



Error message values

Snapdrive for Unix

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It is helpful for you to be aware of some of the more common error messages that you might see when using SnapDrive for UNIX, and to know how to address them.

The following table gives you detailed information about the most common errors that you might encounter when using SnapDrive for UNIX:

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0000-001	NA	Admin	Datapath has been configured for the storage system <STORAGE-SYSTEM-NAME>. Please delete it using <code>snapdrive config delete -mgmtpath</code> command and retry.	Before deleting the storage system, delete the management path configured for the storage system by using the <code>snapdrive config delete -mgmtpath</code> command.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-242	NA	Admin	Unable to connect using https to storage system: 10.72.197.213. Ensure that 10.72.197.213 is a valid storage system name/address, and if the storage system that you configure is running on a Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, add the host to the trusted hosts (options trusted.hosts) and enable SSL on the storage system 10.72.197.213 or modify the snapdrive.conf to use http for communication and restart the snapdrive daemon. If the storage system that you configure is running on clustered Data ONTAP, ensure that the Vserver name is mapped to IP address of the Vserver's management LIF.`	<p>Check the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the storage system you are connected is a valid storage system. • If the storage system that you are trying to configure is running on Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, add the same to the trusted hosts, and enable SSL on the storage system or modify the <code>snapdrive.conf</code> file to use HTTP for communication; then restart the SnapDrive daemon. • If the storage system that you are trying to configure is running on clustered Data ONTAP, ensure that the Vserver name is mapped to the IP address of the Vserver's management logical interface (LIF).

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0003- 004	NA	Admin	Failed to deport LUN <LUN-NAME> on storage system <STORAGE-SYSTEM-NAME> from the Guest OS. Reason: No mapping device information populated from CoreOS	<p>This happens when you execute the <code>snapdrive snap disconnect</code> operation in the guest operating system.</p> <p>Check if there is any RDM LUN mapping in the ESX server or stale RDM entry in the ESX server.</p> <p>Delete the RDM mapping manually in the ESX server as well as in the guest operating system.</p>
0001- 019	3	Command	invalid command line-duplicate filespecs: <dg1/vol2 and dg1/vol2>	<p>This happens when the command executed has multiple host entities on the same host volume.</p> <p>For example, the command explicitly specified the host volume and the file system on the same host volume.</p> <p>Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove all the duplicate instances of the host entities. 2. Execute the command again.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-023	11	Admin	Unable to discover all LUNs in Disk Group dgl.Devices not responding: dgl Please check the LUN status on the storage system and bring the LUN online if necessary or add the host to the trusted hosts (options trusted.hosts) and enable SSL on the storage system or retry after changing snapdrive.conf to use (http/https) for storage system communication and restarting snapdrive daemon.	<p>This happens when a SCSI inquiry on the device fails. A SCSI inquiry on the device can fail for multiple reasons.</p> <p>Execute the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Set the device-retries configuration variable to a higher value. For example, set it to 10 (the default value is 3) and execute the command again. 2. Use the <code>snapdrive storage show</code> command with the <code>-all</code> option to get information about the device. 3. Check if the FC or iSCSI service is up and running on the storage system. If not, contact the storage administrator to bring the storage system online. 4. Check if the FC or iSCSI service is up on the host. <p>If the preceding solutions do not solve the issue, contact technical support.</p>
0001-395	NA	Admin	No HBAs on this host!	<p>This occurs If you have a large number of LUNs connected to your host system.</p> <p>Check if the variable <code>enable-fcp-cache</code> is set to on in the <code>snapdrive.conf</code> file.</p>
0001-389	NA	Admin	Cannot get HBA type for HBA assistant linuxfcp	<p>This occurs If you have a large number of LUNs connected to your host system.</p> <p>Check if the variable <code>enable-fcp-cache</code> is set to on in the <code>snapdrive.conf</code> file.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-389	NA	Admin	Cannot get HBA type for assistant vmwarefc	<p>The following conditions must be checked:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Before you create a storage, ensure if you have configured the virtual interface using the command: <pre> snapdrive config set -viadmin <user> <virtual_interface_IP or name> </pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check if the storage system exists for a virtual interface and still you encounter the same error message, then restart SnapDrive for UNIX for the storage create operation to be successful. • Check if you meet the configuration requirements of Virtual Storage Console, as documented in the NetApp Virtual Storage Console for VMware vSphere
0001-682	NA	Admin	Host preparation for new LUNs failed: This functionality checkControllers is not supported.	Execute the command again for the SnapDrive operation to be successful.
0001-859	NA	Admin	None of the host's interfaces have NFS permissions to access directory <directory name> on storage system <storage system name>	In the <code>snapdrive.conf</code> file, ensure that the <code>check-export-permission-nfs-clone</code> configuration variable is set to <code>off</code> .

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0002-253		Admin	Flex clone creation failed	It is a storage system side error. Please collect the sd-trace.log and storage system logs to troubleshoot it.
0002-264		Admin	FlexClone is not supported on filer <filer name>	FlexClone is not supported with the current Data ONTAP version of the storage system. Upgrade storage system's Data ONTAP version to 7.0 or later and then retry the command.
0002-265		Admin	Unable to check flex_clone license on filer <filename>	It is a storage system side error. Collect the sd-trace.log and storage system logs to troubleshoot it.
0002-266	NA	Admin	FlexClone is not licensed on filer <filename>	FlexClone is not licensed on the storage system. Retry the command after adding FlexClone license on the storage system.
0002-267	NA	Admin	FlexClone is not supported on root volume <volume-name>	FlexClones cannot be created for root volumes.
0002-270	NA	Admin	The free space on the aggregate <aggregate-name> is less than <size> MB (megabytes) required for diskgroup/flexclone metadata	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For connecting to raw LUNs using FlexClones, 2 MB free space on the aggregate is required. 2. Free some space on the aggregate as per steps 1 and 2, and then retry the command.
0002-332	NA	Admin	SD.SnapShot.Restore access denied on qtree storage_array1:/vol/vol1/qtreen1 for user lnx197-142\john	Contact Operations Manager administrator to grant the required capability to the user.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0002-364	NA	Admin	Unable to contact DFM: lnx197-146, please change user name and/or password.	Verify and correct the user name and password of sd-admin user.
0002-268	NA	Admin	<volume-Name> is not a flexible volume	FlexClones cannot be created for traditional volumes.
0003-003		Admin	1. Failed to export LUN <LUN_NAME> on storage system <STORAGE_NAME> to the Guest OS. or	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check if there is any RDM LUN mapping in the ESX server (or) stale RDM entry in the ESX server. • Delete the RDM mapping manually in the ESX server as well as in the guest operating system.
0003-012		Admin	Virtual Interface Server win2k3-225-238 is not reachable.	<p>NIS is not configured on for the host/guest OS.</p> <p>You must provide the name and IP mapping in the file located at <code>/etc/hosts</code></p> <p>For example: <code># cat /etc/hosts10.72.225.238 win2k3-225-238.eng.org.com win2k3-225-238</code></p>
0001-552	NA	Command	Not a valid Volume-clone or LUN-clone	Clone-split cannot be created for traditional volumes.
0001-553	NA	Command	Unable to split "FS-Name" due to insufficient storage space in <Filer- Name>	Clone-split continues the splitting process and suddenly, the clone split stops due to insufficient storage space not available in the storage system.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0003-002		Command	No more LUN's can be exported to the guest OS.	As the number of devices supported by the ESX server for a controller has reached the maximum limit, you must add more controllers for the guest operating system. NOTE: The ESX server limits the maximum controller per guest operating system to 4.
9000- 023	1	Command	No arguments for keyword -lun	This error occurs when the command with the <code>-lun</code> keyword does not have the <code>lun_name</code> argument. What to do: Do either of the following; 1. Specify the <code>lun_name</code> argument for the command with the <code>-lun</code> keyword. 2. Check the SnapDrive for UNIX help message
0001-028	1	Command	File system </mnt/qa/dg4/vol1> is of a type (hfs) not managed by snapdrive. Please resubmit your request, leaving out the file system <mnt/qa/dg4/vol1>	This error occurs when a non-supported file system type is part of a command. What to do: Exclude or update the file system type and then use the command again. For the latest software compatibility information see the Interoperability Matrix.
9000-030	1	Command	-lun may not be combined with other keywords	This error occurs when you combine the <code>-lun</code> keyword with the <code>-fs</code> or <code>-dg</code> keyword. This is a syntax error and indicates invalid usage of command. What to do: Execute the command again only with the <code>-lun</code> keyword.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-034	1	Command	<pre>mount failed: mount: <device name> is not a valid block device"</pre>	<p>This error occurs only when the cloned LUN is already connected to the same filespec present in Snapshot copy and then you try to execute the <code>snapdrive snap restore</code> command.</p> <p>The command fails because the iSCSI daemon remaps the device entry for the restored LUN when you delete the cloned LUN.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute the <code>snapdrive snap restore</code> command again. 2. Delete the connected LUN (if it is mounted on the same filespec as in Snapshot copy) before trying to restore a Snapshot copy of an original LUN.
0001-046 and 0001-047	1	Command	<pre>Invalid snapshot name: </vol/voll/NO_FI LER_PRE_FIX> or Invalid snapshot name: NO_LONG_FILERNAM E - filer volume name is missing</pre>	<p>This is a syntax error which indicates invalid use of command, where a Snapshot operation is attempted with an invalid Snapshot name.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive snap list - filer <filer-volume-name></code> command to get a list of Snapshot copies. 2. Execute the command with the <code>long_snap_name</code> argument.
9000-047	1	Command	<pre>More than one -snapname argument given</pre>	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX cannot accept more than one Snapshot name in the command line for performing any Snapshot operations.</p> <p>What to do: Execute the command again, with only one Snapshot name.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
9000-049	1	Command	<code>-dg</code> and <code>-vg</code> may not be combined	<p>This error occurs when you combine the <code>-dg</code> and <code>-vg</code> keywords. This is a syntax error and indicates invalid usage of commands.</p> <p>What to do: Execute the command either with the <code>-dg</code> or <code>-vg</code> keyword.</p>
9000-050	1	Command	<code>-lvol</code> and <code>-hostvol</code> may not be combined	<p>This error occurs when you combine the <code>-lvol</code> and <code>-hostvol</code> keywords. This is a syntax error and indicates invalid usage of commands. What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Change the <code>-lvol</code> option to <code>-hostvol</code> option or vice-versa in the command line. 2. Execute the command.
9000-057	1	Command	Missing required <code>-snapname</code> argument	<p>This is a syntax error that indicates an invalid usage of command, where a Snapshot operation is attempted without providing the <code>snap_name</code> argument.</p> <p>What to do: Execute the command with an appropriate Snapshot name.</p>
0001-067	6	Command	Snapshot <code>hourly.0</code> was not created by <code>snapdrive</code> .	<p>These are the automatic hourly Snapshot copies created by Data ONTAP.</p>
0001-092	6	Command	snapshot <code><non_existent_24_965></code> doesn't exist on a <code>filervol</code> exocet: <code></vol/vol1></code>	<p>The specified Snapshot copy was not found on the storage system. What to do: Use the <code>snapdrive snap list</code> command to find the Snapshot copies that exist in the storage system.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 099	10	Admin	Invalid snapshot name: <exocet:/vol2/db vol:New SnapName> doesn't match filer volume name <exocet:/vol/vol 1>	<p>This is a syntax error that indicates invalid use of commands, where a Snapshot operation is attempted with an invalid Snapshot name.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive snap list - filer <filer-volume-name></code> command to get a list of Snapshot copies. 2. Execute the command with the correct format of the Snapshot name that is qualified by SnapDrive for UNIX. The qualified formats are: <code>long_snap_name</code> and <code>short_snap_name</code>.
0001-122	6	Admin	Failed to get snapshot list on filer <exocet>: The specified volume does not exist.	<p>This error occurs when the specified storage system (filer) volume does not exist.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Contact the storage administrator to get the list of valid storage system volumes. 2. Execute the command with a valid storage system volume name.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-124	111	Admin	Failed to removesnapshot <snap_delete_multi_inuse_24374> on filer <exocet>: LUN clone	<p>The Snapshot delete operation failed for the specified Snapshot copy because the LUN clone was present.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the snapdrive storage show command with the <code>-all</code> option to find the LUN clone for the Snapshot copy (part of the backing Snapshot copy output). 2. Contact the storage administrator to split the LUN from the clone. 3. Execute the command again.
0001-155	4	Command	Snapshot <dup_snapname23980> already exists on <exocet: /vol/vol1>. Please use <code>-f</code> (force) flag to overwrite existing snapshot	<p>This error occurs if the Snapshot copy name used in the command already exists.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute the command again with a different Snapshot name. 2. Execute the command again with the <code>-f</code> (force) flag to overwrite the existing Snapshot copy.
0001-158	84	Command	diskgroup configuration has changed since <snapshotexocet: /vol/vol1:overwrite_noforce_25 078> was taken. removed hostvol </dev/dg3/vol4> Please use <code>'-f'</code> (force) flag to override warning and complete restore	<p>The disk group can contain multiple LUNs and when the disk group configuration changes, you encounter this error. For example, when creating a Snapshot copy, the disk group consisted of X number of LUNs and after making the copy, the disk group can have X+Y number of LUNs.</p> <p>What to do: Use the command again with the <code>-f</code> (force) flag.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-185	NA	Command	<pre>storage show failed: no NETAPP devices to show or enable SSL on the filers or retry after changing snapdrive.conf to use http for filer communication.</pre>	<p>This problem can occur for the following reasons:</p> <p>If the iSCSI daemon or the FC service on the host has stopped or is malfunction, the <code>snapdrive storage show -all</code> command fails, even if there are configured LUNs on the host.</p> <p>What to do: Resolve the malfunctioning iSCSI or FC service.</p> <p>The storage system on which the LUNs are configured is down or is undergoing a reboot.</p> <p>What to do: Wait until the LUNs are up.</p> <p>The value set for the <code>usehttps-to-filer</code> configuration variable might not be a supported configuration.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>sanlun lun show all</code> command to check if there are any LUNs mapped to the host. 2. If there are any LUNs mapped to the host, follow the instructions mentioned in the error message. <p>Change the value of the <code>usehttps-to-filer</code> configuration variable (to "on" if the value is "off"; to "off" if the value is "on").</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-226	3	Command	'snap create' requires all filespecs to be accessible. Please verify the following inaccessible filespec(s): File System: </mnt/qa/dg1/vol3>	This error occurs when the specified host entity does not exist. What to do: Use the <code>snapdrive storage show</code> command again with the <code>-all</code> option to find the host entities which exist on the host.
0001- 242	18	Admin	Unable to connect to filer: <filename>	SnapDrive for UNIX attempts to connect to a storage system through the secure HTTP protocol. The error can occur when the host is unable to connect to the storage system. What to do: Complete the following steps: 1. Network problems: 1. Use the <code>nslookup</code> command to check the DNS name resolution for the storage system that works through the host. 2. Add the storage system to the DNS server if it does not exist. You can also use an IP address instead of a host name to connect to the storage system. 2. Storage system Configuration: 1. For SnapDrive for UNIX to work, you must have the license key for the secure HTTP access. 2. After the license key is set up, check if you can access the storage system through a Web browser. 3. Execute the command after performing either Step 1 or Step 2 or both.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 243	10	Command	Invalid dg name: <SDU_dg1>	<p>This error occurs when the disk group is not present in the host and subsequently the command fails. For example, <i>SDU_dg1</i> is not present in the host.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive storage show -all</code> command to get all the disk group names. 2. Execute the command again, with the correct disk group name.
0001- 246	10	Command	Invalid hostvolume name: </mnt/qa/dg2/BAD FS>, the valid format is <vgname/hostvolname>, i.e. <mygroup/vol2>	<p>What to do: Execute the command again, with the following appropriate format for the host volume name: <code>vgname/hostvolname</code></p>
0001- 360	34	Admin	Failed to create LUN </vol/badvoll/na nehpl3_ unnewDg_fve_SdLun> on filer <exocet>: No such volume	<p>This error occurs when the specified path includes a storage system volume which does not exist.</p> <p>What to do: Contact your storage administrator to get the list of storage system volumes which are available for use.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 372	58	Command	Bad lun name:: </vol/vol1/sce_1 un2a> - format not recognized	<p>This error occurs if the LUN names that are specified in the command do not adhere to the pre-defined format that SnapDrive for UNIX supports. SnapDrive for UNIX requires LUN names to be specified in the following pre-defined format:</p> <pre><filer-name: /vol/<volname>/<lun-name></pre> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive help</code> command to know the pre-defined format for LUN names that SnapDrive for UNIX supports. 2. Execute the command again.
0001- 373	6	Command	The following required 1 LUN(s) not found: exocet:</vol/vol 1/NotARealLun>	<p>This error occurs when the specified LUN is not found on the storage system.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To see the LUNs connected to the host, use the <code>snapdrive storage show -dev</code> command or <code>snapdrive storage show -all</code> command. 2. To see the entire list of LUNs on the storage system, contact the storage administrator to get the output of the <code>lun show</code> command from the storage system.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 377	43	Command	Disk group name <name> is already in use or conflicts with another entity.	<p>This error occurs when the disk group name is already in use or conflicts with another entity. What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute the command with the <code>-autorename</code> option 2. Use the <code>snapdrive storage show</code> command with the <code>-all</code> option to find the names that the host is using. Execute the command specifying another name that the host is not using.
0001- 380	43	Command	Host volume name <dg3/vol1> is already in use or conflicts with another entity.	<p>This error occurs when the host volume name is already in use or conflicts with another entity</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute the command with the <code>-autorename</code> option. 2. Use the <code>snapdrive storage show</code> command with the <code>-all</code> option to find the names that the host is using. Execute the command specifying another name that the host is not using.
0001- 417	51	Command	The following names are already in use: <mydg1>. Please specify other names.	<p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute the command again with the <code>-autorename</code> option. 2. Use <code>snapdrive storage show - all</code> command to find the names that exists on the host. Execute the command again to explicitly specify another name that the host is not using.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 430	51	Command	You cannot specify both -dg/vg dg and -lvol/hostvol dg/vol	<p>This is a syntax error which indicates an invalid usage of commands. The command line can accept either -dg/vg keyword or the -lvol/hostvol keyword, but not both.</p> <p>What to do: Execute the command with only the -dg/vg or -lvol/hostvol keyword.</p>
0001- 434	6	Command	snapshot exocet:/vol/vol1 :NOT_EXIST doesn't exist on a storage volume exocet:/vol/vol1	<p>This error occurs when the specified Snapshot copy is not found on the storage system.</p> <p>What to do: Use the <code>snapdrive snap list</code> command to find the Snapshot copies that exist in the storage system.</p>
0001- 435	3	Command	You must specify all host volumes and/or all file systems on the command line or give the -autoexpand option. The following names were missing on the command line but were found in snapshot <snap2_5VG_SINGL_ELUN_REMOTE>: Host Volumes: <dg3/vol2> File Systems: </mnt/qa/dg3/vol2>	<p>The specified disk group has multiple host volumes or file system, but the complete set is not mentioned in the command.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Re-issue the command with the - autoexpand option. 2. Use the <code>snapdrive snap show</code> command to find the entire list of host volumes and file systems. Execute the command specifying all the host volumes or file systems.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 440	6	Command	<pre>snapshot snap2_5VG_SINGLE LUN_REMOTE does not contain disk group 'dgBAD'</pre>	<p>This error occurs when the specified disk group is not part of the specified Snapshot copy.</p> <p>What to do: To find if there is any Snapshot copy for the specified disk group, do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive snap list</code> command to find the Snapshot copies in the storage system. 2. Use the <code>snapdrive snap show</code> command to find the disk groups, host volumes, file systems, or LUNs that are present in the Snapshot copy. 3. If a Snapshot copy exists for the disk group, execute the command with the Snapshot name.
0001- 442	1	Command	<pre>More than one destination - <dis> and <dis1> specified for a single snap connect source <src>. Please retry using separate commands.</pre>	<p>What to do: Execute a separate <code>snapdrive snap connect</code> command, so that the new destination disk group name (which is part of the <code>snap connect</code> command) is not the same as what is already part of the other disk group units of the same <code>snapdrive snap connect</code> command.</p>
0001- 465	1	Command	<pre>The following filespecs do not exist and cannot be deleted: Disk Group: <nanehp13_dg1></pre>	<p>The specified disk group does not exist on the host, therefore the deletion operation for the specified disk group failed.</p> <p>What to do: See the list of entities on the host by using the <code>snapdrive storage show</code> command with the <code>all</code> option.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 476	NA	Admin	Unable to discover the device associated with <long lun name>. If multipathing is in use, there may be a possible multipathing configuration error. Please verify the configuration and then retry.	<p>There can be many reasons for this failure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Invalid host configuration: The iSCSI, FC, or the multipathing solution is not properly setup. Invalid network or switch configuration: The IP network is not setup with the proper forwarding rules or filters for iSCSI traffic, or the FC switches are not configured with the recommended zoning configuration. <p>The preceding issues are very difficult to diagnose in an algorithmic or sequential manner.</p> <p>What to do: NetApplIt recommends that before you use SnapDrive for UNIX, you follow the steps recommended in the Host Utilities Setup Guide (for the specific operating system) for discovering LUNs manually.</p> <p>After you discover LUNs, use the SnapDrive for UNIX commands.</p>
0001- 486	12	Admin	LUN(s) in use, unable to delete. Please note it is dangerous to remove LUNs that are under Volume Manager control without properly removing them from Volume Manager control first.	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX cannot delete a LUN that is part of a volume group.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Delete the disk group using the command <code>snapdrive storage delete -dg <dgname></code>. Delete the LUN.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 494	12	Command	<pre>Snapdrive cannot delete <mydg1>, because 1 host volumes still remain on it. Use -full flag to delete all file systems and host volumes associated with <mydg1></pre>	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX cannot delete a disk group until all the host volumes on the disk group are explicitly requested to be deleted.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Specify the <code>-full</code> flag in the command. 2. Complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive storage show -all</code> command to get the list of host volumes that are on the disk group. 2. Mention each of them explicitly in the SnapDrive for UNIX command.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 541	65	Command	Insufficient access permission to create a LUN on filer, <exocet>.	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX uses the <code>sdhostname.prbac</code> or <code>sdgeneric.prbacfile</code> on the root storage system (filer) volume for its pseudo access control mechanism.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Modify the <code>sdhostname.prbac</code> or <code>sdgeneric.prbac</code> file in the storage system to include the following requisite permissions (can be one or many): <ol style="list-style-type: none"> NONE SNAP CREATE SNAP USE SNAP ALL STORAGE CREATE DELETE STORAGE USE STORAGE ALL ALL ACCESS <p>NOTE:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you do not have <code>sdhostname.prbac</code> file, then modify the <code>sdgeneric.prbac</code> file in the storage system. If you have both <code>sdhostname.prbac</code> and <code>sdgeneric.prbac</code> file, then modify the settings only in <code>sdhostname.prbac</code> file in the storage system. </div> In the <code>snapdrive.conf</code> file, ensure that the <code>all-access-if-rbacunspecified</code> configuration variable is set to "on".

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-559	NA	Admin	Detected I/Os while taking snapshot. Please quiesce your application. See Snapdrive Admin. Guide for more information.	<p>This error occurs if you try to create a Snapshot copy, while parallel input/output operations occur on the file specification and the value of <code>snapcreate-cg-timeout</code> is set to urgent.</p> <p>What to do: Increase the value of consistency groups time out by setting the value of <code>snapcreate-cg-timeout</code> to relaxed.</p>
0001- 570	6	Command	Disk group <dg1> does not exist and hence cannot be resized	<p>This error occurs when the disk group is not present in the host and subsequently the command fails.</p> <p>What to do: Complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive storage show -all</code> command to get all the disk group names. 2. Execute the command with the correct disk group name.
0001- 574	1	Command	<VmAssistant> lvm does not support resizing LUNs in disk groups	<p>This error occurs when the volume manager that is used to perform this task does not support LUN resizing.</p> <p>SnapDrive for UNIX depends on the volume manager solution to support the LUN resizing, if the LUN is part of a disk group.</p> <p>What to do: Check if the volume manager that you are using supports LUN resizing.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001- 616	6	Command	<pre>1 snapshot(s) NOT found on filer: exocet:/vol/vol1 :MySnapName></pre>	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX cannot accept more than one Snapshot name in the command line for performing any Snapshot operations. To rectify this error, re-issue the command with one Snapshot name.</p> <p>This is a syntax error which indicates invalid use of command, where a Snapshot operation is attempted with an invalid Snapshot name. To rectify this error, complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <code>snapdrive snap list - filer <filer-volume-name></code> command to get a list of Snapshot copies. 2. Execute the command with the <code>long_snap_name</code> argument.
0001- 640	1	Command	<pre>Root file system / is not managed by snapdrive</pre>	<p>This error occurs when the root file system on the host is not supported by SnapDrive for UNIX. This is an invalid request to SnapDrive for UNIX.</p>
0001- 684	45	Admin	<pre>Mount point <fs_spec> already exists in mount table</pre>	<p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute the SnapDrive for UNIX command with a different mountpoint. 2. Check that the mountpoint is not in use and then manually (using any editor) delete the entry from the following files: <p>Linux: /etc/fstab</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-796 and 0001-767	3	Command	0001-796 and 0001-767	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX does not support more than one LUN in the same command with the <code>-nolvm</code> option.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the command again to specify only one LUN with the <code>-nolvm</code> option. 2. Use the command without the <code>-nolvm</code> option. This will use the supported volume manager present in the host, if any.
2715	NA	NA	Volume restore zephyr not available for the filer <filename>Please proceed with lun restore	For older Data ONTAP versions, volume restore zapi is not available. Reissue the command with SFSR.
2278	NA	NA	SnapShot created after <snapname> do not have volume clones ... FAILED	Split or delete the clones
2280	NA	NA	LUNs mapped and not in active or SnapShot <filespec-name> FAILED	Un-map/ storage disconnect the host entities
2282	NA	NA	No SnapMirror relationships exist ... FAILED	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Either Delete the relationships, or 2. If SnapDrive for UNIX RBAC with Operations Manager is configured, ask the Operations Manager administrator to grant <code>SD.Snapshot.DisruptBaseline</code> capability to the user.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
2286	NA	NA	LUNs not owned by <fsname> are application consistent in snapshot volume ... FAILED. Snapshot luns not owned by <fsname> which may be application inconsistent	Verify that the LUNs mentioned in the check results are not in use. Only after that, use the <code>-force</code> option.
2289	NA	NA	No new LUNs created after snapshot <snapname> ... FAILED	Verify that the LUNs mentioned in the check results are not in use. Only after that, use the <code>-force</code> option.
2290	NA	NA	Could not perform inconsistent and newer Luns check. Snapshot version is prior to SDU 4.0	This happens with SnapDrive 3.0 for UNIX Snapshots when used with <code>-vbsr</code> . Manually check that any newer LUNs created will not be used anymore and then proceed with <code>-force</code> option.
2292	NA	NA	No new SnapShots exist... FAILED. SnapShots created will be lost.	Check that snapshots mentioned in the check results will no longer be used. And if so, then proceed with <code>-force</code> option.
2297	NA	NA	Both normal files) and LUN(s) exist ... FAILED	Ensure that the files and LUNs mentioned in the check results will not be used anymore. And if so, then proceed with <code>-force</code> option.
2302	NA	NA	NFS export list does not have foreign hosts ... FAILED	Contact the storage administrator to remove the foreign hosts from the export list or ensure that the foreign hosts are not using the volumes through NFS.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
9000-305	NA	Command	Could not detect type of the entity /mnt/my_fs. Provide a specific option (-lun, -dg, -fs or -lvol) if you know the type of the entity	Verify the entity if it already exists in the host. If you know the type of the entity provide the file-spec type.
9000-303	NA	Command	Multiple entities with the same name - /mnt/my_fs exist on this host. Provide a specific option (-lun, -dg, -fs or -lvol) for the entity you have specified.	The user has multiple entities with the same name. In this case user has to provide the file-spec type explicitly.
9000-304	NA	Command	/mnt/my_fs is detected as keyword of type file system, which is not supported with this command.	Operation on the auto detected file_spec is not supported with this command. Verify with the respective help for the operation.
9000-301	NA	Command	Internal error in auto defection	Auto detection engine error. Provide the trace and daemon log for further analysis.
NA	NA	Command	snapdrive.dc tool unable to compress data on RHEL 5Ux environment	<p>Compression utility is not installed by default. You must install the compression utility ncompress, for example ncompress-4.2.4-47.i386.rpm.</p> <p>To install the compression utility, enter the following command: rpm -ivh ncompress-4.2.4-47.i386.rpm</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
NA	NA	Command	<code>Invalid filespec</code>	This error occurs when the specified host entity does not exist or inaccessible.
NA	NA	Command	<code>Job Id is not valid</code>	This message is displayed for the clone split status, result, or stop operation if the specified job ID is invalid job or the result of the job is already queried. You must specify a valid or available job ID and retry this operation.
NA	NA	Command	<code>Split is already in progress</code>	This message is displayed when: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clone split is already in progress for the given volume clone or LUN clone. • Clone split is completed but the job is not removed.
NA	NA	Command	<code>Not a valid Volume-Clone or LUN-Clone</code>	Specified filespec or LUN pathname is not a valid volume clone or LUN clone.
NA	NA	Command	<code>No space to split volume</code>	The error message is due to the required storage space is not available to split the volume. Free enough space in the aggregate to split the volume clone.
NA	NA	NA	<code>filer-data:junction_db sw information not available-LUN may be offline</code>	This error could occur when the <code>/etc/fstab</code> file was incorrectly configured. In this case, while the mount paths were NFS, but was considered as LUNs by SnapDrive for UNIX. What to do: Add "/" between the filer name and the junction path.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0003-013	NA	Command	A connection error occurred with Virtual Interface server. Please check if Virtual Interface server is up and running.	<p>This error could occur when the license in the esx server expires and VSC service is not running.</p> <p>What to do: Install ESX Server license and restart the VSC service.</p>
0002-137	NA	Command	Unable to get the fstype and mntOpts for 10.231.72.21:/vol/ips_vol3 from snapshot 10.231.72.21:/vol/ips_vol3:t5120-206-66_nfssnap.	<p>What to do: Do either of the following</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add the IP address of the datapath interface or specific IP address as the host name into the <code>/etc/hosts</code> file. 2. Create an entry for your datapath interface or host name IP address in the DNS. 3. Configure the data LIFS of Vserver to support the Vserver management (with <code>firewall-policy=mgmt</code>) <p><code>net int modify -vserver Vserver_nameLIF_name-firewall-policy mgmt</code></p> 4. Add the host's management IP address to the export rules of the Vserver.
13003	NA	Command	Insufficient privileges: user does not have read access to this resource.	<p>This issue is seen in SnapDrive for UNIX 5.2.2. Prior to SnapDrive for UNIX 5.2.2, the vsadmin user configured in SnapDrive for UNIX needs to have 'vsadmin_volume' role. From SnapDrive for UNIX 5.2.2, the vsadmin user needs elevated access roles, else snapmirror-get-iter zapi fails.</p> <p>What to do: Create role vsadmin instead of vsadmin_volume and assign to vsadmin user.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-016	NA	Command	Could not acquire lock file on storage system.	<p>Snapshot creation fails due to insufficient space in the volume. Or due to the existence of <code>.snapdrive_lock</code> file in the storage system.</p> <p>What to do: Do either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Delete file <code>/vol/<volname>/.snapdrive_lock</code> on storage system and retry snap create operation. To delete the file, login to storage system, enter advanced privilege mode and execute the command <code>rm /vol/<volname>/.snapdrive_lock</code> at storage system prompt. 2. Ensure sufficient space is available in the volume before taking snapshot.
0003-003	NA	Admin	Failed to export LUN on storage system <controller name> to the Guest OS. Reason: FLOW-11019: Failure in MapStorage: No storage system configured with interface.	<p>This error occurs due to the absence of storage controllers, which is configured in ESX server.</p> <p>What to do: Add the storage controllers and credentials in the ESX server.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0001-493	NA	Admin	Error creating mount point: Unexpected error from mkdir: mkdir: cannot create directory: Permission denied Check whether mount point is under automount paths.	Clone operations fail when the destination file spec is under the automount paths. What to do: Make sure that the destination filespec/mount point is not under the automount paths.
0009-049	NA	Admin	Failed to restore from snapshot on storage system: Failed to restore file from Snapshot copy for volume on Vserver.	This error occurs when the volume size is full or the volume has crossed the autodelete threshold. What to do: Increase the volume size and ensure that the threshold value for a volume is maintained below the autodelete value.
0001-682	NA	Admin	Host preparation for new LUNs failed: This functionality is not supported.	This error occurs when the new LUN IDs creation fails. What to do: Increase the number of LUNs to be created using snapdrive config prepare luns -count count_value command.
0001-060	NA	Admin	Failed to get information about Diskgroup: Volume Manager linuxlvm returned vgdisplay command failed.	This error occurs when SnapDrive for UNIX 4.1.1 and below version is used on RHEL 5 and above version. What to do: Upgrade the Snapdrive version and retry since support is not available for SnapDrive for UNIX 4.1.1 and below version from RHEL5 onwards.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
0009-045	NA	Admin	Failed to create snapshot on storage system: Snapshot operation not allowed due to clones backed by snapshots. Try again after sometime.	This error occurs during Single-file Snap Restore (SFSR) operation followed by immediate snapshot creation. What to do: Retry the Snapshot create operation after sometime.
0001-304	NA	Admin	Error creating disk/volume group: Volume manager failed with: metainit: No such file or directory.	This error occurs while performing Snapdrive storage create dg, hostvol and fs Solaris with Sun Cluster environment. What to do: Uninstall the Sun Cluster software and retry the operations.
0001-122	NA	Admin	Failed to get snapshot list on filer the specified volume <volname> does not exist.	This error occurs when SnapDrive for UNIX tries to create Snapshot using the exported active file system path of the volume (actual path) and not with the dummy exported volume path. What to do: Use volumes with the exported active file system path.
0001-476	NA	Admin	Unable to discover the device. If multipathing in use, there may be a possible multipathing configuration error. Please verify the configuration and then retry.	There are multiple reasons for this error could occur. The following conditions to be checked: Before you create the storage, ensure zoning is proper. Check the transport protocol and multipathing-type in <code>snapdrive.conf</code> file and ensure proper values are set. Check the multipath daemon status, if multipathing-type is set as <code>nativempio</code> start <code>multipathd</code> and restart the <code>snapdrived</code> daemon.

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
NA	NA	NA	FS fails to be mounted after reboot due to unavailability of LV.	<p>This happens when LV is not available after the reboot. Hence the filesystem is not mounted.</p> <p>What to do: After the reboot, do vgchange which brings LV up and then mount the file system.</p>
NA	NA	NA	Status call to SDU daemon failed.	<p>There are multiple reasons for this error to occur. This error indicates that the SnapDrive for UNIX job related to a specific operation has failed abruptly (child daemon ended) before the operation could be completed.</p> <p>If the storage creation or the deletion fails with "Status call to SnapDrive for UNIX daemon failed", it could be because of failing call to ONTAP to get the volume information. volume-get-iter zapi might fail. Retry the snapdrive operations after sometime.</p> <p>SnapDrive for UNIX operation might fail while executing "kpartx -l" while creating partitions or other operating system commands due to the inappropriate <code>multipath.conf</code> values. Ensure proper values are set and no duplicate keywords exist in <code>multipath.conf</code> file.</p> <p>While performing SFSR, SnapDrive for UNIX creates temporary Snapshot which might fail if the maximum number of snapshot value has reached. Delete the older snapshots and retry the restore operation.</p>

Error code	Return code	Type	Message	Solution
NA	NA	NA	<code>map in use; can't flush</code>	<p>This error occurs if there are any stale devices left behind when trying to flush the multipath device during the storage delete or disconnect operations.</p> <p>What to do: Check if there are any stale devices by executing the command</p> <pre>multipath -l egrep -ifail</pre> <p>and ensure <code>flush_on_last_del</code> is set to 'yes' in the <code>multipath.conf</code> file.</p>

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[NetApp Interoperability](#)

[Linux Unified Host Utilities 7.1 Installation Guide](#)

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