



RBAC with VMware vSphere

ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10

NetApp

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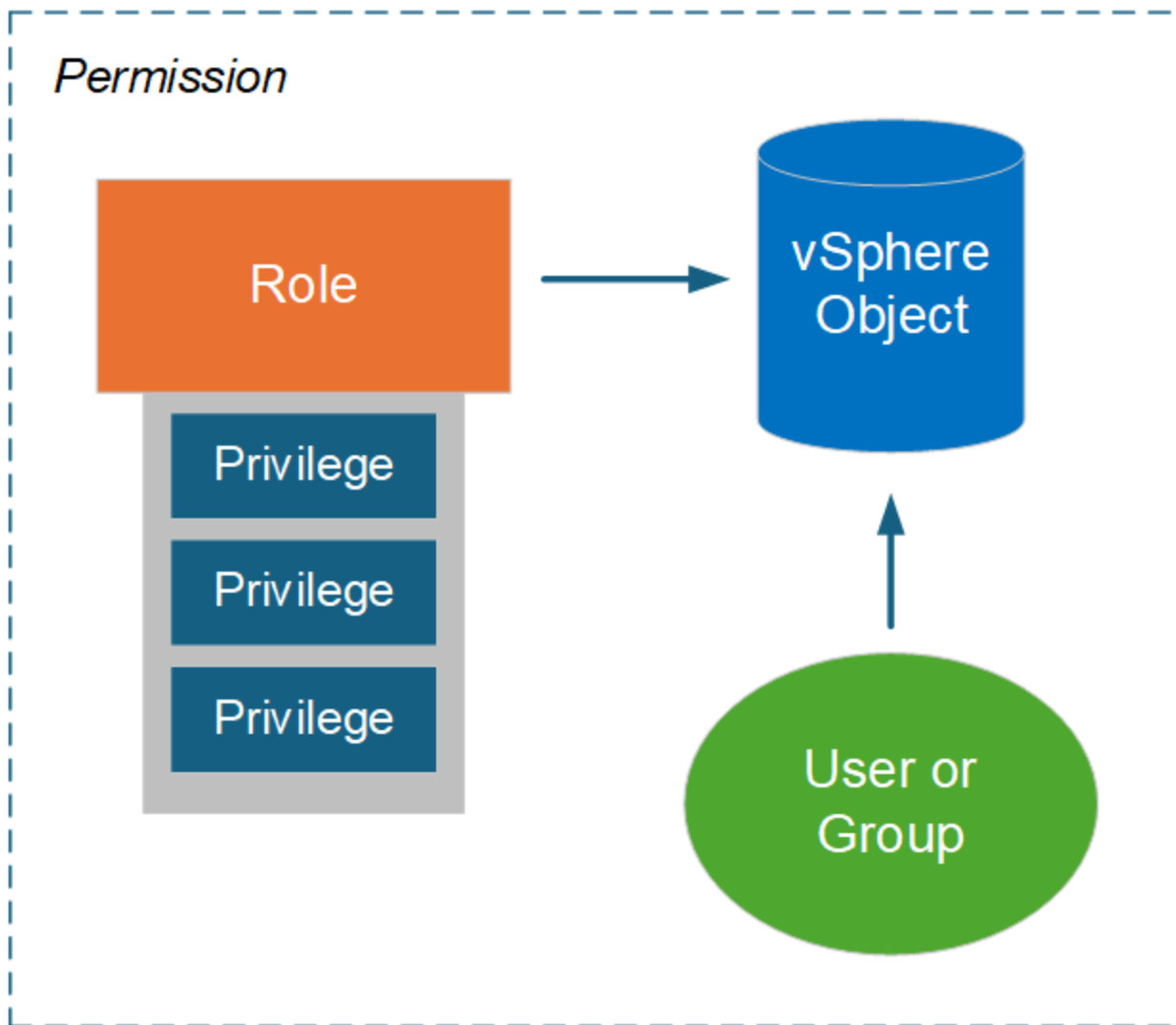
RBAC with VMware vSphere

vCenter Server RBAC environment with ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10

VMware vCenter Server provides an RBAC capability that enables you to control access to vSphere objects. It is an important part of the vCenter centralized authentication and authorization security services.

Illustration of a vCenter Server permission

A permission is the foundation for enforcing access control in the vCenter Server environment. It's applied to a vSphere object with a user or group included with the permission definition. A high-level illustration of a vCenter permission is provided in the figure below.



Components of a vCenter Server permission

A vCenter Server permission is a package of several components that are bound together when the permission is created.

vSphere objects

Permissions are associated with vSphere objects, such as the vCenter Server, ESXi hosts, virtual machines, datastores, data centers, and folders. Based on the object's assigned permissions, vCenter Server determines which actions or tasks can be performed on the object by each user or group. For the tasks specific to ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere, all permissions are assigned and validated at the root or root folder level of vCenter Server. See [Use RBAC with vCenter server](#) for more information.

Privileges and roles

There are two types of vSphere privileges used with ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10. To simplify working with RBAC in this environment, ONTAP tools provides roles containing the required native and custom privileges. The privileges include:

- Native vCenter Server privileges

These are the privileges provided by vCenter Server.

- ONTAP tools-specific privileges

These are custom privileges unique to ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere.

Users and groups

You can define users and groups using Active Directory or the local vCenter Server instance. Combined with a role, you can create a permission on an object in the vSphere object hierarchy. The permission grants access based on the privileges in the associated role. Note that roles aren't assigned directly to users in isolation. Instead, users and groups gain access to an object through role privileges as part of the larger vCenter Server permission.

Use vCenter Server RBAC with ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10

There are several aspects of the ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10 RBAC implementation with vCenter Server you should consider before using it in a production environment.

vCenter roles and the administrator account

You only need to define and use the custom vCenter Server roles if you want to limit access to the vSphere objects and associated administrative tasks. If limiting access is not required, you can use an administrator account instead. Each administrator account is defined with the Administrator role at the top level of the object hierarchy. This provides full access to the vSphere objects, including those added by ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10.

vSphere object hierarchy

The vSphere object inventory is organized in a hierarchy. For example, you can move down the hierarchy as follows:

vCenter Server --> Datacenter --> Cluster --> ESXi host --> Virtual Machine

All permissions are validated in the vSphere object hierarchy except the VAAI plug-in operations, which are validated against the target ESXi host.

Roles included with ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10

To simplify working with vCenter Server RBAC, ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere provides predefined roles tailored to various administration tasks.



You can create new custom roles if needed. In this case, you should clone one of the existing ONTAP tools roles and edit it as needed. After making the configuration changes, the affected vSphere client users need to log out and log back in to activate the changes.

To view the ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere roles, select **Menu** at the top of the vSphere Client and click **Administration** and then **Roles** on the left. There are three predefined roles as described below.

NetApp ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere Administrator

Provides all the native vCenter Server privileges and ONTAP tools-specific privileges required to perform core ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere administrator tasks.

NetApp ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere Read Only

Provides read-only access to ONTAP tools. These users cannot perform any ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere actions that are access-controlled.

NetApp ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere Provision

Provides some of the native vCenter Server privileges and ONTAP tools-specific privileges that are required to provision storage. You can perform the following tasks:

- Create new datastores
- Manage datastores

vSphere objects and ONTAP storage backends

The two RBAC environments work together. When performing a task in the vSphere client interface, the ONTAP tools roles defined to vCenter Server are checked first. If the operation is permitted by vSphere, then the ONTAP role privileges are examined. This second step is performed based on the ONTAP role assigned to the user when the storage backend was created and configured.

Working with vCenter Server RBAC

There are a few things to consider when working with the vCenter Server privileges and permissions.

Required privileges

To access the ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10 user interface, you need to have the ONTAP tools-specific *View* privilege. If you sign in to vSphere without this privilege and click the NetApp icon, ONTAP tools for

VMware vSphere displays an error message and prevents you from accessing the user interface.

The assignment level in the vSphere object hierarchy determines which portions of the user interface you can access. Assigning the View privilege to the root object enables you to access ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere by clicking the NetApp icon.

You can instead assign the View privilege to another lower vSphere object level. However, this will limit the ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere menus that you can access and use.

Assigning permissions

You need to use vCenter Server permissions if you want to limit access to the vSphere objects and tasks. Where you assign permission in the vSphere object hierarchy determines the ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10 tasks users can perform.



Unless you need to define more restrictive access, it's generally a good practice to assign permissions at the root object or root folder level.

The permissions available with ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere 10 apply to custom non-vSphere objects, such as storage systems. If possible, you should assign these permissions to ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere root object because there is no vSphere object you can assign it to. For example, any permission that includes an ONTAP tools for VMware vSphere "Add/Modify/Remove storage systems" privilege should be assigned at the root object level.

When defining a permission at a higher level in the object hierarchy, you can configure the permission so it is passed down and inherited by the child objects. If needed you can assign additional permissions to the child objects that override the permissions inherited from the parent.

You can modify a permission at any time. If you change any of the privileges within a permission, users associated with the permission need to log out of vSphere and log back in to enable the change.

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