

Configure software

Cluster and storage switches

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Table of Contents

Configure software	1
Software install workflow for Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 shared switches	1
Prepare to install NX-OS software and RCF	1
Install the NX-OS software	9
Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF)	19
Ethernet Switch Health Monitoring log collection	46
Configure SNMPv3	49

Configure software

Software install workflow for Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 shared switches

To install and configure software for a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare to install NX-OS and RCF.
- 2. Install the NX-OS software.
- 3. Install the RCF.

Install the RCF after setting up the Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch for the first time. You can also use this procedure to upgrade your RCF version.

Prepare to install NX-OS software and RCF

Before you install the NX-OS software and the Reference Configuration File (RCF), follow this procedure.

About the examples

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01 and cluster1-02.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1 and cluster1-01_clus2 for cluster1-01 and cluster1-02_clus1 and cluster1-02_clus2 for cluster1-02.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

About this task

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=x h

where x is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Change the privilege level to advanced, entering **y** when prompted to continue:

set -privilege advanced

The advanced prompt (*>) appears.

3. Display how many cluster interconnect interfaces are configured in each node for each cluster interconnect switch:

network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
Node/ Local Discovered
Protocol Port Device (LLDP: ChassisID) Interface
Platform
______ ____
_____
cluster1-02/cdp
         e0a cs1
                                   Eth1/2
                                                 N9K-
C9336C
                                   Eth1/2
         e0b
              cs2
                                                 N9K-
C9336C
cluster1-01/cdp
         e0a
               cs1
                                   Eth1/1
                                                 N9K-
C9336C
         eOb
               cs2
                                   Eth1/1
                                                 N9K-
C9336C
4 entries were displayed.
```

- 4. Check the administrative or operational status of each cluster interface.
 - a. Display the network port attributes:

`network port show -ipspace Cluster`

```
cluster1::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster
Node: cluster1-02
                                  Speed(Mbps)
Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status
_____ ___ ____
_____
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy
    Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
e0b
healthy
Node: cluster1-01
                                  Speed(Mbps)
Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status
_____
    Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
e0a
healthy
   Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
e0b
healthy
4 entries were displayed.
```

b. Display information about the LIFs:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster
        Logical Status Network
        Current Is
Current
Vserver Interface Admin/Oper Address/Mask Node
Port Home
_____ ____
----- -----
Cluster
       cluster1-01_clus1 up/up 169.254.209.69/16
cluster1-01 e0a true
       cluster1-01 clus2 up/up 169.254.49.125/16
cluster1-01 e0b true
        cluster1-02_clus1 up/up 169.254.47.194/16
cluster1-02 e0a true
       cluster1-02 clus2 up/up 169.254.19.183/16
cluster1-02 e0b true
4 entries were displayed.
```

5. Ping the remote cluster LIFs:

cluster ping-cluster -node node-name

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node cluster1-02
Host is cluster1-02
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.209.69 cluster1-01
                                                         e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.49.125 cluster1-01
                                                         e0b
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.47.194 cluster1-02
                                                         e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.19.183 cluster1-02
                                                         e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

6. Verify that the auto-revert command is enabled on all cluster LIFs:

network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

7. For ONTAP 9.8 and later, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands:

system switch ethernet log setup-password $\ensuremath{\mathsf{and}}$ system switch ethernet log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is
e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is
57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
{y|n}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

8. For ONTAP releases 9.5P16, 9.6P12, and 9.7P10 and later patch releases, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands:

system cluster-switch log setup-password and system cluster-switch log enable-

Show example

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is
e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is
57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
{y|n}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

What's next?

Install the NX-OS software

Follow this procedure to install the NX-OS software on the Nexus 9336C-FX2 shared switch.

Before you begin, complete the procedure in Prepare to install NX-OS and RCF.

Review requirements

What you'll need

- A current backup of the switch configuration.
- A fully functioning cluster (no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- Cisco Ethernet switch page. Consult the switch compatibility table for the supported ONTAP and NX-OS versions.
- Appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures. See Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches.

About the examples

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01, cluster1-02, cluster1-03, and cluster1-04.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1, cluster1-01_clus2, cluster1-02_clus1, cluster1-02_clus2, cluster1-03_clus1, cluster1-03_clus2, cluster1-04_clus1, and cluster1-04_clus2.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

Install the software

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

- 1. Connect the cluster switch to the management network.
- 2. Use the ping command to verify connectivity to the server hosting the NX-OS software and the RCF.

Show example

This example verifies that the switch can reach the server at IP address 172.19.2.1:

```
cs2# ping 172.19.2.1
Pinging 172.19.2.1 with 0 bytes of data:
Reply From 172.19.2.1: icmp_seq = 0. time= 5910 usec.
```

3. Copy the NX-OS software and EPLD images to the Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch.

Show example

```
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/nxos.9.3.5.bin
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user10172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/nxos.9.3.5.bin /bootflash/nxos.9.3.5.bin
/code/nxos.9.3.5.bin 100% 1261MB 9.3MB/s 02:15
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait) ...
Copy complete.
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/n9000-epld.9.3.5.img
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user10172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/n9000-epld.9.3.5.img /bootflash/n9000-
epld.9.3.5.img
/code/n9000-epld.9.3.5.img 100% 161MB 9.5MB/s 00:16
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait) ...
Copy complete.
```

4. Verify the running version of the NX-OS software:

show version

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
 BIOS: version 08.38
 NXOS: version 9.3(4)
 BIOS compile time: 05/29/2020
 NXOS image file is: bootflash:///nxos.9.3.4.bin
  NXOS compile time: 4/28/2020 21:00:00 [04/29/2020 02:28:31]
Hardware
  cisco Nexus9000 C9336C-FX2 Chassis
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of
memory.
  Processor Board ID FOC20291J6K
  Device name: cs2
 bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 42 second(s)
```

```
Last reset at 157524 usecs after Mon Nov 2 18:32:06 2020
Reason: Reset Requested by CLI command reload
System version: 9.3(4)
Service:
plugin
Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
Active Package(s):
cs2#
```

5. Install the NX-OS image.

Installing the image file causes it to be loaded every time the switch is rebooted.

```
cs2# install all nxos bootflash:nxos.9.3.5.bin
Installer will perform compatibility check first. Please wait.
Installer is forced disruptive
Verifying image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.5.bin for boot variable "nxos".
[##################### 100% -- SUCCESS
Verifying image type.
Preparing "nxos" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.5.bin.
[##################### 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "bios" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.5.bin.
[###################### 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing module support checks.
[##################### 100% -- SUCCESS
Notifying services about system upgrade.
[#################### 100% -- SUCCESS
Compatibility check is done:
Module bootable Impact Install-type Reason
_____ _____
 1
              disruptive
                              reset default upgrade is
       yes
not hitless
Images will be upgraded according to following table:
Module Image Running-Version(pri:alt
                                                 New-
Version
            Upg-Required
_____ ____
_____ _
1 nxos 9.3(4)
                                                 9.3(5)
yes
1 bios v08.37(01/28/2020):v08.23(09/23/2015)
v08.38(05/29/2020) yes
```

6. Verify the new version of NX-OS software after the switch has rebooted:

show version

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1 or
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.0.
A copy of each such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
  BIOS: version 05.33
 NXOS: version 9.3(5)
  BIOS compile time: 09/08/2018
  NXOS image file is: bootflash:///nxos.9.3.5.bin
  NXOS compile time: 11/4/2018 21:00:00 [11/05/2018 06:11:06]
Hardware
  cisco Nexus9000 C9336C-FX2 Chassis
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of
memory.
  Processor Board ID FOC20291J6K
  Device name: cs2
  bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 42 second(s)
```

```
Last reset at 277524 usecs after Mon Nov 2 22:45:12 2020
Reason: Reset due to upgrade
System version: 9.3(4)
Service:
plugin
Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
Active Package(s):
```

7. Upgrade the EPLD image and reboot the switch.

cs2# show version module 1 epld EPLD Device Version _____ MI FPGA 0x7 IO FPGA 0x17 0x2 MI FPGA2 0x2 GEM FPGA 0x2 GEM FPGA GEM FPGA 0x2 GEM FPGA 0x2 cs2# install epld bootflash:n9000-epld.9.3.5.img module 1 Compatibility check: Upgradable Impact Reason Module Type _____ _____ 1 SUP Yes disruptive Module Upgradable Retrieving EPLD versions.... Please wait. Images will be upgraded according to following table: Running-Version New-Version Upg-Module Type EPLD Required _____ 1 SUP MI FPGA 0x07 0x07 No 1 SUP IO FPGA 0x17 0x19 Yes 1 SUP MI FPGA2 0x02 0x02 No The above modules require upgrade. The switch will be reloaded at the end of the upgrade Do you want to continue (y/n)? [n] y Proceeding to upgrade Modules. Starting Module 1 EPLD Upgrade Module 1 : IO FPGA [Programming] : 100.00% (64 of 64 sectors) Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful. Module Type Upgrade-Result -----1 SUP Success EPLDs upgraded. Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.

8. After the switch reboot, log in again and verify that the new version of EPLD loaded successfully.

Show example

cs2#	show	version	module	1	epld	
EPLD	Devi	ce				Version
MI	FPGA					0x7
IO	FPGA					0x19
MI	FPGA2	2				0x2
GEM	FPGA					0x2
GEM	FPGA					0x2
GEM	FPGA					0x2
GEM	FPGA					0x2

9. Repeat steps 1 to 8 to install the NX-OS software on switch cs1.

What's next?

Install RCF config file

Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF)

You can install the RCF after setting up the Nexus 9336C-FX2 switch for the first time. You can also use this procedure to upgrade your RCF version.

Before you begin, complete the procedure in Prepare to install NX-OS and RCF.

Review requirements

What you'll need

- A current backup of the switch configuration.
- A fully functioning cluster (no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- The current RCF file.
- · A console connection to the switch, required when installing the RCF.

Suggested documentation

- Cisco Ethernet switch page Consult the switch compatibility table for the supported ONTAP and RCF versions. Note that there can be command dependencies between the command syntax in the RCF and that found in versions of NX-OS.
- Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches. Refer to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures.

Install the RCF

About the examples

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01, cluster1-02, cluster1-03, and cluster1-04.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1, cluster1-01_clus2, cluster1-02_clus1, cluster1-02_clus2, cluster1-03_clus1, cluster1-03_clus2, cluster1-04_clus1, and cluster1-04_clus2.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.

The examples in this procedure use two nodes. These nodes use two 10GbE cluster interconnect ports e0a and e0b. See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct cluster ports on your platforms.



The command outputs might vary depending on different releases of ONTAP.

About this task

The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

No operational inter-switch link (ISL) is needed during this procedure. This is by design because RCF version changes can affect ISL connectivity temporarily. To ensure non-disruptive cluster operations, the following procedure migrates all of the cluster LIFs to the operational partner switch while performing the steps on the target switch.



Before installing a new switch software version and RCFs, you must erase the switch settings and perform basic configuration. You must be connected to the switch using the serial console. This task resets the configuration of the management network.

Step 1: Prepare for the installation

1. Display the cluster ports on each node that are connected to the cluster switches:

```
network device-discovery show
```

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show
Node/
         Local Discovered
         Port Device (LLDP: ChassisID) Interface
Protocol
Platform
cluster1-01/cdp
                                       Ethernet1/7
          e0a
                                                       N9K-
                cs1
C9336C
          e0d
                cs2
                                       Ethernet1/7
                                                       N9K-
C9336C
cluster1-02/cdp
                                       Ethernet1/8
          e0a
                cs1
                                                       N9K-
C9336C
          e0d
                cs2
                                       Ethernet1/8
                                                       N9K-
C9336C
cluster1-03/cdp
          e0a
                cs1
                                       Ethernet1/1/1
                                                       N9K-
C9336C
                                       Ethernet1/1/1
          e0b
                cs2
                                                       N9K-
C9336C
cluster1-04/cdp
          e0a
                cs1
                                       Ethernet1/1/2
                                                       N9K-
C9336C
                                       Ethernet1/1/2
          e0b
                cs2
                                                       N9K-
C9336C
cluster1::*>
```

2. Check the administrative and operational status of each cluster port.

a. Verify that all the cluster ports are **up** with a healthy status:

network port show -role cluster

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
Node: cluster1-01
Ignore
                                 Speed(Mbps)
Health Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
_____ ____
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
eOd Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
Node: cluster1-02
Ignore
                                 Speed(Mbps)
Health Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
_____ ____
     Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
e0a
healthy false
eOd Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
8 entries were displayed.
Node: cluster1-03
 Ignore
                                 Speed(Mbps)
Health Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
_____ ____
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
eOb Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
```

b. Verify that all the cluster interfaces (LIFs) are on the home port:

network interface show -role cluster

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
         Logical
                        Status Network
        Current Is
Current
Vserver Interface Admin/Oper Address/Mask Node
Port Home
 _____ _
Cluster
      cluster1-01 clus1 up/up 169.254.3.4/23
cluster1-01 e0a true
        cluster1-01_clus2_up/up 169.254.3.5/23
cluster1-01 e0d true
        cluster1-02 clus1 up/up 169.254.3.8/23
cluster1-02 e0a true
        cluster1-02_clus2_up/up 169.254.3.9/23
cluster1-02 e0d true
        cluster1-03 clus1 up/up 169.254.1.3/23
cluster1-03 e0a true
        cluster1-03_clus2_up/up 169.254.1.1/23
cluster1-03 eOb true
        cluster1-04 clus1 up/up 169.254.1.6/23
cluster1-04 e0a true
        cluster1-04_clus2_up/up 169.254.1.7/23
cluster1-04 e0b true
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

c. Verify that the cluster displays information for both cluster switches:

system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled-operational true

Show example

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch
                          Туре
                                           Address
Model
_____
                          cluster-network 10.233.205.90
cs1
N9K-C9336C
    Serial Number: FOCXXXXXGD
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                  9.3(5)
   Version Source: CDP
cs2
                         cluster-network 10.233.205.91
N9K-C9336C
    Serial Number: FOCXXXXXGS
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                  9.3(5)
   Version Source: CDP
cluster1::*>
```

3. Disable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

Show example

cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert false

Step 2: Configure ports

1. On cluster switch cs2, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

```
cs2(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs2(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

2. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on cluster switch cs1. This might take a few seconds.

network interface show -role cluster

Show example

cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster					
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is					
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	
Port Home	e				
Cluster					
	cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23		
cluster1-01	e0a true				
	cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23		
cluster1-01	e0a false				
	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23		
cluster1-02	e0a true				
	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23		
cluster1-02	e0a false				
	cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23		
cluster1-03	e0a true				
	cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23		
cluster1-03	e0a false				
	cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23		
cluster1-04	e0a true				
	cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23		
cluster1-04	e0a false				
8 entries were displayed.					
cluster1::*2	>				

3. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

cluster show

cluster1::*> cluster Node	show Health	Eligibility	Epsilon
cluster1-01	true	true	false
cluster1-02	true	true	false
cluster1-03	true	true	true
cluster1-04	true	true	false
4 entries were displ	ayed.		
cluster1::*>			

4. If you have not already done so, save a copy of the current switch configuration by copying the output of the following command to a text file:

show running-config

5. Clean the configuration on switch cs2 and perform a basic setup.



When updating or applying a new RCF, you must erase the switch settings and perform basic configuration. You must be connected to the switch serial console port to set up the switch again.

a. Clean the configuration:

Show example

```
(cs2)# write erase
Warning: This command will erase the startup-configuration.
Do you wish to proceed anyway? (y/n) [n] y
```

b. Perform a reboot of the switch:

Show example

```
(cs2)# reload
Are you sure you would like to reset the system? (y/n) {f y}
```

 Copy the RCF to the bootflash of switch cs2 using one of the following transfer protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, or SCP. For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

Show example

This example shows TFTP being used to copy an RCF to the bootflash on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy tftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: Nexus_9336C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
Enter hostname for the tftp server: 172.22.201.50
Trying to connect to tftp server....Connection to Server
Established.
TFTP get operation was successful
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
```

7. Apply the RCF previously downloaded to the bootflash.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

Show example

This example shows the RCF file Nexus_9336C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt being installed on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy Nexus_9336C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-
config echo-commands
```

8. Examine the banner output from the show banner motd command. You must read and follow these instructions to ensure the proper configuration and operation of the switch.

```
cs2# show banner motd
*******
* NetApp Reference Configuration File (RCF)
*
* Switch : Nexus N9K-C9336C-FX2
* Filename : Nexus 9336C RCF v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
* Date : 10-23-2020
* Version : v1.6
*
* Port Usage:
* Ports 1- 3: Breakout mode (4x10G) Intra-Cluster Ports, int
e1/1/1-4, e1/2/1-4
, e1/3/1-4
* Ports 4- 6: Breakout mode (4x25G) Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int
e1/4/1-4, e1/5/
1-4, e1/6/1-4
* Ports 7-34: 40/100GbE Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int e1/7-34
* Ports 35-36: Intra-Cluster ISL Ports, int e1/35-36
* Dynamic breakout commands:
* 10G: interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 10g-4x
* 25G: interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 25g-4x
* Undo breakout commands and return interfaces to 40/100G
configuration in confi
g mode:
* no interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 10g-4x
* no interface breakout module 1 port <range> map 25g-4x
* interface Ethernet <interfaces taken out of breakout mode>
* inherit port-profile 40-100G
* priority-flow-control mode auto
* service-policy input HA
* exit
*******
```

9. Verify that the RCF file is the correct newer version:

```
show running-config
```

When you check the output to verify you have the correct RCF, make sure that the following information is correct:

- The RCF banner
- The node and port settings
- · Customizations

The output varies according to your site configuration. Check the port settings and refer to the release notes for any changes specific to the RCF that you have installed.

10. After you verify the RCF versions and switch settings are correct, copy the running-config file to the startupconfig file.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

Show example

11. Reboot switch cs2. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

Show example

```
cs2# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] {\bf y}
```

- 12. Verify the health of cluster ports on the cluster.
 - a. Verify that e0d ports are up and healthy across all nodes in the cluster:

```
network port show -role cluster
```

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
Node: cluster1-01
Ignore
                                  Speed(Mbps)
Health Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
_____ ____
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
eOb Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
Node: cluster1-02
Ignore
                                  Speed(Mbps)
Health Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
_____ ___ ___
_____ _
     Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
e0a
healthy false
eOb Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000
healthy false
Node: cluster1-03
Ignore
                                  Speed(Mbps)
Health Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper
Status Status
_____ ___ ____
_____ ___
     Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
e0a
healthy false
eOd Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/100000
healthy false
```

b. Verify the switch health from the cluster (this might not show switch cs2, since LIFs are not homed on e0d).

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
Node/
         Local Discovered
Protocol
         Port Device (LLDP: ChassisID) Interface
Platform
______ ____
cluster1-01/cdp
                                      Ethernet1/7
         e0a cs1
N9K-C9336C
        e0d cs2
                                      Ethernet1/7
N9K-C9336C
cluster01-2/cdp
                                      Ethernet1/8
         e0a
               cs1
N9K-C9336C
         e0d
               cs2
                                      Ethernet1/8
N9K-C9336C
cluster01-3/cdp
         e0a cs1
                                      Ethernet1/1/1
N9K-C9336C
        e0b cs2
                                      Ethernet1/1/1
N9K-C9336C
cluster1-04/cdp
         e0a cs1
                                      Ethernet1/1/2
N9K-C9336C
                                     Ethernet1/1/2
        e0b cs2
N9K-C9336C
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch
                                       Address
                       Type
Model
_____
____
cs1
                       cluster-network 10.233.205.90
NX9-C9336C
    Serial Number: FOCXXXXXGD
     Is Monitored: true
          Reason: None
 Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
                 9.3(5)
   Version Source: CDP
cs2
                       cluster-network 10.233.205.91
```

33

```
NX9-C9336C
Serial Number: FOCXXXXXGS
Is Monitored: true
Reason: None
Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS)
Software, Version
9.3(5)
Version Source: CDP
2 entries were displayed.
```

You might observe the following output on the cs1 switch console depending on the RCF version previously loaded on the switch:

```
2020 Nov 17 16:07:18 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT:
Unblocking port port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Port consistency
restored.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_PEER:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0001. Inconsistent peer vlan.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_LOCAL:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Inconsistent local vlan.
```

13. On cluster switch cs1, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

Show example

The following example uses the interface example output:

```
csl(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
csl(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

14. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on switch cs2. This might take a few seconds.

network interface show -role cluster

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
        Logical
                      Status Network
                                            Current
Current Is
Vserver Interface Admin/Oper Address/Mask Node
Port Home
_____ ____
_____ _
Cluster
     cluster1-01_clus1 up/up 169.254.3.4/23
cluster1-01 eOd false
       cluster1-01_clus2 up/up 169.254.3.5/23
             e0d true
cluster1-01
       cluster1-02 clus1 up/up 169.254.3.8/23
cluster1-02 eOd false
       cluster1-02_clus2_up/up 169.254.3.9/23
             e0d true
cluster1-02
       cluster1-03 clus1 up/up 169.254.1.3/23
cluster1-03
             e0b false
       cluster1-03 clus2 up/up 169.254.1.1/23
             e0b true
cluster1-03
       cluster1-04 clus1 up/up 169.254.1.6/23
cluster1-04
             e0b false
       cluster1-04 clus2 up/up 169.254.1.7/23
cluster1-04
             e0b
                   true
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

15. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

cluster show

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
Node
                   Health
                            Eligibility
                                         Epsilon
_____
                                     ____ ___
                     _____
cluster1-01
                                         false
                   true
                            true
cluster1-02
                                         false
                  true
                           true
cluster1-03
                   true
                                         true
                            true
cluster1-04
                                         false
                   true
                            true
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

- 16. Repeat steps 4 to 11 on switch cs1.
- 17. Enable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert True
```

18. Reboot switch cs1. You do this to trigger the cluster LIFs to revert to their home ports. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

Show example

```
cs1# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] {\bf y}
```

Step 3: Verify the configuration

1. Verify that the switch ports connected to the cluster ports are **up**.

show interface brief

```
cs1# show interface brief | grep up
•
Eth1/1/1
          1 eth access up
                                 none
10G(D) --
Eth1/1/2
           1 eth access up
                                none
10G(D) --
Eth1/7
          1 eth trunk up
                                none
100G(D) --
       1 eth trunk up
Eth1/8
                                none
100G(D) --
•
•
```

2. Verify that the expected nodes are still connected:

show cdp neighbors

Show example

```
cs1# show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-
Bridge
               S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
               V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
               s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
               Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
Port ID
               Eth1/1
                            133 Н
node1
                                            FAS2980
e0a
node2
              Eth1/2
                            133 H FAS2980
e0a
cs2
             Eth1/35 175 R S I s N9K-C9336C
Eth1/35
cs2
                Eth1/36 175 R S I S N9K-C9336C
Eth1/36
Total entries displayed: 4
```

3. Verify that the cluster nodes are in their correct cluster VLANs using the following commands:

show vlan brief show interface trunk

Show example

cs1# show vlan brief VLAN Name Status Ports _____ _____ -----default active Pol, Eth1/1, Eth1/2, 1 Eth1/3 Eth1/4, Eth1/5, Eth1/6, Eth1/7 Eth1/8, Eth1/35, Eth1/36 Eth1/9/1, Eth1/9/2, Eth1/9/3 Eth1/9/4, Eth1/10/1, Eth1/10/2 Eth1/10/3, Eth1/10/4 17 VLAN0017 Eth1/1, Eth1/2, active Eth1/3, Eth1/4 Eth1/5, Eth1/6, Eth1/7, Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1, Eth1/9/2, Eth1/9/3 Eth1/9/4, Eth1/10/1, Eth1/10/2 Eth1/10/3, Eth1/10/4 18 VLAN0018 active Eth1/1, Eth1/2, Eth1/3, Eth1/4 Eth1/5, Eth1/6, Eth1/7, Eth1/8 Eth1/9/1, Eth1/9/2, Eth1/9/3 Eth1/9/4, Eth1/10/1, Eth1/10/2 Eth1/10/3, Eth1/10/4 Eth1/11, Eth1/12, 31 VLAN0031 active Eth1/13 Eth1/14, Eth1/15, Eth1/16 Eth1/17, Eth1/18, Eth1/19 Eth1/20, Eth1/21, Eth1/22 32 VLAN0032 active Eth1/23, Eth1/24, Eth1/25

		Eth1/26, Eth1/27,
Eth1/28		
E+b1/31		Eth1/29, Eth1/30,
		Eth1/32, Eth1/33,
Eth1/34		
33 VLAN0033	active	Eth1/11, Eth1/12,
Eth1/13		F+b1/1/ F+b1/15
Eth1/16		ECH1/14, ECH1/10,
		Eth1/17, Eth1/18,
Eth1/19		
Eth1/22		Eth1/20, Eth1/21,
34 VLAN0034	active	Eth1/23, Eth1/24,
Eth1/25		
T 1 1 (22		Eth1/26, Eth1/27,
Etn1/28		Eth1/29, Eth1/30,
Eth1/31		2011,20, 2012,00,
		Eth1/32, Eth1/33,
Eth1/34		

cs1# show interface trunk

Port	Native Vlan	Status	Port Channel
Eth1/1	1	trunking	
Eth1/2	1	trunking	
Eth1/3	1	trunking	
Eth1/4	1	trunking	
Eth1/5	1	trunking	
Eth1/6	1	trunking	
Eth1/7	1	trunking	
Eth1/8	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/1	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/2	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/3	1	trunking	
Eth1/9/4	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/1	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/2	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/3	1	trunking	
Eth1/10/4	1	trunking	
Eth1/11	33	trunking	

Eth1/12	33	trunking		
Eth1/13	33	trunking		
Eth1/14	33	trunking		
Eth1/15	33	trunking		
Eth1/16	33	trunking		
Eth1/17	33	trunking		
Eth1/18	33	trunking		
Eth1/19	33	trunking		
Eth1/20	33	trunking		
Eth1/21	33	trunking		
Eth1/22	33	trunking		
Eth1/23	34	trunking		
Eth1/24	34	trunking		
Eth1/25	34	trunking		
Eth1/26	34	trunking		
Eth1/27	34	trunking		
Eth1/28	34	trunking		
Eth1/29	34	trunking		
Eth1/30	34	trunking		
Eth1/31	34	trunking		
Eth1/32	34	trunking		
$E \pm h1/33$	34	trunking		
$E \pm h1/34$	34	trunking		
Eth1/35	1	trnk-hndl	Po1	
$E \cup H \cup J \cup J \cup J$ $E + h \cup J \cup J \cup J$	1	trnk-bndl		
Del	1	trunk-blai	POI	
POT	Ţ	Urunking		
Port	Vlans	Allowed on Tr	 ank	
Eth1/1	 1,17-	 18		
Eth1/2	1,17-	18		
Eth1/3	1 , 17-	18		
Eth1/4	1,17-	18		
Eth1/5	1,17-	18		
Eth1/6	1,17-	18		
Eth1/7	1,17-	18		
Eth1/8	1,17-	18		
Eth1/9/1	1,17-	18		
Eth1/9/2	1,17-	18		
Eth1/9/3	1,17-	18		
Eth1/9/4	1.17-	18		
Eth1/10/1	1.17-	18		
Eth1/10/2	±,±,′ 1,17–	18		
$E \pm h1/10/3$	1 17 -	18		
$E \pm h1/10/4$	±,±/ 1 17_	18		
L CIII / L U / 4	±,±,=	± 0		

	Eth1/11	31,33	
	Eth1/12	31,33	
	Eth1/13	31,33	
	Eth1/14	31,33	
	Eth1/15	31,33	
	Eth1/16	31,33	
	Eth1/17	31,33	
	Eth1/18	31,33	
	Eth1/19	31,33	
	Eth1/20	31,33	
	Eth1/21	31,33	
	Eth1/22	31,33	
	Eth1/23	32,34	
	Eth1/24	32,34	
	Eth1/25	32,34	
	Eth1/26	32,34	
	Eth1/27	32,34	
	Eth1/28	32,34	
	Eth1/29	32,34	
	Eth1/30	32,34	
	Eth1/31	32,34	
	Eth1/32	32,34	
	Eth1/33	32,34	
l	Eth1/34	32,34	
	Eth1/35	1	
	Eth1/36	1	
	Pol	1	
	•••		



For specific port and VLAN usage details, refer to the banner and important notes section in your RCF.

4. Verify that the ISL between cs1 and cs2 is functional:

show port-channel summary

```
cs1# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
      I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
     s - Suspended r - Module-removed
     b - BFD Session Wait
     S - Switched R - Routed
     U - Up (port-channel)
     p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
     M - Not in use. Min-links not met
        _____
                              _____
_____
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports Channel
_____
_____
1 Po1(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/35(P) Eth1/36(P)
cs1#
```

5. Verify that the cluster LIFs have reverted to their home port:

network interface show -role cluster

Show example

```
cluster1::*> network interface show -role cluster
        Logical
                     Status Network
                                            Current
Current Is
Vserver Interface Admin/Oper Address/Mask Node
Port Home
_____ ____
_____ _
Cluster
     cluster1-01_clus1 up/up 169.254.3.4/23
cluster1-01 e0d true
       cluster1-01_clus2 up/up 169.254.3.5/23
             e0d true
cluster1-01
      cluster1-02 clus1 up/up 169.254.3.8/23
cluster1-02 e0d true
       cluster1-02_clus2_up/up 169.254.3.9/23
cluster1-02 e0d true
       cluster1-03 clus1 up/up 169.254.1.3/23
cluster1-03
             e0b true
       cluster1-03_clus2_up/up 169.254.1.1/23
             e0b true
cluster1-03
       cluster1-04 clus1 up/up 169.254.1.6/23
cluster1-04
             e0b true
       cluster1-04 clus2 up/up 169.254.1.7/23
cluster1-04
             e0b
                  true
8 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

6. Verify that the cluster is healthy:

cluster show

```
cluster1::*> cluster show
Node
               Health Eligibility Epsilon
----- -----
cluster1-01
              true true
true true
                               false
cluster1-02
                               false
cluster1-03
               true
                     true
                               true
cluster1-04 true
                    true false
4 entries were displayed.
cluster1::*>
```

7. Ping the remote cluster interfaces to verify connectivity:

```
cluster ping-cluster -node local
```

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node local
Host is cluster1-03
Getting addresses from network interface table ...
Cluster cluster1-03 clus1 169.254.1.3 cluster1-03 e0a
Cluster cluster1-03 clus2 169.254.1.1 cluster1-03 eOb
Cluster cluster1-04 clus1 169.254.1.6 cluster1-04 e0a
Cluster cluster1-04 clus2 169.254.1.7 cluster1-04 e0b
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.3.4 cluster1-01 e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.3.5 cluster1-01 e0d
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.3.8 cluster1-02 e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.3.9 cluster1-02 eOd
Local = 169.254.1.3 169.254.1.1
Remote = 169.254.1.6 169.254.1.7 169.254.3.4 169.254.3.5 169.254.3.8
169.254.3.9
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . . . . . . . . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 12 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 12 path(s):
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.6
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.7
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.4
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.5
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.8
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.9
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.6
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.7
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.4
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.5
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.8
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.9
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 12 path(s)
RPC status:
6 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
6 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

Ethernet Switch Health Monitoring log collection

You can use the log collection feature to collect switch-related log files in ONTAP.

+

The Ethernet switch health monitor (CSHM) is responsible for ensuring the operational health of Cluster and Storage network switches and collecting switch logs for debugging purposes. This procedure guides you through the process of setting up and starting the collection of detailed **Support** logs from the switch and starts an hourly collection of **Periodic** data that is collected by AutoSupport.

Before you begin

- Verify that you have set up your environment using the 9336C-FX2 cluster switch CLI.
- Switch health monitoring must be enabled for the switch. Verify this by ensuring the Is Monitored: field is set to **true** in the output of the system switch ethernet show command.

Steps

1. Create a password for the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature:

system switch ethernet log setup-password

Show example

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
Would you like to specify a user other than admin for log
collection? {y|n}: n
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
Would you like to specify a user other than admin for log
collection? {y|n}: n
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
```

 To start log collection, run the following command, replacing DEVICE with the switch used in the previous command. This starts both types of log collection: the detailed **Support** logs and an hourly collection of **Periodic** data. system switch ethernet log modify -device <switch-name> -log-request true

Show example

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log modify -device cs1 -log
-request true
Do you want to modify the cluster switch log collection
configuration? {y|n}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log modify -device cs2 -log
-request true
Do you want to modify the cluster switch log collection
configuration? {y|n}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
```

Wait for 10 minutes and then check that the log collection completes:

system switch ethernet log show



If any of these commands return an error or if the log collection does not complete, contact NetApp support.

Troubleshooting

If you encounter any of the following error statuses reported by the log collection feature (visible in the output of system switch ethernet log show), try the corresponding debug steps:

Log collection error status	Resolution
RSA keys not present	Regenerate ONTAP SSH keys. Contact NetApp support.
switch password error	Verify credentials, test SSH connectivity, and regenerate ONTAP SSH keys. Review the switch documentation or contact NetApp support for instructions.
ECDSA keys not present for FIPS	If FIPS mode is enabled, ECDSA keys need to be generated on the switch before retrying.
pre-existing log found	Remove the previous log collection file on the switch.

Configure SNMPv3

Follow this procedure to configure SNMPv3, which supports Ethernet switch health monitoring (CSHM).

About this task

The following commands configure an SNMPv3 username on Cisco 9336C-FX2 switches:

- For no authentication: snmp-server user *SNMPv3 USER* NoAuth
- For MD5/SHA authentication: snmp-server user SNMPv3_USER auth [md5|sha] AUTH-PASSWORD
- For MD5/SHA authentication with AES/DES encryption: snmp-server user SNMPv3_USER AuthEncrypt auth [md5|sha] AUTH-PASSWORD priv aes-128 PRIV-PASSWORD

The following command configures an SNMPv3 username on the ONTAP side:

cluster1::*> security login create -user-or-group-name SNMPv3_USER -application
snmp -authentication-method usm -remote-switch-ipaddress ADDRESS

The following command establishes the SNMPv3 username with CSHM:

cluster1::*> system switch ethernet modify -device DEVICE -snmp-version SNMPv3 -community-or-username SNMPv3_USER

Steps

1. Set up the SNMPv3 user on the switch to use authentication and encryption:

show snmp user

<pre>(sw1) (Config) # snmp-server user SNMPv3User auth md5 <auth_password> priv aes-128 <priv_password></priv_password></auth_password></pre>						
(sw1) (Config) # show snmp user						
	SNMP USERS					
User acl_filter	Auth	Priv(enforce)	Groups			
admin SNMPv3User	md5 md5	des(no) aes-128(no)	network-admin network-operator			
NOTIFICATION	TARGET USERS	(configured for	sending V3 Inform)			
User	Auth	Priv	_			
(swl)(Config)#						

2. Set up the SNMPv3 user on the ONTAP side:

security login create -user-or-group-name <username> -application snmp -authentication-method usm -remote-switch-ipaddress 10.231.80.212

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet modify -device "sw1
(b8:59:9f:09:7c:22)" -is-monitoring-enabled-admin true
cluster1::*> security login create -user-or-group-name <username>
-application snmp -authentication-method usm -remote-switch
-ipaddress 10.231.80.212
Enter the authoritative entity's EngineID [remote EngineID]:
Which authentication protocol do you want to choose (none, md5, sha,
sha2-256)
[none]: md5
Enter the authentication protocol password (minimum 8 characters
long):
Enter the authentication protocol password again:
Which privacy protocol do you want to choose (none, des, aes128)
[none]: aes128
Enter privacy protocol password (minimum 8 characters long):
Enter privacy protocol password again:
```

3. Configure CSHM to monitor with the new SNMPv3 user:

system switch ethernet show-all -device "sw1" -instance

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet show-all -device "sw1" -instance
                                   Device Name: sw1
                                    IP Address: 10.231.80.212
                                  SNMP Version: SNMPv2c
                                 Is Discovered: true
   SNMPv2c Community String or SNMPv3 Username: cshm1!
                                  Model Number: N9K-C9336C-FX2
                                Switch Network: cluster-network
                              Software Version: Cisco Nexus
Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 9.3(7)
                     Reason For Not Monitoring: None <---- displays
when SNMP settings are valid
                      Source Of Switch Version: CDP/ISDP
                                Is Monitored ?: true
                   Serial Number of the Device: QTFCU3826001C
                                   RCF Version: v1.8X2 for
Cluster/HA/RDMA
cluster1::*>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet modify -device "sw1" -snmp
-version SNMPv3 -community-or-username <username>
cluster1::*>
```

4. Verify that the serial number to be queried with the newly created SNMPv3 user is the same as detailed in the previous step after the CSHM polling period has completed.

system switch ethernet polling-interval show

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet polling-interval show
         Polling Interval (in minutes): 5
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet show-all -device "sw1" -instance
                                   Device Name: sw1
                                    IP Address: 10.231.80.212
                                  SNMP Version: SNMPv3
                                 Is Discovered: true
   SNMPv2c Community String or SNMPv3 Username: SNMPv3User
                                  Model Number: N9K-C9336C-FX2
                                Switch Network: cluster-network
                              Software Version: Cisco Nexus
Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 9.3(7)
                     Reason For Not Monitoring: None <---- displays
when SNMP settings are valid
                      Source Of Switch Version: CDP/ISDP
                                Is Monitored ?: true
                   Serial Number of the Device: QTFCU3826001C
                                   RCF Version: v1.8X2 for
Cluster/HA/RDMA
cluster1::*>
```

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