■ NetApp

Configure software

Cluster and storage switches

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Table of Contents

\mathcal{C}	onfigure software	. 1
	Software install workflow for Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches	. 1
	Prepare to install NX-OS software and RCF	. 2
	Install the NX-OS software	10
	Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF)	20
	Enable SSH on Cisco 9336C-FX2 cluster switches	47
	Ethernet Switch Health Monitoring log collection	50
	Configure SNMPv3	53

Configure software

Software install workflow for Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches

To install and configure the software for a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare to install NX-OS software and RCF.
- 2. Install the NX-OS software.
- 3. Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF).

Install the RCF after setting up the Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch for the first time. You can also use this procedure to upgrade your RCF version.

Available RCF configurations

The following table describes the RCFs available for different configurations. Choose the RCF applicable to your configuration.

For specific port and VLAN usage details, refer to the banner and important notes section in your RCF.

RCF name	Description
2-Cluster-HA-Breakout	Supports two ONTAP clusters with at least eight nodes, including nodes that use shared Cluster+HA ports.
4-Cluster-HA-Breakout	Supports four ONTAP clusters with at least four nodes, including nodes that use shared Cluster+HA ports.
1-Cluster-HA	All ports are configured for 40/100GbE. Supports shared cluster/HA traffic on ports. Required for AFF A320, AFF A250, and FAS500f systems. Additionally, all ports can be used as dedicated cluster ports.
1-Cluster-HA-Breakout	Ports are configured for 4x10GbE breakout, 4x25GbE breakout (RCF 1.6+ on 100GbE switches), and 40/100GbE. Supports shared cluster/HA traffic on ports for nodes that use shared cluster/HA ports: AFF A320, AFF A250, and FAS500f systems. Additionally, all ports can be used as dedicated cluster ports.
Cluster-HA-Storage	Ports are configured for 40/100GbE for Cluster+HA, 4x10GbE Breakout for Cluster and 4x25GbE Breakout for Cluster+HA, and 100GbE for each Storage HA Pair.
Cluster	Two flavors of RCF with different allocations of 4x10GbE ports (breakout) and 40/100GbE ports. All FAS/AFF nodes are supported, except for AFF A320, AFF A250, and FAS500f systems.
Storage	All ports are configured for 100GbE NVMe storage connections.

Prepare to install NX-OS software and RCF

Before you install the NX-OS software and the Reference Configuration File (RCF), follow this procedure.

About the examples

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01 and cluster1-02.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1 and cluster1-01_clus2 for cluster1-01 and cluster1-02_clus1 and cluster1-02_clus2 for cluster1-02.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

About this task

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=x h

where x is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Change the privilege level to advanced, entering y when prompted to continue:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

The advanced prompt (*>) appears.

3. Display how many cluster interconnect interfaces are configured in each node for each cluster interconnect switch:

network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
Node/
          Local Discovered
Protocol
          Port Device (LLDP: ChassisID) Interface
Platform
_____
cluster1-02/cdp
                                          Eth1/2
           e0a cs1
                                                           N9K-
C9336C
                                          Eth1/2
                                                           N9K-
           e0b
                 cs2
C9336C
cluster1-01/cdp
                                          Eth1/1
                                                           N9K-
           e0a
                 cs1
C9336C
                                          Eth1/1
           e0b
                 cs2
                                                           N9K-
C9336C
4 entries were displayed.
```

- 4. Check the administrative or operational status of each cluster interface.
 - a. Display the network port attributes:

```
`network port show -ipspace Cluster`
```

cluster1:	:*> network p	ort show -:	ipspace	Clust	cer		
Node: clu	ster1-02						
						Speed(Mbps)	
Health	IPspace	Drondonat	Domoin	Tinle	MITT	Admin/Ones	
Status	irspace	Bloadcast	DOMATH	LIIIK	MIO	AdiiIII/Oper	
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	
healthy							
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	
healthy							
Node: clu	atom1 01						
Node: Ciu	Scell-01					Speed(Mbps)	
Health						speed (Imps)	
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	
Status							
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	
healthy					0000	/10000	
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	
healthy							

b. Display information about the LIFs:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster
        Logical
                     Status Network
        Current Is
Current
Vserver Interface Admin/Oper Address/Mask Node
Port Home
_____
----- ----
Cluster
       cluster1-01_clus1 up/up 169.254.209.69/16
cluster1-01 e0a true
       cluster1-01 clus2 up/up 169.254.49.125/16
cluster1-01 e0b true
        cluster1-02_clus1 up/up 169.254.47.194/16
cluster1-02 e0a true
       cluster1-02 clus2 up/up 169.254.19.183/16
cluster1-02 e0b true
4 entries were displayed.
```

5. Ping the remote cluster LIFs:

cluster ping-cluster -node node-name

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node cluster1-02
Host is cluster1-02
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.209.69 cluster1-01
                                                         e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.49.125 cluster1-01
                                                         e0b
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.47.194 cluster1-02
                                                         e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.19.183 cluster1-02
                                                         e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

6. Verify that the auto-revert command is enabled on all cluster LIFs:

network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

7. For ONTAP 9.8 and later, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands:

 $\verb|system| switch| ethernet log setup-password| \verb|and| system| switch| ethernet log enable-collection|$

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs1
RSA key fingerprint is
e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is
57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

8. For ONTAP releases 9.5P16, 9.6P12, and 9.7P10 and later patch releases, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands:

system cluster-switch log setup-password and system cluster-switch log enable-

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs1
RSA key fingerprint is
e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is
57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

What's next?

Install the NX-OS software

Follow this procedure to install the NX-OS software on the Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch.

Before you begin, complete the procedure in Prepare to install NX-OS and RCF.

Review requirements

What you'll need

- · A current backup of the switch configuration.
- A fully functioning cluster (no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- Cisco Ethernet switch page. Consult the switch compatibility table for the supported ONTAP and NX-OS versions.
- Appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures. See Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches.

About the examples

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01, cluster1-02, cluster1-03, and cluster1-04.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1, cluster1-01_clus2, cluster1-02_clus1, cluster1-02_clus2, cluster1-03_clus1, cluster1-03_clus2, cluster1-04_clus1, and cluster1-04_clus2.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

Install the software

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

- 1. Connect the cluster switch to the management network.
- 2. Use the ping command to verify connectivity to the server hosting the NX-OS software and the RCF.

Show example

This example verifies that the switch can reach the server at IP address 172.19.2.1:

```
cs2# ping 172.19.2.1
Pinging 172.19.2.1 with 0 bytes of data:

Reply From 172.19.2.1: icmp_seq = 0. time= 5910 usec.
```

3. Copy the NX-OS software and EPLD images to the Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch.

Show example

```
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/nxos.9.3.5.bin
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/nxos.9.3.5.bin /bootflash/nxos.9.3.5.bin
/code/nxos.9.3.5.bin 100% 1261MB 9.3MB/s 02:15
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait) ...
Copy complete.
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/n9000-epld.9.3.5.img
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/n9000-epld.9.3.5.img /bootflash/n9000-
epld.9.3.5.img
/code/n9000-epld.9.3.5.img 100% 161MB 9.5MB/s 00:16
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.
```

4. Verify the running version of the NX-OS software:

show version

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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All rights reserved.
The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are
owned by other third parties and used and distributed under their
licenses, such as open source. This software is provided "as is,"
and unless
otherwise stated, there is no warranty, express or implied,
including but not
limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a
particular purpose.
Certain components of this software are licensed under
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GNU General Public License (GPL) version 3.0 or the GNU
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1 or
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.0.
A copy of each such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
 BIOS: version 08.38
 NXOS: version 9.3(4)
 BIOS compile time: 05/29/2020
 NXOS image file is: bootflash://nxos.9.3.4.bin
  NXOS compile time: 4/28/2020 21:00:00 [04/29/2020 02:28:31]
Hardware
  cisco Nexus9000 C9336C-FX2 Chassis
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of
memory.
  Processor Board ID FOC20291J6K
  Device name: cs2
 bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 42 second(s)
```

```
Last reset at 157524 usecs after Mon Nov 2 18:32:06 2020
Reason: Reset Requested by CLI command reload
System version: 9.3(4)
Service:

plugin
Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin

Active Package(s):

cs2#
```

5. Install the NX-OS image.

Installing the image file causes it to be loaded every time the switch is rebooted.

```
cs2# install all nxos bootflash:nxos.9.3.5.bin
Installer will perform compatibility check first. Please wait.
Installer is forced disruptive
Verifying image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.5.bin for boot variable "nxos".
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Verifying image type.
[################ 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "nxos" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.5.bin.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "bios" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.5.bin.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing module support checks.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Notifying services about system upgrade.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Compatibility check is done:
Module bootable Impact Install-type Reason
disruptive
                          reset default upgrade is
       yes
not hitless
Images will be upgraded according to following table:
Module Image Running-Version(pri:alt
                                                New-
Version
            Upg-Required
_____
_____
1 nxos 9.3(4)
                                                9.3(5)
yes
1 bios v08.37(01/28/2020):v08.23(09/23/2015)
v08.38(05/29/2020) yes
```

```
Switch will be reloaded for disruptive upgrade.

Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] y

Install is in progress, please wait.

Performing runtime checks.
[################# 100% -- SUCCESS

Setting boot variables.
[################### 100% -- SUCCESS

Performing configuration copy.
[################## 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 1: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#################### 100% -- SUCCESS

Finishing the upgrade, switch will reboot in 10 seconds.
```

6. Verify the new version of NX-OS software after the switch has rebooted:

show version

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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All rights reserved.
The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are
owned by other third parties and used and distributed under their
licenses, such as open source. This software is provided "as is,"
and unless
otherwise stated, there is no warranty, express or implied,
including but not
limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a
particular purpose.
Certain components of this software are licensed under
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GNU General Public License (GPL) version 3.0 or the GNU
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1 or
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.0.
A copy of each such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
  BIOS: version 05.33
 NXOS: version 9.3(5)
  BIOS compile time: 09/08/2018
  NXOS image file is: bootflash://nxos.9.3.5.bin
  NXOS compile time: 11/4/2018 21:00:00 [11/05/2018 06:11:06]
Hardware
  cisco Nexus9000 C9336C-FX2 Chassis
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of
  Processor Board ID FOC20291J6K
  Device name: cs2
  bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 42 second(s)
```

```
Last reset at 277524 usecs after Mon Nov 2 22:45:12 2020
Reason: Reset due to upgrade
System version: 9.3(4)
Service:

plugin
Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin

Active Package(s):
```

7. Upgrade the EPLD image and reboot the switch.

SI	how example		

	Device		Vers	-			
	FPGA		0x7				
IO	FPGA		0x1	7			
	FPGA2		0x2				
	FPGA		0x2				
	FPGA FPGA		0x2 0x2				
	FPGA		0x2				
Compa	atibility	check:	ash:n9000-ep Upgradabl				
			 Yes				e
_			according to	_		Version II	na.
Modul	le Type		according to Run:	_		Version Up	pg.
Modul	le Type			_		Version Up	þg.
Modul Requi	le Type ired 	EPLD	Run	ning-Versi	on New-		
Modul Requi	le Type ired 1 SUP	EPLD MI FPGA	Run:	ning-Versi 	on New-		
Modul Requi	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA	Run	ning-Versi 7	on New-	No Ye	o
Modul Requi	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA	0x0 0x1 0x0	ning-Versi 7	on New- 0x07 0x19	No Ye	o
Modul Requi The a	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reloace	Run: 0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the experience.	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the	on New- 0x07 0x19 0x02	No Ye	o
Modul Requi The a	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reloace	Run: 0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade.	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the	on New- 0x07 0x19 0x02	No Ye	o
Modul Requi The a The s	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod switch wi	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reloace	0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the execution (y/n) ? [n]	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the	on New- 0x07 0x19 0x02	No Ye	o
Modul Requi The a The s	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod switch wi	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reload o continue	0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the execution (y/n) ? [n]	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the	on New- 0x07 0x19 0x02	No Ye	o
Modul Requi The a The s Do yo	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod switch wi ou want t	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reload o continue	0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the execution (y/n) ? [n]	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the	on New- 0x07 0x19 0x02	No Ye	o
Modul Requi The a The s Do you Proce Start	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod switch wi bu want t eeding to ting Modu le 1: IO	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reload o continue upgrade Mod	0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the execution (y/n) ? [n]	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the y	on New-	No Ye No	o
Modul Requi The a The s Do you Proce Start Modul sector	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod switch wi bu want t eeding to ting Modu le 1: IO ors)	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reload o continue upgrade Mod	Run: 0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the exity (y/n) ? [n] dules. egrade ramming] : 1	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the y	on New-	No Ye No	o
Modul Requi The a The s Do yo Proce Start Modul secto Modul	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP 2 SWITCH WI 3 SWITCH WI 4 SWITCH WI 5 SWITCH WI 6 SWITCH W	MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reload o continue upgrade Mod le 1 EPLD Up	Run: 0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the exit of the ex	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the y	on New-	No Ye No	o
Modul Requi The a The s Do yo Proce Start Modul secto Modul	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod switch wi ou want t eeding to ting Modu le 1: IO ors) le 1 EPLD le Type	EPLD MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reload o continue upgrade Mod le 1 EPLD Up FPGA [Progration of the prograde of the p	Run: 0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the extended at the extend	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the y	on New-	No Ye No	o
Modul Requi The a The s Do yo Proce Start Modul secto Modul	le Type ired 1 SUP 1 SUP 1 SUP above mod switch wi ou want t eeding to ting Modu le 1: IO ors) le 1 EPLD le Type	MI FPGA IO FPGA MI FPGA2 ules require ll be reload o continue upgrade Mod le 1 EPLD Up FPGA [Progra upgrade is Upgrade-Re	Run: 0x0 0x1 0x0 e upgrade. ded at the extended at the extend	ning-Versi 7 7 2 nd of the y	on New-	No Ye No	o

8. After the switch reboot, log in again and verify that the new version of EPLD loaded successfully.

Show example

CSZ#	show version modu	le l'epid	
EPLD	Device	Version	
MI	FPGA	0x7	
IO	FPGA	0x19	
IM	FPGA2	0x2	
GEM	FPGA	0x2	

9. Repeat steps 1 to 8 to install the NX-OS software on switch cs1.

What's next?

Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF).

Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF)

You can install the Reference Configuration File (RCF) after setting up the Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch for the first time. You can also use this procedure to upgrade your RCF version.

Before you begin, complete the procedure in Prepare to install NX-OS and RCF.

For details of the available RCF configurations, see Software install workflow.

Review requirements

What you'll need

- A current backup of the switch configuration.
- A fully functioning cluster (no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- · The current RCF file.
- A console connection to the switch, required when installing the RCF.

Suggested documentation

- Cisco Ethernet switch page Consult the switch compatibility table for the supported ONTAP and RCF versions. Note that there can be command dependencies between the command syntax in the RCF and that found in versions of NX-OS.
- Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches. Refer to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures.

Install the RCF

About the examples

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01, cluster1-02, cluster1-03, and cluster1-04.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1, cluster1-01_clus2, cluster1-02_clus1, cluster1-02_clus2, cluster1-03_clus1, cluster1-03_clus2, cluster1-04_clus1, and cluster1-04_clus2.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

The examples in this procedure use two nodes. These nodes use two 10GbE cluster interconnect ports e0a and e0b. See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct cluster ports on your platforms.



The command outputs might vary depending on different releases of ONTAP.

About this task

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

No operational inter-switch link (ISL) is needed during this procedure. This is by design because RCF version changes can affect ISL connectivity temporarily. To ensure non-disruptive cluster operations, the following procedure migrates all of the cluster LIFs to the operational partner switch while performing the steps on the target switch.



Before installing a new switch software version and RCFs, you must erase the switch settings and perform basic configuration. You must be connected to the switch using the serial console. This task resets the configuration of the management network.

Step 1: Prepare for the installation

1. Display the cluster ports on each node that are connected to the cluster switches:

network device-discovery show

Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol Platform	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID) Interface	
				-
cluster1-0	1/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/7	N9K-
C9336C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/7	N9K-
C9336C				
cluster1-0	_			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/8	N9K-
C9336C	0.1			
202262	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/8	N9K-
C9336C cluster1-0	3 / adn			
Clustell-0	_	cs1	Ethernet1/1/1	N9K-
C9336C	Coa	651	Helicine el/1/1	NOIL
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/1	N9K-
C9336C				
cluster1-0	4/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/2	N9K-
C9336C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/2	N9K-
C9336C				

- 2. Check the administrative and operational status of each cluster port.
 - a. Verify that all the cluster ports are **up** with a healthy status:

```
network port show -role cluster
```

cluster1	::*> network	port show -	role cl	uster		
Node: cl	uster1-01					
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)
Health	Health					speed (mpps)
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status 	Status					
					0000	
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy e0d		Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy				1		
Node: cl	uster1-02					
Ignore						
Health	Hoolth					Speed(Mbps)
	пеатсп IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТІІ	Admin/Oper
Status		Dioddedbe	Domain	LIII	1110	riditiii, oper
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy						
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy 8 entrie	talse s were displa	ayed.				
Node: cl	uster1-03					
Ignor	e					
						Speed(Mbps)
Health		Droodsost	Domode	T 4 ~ 1.	MITT	7 dm i = /0====
Port Status	IPspace Status	Broadcast	Domain	ттик	MTO	Admin/Oper
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					

b. Verify that all the cluster interfaces (LIFs) are on the home port:

network interface show -role cluster

	Logical		Status	Network	
Current	Current	Is			
Vserver	Interface	9	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port Home)				
Cluster					
	cluster1-	-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	
cluster1-01	e0a	true			
	cluster1-	-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	
cluster1-01	e0d	true			
	cluster1-	-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	
cluster1-02	e0a	true			
	cluster1-	-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	
cluster1-02					
		_	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	
cluster1-03					
		_	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	
cluster1-03					
			up/up	169.254.1.6/23	
cluster1-04			,	160 054 : = /	
		-	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	
cluster1-04 8 entries we					

c. Verify that the cluster displays information for both cluster switches:

system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled-operational true

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
                                    Address
Switch
                           Type
Model
                          cluster-network 10.233.205.90
cs1
N9K-C9336C
    Serial Number: FOCXXXXXXGD
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
 Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                  9.3(5)
   Version Source: CDP
cs2
                         cluster-network 10.233.205.91
N9K-C9336C
    Serial Number: FOCXXXXXXGS
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                  9.3(5)
   Version Source: CDP
cluster1::*>
```

3. Disable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert false
```

Step 2: Configure ports

1. On cluster switch cs2, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

```
cs2(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs2(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

2. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on cluster switch cs1. This might take a few seconds.

network interface show -role cluster

Show example

	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current Is				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port Home	Э			
Cluster	1 1 1 1 1 1	,	1.00 054 0 4/00	
	cluster1-01_clus1	. up/up	169.254.3.4/23	
	e0a true	. ,	1.60 054 0 5/00	
	cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	
cluster1-01	e0a false	,		
	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	
	e0a true			
	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	
cluster1-02	e0a false			
	cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	
cluster1-03	e0a true			
	cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	
cluster1-03	e0a false			
	cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	
cluster1-04	e0a true			
	cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	
cluster1-04	e0a false			
8 entries we	ere displayed.			

3. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

cluster show

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
                   Health Eligibility
                                       Epsilon
cluster1-01
                                       false
                   true
                          true
cluster1-02
                                       false
                  true
                         true
cluster1-03
                                       true
                  true
                          true
cluster1-04
                                      false
                   true
                         true
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

4. If you have not already done so, save a copy of the current switch configuration by copying the output of the following command to a text file:

```
show running-config
```

5. Clean the configuration on switch cs2 and perform a basic setup.



When updating or applying a new RCF, you must erase the switch settings and perform basic configuration. You must be connected to the switch serial console port to set up the switch again.

a. Clean the configuration:

Show example

```
(cs2)# write erase Warning: This command will erase the startup-configuration. Do you wish to proceed anyway? (y/n) [n] y
```

b. Perform a reboot of the switch:

Show example

```
(cs2)# {\bf reload} Are you sure you would like to reset the system? (y/n) {\bf y}
```

6. Copy the RCF to the bootflash of switch cs2 using one of the following transfer protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, or SCP. For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

Show example

This example shows TFTP being used to copy an RCF to the bootflash on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy tftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: Nexus_9336C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
Enter hostname for the tftp server: 172.22.201.50
Trying to connect to tftp server.....Connection to Server
Established.
TFTP get operation was successful
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
```

7. Apply the RCF previously downloaded to the bootflash.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

Show example

This example shows the RCF file Nexus_9336C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt being installed on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy Nexus_9336C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-config echo-commands
```

8. Examine the banner output from the show banner moted command. You must read and follow these instructions to ensure the proper configuration and operation of the switch.

```
cs2# show banner motd
******************
* NetApp Reference Configuration File (RCF)
* Switch : Nexus N9K-C9336C-FX2
* Filename : Nexus 9336C RCF v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
* Date : 10-23-2020
* Version : v1.6
* Port Usage:
* Ports 1- 3: Breakout mode (4x10G) Intra-Cluster Ports, int
e1/1/1-4, e1/2/1-4
e1/3/1-4
* Ports 4- 6: Breakout mode (4x25G) Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int
e1/4/1-4, e1/5/
1-4, e1/6/1-4
* Ports 7-34: 40/100GbE Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int e1/7-34
* Ports 35-36: Intra-Cluster ISL Ports, int e1/35-36
* Dynamic breakout commands:
* 10G: interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 10g-4x
* 25G: interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 25g-4x
* Undo breakout commands and return interfaces to 40/100G
configuration in confi
q mode:
* no interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 10q-4x
* no interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 25g-4x
* interface Ethernet <interfaces taken out of breakout mode>
* inherit port-profile 40-100G
* priority-flow-control mode auto
* service-policy input HA
* exit
********************
*****
```

9. Verify that the RCF file is the correct newer version:

show running-config

When you check the output to verify you have the correct RCF, make sure that the following information is correct:

- The RCF banner
- The node and port settings
- Customizations

The output varies according to your site configuration. Check the port settings and refer to the release notes for any changes specific to the RCF that you have installed.

10. After you verify the RCF versions and switch settings are correct, copy the running-config file to the startup-config file.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

Show example

```
cs2# copy running-config startup-config
[##############################] 100% Copy complete
```

11. Reboot switch cs2. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

Show example

```
cs2# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] {\bf y}
```

- 12. Verify the health of cluster ports on the cluster.
 - a. Verify that e0d ports are up and healthy across all nodes in the cluster:

```
network port show -role cluster
```

Nodo. ~1	ug+or1 01					
Node: CI	uster1-01					
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)
Health	Health					speed (HSps)
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status	Status					
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
Node: cl	uster1-02					
Ignore						0 1/20
Health	₩oal+h					Speed(Mbps)
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТІІ	Admin/Oner
Status	-	DIOGGEGGE	Domain	TT1117	1110	namin, oper
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000
healthy	false					
Node: cl	uster1-03					
Ignore						
						Speed(Mbps)
Health						
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper
Status 	Status 					
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000
healthy	false					
_	Cluster					auto/100000

```
Ignore

Speed(Mbps)

Health Health

Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper

Status Status

------
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000

healthy false
e0d Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000

healthy false
8 entries were displayed.
```

b. Verify the switch health from the cluster (this might not show switch cs2, since LIFs are not homed on e0d).

lode/	Local	Discove	red	
Protocol	Port	Device	(LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface
Platform				
cluster1-01	_			
	e0a	cs1		Ethernet1/7
19K-C9336C	0.1	0		7.1
	e0d	cs2		Ethernet1/7
19K-C9336C	. / 1			
cluster01-2	_	1		T-1 -11/0
1012 002200	e0a	cs1		Ethernet1/8
19K-C9336C	000	993		Ethernet1/8
10K-C022CC	e0d	cs2		TCHETHECT\ 2
19K-C9336C	/adn			
cluster01-3	e0a	cs1		Ethernet1/1/1
19K-C9336C	eua	CSI		EUMELHEUI/I/I
19K-093360	e0b	cs2		Ethernet1/1/1
19K-C9336C	600	CSZ		Etherneth/1/1
cluster1-04	/cdn			
ciusteii 04	_	cs1		Ethernet1/1/2
19K-C9336C	cou	001		
.51. 050000	e0b	cs2		Ethernet1/1/2
N9K-C9336C	0020	002		_0110111001, 1, 1
cluster1::* -operationa	_	m cluste	r-switch show -is	s-monitoring-enabled
Switch			Type	Address
Model				
				40.000.00
			cluster-networ	10.233.205.90
NX9-C9336C				
NX9-C9336C Serial		: FOCXXXX	XXXGD	
NX9-C9336C Serial	nitored	: true	XXXGD	
NX9-C9336C Serial Is Mo	nitored Reason	: true : None		
NX9-C9336C Serial Is Mo Software	nitored Reason Version	: true : None	XXXGD Nexus Operating S	System (NX-OS)
NX9-C9336C Serial Is Mo Software	nitored Reason Version	: true : None : Cisco N		System (NX-OS)
Is Mo Software Software, V	nitored Reason Version	: true : None : Cisco I		System (NX-OS)

```
NX9-C9336C

Serial Number: FOCXXXXXXGS

Is Monitored: true

Reason: None

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)

Software, Version

9.3(5)

Version Source: CDP

2 entries were displayed.
```

You might observe the following output on the cs1 switch console depending on the RCF version previously loaded on the switch:

```
2020 Nov 17 16:07:18 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking port port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Port consistency restored.

2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_PEER: Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0001. Inconsistent peer vlan.

2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_LOCAL: Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Inconsistent local vlan.
```

13. On cluster switch cs1, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

Show example

The following example uses the interface example output:

```
cs1(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs1(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

14. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on switch cs2. This might take a few seconds.

network interface show -role cluster

	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current Is				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port Home	9			
				_
 Cluster				
	cluster1-01 clus1	מוו/מוו	169 254 3 4/23	
	e0d fai		103.201.0.1/20	
	cluster1-01 clus2		169.254.3.5/23	
	e0d tr			
	cluster1-02 clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	
	e0d fai			
	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	
cluster1-02	e0d tru	ıe		
	cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	
cluster1-03	e0b fai	lse		
	cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	
cluster1-03	e0b tr	ıe		
	cluster1-04_clus1		169.254.1.6/23	
cluster1-04	e0b fal	lse		
	cluster1-04_clus2		169.254.1.7/23	
cluster1-04	e0b tr	ıe		
8 entries we	ere displayed.			

15. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

cluster show

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
                             Eligibility
                                           Epsilon
cluster1-01
                                           false
                    true
                             true
cluster1-02
                                           false
                    true
                             true
cluster1-03
                    true
                                           true
                             true
cluster1-04
                                           false
                    true
                             true
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

- 16. Repeat steps 4 to 11 on switch cs1.
- 17. Enable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert True
```

18. Reboot switch cs1. You do this to trigger the cluster LIFs to revert to their home ports. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

Show example

```
cs1# reload  
This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] {\bf y}
```

Step 3: Verify the configuration

1. Verify that the switch ports connected to the cluster ports are **up**.

show interface brief

```
cs1# show interface brief | grep up
Eth1/1/1
          1 eth access up
                               none
10G(D) --
Eth1/1/2
          1 eth access up
                               none
10G(D) --
Eth1/7
          1 eth trunk up
                               none
100G(D) --
Eth1/8
       1 eth trunk up
                               none
100G(D) --
```

2. Verify that the expected nodes are still connected:

show cdp neighbors

Show example

```
cs1# show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-
Bridge
               S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
               V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
               s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
               Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
Port ID
node1
               Eth1/1
                            133 н
                                           FAS2980
e0a
node2
              Eth1/2
                            133 H FAS2980
e0a
cs2
             Eth1/35 175 R S I s N9K-C9336C
Eth1/35
cs2
               Eth1/36 175 R S I s N9K-C9336C
Eth1/36
Total entries displayed: 4
```

3.	Verify that the cluster nodes are in their correct cluster VLANs using the following commands:
	show vlan brief
	show interface trunk

VLAN Name	Status	Ports
		_
1 default	active	Po1, Eth1/1, Eth1/2,
Eth1/3		Eth1/4, Eth1/5,
Eth1/6, Eth1/7		
D-1-1/06		Eth1/8, Eth1/35,
Eth1/36		Eth1/9/1, Eth1/9/2,
Eth1/9/3		
Eth1/10/2		Eth1/9/4, Eth1/10/1,
псит/ 10/ 2		Eth1/10/3, Eth1/10/4
17 VLAN0017	active	Eth1/1, Eth1/2,
Eth1/3, Eth1/4		Eth1/5, Eth1/6,
Eth1/7, Eth1/8		
Eth1/9/3		Eth1/9/1, Eth1/9/2,
ECIII/ J/ J		Eth1/9/4, Eth1/10/1,
Eth1/10/2		
18 VLAN0018	active	Eth1/10/3, Eth1/10/4 Eth1/1, Eth1/2,
Eth1/3, Eth1/4		. , ,
Eth1/7, Eth1/8		Eth1/5, Eth1/6,
Henry / Henry O		Eth1/9/1, Eth1/9/2,
Eth1/9/3		
Eth1/10/2		Eth1/9/4, Eth1/10/1,
		Eth1/10/3, Eth1/10/4
31 VLAN0031 Eth1/13	active	Eth1/11, Eth1/12,
HCIII/ 10		Eth1/14, Eth1/15,
Eth1/16		
Eth1/19		Eth1/17, Eth1/18,
		Eth1/20, Eth1/21,
Eth1/22	4-1	D-b1/02 D-b1/04
32 VLAN0032 Eth1/25	active	Eth1/23, Eth1/24,

			Eth1/26,	Eth1/27,
	Eth1/28			
			Eth1/29,	Eth1/30,
	Eth1/31		Eth1/32,	E+b1/22
	Eth1/34		EUIII/32,	EUIII/33,
	33 VLAN0033	active	Eth1/11,	Eth1/12,
	Eth1/13			
	7.1.1/16		Eth1/14,	Eth1/15,
	Eth1/16		Eth1/17,	E+h1/18
	Eth1/19		LCIII/ I/ /	10111/10 /
			Eth1/20,	Eth1/21,
	Eth1/22			
	34 VLAN0034	active	Eth1/23,	Eth1/24,
	Eth1/25		Eth1/26,	Eth1/27.
	Eth1/28		2011/207	20112/2/7
			Eth1/29,	Eth1/30,
	Eth1/31			
	Eth1/34		Eth1/32,	Eth1/33,
- 1	上し111/ フュ			

cs1# show interface trunk

Port	Native	Status	Port
	Vlan		Channel
Eth1/1	1	trunking	
Eth1/2	1	trunking	
Eth1/3	1	trunking	
Eth1/4	1	trunking	
Eth1/5	1	trunking	
Eth1/6	1	trunking	
Eth1/7	1	trunking	
Eth1/8	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/1	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/2	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/3	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/4	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/1	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/2	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/3	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/4	1	trunking	
Eth1/11	33	trunking	

D. 1.1./1.0				
Eth1/12	33	trunking		
Eth1/13	33	trunking		
Eth1/14	33	trunking		
Eth1/15	33	trunking		
Eth1/16	33	trunking		
Eth1/17	33	trunking		
Eth1/18	33	trunking		
Eth1/19	33	trunking		
Eth1/20	33	trunking		
Eth1/21	33	trunking		
Eth1/22	33	trunking		
Eth1/23	34	trunking		
Eth1/24	34	trunking		
Eth1/25	34	trunking		
Eth1/26	34	trunking		
Eth1/27	34	trunking		
Eth1/28	34	trunking		
Eth1/29	34	trunking		
Eth1/30	34	trunking		
Eth1/31	34	trunking		
Eth1/32	34	trunking		
Eth1/33	34	trunking		
Eth1/34	34	trunking		
Eth1/35	1	trnk-bndl	Po1	
			_ 4	
Eth1/36	1	trnk-bndl	Po1	
Eth1/36 Po1	1 1	trnk-bndl trunking		
	1			
Po1 Port	1 Vlans <i>F</i>	trunking		
Po1 Port Eth1/1	1 Vlans <i>P</i> 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr		. <u>-</u>
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr		
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3	1 Vlans A 	trunking Allowed on Tr		. <u>-</u>
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr		
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5	1 Vlans 7 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr		-
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		-
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6 Eth1/7	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr		-
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/7 Eth1/8	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		-
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/7 Eth1/6 Eth1/7 Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6 Eth1/7 Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		-
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6 Eth1/7 Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/2 Eth1/9/3	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6 Eth1/7 Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6 Eth1/7 Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/2 Eth1/9/3 Eth1/9/4 Eth1/10/1	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6 Eth1/7 Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/2 Eth1/9/3 Eth1/9/4	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		
Po1 Port Eth1/1 Eth1/2 Eth1/3 Eth1/4 Eth1/5 Eth1/6 Eth1/7 Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/1 Eth1/9/2 Eth1/9/3 Eth1/9/4 Eth1/10/1 Eth1/10/2	1 Vlans A 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18 1,17-18	trunking Allowed on Tr B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B		

```
Eth1/11
               31,33
Eth1/12
               31,33
Eth1/13
               31,33
Eth1/14
               31,33
               31,33
Eth1/15
               31,33
Eth1/16
               31,33
Eth1/17
               31,33
Eth1/18
               31,33
Eth1/19
               31,33
Eth1/20
Eth1/21
               31,33
Eth1/22
               31,33
Eth1/23
               32,34
               32,34
Eth1/24
               32,34
Eth1/25
               32,34
Eth1/26
Eth1/27
               32,34
Eth1/28
               32,34
Eth1/29
               32,34
Eth1/30
               32,34
Eth1/31
               32,34
               32,34
Eth1/32
Eth1/33
               32,34
Eth1/34
               32,34
Eth1/35
               1
Eth1/36
               1
               1
Po1
 . .
```



For specific port and VLAN usage details, refer to the banner and important notes section in your RCF.

4. Verify that the ISL between cs1 and cs2 is functional:

show port-channel summary

```
cs1# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
s - Suspended r - Module-removed
b - BFD Session Wait
S - Switched R - Routed
U - Up (port-channel)
p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
M - Not in use. Min-links not met

Group Port Type Protocol Member Ports Channel

1 Pol(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/35(P) Eth1/36(P)
cs1#
```

5. Verify that the cluster LIFs have reverted to their home port:

network interface show -role cluster

	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current Is				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port Home	е			
				-
 Cluster				
	cluster1-01 clus1	מנו/מנו	169.254.3.4/23	
	e0d tr		103,1201,00,1,20	
	cluster1-01 clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	
	e0d tr			
	cluster1-02 clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	
cluster1-02	e0d tr	ue		
	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	
cluster1-02	e0d tr	ue		
	cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	
cluster1-03	e0b tr	ue		
	cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	
	e0b tr			
	cluster1-04_clus1		169.254.1.6/23	
	e0b tr			
	cluster1-04_clus2		169.254.1.7/23	
	e0b tr	ue		
8 entries we	ere displayed.			

6. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

cluster show

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
               Health Eligibility Epsilon
----- -----
cluster1-01
              true true
true true
                              false
cluster1-02
                              false
cluster1-03
                              true
              true
                    true
cluster1-04 true
                    true false
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

7. Ping the remote cluster interfaces to verify connectivity:

cluster ping-cluster -node local

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node local
Host is cluster1-03
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-03 clus1 169.254.1.3 cluster1-03 e0a
Cluster cluster1-03 clus2 169.254.1.1 cluster1-03 e0b
Cluster cluster1-04 clus1 169.254.1.6 cluster1-04 e0a
Cluster cluster1-04 clus2 169.254.1.7 cluster1-04 e0b
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.3.4 cluster1-01 e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.3.5 cluster1-01 e0d
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.3.8 cluster1-02 e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.3.9 cluster1-02 e0d
Local = 169.254.1.3 169.254.1.1
Remote = 169.254.1.6 169.254.1.7 169.254.3.4 169.254.3.5 169.254.3.8
169.254.3.9
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . . . . . . . . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 12 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 12 path(s):
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.6
    Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.7
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.4
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.5
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.8
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.9
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.6
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.7
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.4
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.5
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.8
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.9
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 12 path(s)
RPC status:
6 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
6 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

Enable SSH on Cisco 9336C-FX2 cluster switches

If you are using the Cluster Switch Health Monitor (CSHM) and log collection features,

you must generate the SSH keys and then enable SSH on the cluster switches.

Steps

1. Verify that SSH is disabled:

```
show ip ssh
```

Show example

```
(switch)# show ip sshSSH ConfigurationDisabledAdministrative Mode:DisabledSSH Port:22Protocol Level:Version 2SSH Sessions Currently Active:0Max SSH Sessions Allowed:5SSH Timeout (mins):5Keys Present:DSA(1024) RSA(1024)ECDSA(521)NoneKey Generation In Progress:NoneSSH Public Key Authentication Mode:DisabledSCP server Administrative Mode:Disabled
```

2. Generate the SSH keys:

crypto key generate

```
(switch) # config
(switch) (Config) # crypto key generate rsa
Do you want to overwrite the existing RSA keys? (y/n): y
(switch) (Config) # crypto key generate dsa
Do you want to overwrite the existing DSA keys? (y/n): y
(switch) (Config) # crypto key generate ecdsa 521
Do you want to overwrite the existing ECDSA keys? (y/n): y
(switch) (Config) # aaa authorization commands "noCmdAuthList" none
(switch) (Config) # exit
(switch) # ip ssh server enable
(switch) # ip scp server enable
(switch) # ip ssh pubkey-auth
(switch) # write mem
This operation may take a few minutes.
Management interfaces will not be available during this time.
Are you sure you want to save? (y/n) y
Config file 'startup-config' created successfully.
Configuration Saved!
```

3. Reboot the switch:

reload

4. Verify that SSH is enabled:

show ip ssh

```
(switch)# show ip sshSSH ConfigurationEnabledAdministrative Mode:EnabledSSH Port:22Protocol Level:Version 2SSH Sessions Currently Active:0Max SSH Sessions Allowed:5SSH Timeout (mins):5Keys Present:DSA(1024) RSA(1024)ECDSA(521)Key Generation In Progress:NoneSSH Public Key Authentication Mode:EnabledSCP server Administrative Mode:Enabled
```

What's next?

Enable log collection.

Ethernet Switch Health Monitoring log collection

You can use the log collection feature to collect switch-related log files in ONTAP. The Ethernet switch health monitor (CSHM) is responsible for ensuring the operational health of Cluster and Storage network switches and collecting switch logs for debugging purposes. This procedure guides you through the process of setting up and starting the collection of detailed **Support** logs from the switch and starts an hourly collection of **Periodic** data that is collected by AutoSupport.

Before you begin

- Verify that you have set up your environment using the 9336C-FX2 cluster switch CLI.
- Switch health monitoring must be enabled for the switch. Verify this by ensuring the Is Monitored: field is set to true in the output of the system switch ethernet show command.

Steps

1. Create a password for the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature:

```
system switch ethernet log setup-password
```

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs1
Would you like to specify a user other than admin for log
collection? {y|n}: n
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
Would you like to specify a user other than admin for log
collection? \{y|n\}: n
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
```

2. To start log collection, run the following command, replacing DEVICE with the switch used in the previous command. This starts both types of log collection: the detailed **Support** logs and an hourly collection of **Periodic** data.

system switch ethernet log modify -device <switch-name> -log-request true

cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log modify -device cs1 -log
-request true

Do you want to modify the cluster switch log collection configuration? {y|n}: [n] \boldsymbol{y}

Enabling cluster switch log collection.

cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log modify -device cs2 -log
-request true

Do you want to modify the cluster switch log collection configuration? $\{y|n\}$: [n] ${\bf y}$

Enabling cluster switch log collection.

Wait for 10 minutes and then check that the log collection completes:

system switch ethernet log show



If any of these commands return an error or if the log collection does not complete, contact NetApp support.

Troubleshooting

If you encounter any of the following error statuses reported by the log collection feature (visible in the output of system switch ethernet log show), try the corresponding debug steps:

Log collection error status	Resolution
RSA keys not present	Regenerate ONTAP SSH keys. Contact NetApp support.
switch password error	Verify credentials, test SSH connectivity, and regenerate ONTAP SSH keys. Review the switch documentation or contact NetApp support for instructions.
ECDSA keys not present for FIPS	If FIPS mode is enabled, ECDSA keys need to be generated on the switch before retrying.
pre-existing log found	Remove the previous log collection file on the switch.

switch dump log error	Ensure the switch user has log collection permissions. Refer to the prerequisites above.

Configure SNMPv3

Follow this procedure to configure SNMPv3, which supports Ethernet switch health monitoring (CSHM).

About this task

The following commands configure an SNMPv3 username on Cisco 9336C-FX2 switches:

- For no authentication: snmp-server user SNMPv3 USER NoAuth
- For MD5/SHA authentication: snmp-server user SNMPv3_USER auth [md5|sha] AUTH-PASSWORD
- For MD5/SHA authentication with AES/DES encryption: snmp-server user SNMPv3_USER AuthEncrypt auth [md5|sha] AUTH-PASSWORD priv aes-128 PRIV-PASSWORD

The following command configures an SNMPv3 username on the ONTAP side: cluster1::*> security login create -user-or-group-name SNMPv3_USER -application snmp -authentication -method usm -remote-switch-ipaddress ADDRESS

The following command establishes the SNMPv3 username with CSHM: cluster1::*> system switch ethernet modify -device DEVICE -snmp-version SNMPv3 -community-or-username SNMPv3_USER

Steps

1. Set up the SNMPv3 user on the switch to use authentication and encryption:

show snmp user

```
(sw1) (Config) # snmp-server user SNMPv3User auth md5 <auth_password>
priv aes-128 <priv password>
(sw1) (Config) # show snmp user
                     SNMP USERS
User Auth Priv(enforce) Groups
acl filter
______ ____
_____
admin
                 des(no) network-admin aes-128(no) network-operat
            md5
           md5
SNMPv3User
                                   network-operator
   NOTIFICATION TARGET USERS (configured for sending V3 Inform)
______
User
            Auth
                          Priv
(sw1) (Config) #
```

2. Set up the SNMPv3 user on the ONTAP side:

security login create -user-or-group-name <username> -application snmp -authentication-method usm -remote-switch-ipaddress 10.231.80.212

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet modify -device "sw1
(b8:59:9f:09:7c:22)" -is-monitoring-enabled-admin true
cluster1::*> security login create -user-or-group-name <username>
-application snmp -authentication-method usm -remote-switch
-ipaddress 10.231.80.212
Enter the authoritative entity's EngineID [remote EngineID]:
Which authentication protocol do you want to choose (none, md5, sha,
sha2-256)
[none]: md5
Enter the authentication protocol password (minimum 8 characters
long):
Enter the authentication protocol password again:
Which privacy protocol do you want to choose (none, des, aes128)
[none]: aes128
Enter privacy protocol password (minimum 8 characters long):
Enter privacy protocol password again:
```

3. Configure CSHM to monitor with the new SNMPv3 user:

system switch ethernet show-all -device "sw1" -instance

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet show-all -device "sw1" -instance
                                   Device Name: sw1
                                    IP Address: 10.231.80.212
                                  SNMP Version: SNMPv2c
                                 Is Discovered: true
   SNMPv2c Community String or SNMPv3 Username: cshm1!
                                  Model Number: N9K-C9336C-FX2
                                Switch Network: cluster-network
                              Software Version: Cisco Nexus
Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 9.3(7)
                     Reason For Not Monitoring: None <---- displays
when SNMP settings are valid
                      Source Of Switch Version: CDP/ISDP
                                Is Monitored ?: true
                   Serial Number of the Device: QTFCU3826001C
                                   RCF Version: v1.8X2 for
Cluster/HA/RDMA
cluster1::*>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet modify -device "sw1" -snmp
-version SNMPv3 -community-or-username <username>
cluster1::*>
```

4. Verify that the serial number to be queried with the newly created SNMPv3 user is the same as detailed in the previous step after the CSHM polling period has completed.

system switch ethernet polling-interval show

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet polling-interval show
         Polling Interval (in minutes): 5
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet show-all -device "sw1" -instance
                                   Device Name: sw1
                                    IP Address: 10.231.80.212
                                  SNMP Version: SNMPv3
                                 Is Discovered: true
   SNMPv2c Community String or SNMPv3 Username: SNMPv3User
                                  Model Number: N9K-C9336C-FX2
                                Switch Network: cluster-network
                              Software Version: Cisco Nexus
Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 9.3(7)
                     Reason For Not Monitoring: None <---- displays
when SNMP settings are valid
                      Source Of Switch Version: CDP/ISDP
                                Is Monitored ?: true
                   Serial Number of the Device: QTFCU3826001C
                                   RCF Version: v1.8X2 for
Cluster/HA/RDMA
cluster1::*>
```

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