected, as well as Allow Superuser Access.

eate Export Ru	le		
Client Specificatio	n: admin_host		
Access Protocols	: 🗹 CIFS		
	🗌 NFS 🕑	NFSv3 NFSv4	
	Flexcache		
	through a	ny of the above protoc	ols (CIFS, NFS, or
Access Details:	FlexCache (SVM).	e) configured on the S	torage Virtual Machine
Access Details:	FlexCache (SVM).	e) configured on the S	torage Virtual Machine Read/Write
Access Details:	FlexCache (SVM). UNIX Kerberos 5	e) configured on the S	torage Virtual Machine Read/Write
Access Details:	FlexCache (SVM). UNIX Kerberos 5 Kerberos 5i	e) configured on the S	torage Virtual Machine Read/Write
Access Details:	FlexCache (SVM). UNIX Kerberos 5 Kerberos 5i NTLM	e) configured on the S	torage Virtual Machine Read/Write

d. Click **OK** and then click **Create**.

The new export policy is created, along with its new rule.

5. Apply the new export policy to the new volume so that the administrator host can access the volume:

- a. Navigate to the Namespace window.
- b. Select the volume and click Change Export Policy.
- c. Select the new policy and click **Change**.

Related information

Verifying NFS access from a UNIX administration host

Verify NFS access from a UNIX administration host

After you configure NFS access to storage virtual machine (SVM), you should verify the configuration by logging in to an NFS administration host and reading data from and writing data to the SVM.

Before you begin

- The client system must have an IP address that is allowed by the export rule you specified earlier.
- · You must have the login information for the root user.

Steps

- 1. Log in as the root user to the client system.
- 2. Enter cd /mnt/ to change the directory to the mount folder.
- 3. Create and mount a new folder using the IP address of the SVM:
 - a. Enter mkdir /mnt/folder to create a new folder.
 - b. Enter mount -t nfs -o nfsvers=3, hard IPAddress:/volume_name /mnt/folder to mount the volume at this new directory.
 - C. Enter cd folder to change the directory to the new folder.

The following commands create a folder named test1, mount the vol1 volume at the 192.0.2.130 IP address on the test1 mount folder, and change to the new test1 directory:

```
host# mkdir /mnt/test1
host# mount -t nfs -o nfsvers=3,hard 192.0.2.130:/vol1 /mnt/test1
host# cd /mnt/test1
```

- 4. Create a new file, verify that it exists, and write text to it:
 - a. Enter touch filename to create a test file.
 - b. Enter 1s -1 filename to verify that the file exists.
 - c. Enter cat >filename, type some text, and then press Ctrl+D to write text to the test file.
 - d. Enter cat filename to display the content of the test file.
 - e. Enter rm filename to remove the test file.
 - f. Enter cd .. to return to the parent directory.

```
host# touch myfile1
host# ls -l myfile1
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 0 Sep 18 15:58 myfile1
host# cat >myfile1
This text inside the first file
host# cat myfile1
This text inside the first file
host# rm -r myfile1
host# cd ..
```

Results

You have confirmed that you have enabled NFS access to the SVM.

Configure and verify NFS client access (Add an NFS volume to an NFS-enabled SVM)

When you are ready, you can give select clients access to the share by setting UNIX file permissions on a UNIX administration host and adding an export rule in System Manager. Then you should test that the affected users or groups can access the volume.

Steps

- 1. Decide which clients and users or groups will be given access to the share.
- 2. On a UNIX administration host, use the root user to set UNIX ownership and permissions on the volume.
- 3. In System Manager, add rules to the export policy to permit NFS clients to access the share.
 - a. Select the storage virtual machine (SVM), and click SVM Settings.
 - b. In the Policies pane, click Export Policies.
 - c. Select the export policy with the same name as the volume.
 - d. In the Export Rules tab, click Add, and specify a set of clients.
 - e. Select **2** for the **Rule Index** so that this rule executes after the rule that allows access to the administration host.
 - f. Select NFSv3.
 - g. Specify the access details that you want, and click OK.

You can give full read/write access to clients by typing the subnet 10.1.1.0/24 as the **Client Specification**, and selecting all the access check boxes except **Allow Superuser Access**.

reate Export Rul	le		
Client Specificatio	n: 10.1.1.0/24		
Rule Index:	2		
Access Protocols	: 🗌 CIFS		
	🗌 NFS 🕑	NFSv3 🔲 NFSv4	
	Flexcache	•	
	f you do r through a FlexCach (SVM).	not select any protocol ny of the above protoc e) configured on the S	, access is provided ols (CIFS, NFS, or torage Virtual Machine
Access Details:	i f you do t through a FlexCach (SVM).	not select any protocol ny of the above protoc e) configured on the S Read-Only	, access is provided ols (CIFS, NFS, or torage Virtual Machine
Access Details:	i f you do t through a FlexCacht (SVM).	not select any protocol ny of the above protoc e) configured on the Si Read-Only	, access is provided ols (CIFS, NFS, or torage Virtual Machine
Access Details:	i) If you do t through a FlexCache (SVM). UNIX Kerberos 5	not select any protocol ny of the above protoco e) configured on the Si Read-Only	, access is provided ols (CIFS, NFS, or torage Virtual Machine
Access Details:	() If you do t through a FlexCache (SVM). UNIX Kerberos 5 Kerberos 5i	not select any protocol ny of the above protoco e) configured on the Si Read-Only	, access is provided ols (CIFS, NFS, or torage Virtual Machine Read/Write
Access Details:	 If you do t through a FlexCache (SVM). UNIX Kerberos 5 Kerberos 5i NTLM 	not select any protocol ny of the above protoco e) configured on the Si Read-Only	, access is provided ols (CIFS, NFS, or torage Virtual Machine Read/Write
Access Details:	 If you do t through a FlexCache (SVM). UNIX Kerberos 5 Kerberos 5i NTLM Allow Sup 	not select any protocol ny of the above protoco e) configured on the Si Read-Only e e user Access	, access is provided ols (CIFS, NFS, or torage Virtual Machine Read/Write

4. On a UNIX client, log in as one of the users who now has access to the volume, and verify that you can mount the volume and create a file.

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