



Configure Certificate-based Authentication

SnapCenter Software 5.0

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Configure Certificate-based Authentication

Export Certificate Authority (CA) certificates from SnapCenter Server

You should export the CA certificates from the SnapCenter Server to the plug-in hosts using the Microsoft management console (MMC).

Before you begin

You should have configured the two-way SSL.

Steps

1. Go to the Microsoft management console (MMC), and then click **File > Add/Remove Snapin**.
2. In the Add or Remove Snap-ins window, select **Certificates** and then click **Add**.
3. In the Certificates Snap-in window, select the **Computer Account** option, and then click **Finish**.
4. Click **Console Root > Certificates - Local Computer > Personal > Certificates**.
5. Right-click on the procured CA certificate, which is used for SnapCenter Server and then select **All Tasks > Export** to start the export wizard.
6. Perform the following actions in the wizard.

For this option...	Do the following...
Export Private Key	Select No, do not export the private key , and then click Next .
Export File Format	Click Next .
File Name	Click Browse and specify the file path to save the certificate, and click Next .
Completing the Certificate Export Wizard	Review the summary, and then click Finish to start the export.



Certificate based authentication is not supported for SnapCenter HA configurations and SnapCenter Plug-in for VMware vSphere.

Import Certificate Authority (CA) certificate to the Windows plug-in hosts

To use the exported SnapCenter Server CA certificate, you should import the related certificate to the SnapCenter Windows plug-in hosts using the Microsoft management console (MMC).

Steps

1. Go to the Microsoft management console (MMC), and then click **File > Add/Remove Snapin**.
2. In the Add or Remove Snap-ins window, select **Certificates** and then click **Add**.
3. In the Certificates Snap-in window, select the **Computer Account** option, and then click **Finish**.
4. Click **Console Root > Certificates - Local Computer > Personal > Certificates**.
5. Right-click on the folder "Personal", and then select **All Tasks > Import** to start the import wizard.
6. Perform the following actions in the wizard.

For this option...	Do the following...
Store Location	Click Next .
File to Import	Select the SnapCenter Server certificate that ends with .cer extension.
Certificate Store	Click Next .
Completing the Certificate Export Wizard	Review the summary, and then click Finish to start the import.

Import CA Certificate to the UNIX host plug-ins and configure root or intermediate certificates to SPL trust-store

Import CA Certificate to the UNIX plug-in hosts

You should import the CA certificate to the UNIX plug-in hosts.

About this task

- You can manage the password for SPL keystore, and the alias of the CA signed key pair in use.
- The password for SPL keystore and for all the associated alias password of the private key should be same.

Steps

1. You can retrieve SPL keystore default password from SPL property file. It is the value corresponding to the key `SPL_KEYSTORE_PASS`.
2. Change the keystore password: `$ keytool -storepasswd -keystore keystore.jks`
3. Change the password for all aliases of private key entries in the keystore to the same password used for the keystore: `$ keytool -keypasswd -alias "<alias_name>" -keystore keystore.jks`
4. Update the same for the key `SPL_KEYSTORE_PASS` in `spl.properties`` file.
5. Restart the service after changing the password.

Configure root or intermediate certificates to SPL trust-store

You should configure the root or intermediate certificates to SPL trust-store. You should

add the root CA certificate and then the intermediate CA certificates.

Steps

1. Navigate to the folder containing the SPL keystore: `/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/etc`.
2. Locate the file `keystore.jks`.
3. List the added certificates in the keystore: `$ keytool -list -v -keystore keystore.jks`
4. Add a root or intermediate certificate: `$ keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias <AliasNameForCertificateToBeImported> -file /<CertificatePath> -keystore keystore.jks`
5. Restart the service after configuring the root or intermediate certificates to SPL trust-store.

Configure CA signed key pair to SPL trust-store

You should configure the CA signed key pair to SPL trust-store.

Steps

1. Navigate to the folder containing the SPL's keystore `/var/opt/snapcenter/spl/etc`.
2. Locate the file `keystore.jks``.
3. List the added certificates in the keystore: `$ keytool -list -v -keystore keystore.jks`
4. Add the CA certificate having both private and public key. `$ keytool -importkeystore -srckeystore <CertificatePathToImport> -srcstoretype pkcs12 -destkeystore keystore.jks -deststoretype JKS`
5. List the added certificates in the keystore. `$ keytool -list -v -keystore keystore.jks`
6. Verify that the keystore contains the alias corresponding to the new CA certificate, which was added to the keystore.
7. Change the added private key password for CA certificate to the keystore password.

Default SPL keystore password is the value of the key `SPL_KEystore_PASS` in `spl.properties` file.

```
$ keytool -keypasswd -alias "<aliasNameOfAddedCertInKeystore>" -keystore keystore.jks`
```

8. If the alias name in the CA certificate is long and contains space or special characters ("*", ",",), change the alias name to a simple name: `$ keytool -changealias -alias "<OriginalAliasName>" -destalias "<NewAliasName>" -keystore keystore.jks``
9. Configure the alias name from the keystore located in `spl.properties` file. Update this value against the key `SPL_CERTIFICATE_ALIAS`.
10. Restart the service after configuring the CA signed key pair to SPL trust-store.

Enable Certificate-based authentication

To enable certificate-based authentication for SnapCenter Server and the Windows plug-in hosts, run the following PowerShell cmdlet. For the Linux plug-in hosts, the certificate-based authentication will be enabled when you enable the two-way SSL.

- To enable client certificate-based authentication:

```
Set-SmConfigSettings -Agent -configSettings  
@{"EnableClientCertificateAuthentication"="true"} -HostName [hostname]
```

- To disable client certificate-based authentication:

```
Set-SmConfigSettings -Agent -configSettings  
@{"EnableClientCertificateAuthentication"="false"} -HostName [hostname]`
```

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