

## **Boot media**

Install and maintain

NetApp December 18, 2024

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-systems/fas2800/bootmedia-replaceoverview.html on December 18, 2024. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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# **Boot media**

## **Overview of boot media replacement - FAS2820**

The boot media stores a primary and secondary set of system (boot image) files that the system uses when it boots. Depending on your network configuration, you can perform either a nondisruptive or disruptive replacement.

You must have a USB flash drive, formatted to FAT32, with the appropriate amount of storage to hold the image\_xxx.tgz file.

You also must copy the image\_xxx.tgz file to the USB flash drive for later use in this procedure.

- The nondisruptive and disruptive methods for replacing a boot media both require you to restore the var file system:
  - $^\circ$  For nondisruptive replacement, the HA pair must be connected to a network to restore the var file system.
  - For disruptive replacement, you do not need a network connection to restore the var file system, but the process requires two reboots.
- You must replace the failed component with a replacement FRU component you received from your provider.
- It is important that you apply the commands in these steps on the correct node:
  - The *impaired* node is the node on which you are performing maintenance.
  - The *healthy node* is the HA partner of the impaired node.

## Check encryption key support and status - FAS2820

Before shutting down the impaired controller, check if your version of ONTAP supports NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE) and if your key management system is properly configured.

### Step 1: Check if your version of ONTAP supports NetApp Volume Encryption

Check whether your ONTAP version supports NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE). This information is crucial for downloading the correct ONTAP image.

1. Determine if your ONTAP version supports encryption by running the following command:

```
version -v
```

If the output includes 10no-DARE, NVE is not supported on your cluster version.

- 2. Depending on whether NVE is supported on your system, take one of the following actions:
  - If NVE is supported, download the ONTAP image with NetApp Volume Encryption.
  - If NVE is not supported, download the ONTAP image **without** NetApp Volume Encryption.

### Step 2: Determine if it is safe to shut down the controller

To safely shut down a controller, first identify whether the External Key Manager (EKM) or the Onboard Key Manager (OKM) is active. Then, verify the key manager in use, display the appropriate key information, and take action based on the status of the authentication keys.

1. Determine which key manager is enabled on your system:

| ONTAP version           | Run this command   |
|-------------------------|--|
| ONTAP 9.14.1 or later   | security key-manager keystore show   |
|                         | • If EKM is enabled, EKM is listed in the command output.  |
|                         | • If OKM is enabled, OKM is listed in the command output.  |
|                         | • If no key manager is enabled, No key manager keystores configured is listed in the command output. |
| ONTAP 9.13.1 or earlier | security key-manager show-key-store  |
|                         | • If EKM is enabled, external is listed in the command output.                                       |
|                         | • If OKM is enabled, onboard is listed in the command output.  |
|                         | • If no key manager is enabled, No key managers configured is listed in the command output.          |

2. Depending on whether a key manger is configured on your system, select one of the following options.

#### No key manager configured

You can safely shut down the impaired controller. Go to shutdown the impaired controller.

#### External or Onboard key manager configured

a. Enter the following query command to display the status of the authentication keys in your key manager.

security key-manager key query

b. Check the output for the value in the Restored column for your key manager.

This column indicates whether the authentication keys for your key manager (either EKM or OKM) have been successfully restored.

3. Depending on whether your system is using the External Key Manager or Onboard Key Manager, select one of the following options.

#### External Key Manager

Depending on the output value displayed in the Restored column, follow the appropriate steps.

| Output value in Restored column | Follow these steps   |
|---------------------------------|--|
| true                            | You can safely shut down the impaired controller. Go to shutdown the impaired controller.  |
| Anything other than true        | <ul> <li>a. Restore the external key management authentication keys to all nodes in the cluster using the following command: security key-manager external restore</li> <li>If the command fails, contact NetApp Support.</li> <li>b. Verify that the Restored column displays true for all authentication keys by entering the security key-manager key query command.</li> <li>If all the authentication keys are true, you can safely shut down the impaired controller. Go to shutdown the impaired controller.</li> </ul> |

#### **Onboard Key Manager**

Depending on the output value displayed in the Restored column, follow the appropriate steps.

| Output value in Restored column | Follow these steps   |
|---------------------------------|--|
| true                            | Manually back up the OKM information.  |
|                                 | a. Go to the advanced mode by entering set -priv advanced and then enter y when prompted.    |
|                                 | b. Enter the following command to display the key management information:                    |
|                                 | security key-manager onboard show-backup   |
|                                 | c. Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file.          |
|                                 | You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.           |
|                                 | d. You can safely shut down the impaired controller. Go to shutdown the impaired controller. |

| Output value in Restored column | Follow these steps   |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Anything other than true        | a. Enter the onboard security key-manager sync command:  |
|                                 | security key-manager onboard sync  |
|                                 | b. Enter the 32 character, alphanumeric onboard key management passphrase when prompted.             |
|                                 | If the passphrase cannot be provided, contact NetApp Support.  |
|                                 | c. Verify the Restored column displays true for all authentication keys:                             |
|                                 | security key-manager key query   |
|                                 | d. Verify that the Key Manager type displays onboard, and then manually back up the OKM information. |
|                                 | e. Enter the command to display the key management backup information:                               |
|                                 | security key-manager onboard show-backup   |
|                                 | f. Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file.                  |
|                                 | You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.                   |
|                                 | g. You can safely shut down the impaired controller. Go to shutdown the impaired controller.         |

## Shut down the impaired controller - FAS2820

Shut down or take over the impaired controller.

After completing the NVE or NSE tasks, you need to complete the shutdown of the impaired controller.

#### Steps

a. Take the impaired controller to the LOADER prompt:

| If the impaired controller displays | Then   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| The LOADER prompt                   | Go to Remove controller module.  |
| Waiting for giveback…               | Press Ctrl-C, and then respond ${\ensuremath{{\rm y}}}$ when prompted. |

| If the impaired controller displays                         | Then   |
|---|--|
| System prompt or password<br>prompt (enter system password) | Take over or halt the impaired controller from the healthy controller:<br>storage failover takeover -ofnode<br>impaired_node_name<br>When the impaired controller shows Waiting for giveback, press<br>Ctrl-C, and then respond y. |

b. From the LOADER prompt, enter: printenv to capture all boot environmental variables. Save the output to your log file.



This command may not work if the boot device is corrupted or non-functional.

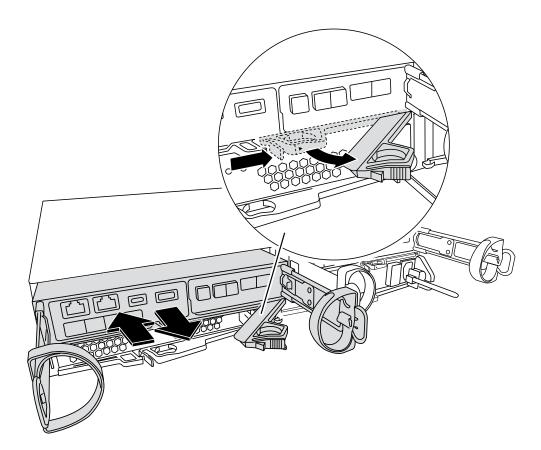
## Replace the boot media - FAS2820

To replace the boot media, you must remove the impaired controller module, install the replacement boot media, and transfer the boot image to a USB flash drive.

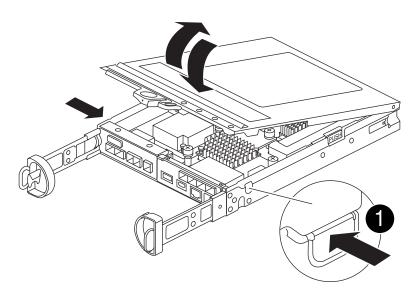
### Step 1: Remove the controller module

To access components inside the controller, you must first remove the controller module from the system and then remove the cover on the controller module.

- 1. If you are not already grounded, properly ground yourself.
- 2. Loosen the hook and loop strap binding the cables to the cable management device, and then unplug the system cables and SFPs (if needed) from the controller module, keeping track of where the cables were connected.
- 3. Squeeze the latch on the cam handle until it releases, open the cam handle fully to release the controller module from the midplane, and then, using two hands, pull the controller module out of the chassis.



- 4. Turn the controller module over and place it on a flat, stable surface.
- 5. Open the cover by pressing the blue buttons on the sides of the controller module to release the cover, and then rotate the cover up and off of the controller module.

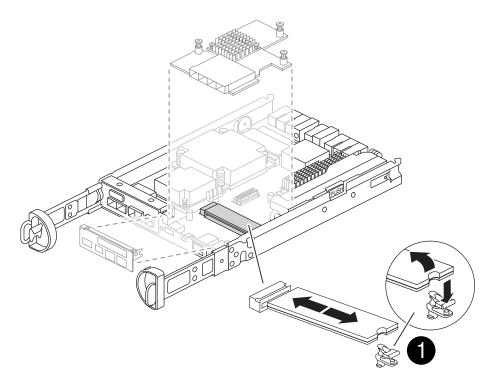


| 0 | Controller module cover release button |
|---|--|
|   |  |

### Step 2: Replace the boot media

Locate the boot media in the controller module, located under the mezzanine card and follow the directions to replace it.

#### Animation - Replace the boot media





Boot media locking tab

#### Steps

- 1. If you are not already grounded, properly ground yourself.
- 2. Remove the mezzanine card using the following illustration or the FRU map on the controller module:
  - a. Remove the IO Plate by sliding it straight out from thr controller module.
  - b. Loosen the thumbscrews on the mezzanine card.



You can loosen the thumbscrews with your fingers or a screwdriver. If you use your fingers, you might need to rotate the NV battery up for better finger purchase on the thumbscrew next to it.

- c. Lift the mezzanine card straight up.
- 3. Replace the boot media:
  - a. Press the blue button on the boot media housing to release the boot media from its housing, rotate the boot media up, and then gently pull it straight out of the boot media socket.



Do not twist or pull the boot media straight up, because this could damage the socket or the boot media.

- b. Align the edges of the replacement boot media with the boot media socket, and then gently push it into the socket. Check the boot media to make sure that it is seated squarely and completely in the socket, and if necessary, remove the boot media and reseat it into the socket.
- c. Push the blue locking button, rotate the boot media all the way down, and then release the locking button to lock the boot media in place.

- 4. Reinstall the mezzanine card:
  - a. Align the socket on the motherboard with the socket on the mezzanine card, and then gently seat the card in the socket.
  - b. Tighten the three thumbscrews on the mezzanine card.
  - c. Reinstall the IO Plate.
- 5. Reinstall the controller module cover and lock it into place.

### Step 3: Transfer the boot image to the boot media

Install the system image on the replacement boot media using a USB flash drive with the image installed on it. You must restore the var file system during this procedure.

#### Before you begin

- You must have a USB flash drive, formatted to MBR/FAT32, with at least 4GB capacity.
- You must have a network connection.

#### Steps

- 1. Download the appropriate image version of ONTAP to the formatted USB flash drive:
  - a. Use How to determine if the running ONTAP version supports NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE) to determine if volume encryption is currently supported.
    - If NVE is supported on the cluster, download the image with NetApp Volume Encryption.
    - If NVE is not supported on the cluster, download the image without NetApp Volume Encryption. See Which ONTAP image should I download? With or without Volume Encryption? for more details.
- 2. Unzip the downloaded image.



If you are extracting the contents using Windows, do not use WinZip to extract the netboot image. Use another extraction tool, such as 7-Zip or WinRAR.

There are two folders in the unzipped service image file:

° boot

° efi

a. Copy the efi folder to the top directory on the USB flash drive.

The USB flash drive should have the efi folder and the same Service Image (BIOS) version of what the impaired controller is running.

- b. Remove the USB flash drive from your laptop.
- 3. Install the controller module:
  - a. Align the end of the controller module with the opening in the chassis, and then gently push the controller module halfway into the system.
  - b. Recable the controller module.

When recabling, remember to reinstall the media converters (SFPs) if they were removed.

4. Insert the USB flash drive into the USB slot on the controller module.

Make sure that you install the USB flash drive in the slot labeled for USB devices, and not in the USB console port.

5. Push the controller module all the way into the system, making sure that the cam handle clears the USB flash drive, firmly push the cam handle to finish seating the controller module, push the cam handle to the closed position, and then tighten the thumbscrew.

The controller begins to boot as soon as it is completely installed into the chassis.

Interrupt the boot process to stop at the LOADER prompt by pressing Ctrl-C when you see Starting AUTOBOOT press Ctrl-C to abort....

If you miss this message, press Ctrl-C, select the option to boot to Maintenance mode, and then halt the controller to boot to LOADER.

7. For systems with one controller in the chassis, reconnect the power and turn on the power supplies.

The system begins to boot and stops at the LOADER prompt.

- 8. Set your network connection type at the LOADER prompt:
  - If you are configuring DHCP: if config e0a -auto



The target port you configure is the target port you use to communicate with the impaired controller from the healthy controller during var file system restore with a network connection. You can also use the e0M port in this command.

- If you are configuring manual connections: ifconfig e0a -addr=filer\_addr -mask=netmask
   -gw=gateway-dns=dns addr-domain=dns domain
  - filer\_addr is the IP address of the storage system.
  - netmask is the network mask of the management network that is connected to the HA partner.
  - gateway is the gateway for the network.
  - dns\_addr is the IP address of a name server on your network.
  - dns\_domain is the Domain Name System (DNS) domain name.

If you use this optional parameter, you do not need a fully qualified domain name in the netboot server URL. You need only the server's host name.



Other parameters might be necessary for your interface. You can enter help ifconfig at the firmware prompt for details.

## Boot the recovery image - FAS2820

You must boot the ONTAP image from the USB drive, restore the file system, and verify the environmental variables.

#### Steps

1. From the LOADER prompt, boot the recovery image from the USB flash drive: boot\_recovery

The image is downloaded from the USB flash drive.

- 2. When prompted, either enter the name of the image or accept the default image displayed inside the brackets on your screen.
- 3. Restore the var file system:

#### Option 1: ONTAP 9.16.0 or earlier

- a. On the impaired controller, press Y when you see Do you want to restore the backup configuration now?
- b. On the impaired controller, press Y when prompted to overwrite /etc/ssh/ssh\_host\_ecdsa\_key.
- c. On the healthy partner controller, set the impaired controller to advanced privilege level: set -privilege advanced.
- d. On the healthy partner controller, run the restore backup command: system node restorebackup -node local -target-address impaired\_node\_IP\_address.

NOTE: If you see any message other than a successful restore, contact NetApp Support.

- e. On the healthy partner controller, return the impaired controller to admin level: set -privilege admin.
- f. On the impaired controller, press Y when you see Was the restore backup procedure successful?.
- g. On the impaired controller, press Y when you see ...would you like to use this restored copy now?.
- h. On the impaired controller, press Y when prompted to reboot the impaired controller and press ctrl-c for the Boot Menu.
- i. If the system does not use encryption, select *Option 1 Normal Boot.*, otherwise go to Restore encryption.

#### Option 2: ONTAP 9.16.1 or later

a. On the impaired controller, press Y when prompted to restore the backup configuration.

After restore procedure is successful, this message will be seen on the console - syncflash\_partner: Restore from partner complete.

- b. On the impaired controller, press Y when prompted to confirm if the restore backup was successful.
- c. On the impaired controller, press Y when prompted to use the restored configuration.
- d. On the impaired controller, press Y when prompted to reboot the node.
- e. On the impaired controller, press Y when prompted to reboot the impaired controller and press ctrl-c for the Boot Menu.
- f. If the system does not use encryption, select *Option 1 Normal Boot.*, otherwise go to Restore encryption.
- 4. Connect the console cable to the partner controller.
- 5. Give back the controller using the storage failover giveback -fromnode local command.

- 6. Restore automatic giveback if you disabled it by using the storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true command.
- 7. If AutoSupport is enabled, restore/unsuppress automatic case creation by using the system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=END command.

NOTE: If the process fails, contact NetApp Support.

## **Restore encryption - FAS2820**

Restore encryption on the replacement boot media.

You must complete steps specific to systems that have Onboard Key Manager (OKM), NetApp Storage Encryption (NSE) or NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE) enabled using the settings that you captured at the beginning of the boot media replace procedure.

Depending on which a key manger is configured on your system, select one of the following options to restore it from the boot menu.

- Option 1: Restore the Onboard Key Manager configuration
- Option 2: Restore the External Key Manager configuration

### **Option 1: Restore the Onboard Key Manager configuration**

Restore the Onboard Key Manager (OKM) configuration from the ONTAP boot menu.

#### Before you begin

- Make sure you have following information while restoring the OKM configuration:
  - · Cluster-wide passphrase entered while enabling onboard key management.
  - Backup information for the Onboard Key Manager.
- Perform the How to verify onboard key management backup and cluster-wide passphrase procedure before proceeding.

#### Steps

- 1. Connect the console cable to the target controller.
- 2. From the ONTAP boot menu select the appropriate option from the boot menu.

| Select this option  |
|---|
| Select option 10.   |
| Show example boot menu  |
| <pre>Please choose one of the following:   (1) Normal Boot.   (2) Boot without /etc/rc.</pre>   |
| (3) Change password.  |
| <ul> <li>(4) Clean configuration and initialize</li> <li>all disks.</li> <li>(5) Maintenance mode boot.</li> <li>(6) Update flash from backup config.</li> <li>(7) Install new software first.</li> <li>(8) Reboot node.</li> <li>(9) Configure Advanced Drive</li> </ul> |
| Partitioning.<br>(10) Set Onboard Key Manager recovery<br>secrets.<br>(11) Configure node for external key  |
| <pre>management. Selection (1-11)? 10</pre>   |
|   |

| ONTAP version         | Select this option                                  |
|-----------------------|---|
| ONTAP 9.7 and earlier | Select the hidden option recover_onboard_keymanager |
|                       | Show example boot menu                              |
|                       | Please choose one of the following:                 |
|                       | (1) Normal Boot.                                    |
|                       | (2) Boot without /etc/rc.                           |
|                       | (3) Change password.                                |
|                       | (4) Clean configuration and initialize              |
|                       | all disks.  |
|                       | (5) Maintenance mode boot.                          |
|                       | (6) Update flash from backup config.                |
|                       | (7) Install new software first.                     |
|                       | (8) Reboot node.                                    |
|                       | (9) Configure Advanced Drive                        |
|                       | Partitioning.                                       |
|                       | Selection (1-19)?                                   |
|                       | recover_onboard_keymanager                          |

3. Confirm that you want to continue the recovery process.

#### Show example prompt

```
This option must be used only in disaster recovery procedures. Are you sure? (y or n):
```

4. Enter the cluster-wide passphrase twice.

While entering the passphrase the console will not show any input.

#### Show example prompt

```
Enter the passphrase for onboard key management:
Enter the passphrase again to confirm:
```

- 5. Enter the backup information.
  - a. Paste the entire content from the BEGIN BACKUP line through the END BACKUP line.

Enter the backup data:

b. Press the enter key twice at the end of the input.

The recovery process completes.



Do not proceed if the displayed output is anything other than Successfully recovered keymanager secrets. Perform troubleshooting to correct the error.

6. Select option 1 from the boot menu to continue booting into ONTAP.

```
*****
*****
* Select option "(1) Normal Boot." to complete the recovery process.
*****
(1) Normal Boot.
(2) Boot without /etc/rc.
(3) Change password.
(4) Clean configuration and initialize all disks.
(5) Maintenance mode boot.
(6)
  Update flash from backup config.
(7) Install new software first.
(8) Reboot node.
(9) Configure Advanced Drive Partitioning.
(10) Set Onboard Key Manager recovery secrets.
(11) Configure node for external key management.
Selection (1-11)? 1
```

7. Confirm that the controller's console displays the following message.

Waiting for giveback ... (Press Ctrl-C to abort wait)

8. From the partner node, giveback the partner controller by entering the following command.

storage failover giveback -fromnode local -only-cfo-aggregates true.

9. After booting with only the CFO aggregate, run the following command.

security key-manager onboard sync

10. Enter the cluster-wide passphrase for the Onboard Key Manager.

Enter the cluster-wide passphrase for the Onboard Key Manager:

All offline encrypted volumes will be brought online and the corresponding volume encryption keys (VEKs) will be restored automatically within 10 minutes. If any offline encrypted volumes are not brought online automatically, they can be brought online manually using the "volume online -vserver <vserver> -volume <volume name>" command.



If the sync is successful the cluster prompt is returned with no additional messages. If the sync fails an error message appears before returning to the cluster prompt. Do not continue until the the error is corrected and the sync runs successfully.

11. Ensure that all keys are synced by entering the following command.

security key-manager key query -restored false.

There are no entries matching your query.



No results should appear when filtering for false in the restored parameter.

12. Giveback the node from the partner by entering the following command.

storage failover giveback -fromnode local

13. Restore automatic giveback, if you disabled it, by entering the following command.

storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true

14. If AutoSupport is enabled, restore automatic case creation by entering the following command.

system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=END

#### **Option 2: Restore the External Key Manager configuration**

Restore the External Key Manager configuration from the ONTAP boot menu.

#### Before you begin

You need the following information for restoring the External Key Manager (EKM) configuration.

- A copy of the /cfcard/kmip/servers.cfg file from another cluster node or the following information:
  - The KMIP server address.
  - The KMIP port.
- A copy of the /cfcard/kmip/certs/client.crt file from another cluster node or the client certificate.

- A copy of the /cfcard/kmip/certs/client.key file from another cluster node or the client key.
- A copy of the /cfcard/kmip/certs/CA.pem file from another cluster node or the KMIP server CA(s).

#### Steps

- 1. Connect the console cable to the target controller.
- 2. Select option 11 from the ONTAP boot menu.

#### Show example boot menu

```
    Normal Boot.
    Boot without /etc/rc.
    Change password.
    Clean configuration and initialize all disks.
    Maintenance mode boot.
    Update flash from backup config.
    Install new software first.
    Reboot node.
    Configure Advanced Drive Partitioning.
    Set Onboard Key Manager recovery secrets.
    Configure node for external key management.
    Selection (1-11)? 11
```

3. When prompted, confirm you have gathered the required information.

#### Show example prompt

```
Do you have a copy of the /cfcard/kmip/certs/client.crt file? {y/n}
Do you have a copy of the /cfcard/kmip/certs/client.key file? {y/n}
Do you have a copy of the /cfcard/kmip/certs/CA.pem file? {y/n}
Do you have a copy of the /cfcard/kmip/servers.cfg file? {y/n}
```

4. When prompted, enter the client and server information.

#### Show prompt

```
Enter the client certificate (client.crt) file contents:
Enter the client key (client.key) file contents:
Enter the KMIP server CA(s) (CA.pem) file contents:
Enter the server configuration (servers.cfg) file contents:
```

```
Enter the client certificate (client.crt) file contents:
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
MIIDvjCCAqagAwIBAgICN3gwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQAwgY8xCzAJBgNVBAYTAlVT
MRMwEQYDVQQIEwpDYWxpZm9ybmlhMQwwCqYDVQQHEwNTVkwxDzANBqNVBAoTBk51
MSUbQusvzAFs8G3P54GG32iIRvaCFnj2qQpCxciLJ0qB2foiBGx5XVQ/Mtk+rlap
Pk4ECW/wqSOUXDYtJs1+RB+w0+SHx8mzxpbz3mXF/X/1PC3YOzVNCq5eieek62si
Fp8=
----END CERTIFICATE-----
Enter the client key (client.key) file contents:
----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY----
<key value>
----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----
Enter the KMIP server CA(s) (CA.pem) file contents:
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
MIIEizCCA30qAwIBAqIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADCBjzELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMx
7yaumMQETNrpMfP+nQMd34y4AmseWYGM6qG0z37BRnYU0Wf2qDL61cQ3/jkm7Y94
EQBKG1NY8dVyjphmYZv+
----END CERTIFICATE-----
Enter the IP address for the KMIP server: 10.10.10.10
Enter the port for the KMIP server [5696]:
System is ready to utilize external key manager(s).
Trying to recover keys from key servers....
kmip init: configuring ports
Running command '/sbin/ifconfig eOM'
. .
. .
kmip init: cmd: ReleaseExtraBSDPort eOM
```

After you enter the client and server information, the recovery process completes.

#### Show example

```
System is ready to utilize external key manager(s).
Trying to recover keys from key servers....
[Aug 29 21:06:28]: 0x808806100: 0: DEBUG: kmip2::main:
[initOpenssl]:460: Performing initialization of OpenSSL
Successfully recovered keymanager secrets.
```

5. Select option 1 from the boot menu to continue booting into ONTAP.

#### Show example prompt

```
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* Select option "(1) Normal Boot." to complete the recovery process.
*
*****
(1) Normal Boot.
(2) Boot without /etc/rc.
(3) Change password.
(4) Clean configuration and initialize all disks.
(5) Maintenance mode boot.
(6) Update flash from backup config.
(7) Install new software first.
(8) Reboot node.
(9) Configure Advanced Drive Partitioning.
(10) Set Onboard Key Manager recovery secrets.
(11) Configure node for external key management.
Selection (1-11)? 1
```

6. Restore automatic giveback, if you disabled it, by entering the following command.

storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true

7. If AutoSupport is enabled, restore automatic case creation by entering the following command.

system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=END

### Return the failed part to NetApp - FAS2820

Return the failed part to NetApp, as described in the RMA instructions shipped with the kit. See the Part Return and Replacements page for further information.

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