



# **Configure software**

## **Cluster and storage switches**

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# Configure software

## Prepare to install NX-OS software and Reference Configuration File (RCF)

Before you install the NX-OS software and the Reference Configuration File (RCF), follow this procedure.

### About the examples

The examples in this procedure use two nodes. These nodes use two 10GbE cluster interconnect ports e0a and e0b.

See the [Hardware Universe](#) to verify the correct cluster ports on your platforms.



The command outputs might vary depending on different releases of ONTAP.

### Switch and node nomenclature

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are `cs1` and `cs2`.
- The node names are `cluster1-01` and `cluster1-02`.
- The cluster LIF names are `cluster1-01_clus1` and `cluster1-01_clus2` for `cluster1-01` and `cluster1-02_clus1` and `cluster1-02_clus2` for `cluster1-02`.
- The `cluster1::*>` prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

### About this task

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

### Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: `system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=x h`

where `x` is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Change the privilege level to advanced, entering `y` when prompted to continue:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

The advanced prompt (`*>`) appears.

3. Display how many cluster interconnect interfaces are configured in each node for each cluster interconnect switch:

```
network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
```

Node/ Protocol Platform	Local Port	Discovered Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	
cluster1-02/cdp	e0a	cs1	Eth1/2	N3K-
C3232C	e0b	cs2	Eth1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-01/cdp	e0a	cs1	Eth1/1	N3K-
C3232C	e0b	cs2	Eth1/1	N3K-
C3232C				

```
4 entries were displayed.
```

4. Check the administrative or operational status of each cluster interface.
  - a. Display the network port attributes:

```
network port show -ipSPACE Cluster
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network port show -ipSpace Cluster

Node: cluster1-02

Health
Port      IPspace      Broadcast Domain Link MTU  Admin/Oper  Speed (Mbps)
Status
-----
-----
e0a       Cluster      Cluster      up   9000  auto/10000
healthy
e0b       Cluster      Cluster      up   9000  auto/10000
healthy

Node: cluster1-01

Health
Port      IPspace      Broadcast Domain Link MTU  Admin/Oper  Speed (Mbps)
Status
-----
-----
e0a       Cluster      Cluster      up   9000  auto/10000
healthy
e0b       Cluster      Cluster      up   9000  auto/10000
healthy

4 entries were displayed.
```

- b. Display information about the LIFs: `network interface show -vserver Cluster`

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster
```

Current Vserver Port	Home	Logical Current Interface	Is	Status Admin/Oper	Network Address/Mask	Node
-----						
-----						
Cluster						
cluster1-01		cluster1-01_clus1	true	up/up	169.254.209.69/16	
cluster1-01		cluster1-01_clus2	true	up/up	169.254.49.125/16	
cluster1-02		cluster1-02_clus1	true	up/up	169.254.47.194/16	
cluster1-02		cluster1-02_clus2	true	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	
cluster1-02		cluster1-02_clus2	true	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	

4 entries were displayed.

5. Verify the connectivity of the remote cluster interfaces:

## ONTAP 9.9.1 and later

You can use the `network interface check cluster-connectivity` command to start an accessibility check for cluster connectivity and then display the details:

```
network interface check cluster-connectivity start and network interface check cluster-connectivity show
```

```
cluster1::*> network interface check cluster-connectivity start
```

**NOTE:** Wait for a number of seconds before running the `show` command to display the details.

```
cluster1::*> network interface check cluster-connectivity show
```

Packet	Source	Destination
Node	Date	LIF
Loss		
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
cluster1-01		
3/5/2022 19:21:18 -06:00	cluster1-01_clus2	cluster1-02_clus1
none		
3/5/2022 19:21:20 -06:00	cluster1-01_clus2	cluster1-02_clus2
none		
.		
.		
cluster1-02		
3/5/2022 19:21:18 -06:00	cluster1-02_clus2	cluster1-01_clus1
none		
3/5/2022 19:21:20 -06:00	cluster1-02_clus2	cluster1-01_clus2
none		

## All ONTAP releases

For all ONTAP releases, you can also use the `cluster ping-cluster -node <name>` command to check the connectivity:

```
cluster ping-cluster -node <name>
```

```

cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node local
Host is cluster1-02
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-01_clus1 169.254.209.69 cluster1-01 e0a
Cluster cluster1-01_clus2 169.254.49.125 cluster1-01 e0b
Cluster cluster1-02_clus1 169.254.47.194 cluster1-02 e0a
Cluster cluster1-02_clus2 169.254.19.183 cluster1-02 e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
....
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
.....
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)

```

- Verify that the auto-revert command is enabled on all cluster LIFs: `network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert`

#### Show example

```

cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-
revert

```

Vserver	Logical Interface	Auto-revert
Cluster	cluster1-01_clus1	true
	cluster1-01_clus2	true
	cluster1-02_clus1	true
	cluster1-02_clus2	true

4 entries were displayed.



## What's next?

[Install NX-OS software](#)

# Install the NX-OS software

You can use this procedure to install the NX-OS software on the Nexus 3232C cluster switch.

## Review requirements

### Before you begin

- A current backup of the switch configuration.
- A fully functioning cluster (no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- [Cisco Ethernet switch page](#). Consult the switch compatibility table for the supported ONTAP and NX-OS versions.
- [Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches](#). Refer to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures.

## Install the software

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Be sure to complete the procedure in [Prepare to install NX-OS and RCF](#), and then follow the steps below.

### Steps

1. Connect the cluster switch to the management network.
2. Use the `ping` command to verify connectivity to the server hosting the NX-OS software and the RCF.

### Show example

This example verifies that the switch can reach the server at IP address 172.19.2.1:

```
cs2# ping 172.19.2.1
Pinging 172.19.2.1 with 0 bytes of data:

Reply From 172.19.2.1: icmp_seq = 0. time= 5910 usec.
```

3. Display the cluster ports on each node that are connected to the cluster switches:

```
network device-discovery show
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show
Node/          Local  Discovered
Protocol      Port   Device (LLDP: ChassisID)  Interface
Platform
-----
-----
cluster1-01/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/7      N3K-
C3232C
              e0d    cs2                      Ethernet1/7      N3K-
C3232C
cluster1-02/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/8      N3K-
C3232C
              e0d    cs2                      Ethernet1/8      N3K-
C3232C
cluster1-03/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/1/1    N3K-
C3232C
              e0b    cs2                      Ethernet1/1/1    N3K-
C3232C
cluster1-04/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/1/2    N3K-
C3232C
              e0b    cs2                      Ethernet1/1/2    N3K-
C3232C
cluster1::*>
```

#### 4. Check the administrative and operational status of each cluster port.

- a. Verify that all the cluster ports are **up** with a healthy status:

```
network port show -role cluster
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
```

```
Node: cluster1-01
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-02
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					

8 entries were displayed.

```
Node: cluster1-03
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-04
```

```
Ignore
```

```
Health Health Speed (Mbps)
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
-----
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
cluster1::*>
```

b. Verify that all the cluster interfaces (LIFs) are on the home port:

```
network interface show -role cluster
```

### Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
          Logical          Status      Network
Current   Current Is
Vserver   Interface          Admin/Oper Address/Mask      Node
Port      Home
-----
-----
Cluster
          cluster1-01_clus1 up/up      169.254.3.4/23
cluster1-01 e0a      true
          cluster1-01_clus2 up/up      169.254.3.5/23
cluster1-01 e0d      true
          cluster1-02_clus1 up/up      169.254.3.8/23
cluster1-02 e0a      true
          cluster1-02_clus2 up/up      169.254.3.9/23
cluster1-02 e0d      true
          cluster1-03_clus1 up/up      169.254.1.3/23
cluster1-03 e0a      true
          cluster1-03_clus2 up/up      169.254.1.1/23
cluster1-03 e0b      true
          cluster1-04_clus1 up/up      169.254.1.6/23
cluster1-04 e0a      true
          cluster1-04_clus2 up/up      169.254.1.7/23
cluster1-04 e0b      true
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

- c. Verify that the cluster displays information for both cluster switches:

```
system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled-operational true
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch                                     Type                                     Address
Model
-----
cs1                                         cluster-network                         10.233.205.90
N3K-C3232C
  Serial Number: FOCXXXXXXGD
  Is Monitored: true
  Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                                     9.3(5)
  Version Source: CDP

cs2                                         cluster-network                         10.233.205.91
N3K-C3232C
  Serial Number: FOCXXXXXXGS
  Is Monitored: true
  Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                                     9.3(5)
  Version Source: CDP
cluster1::*>
```

5. Disable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs. The cluster LIFs fail over to the partner cluster switch and remain there as you perform the upgrade procedure on the targeted switch:

```
network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto-revert false
```

6. Copy the NX-OS software and EPLD images to the Nexus 3232C switch.

## Show example

```
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/nxos.9.3.4.bin
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1

Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/nxos.9.3.4.bin /bootflash/nxos.9.3.4.bin
/code/nxos.9.3.4.bin 100% 1261MB 9.3MB/s 02:15
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.

cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1

Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img /bootflash/n9000-
epld.9.3.4.img
/code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img 100% 161MB 9.5MB/s 00:16
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.
```

### 7. Verify the running version of the NX-OS software:

```
show version
```

## Show example

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.

Software
  BIOS: version 08.37
  NXOS: version 9.3(3)
  BIOS compile time: 01/28/2020
  NXOS image file is: bootflash:///nxos.9.3.3.bin
  NXOS compile time: 12/22/2019 2:00:00 [12/22/2019 14:00:37]

Hardware
  cisco Nexus3000 C3232C Chassis (Nexus 9000 Series)
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of
memory.
  Processor Board ID FOCXXXXXXGD

  Device name: cs2
  bootflash: 53298520 kB
  Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 36 second(s)

  Last reset at 74117 usecs after Tue Nov 24 06:24:23 2020
  Reason: Reset Requested by CLI command reload
```



```
System version: 9.3(3)
```

```
Service:
```

```
plugin
```

```
Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
```

```
Active Package(s):
```

```
cs2#
```

## 8. Install the NX-OS image.

Installing the image file causes it to be loaded every time the switch is rebooted.

## Show example

```
cs2# install all nxos bootflash:nxos.9.3.4.bin
Installer will perform compatibility check first. Please wait.
Installer is forced disruptive

Verifying image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin for boot variable "nxos".
[] 100% -- SUCCESS

Verifying image type.
[] 100% -- SUCCESS

Preparing "nxos" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[] 100% -- SUCCESS

Preparing "bios" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[] 100% -- SUCCESS

Performing module support checks.
[] 100% -- SUCCESS

Notifying services about system upgrade.
[] 100% -- SUCCESS

Compatibility check is done:
Module  bootable          Impact                Install-type  Reason
-----  -----
-----
      1      Yes          Disruptive          Reset          Default
upgrade is not hitless

Images will be upgraded according to following table:
Module      Image      Running-Version(pri:alt)
New-Version      Upg-Required
-----  -----
      1      nxos      9.3(3)
9.3(4)          yes
      1      bios      v08.37(01/28/2020):v08.32(10/18/2016)
v08.37(01/28/2020)  no

Switch will be reloaded for disruptive upgrade.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] y
```

```
Install is in progress, please wait.
```

```
Performing runtime checks.
```

```
[ ] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Setting boot variables.
```

```
[ ] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Performing configuration copy.
```

```
[ ] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Module 1: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading  
bios/loader/bootrom.
```

```
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
```

```
[ ] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Finishing the upgrade, switch will reboot in 10 seconds.
```

```
cs2#
```

9. Verify the new version of NX-OS software after the switch has rebooted:

```
show version
```

## Show example

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.

Software
  BIOS: version 08.37
  NXOS: version 9.3(4)
  BIOS compile time: 01/28/2020
  NXOS image file is: bootflash:///nxos.9.3.4.bin
  NXOS compile time: 4/28/2020 21:00:00 [04/29/2020 06:28:31]

Hardware
  cisco Nexus3000 C3232C Chassis (Nexus 9000 Series)
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of
memory.
  Processor Board ID FOCXXXXXXGS

  Device name: rtpnpi-mcc01-8200-ms-A1
  bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 14 second(s)

Last reset at 196755 usecs after Tue Nov 24 06:37:36 2020
Reason: Reset due to upgrade
```

```
System version: 9.3(3)
```

```
Service:
```

```
plugin
```

```
Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
```

```
Active Package(s):
```

```
cs2#
```

10. Upgrade the EPLD image and reboot the switch.

## Show example

```
cs2# show version module 1 epld
```

EPLD Device	Version
MI FPGA	0x12
IO FPGA	0x11

```
cs2# install epld bootflash:n9000-epld.9.3.4.img module 1
```

Compatibility check:

Module	Type	Upgradable	Impact	Reason
1	SUP	Yes	Disruptive	Module Upgradable

Retrieving EPLD versions.... Please wait.

Images will be upgraded according to following table:

Module	Type	EPLD	Running-Version	New-Version	Upg-Required
1	SUP	MI FPGA	0x12	0x12	No
1	SUP	IO FPGA	0x11	0x12	Yes

The above modules require upgrade.

The switch will be reloaded at the end of the upgrade

Do you want to continue (y/n) ? [n] **y**

Proceeding to upgrade Modules.

Starting Module 1 EPLD Upgrade

Module 1 : IO FPGA [Programming] : 100.00% ( 64 of 64 sectors)

Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.

Module	Type	Upgrade-Result
1	SUP	Success

Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.

```
cs2#
```

11. If you are upgrading to NX-OS version 9.3(11), you must upgrade the EPLD golden image and reboot the switch once again. Otherwise, skip to step 12.

See [EPLD Upgrade Release Notes, Release 9.3\(11\)](#) for further details.

### Show example

```
cs2# install epld bootflash:n9000-epld.9.3.11.img module 1 golden
Digital signature verification is successful
Compatibility check:
Module          Type          Upgradable    Impact        Reason
-----
-----
          1          SUP          Yes          Disruptive    Module
Upgradable

Retrieving EPLD versions.... Please wait.
The above modules require upgrade.
The switch will be reloaded at the end of the upgrade
Do you want to continue (y/n) ? [n] y

Proceeding to upgrade Modules.

Starting Module 1 EPLD Upgrade

Module 1 : MI FPGA [Programming] : 100.00% (    64 of    64 sect)
Module 1 : IO FPGA [Programming] : 100.00% (    64 of    64 sect)
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
Module          Type          Upgrade-Result
-----
-----
          1          SUP          Success

EPLDs upgraded.

Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
cs2#
```

12. After the switch reboot, log in to verify that the new version of EPLD loaded successfully.

### Show example

```
cs2# show version module 1 epld
```

EPLD Device	Version
MI FPGA	0x12
IO FPGA	0x12

13. Verify the health of cluster ports on the cluster.

a. Verify that cluster ports are up and healthy across all nodes in the cluster:

```
network port show -role cluster
```



## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
```

```
Node: cluster1-01
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-02
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-03
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-04

Ignore

Health Health Speed (Mbps)
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
-----
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
e0d Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
8 entries were displayed.
```

b. Verify the switch health from the cluster.

```
network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
Node/          Local  Discovered
Protocol       Port   Device (LLDP: ChassisID)  Interface
Platform
-----
-----
cluster1-01/cdp
              e0a    cs1                        Ethernet1/7
N3K-C3232C
              e0d    cs2                        Ethernet1/7
N3K-C3232C
cluster01-2/cdp
              e0a    cs1                        Ethernet1/8
N3K-C3232C
              e0d    cs2                        Ethernet1/8
N3K-C3232C
cluster01-3/cdp
              e0a    cs1                        Ethernet1/1/1
N3K-C3232C
              e0b    cs2                        Ethernet1/1/1
N3K-C3232C
cluster1-04/cdp
              e0a    cs1                        Ethernet1/1/2
N3K-C3232C
              e0b    cs2                        Ethernet1/1/2
N3K-C3232C

cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch          Type          Address
Model
-----
-----
cs1              cluster-network  10.233.205.90
N3K-C3232C
  Serial Number: FOCXXXXXXGD
  Is Monitored: true
  Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                  9.3(5)
  Version Source: CDP

cs2              cluster-network  10.233.205.91
```

```

N3K-C3232C
  Serial Number: FOCXXXXXXGS
    Is Monitored: true
      Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                9.3(5)
  Version Source: CDP

2 entries were displayed.

```

You might observe the following output on the cs1 switch console depending on the RCF version previously loaded on the switch:

```

2020 Nov 17 16:07:18 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT:
Unblocking port port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Port consistency
restored.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_PEER:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0001. Inconsistent peer vlan.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_LOCAL:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Inconsistent local vlan.

```

#### 14. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

```
cluster show
```

#### Show example

```

cluster1::*> cluster show
Node                Health  Eligibility  Epsilon
-----
cluster1-01         true    true         false
cluster1-02         true    true         false
cluster1-03         true    true         true
cluster1-04         true    true         false
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>

```

#### 15. Repeat steps 6 to 14 on switch cs1.

#### 16. Enable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

```
network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto-revert true
```

17. Verify that the cluster LIFs have reverted to their home port:

```
network interface show -role cluster
```

**Show example**

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
          Logical          Status      Network          Current
Current Is
Vserver   Interface              Admin/Oper  Address/Mask     Node
Port      Home
-----
-----
Cluster
          cluster1-01_clus1 up/up      169.254.3.4/23
cluster1-01      e0d      true
          cluster1-01_clus2 up/up      169.254.3.5/23
cluster1-01      e0d      true
          cluster1-02_clus1 up/up      169.254.3.8/23
cluster1-02      e0d      true
          cluster1-02_clus2 up/up      169.254.3.9/23
cluster1-02      e0d      true
          cluster1-03_clus1 up/up      169.254.1.3/23
cluster1-03      e0b      true
          cluster1-03_clus2 up/up      169.254.1.1/23
cluster1-03      e0b      true
          cluster1-04_clus1 up/up      169.254.1.6/23
cluster1-04      e0b      true
          cluster1-04_clus2 up/up      169.254.1.7/23
cluster1-04      e0b      true
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

If any cluster LIFs have not returned to their home ports, revert them manually from the local node:

```
network interface revert -vserver Cluster -lif <lif_name>
```

**What's next?**

[Install RCF config file.](#)

## Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF)

Follow this procedure to install the RCF after setting up the Nexus 3232C switch for the first time.

You can also use this procedure to upgrade your RCF version. See the Knowledge Base article [How to clear configuration on a Cisco interconnect switch while retaining remote connectivity](#) for further information when upgrading your RCF.

## Review requirements

### Before you begin

- A current backup of the switch configuration.
- A fully functioning cluster (no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- The current Reference Configuration File (RCF).
- A console connection to the switch, required when installing the RCF.
- [Cisco Ethernet switch page](#) Consult the switch compatibility table for the supported ONTAP and RCF versions. Note that there can be command dependencies between the command syntax in the RCF and that found in versions of NX-OS.
- [Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches](#). Refer to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures.

## Install the file

### About the examples

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are `cs1` and `cs2`.
- The node names are `cluster1-01`, `cluster1-02`, `cluster1-03`, and `cluster1-04`.
- The cluster LIF names are `cluster1-01_clus1`, `cluster1-01_clus2`, `cluster1-02_clus1`, `cluster1-02_clus2`, `cluster1-03_clus1`, `cluster1-03_clus2`, `cluster1-04_clus1`, and `cluster1-04_clus2`.
- The `cluster1: :*>` prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

### About this task

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

No operational inter-switch link (ISL) is needed during this procedure. This is by design because RCF version changes can affect ISL connectivity temporarily. To ensure non-disruptive cluster operations, the following procedure migrates all of the cluster LIFs to the operational partner switch while performing the steps on the target switch.

Be sure to complete the procedure in [Prepare to install NX-OS and RCF](#), and then follow the steps below.

### Steps

1. Display the cluster ports on each node that are connected to the cluster switches:

```
network device-discovery show
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show
Node/          Local  Discovered
Protocol      Port   Device (LLDP: ChassisID)  Interface
Platform
-----
-----
cluster1-01/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/7      N3K-
C3232C
              e0d    cs2                      Ethernet1/7      N3K-
C3232C
cluster1-02/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/8      N3K-
C3232C
              e0d    cs2                      Ethernet1/8      N3K-
C3232C
cluster1-03/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/1/1    N3K-
C3232C
              e0b    cs2                      Ethernet1/1/1    N3K-
C3232C
cluster1-04/cdp
              e0a    cs1                      Ethernet1/1/2    N3K-
C3232C
              e0b    cs2                      Ethernet1/1/2    N3K-
C3232C
cluster1::*>
```

2. Check the administrative and operational status of each cluster port.

a. Verify that all the cluster ports are up with a healthy status:

```
network port show -role cluster
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
```

```
Node: cluster1-01
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-02
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					

8 entries were displayed.

```
Node: cluster1-03
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					



```
Node: cluster1-04
```

```
Ignore
```

```
Health Health Speed (Mbps)
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
-----
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
cluster1::*>
```

b. Verify that all the cluster interfaces (LIFs) are on the home port:

```
network interface show -role cluster
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
          Logical          Status      Network
Current   Current Is
Vserver   Interface          Admin/Oper Address/Mask      Node
Port      Home
-----
-----
Cluster
cluster1-01  cluster1-01_clus1  up/up      169.254.3.4/23
              e0a          true
cluster1-01  cluster1-01_clus2  up/up      169.254.3.5/23
              e0d          true
cluster1-02  cluster1-02_clus1  up/up      169.254.3.8/23
              e0a          true
cluster1-02  cluster1-02_clus2  up/up      169.254.3.9/23
              e0d          true
cluster1-03  cluster1-03_clus1  up/up      169.254.1.3/23
              e0a          true
cluster1-03  cluster1-03_clus2  up/up      169.254.1.1/23
              e0b          true
cluster1-04  cluster1-04_clus1  up/up      169.254.1.6/23
              e0a          true
cluster1-04  cluster1-04_clus2  up/up      169.254.1.7/23
              e0b          true
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

- c. Verify that the cluster displays information for both cluster switches:

```
system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled-operational true
```

### Show example

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch                               Type                Address
Model
-----
cs1                                   cluster-network     10.233.205.92
NX3232C
  Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXXGS
  Is Monitored: true
  Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                               9.3(4)
  Version Source: CDP

cs2                                   cluster-network     10.233.205.93
NX3232C
  Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXXGD
  Is Monitored: true
  Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                               9.3(4)
  Version Source: CDP

2 entries were displayed.
```

3. Disable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

### Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert false
```

4. On cluster switch cs2, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

### Show example

```
cs2(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8  
cs2(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

5. Verify that the cluster ports have migrated to the ports hosted on cluster switch cs1. This might take a few seconds.

```
network interface show -role cluster
```

### Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
```

	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current Is				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
-----				
-----				
Cluster				
	cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	
cluster1-01	e0a true			
	cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	
cluster1-01	e0a false			
	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	
cluster1-02	e0a true			
	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	
cluster1-02	e0a false			
	cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	
cluster1-03	e0a true			
	cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	
cluster1-03	e0a false			
	cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	
cluster1-04	e0a true			
	cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	
cluster1-04	e0a false			

```
8 entries were displayed.  
cluster1::*>
```

6. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

```
cluster show
```

### Show example

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
Node           Health Eligibility  Epsilon
-----
cluster1-01    true  true        false
cluster1-02    true  true        false
cluster1-03    true  true        true
cluster1-04    true  true        false
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

7. If you have not already done so, save a copy of the current switch configuration by copying the output of the following command to a text file:

```
show running-config
```

8. Clean the configuration on switch cs2 and reboot the switch.



When updating or applying a new RCF, you must erase the switch settings and perform basic configuration. You must be connected to the switch serial console port to set up the switch again.

- a. Clean the configuration:

### Show example

```
(cs2) # write erase

Warning: This command will erase the startup-configuration.

Do you wish to proceed anyway? (y/n) [n] y
```

- b. Reboot the switch:

### Show example

```
(cs2) # reload

Are you sure you would like to reset the system? (y/n) y
```

9. Perform a basic setup of the switch. See [Configure the 3232C cluster switch](#) for details.

10. Copy the RCF to the bootflash of switch cs2 using one of the following transfer protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, or SCP. For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the [Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference](#) guides.

#### Show example

This example shows TFTP being used to copy an RCF to the bootflash on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy tftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
Enter hostname for the tftp server: 172.22.201.50
Trying to connect to tftp server.....Connection to Server
Established.
TFTP get operation was successful
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
```

11. Apply the RCF previously downloaded to the bootflash.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the [Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference](#) guides.

#### Show example

This example shows the RCF file `Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt` being installed on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-
config echo-commands
```

12. Examine the banner output from the `show banner motd` command. You must read and follow the instructions under **Important Notes** to make sure the proper configuration and operation of the switch.

## Show example

```
cs2# show banner motd

*****
*****
* NetApp Reference Configuration File (RCF)
*
* Switch    : Cisco Nexus 3232C
* Filename  : Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
* Date      : Oct-20-2020
* Version   : v1.6
*
* Port Usage : Breakout configuration
* Ports 1- 3: Breakout mode (4x10GbE) Intra-Cluster Ports, int
e1/1/1-4,
* e1/2/1-4, e1/3/1-4
* Ports 4- 6: Breakout mode (4x25GbE) Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int
e1/4/1-4,
* e1/5/1-4, e1/6/1-4
* Ports 7-30: 40/100GbE Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int e1/7-30
* Ports 31-32: Intra-Cluster ISL Ports, int e1/31-32
* Ports 33-34: 10GbE Intra-Cluster 10GbE Ports, int e1/33-34
*
* IMPORTANT NOTES
* - Load Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA.txt for non breakout config
*
* - This RCF utilizes QoS and requires TCAM re-configuration,
requiring RCF
*   to be loaded twice with the Cluster Switch rebooted in between.
*
* - Perform the following 4 steps to ensure proper RCF installation:
*
*   (1) Apply RCF first time, expect following messages:
*       - Please save config and reload the system...
*       - Edge port type (portfast) should only be enabled on
ports...
*       - TCAM region is not configured for feature QoS class IPv4
ingress...
*
*   (2) Save running-configuration and reboot Cluster Switch
*
*   (3) After reboot, apply same RCF second time and expect
following messages:
*       - % Invalid command at '^' marker
*       - Syntax error while parsing...
```

```
*
* (4) Save running-configuration again
*****
*****
```



When applying the RCF for the first time, the **ERROR: Failed to write VSH commands** message is expected and can be ignored.

13. Verify that the RCF file is the correct newer version:

```
show running-config
```

When you check the output to verify you have the correct RCF, make sure that the following information is correct:

- The RCF banner
- The node and port settings
- Customizations

The output varies according to your site configuration. Check the port settings and refer to the release notes for any changes specific to the RCF that you have installed.

14. Reapply any previous customizations to the switch configuration. Refer to [Review cabling and configuration considerations](#) for details of any further changes required.

15. After you verify the RCF versions and switch settings are correct, copy the running-config file to the startup-config file.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the [Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference](#) guides.

```
cs2# copy running-config startup-config
[#####] 100% Copy complete
```

16. Reboot switch cs2. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

```
cs2# reload
This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y
```

17. Apply the same RCF and save the running configuration for a second time.



### Show example

```
cs2# copy Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-  
config echo-commands  
cs2# copy running-config startup-config  
[#####] 100% Copy complete
```

18. Verify the health of cluster ports on the cluster.

a. Verify that e0d ports are up and healthy across all nodes in the cluster:

```
network port show -role cluster
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
```

```
Node: cluster1-01
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-02
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-03
```

```
Ignore
```

						Speed (Mbps)
Health	Health					
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
-----						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					

```
Node: cluster1-04

Ignore

Health Health Speed (Mbps)
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
-----
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
e0d Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
8 entries were displayed.
```

b. Verify the switch health from the cluster (this might not show switch cs2, since LIFs are not homed on e0d).

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
Node/          Local  Discovered
Protocol      Port   Device (LLDP: ChassisID)  Interface
Platform
-----
-----
cluster1-01/cdp
          e0a   cs1                        Ethernet1/7
N3K-C3232C
          e0d   cs2                        Ethernet1/7
N3K-C3232C
cluster01-2/cdp
          e0a   cs1                        Ethernet1/8
N3K-C3232C
          e0d   cs2                        Ethernet1/8
N3K-C3232C
cluster01-3/cdp
          e0a   cs1                        Ethernet1/1/1
N3K-C3232C
          e0b   cs2                        Ethernet1/1/1
N3K-C3232C
cluster1-04/cdp
          e0a   cs1                        Ethernet1/1/2
N3K-C3232C
          e0b   cs2                        Ethernet1/1/2
N3K-C3232C

cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch          Type          Address
Model
-----
-----
cs1              cluster-network  10.233.205.90
N3K-C3232C
  Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXXGD
  Is Monitored: true
  Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                  9.3(4)
  Version Source: CDP

cs2              cluster-network  10.233.205.91
```

```
N3K-C3232C
  Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXXGS
    Is Monitored: true
      Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                9.3(4)
  Version Source: CDP

2 entries were displayed.
```

You might observe the following output on the cs1 switch console depending on the RCF version previously loaded on the switch



```
2020 Nov 17 16:07:18 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-
UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking port port-channel1 on
VLAN0092. Port consistency restored.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-
BLOCK_PVID_PEER: Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0001.
Inconsistent peer vlan.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-
BLOCK_PVID_LOCAL: Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0092.
Inconsistent local vlan.
```



It can take up to 5 minutes for the cluster nodes to report as healthy.

19. On cluster switch cs1, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

#### Show example

The following example uses the interface example output from step 1:

```
cs1(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs1(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

20. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on switch cs2. This might take a few seconds.

```
network interface show -role cluster
```

## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
```

Current Is	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
-----				
Cluster				
	cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	
cluster1-01	e0d	false		
	cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	
cluster1-01	e0d	true		
	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	
cluster1-02	e0d	false		
	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	
cluster1-02	e0d	true		
	cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	
cluster1-03	e0b	false		
	cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	
cluster1-03	e0b	true		
	cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	
cluster1-04	e0b	false		
	cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	
cluster1-04	e0b	true		

8 entries were displayed.  
cluster1::\*>

### 21. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

```
cluster show
```

### Show example

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
Node                Health  Eligibility  Epsilon
-----
cluster1-01        true    true         false
cluster1-02        true    true         false
cluster1-03        true    true         true
cluster1-04        true    true         false
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

22. Repeat Steps 7 to 17 on switch cs1.

23. Enable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert true
```

24. Reboot switch cs1. You do this to trigger the cluster LIFs to revert to their home ports. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

```
cs1# reload
This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y
```

25. Verify that the switch ports connected to the cluster ports are up.

### Show example

```
cs1# show interface brief | grep up
.
.
Eth1/1/1      1      eth  access up      none
10G(D) --
Eth1/1/2      1      eth  access up      none
10G(D) --
Eth1/7        1      eth  trunk  up      none
100G(D) --
Eth1/8        1      eth  trunk  up      none
100G(D) --
.
.
```

26. Verify that the ISL between cs1 and cs2 is functional:

```
show port-channel summary
```

**Show example**

```
cs1# show port-channel summary
Flags:  D - Down          P - Up in port-channel (members)
        I - Individual    H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
        s - Suspended     r - Module-removed
        b - BFD Session Wait
        S - Switched      R - Routed
        U - Up (port-channel)
        p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
        M - Not in use. Min-links not met

-----
-----
Group Port-          Type      Protocol  Member Ports
Channel
-----
-----
1      Po1 (SU)       Eth       LACP      Eth1/31 (P)  Eth1/32 (P)
cs1#
```

27. Verify that the cluster LIFs have reverted to their home port:

```
network interface show -role cluster
```



## Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
          Logical          Status      Network          Current
Current Is
Vserver   Interface              Admin/Oper  Address/Mask     Node
Port      Home
-----
Cluster
cluster1-01 cluster1-01_clus1 up/up      169.254.3.4/23
          e0d             true
cluster1-01 cluster1-01_clus2 up/up      169.254.3.5/23
          e0d             true
cluster1-02 cluster1-02_clus1 up/up      169.254.3.8/23
          e0d             true
cluster1-02 cluster1-02_clus2 up/up      169.254.3.9/23
          e0d             true
cluster1-03 cluster1-03_clus1 up/up      169.254.1.3/23
          e0b             true
cluster1-03 cluster1-03_clus2 up/up      169.254.1.1/23
          e0b             true
cluster1-04 cluster1-04_clus1 up/up      169.254.1.6/23
          e0b             true
cluster1-04 cluster1-04_clus2 up/up      169.254.1.7/23
          e0b             true
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

If any cluster LIFS have not returned to their home ports, revert them manually: `network interface revert -vserver vsver_name -lif lif_name`

### 28. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

```
cluster show
```

### Show example

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
Node           Health Eligibility Epsilon
-----
cluster1-01    true   true       false
cluster1-02    true   true       false
cluster1-03    true   true       true
cluster1-04    true   true       false
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

29. Verify the connectivity of the remote cluster interfaces:

## ONTAP 9.9.1 and later

You can use the `network interface check cluster-connectivity` command to start an accessibility check for cluster connectivity and then display the details:

```
network interface check cluster-connectivity start and network interface check cluster-connectivity show
```

```
cluster1::*> network interface check cluster-connectivity start
```

**NOTE:** Wait for a number of seconds before running the `show` command to display the details.

```
cluster1::*> network interface check cluster-connectivity show
```

Packet	Source	Destination	
Node	Date	LIF	LIF
Loss			
-----	-----	-----	-----
cluster1-01			
3/5/2022 19:21:18 -06:00	cluster1-01_clus2	cluster1-02_clus1	
none			
3/5/2022 19:21:20 -06:00	cluster1-01_clus2	cluster1-02_clus2	
none			
.			
.			
cluster1-02			
3/5/2022 19:21:18 -06:00	cluster1-02_clus2	cluster1-01_clus1	
none			
3/5/2022 19:21:20 -06:00	cluster1-02_clus2	cluster1-01_clus2	
none			
.			
.			
cluster1-03			
.			
.			
.			
.			
cluster1-04			
.			
.			
.			
.			

All ONTAP releases

For all ONTAP releases, you can also use the `cluster ping-cluster -node <name>` command to check the connectivity:

```
cluster ping-cluster -node <name>
```

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node local
Host is cluster1-03
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-03_clus1 169.254.1.3 cluster1-03 e0a
Cluster cluster1-03_clus2 169.254.1.1 cluster1-03 e0b
Cluster cluster1-04_clus1 169.254.1.6 cluster1-04 e0a
Cluster cluster1-04_clus2 169.254.1.7 cluster1-04 e0b
Cluster cluster1-01_clus1 169.254.3.4 cluster1-01 e0a
Cluster cluster1-01_clus2 169.254.3.5 cluster1-01 e0d
Cluster cluster1-02_clus1 169.254.3.8 cluster1-02 e0a
Cluster cluster1-02_clus2 169.254.3.9 cluster1-02 e0d
Local = 169.254.1.3 169.254.1.1
Remote = 169.254.1.6 169.254.1.7 169.254.3.4 169.254.3.5 169.254.3.8
169.254.3.9
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
.....
Basic connectivity succeeds on 12 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
.....
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 12 path(s):
  Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.6
  Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.7
  Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.4
  Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.5
  Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.8
  Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.9
  Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.6
  Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.7
  Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.4
  Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.5
  Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.8
  Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.9
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 12 path(s)
RPC status:
6 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
6 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

## What's next?

[Verify SSH configuration.](#)

## Verify your SSH configuration

If you are using the Ethernet Switch Health Monitor (CSHM) and log collection features, verify that SSH and SSH keys are enabled on the cluster switches.

### Steps

1. Verify that SSH is enabled:

```
(switch) show ssh server  
ssh version 2 is enabled
```

2. Verify that the SSH keys are enabled:

```
show ssh key
```

## Show example

```
(switch)# show ssh key

rsa Keys generated:Fri Jun 28 02:16:00 2024

ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQGDINrD52Q586wTGJjFABjBlFaA23EpDrZ2sDCew
l7nwlioC6HBejxluIObAH8hrW8kR+gj0ZAFpPNeLGTg3APj/yIPTBoIZZxbWRShywAM5
PqyxWwRb7kp9Zt1YHzVuHYpSO82KUDowKrL6lox/YtpKoZUDZjrZjAp8hTv3JZsPgQ==

bitcount:1024
fingerprint:
SHA256:aHwhpzo7+YCDsrp3isJv2uVGz+mjMMokqdMeXVVXfdo

could not retrieve dsa key information

ecdsa Keys generated:Fri Jun 28 02:30:56 2024

ecdsa-sha2-nistp521
AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHA1MjEAAAABmlzdHA1MjEAAACFBABJ+ZX5SFKhS57e
vkE273e0VoqZi4/32dt+f14fBuKv80MjMsmLfjKtCWylwgVt1Zi+C5TIBbugpzez529z
kFSF0ADb8JaGCoaAYe2HvWR/f6QLbKbqVIewCdqWgxzrIY5BPP5GBdxQJMBiOwEdnHg1
u/9Pzh/Vz9cHDcCW9qGE780QHA==

bitcount:521
fingerprint:
SHA256:TFGe2hXn6QIpcs/vyHzftHJ7Dceg0vQaULYRALZeHwQ

(switch)# show feature | include scpServer
scpServer          1          enabled
(switch)# show feature | include ssh
sshServer          1          enabled
(switch)#
```



When enabling FIPS, you must change the bitcount to 256 on the switch using the command `ssh key ecdsa 256 force`. See [Configure network security using FIPS](#) for more details.

### What's next?

[Configure switch health monitoring.](#)

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