



Configuration of role-based access control in SnapDrive for UNIX

Snapdrive for Unix

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Table of Contents

- Configuration of role-based access control in SnapDrive for UNIX 1
 - Configuring sd-admin in Operations Manager console 1
 - Adding sd-hostname to the storage system..... 2
 - Configuring user credentials on SnapDrive for UNIX..... 3
 - User name formats for performing access checks with Operations Manager console 4
 - Configuration variables for role-based access control 5

Configuration of role-based access control in SnapDrive for UNIX

You must complete various tasks to configure Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) for SnapDrive for UNIX. You can use either Operations Manager console or the command-line interface to perform the tasks.

Configuring sd-admin in Operations Manager console

The Operations Manager console administrator can create the sd-admin user.

The Operations Manager console administrator creates a user named, sd-admin, with the capability to perform a core access check on global group (global DFM.Core.AccessCheck). After the Operations Manager console administrator configures the sd-admin user, you must manually send the credential information to the SnapDrive for UNIX administrator. For more information about using Operations Manager console to configure users and roles, see the *Operations Manager Console Administration guide* and the Online Help.



You can use any name in place of sd-admin; however, it is best to use sd-admin.

To create a role in Operations Manager console, select **Setup > Roles**. In the sd-admin configuration page, the Operations Manager console administrator must assign DFM.Database.Write capability on the global group to sd-admin-role, so that SnapDrive for UNIX can refresh storage entities in Operations Manager console.

Configuring sd-admin using command-line interface

The storage system administrator can configure sd-admin user using command-line interface.

Steps

1. Add a user named sd-admin.

```
# useradd sd-admin
```

```
# passwd sd-admin
Changing password for sd-admin.
New password:
Re-enter new password:
Password changed
```

2. Add an administrator named sd-admin.

```
# dfm user add sd-admin
Added administrator sd-admin.
```

3. Create a role named sd-admin-role.

```
# dfm role create sd-admin-role
Created role sd-admin-role.
```

4. Add a capability to the role created in step 3.

```
# dfm role add sd-admin-role DFM.Core.AccessCheck Global
Added 1 capability to role sd-admin-role.
```

5. The Operations Manager administrator can also grant DFM.Database.Write capability on the global group to <sd-admin> to enable SnapDrive for UNIX to refresh storage system entities in Operations Manager.

```
# dfm role add sd-admin-role DFM.Database.Write Global
Added 1 capability to role sd-admin-role.
```

6. Add an sd-admin-role role to the sd-admin user.

```
# dfm user role set sd-admin sd-admin-role
Set 1 role for administrator sd-admin.
```

Adding sd-hostname to the storage system

The Operations Manager console administrator can create the sd-hostname user on the storage system using Operations Manager console. After the steps are completed, the Operations Manager console administrator must manually send the credentials to the SnapDrive for UNIX administrator. You can use any name in place of sd-hostname; however it is best to use sd-hostname.

Steps

1. Obtain the root password of the storage system and store the password.

To add the password for the storage system, select **Management > Storage System**.

2. Create an sd-hostname user for each UNIX system.
3. Assign capabilities api- and login- to a role, such as sd-role.
4. Include this role (sd-role) in a new usergroup, such as sd-usergroup.
5. Associate this usergroup (sd-usergroup) with the sd-hostname user on the storage system.

Adding sd- hostname to storage system using CLI

The storage system administrator can create and configure the sd-hostname user using the useradmin command.

Steps

1. Add storage.

```
# dfm host add storage_array1
Added host storage_array1.lab.eng.btc.xyz.in
```

2. Set the password for the host.

```
# dfm host password save -u root -p xxxxxxxx storage_array1
Changed login for host storage_array1.lab.eng.btc.xyz.in to root.
Changed Password for host storage_array1.lab.eng.btc.xyz.in
.in
```

3. Create a role on the host.

```
# dfm host role create -h storage_array1 -c "api-*,login-*" sd-unixhost-
role
Created role sd-unixhost-role on storage_array1
```

4. Create a usergroup.

```
# dfm host usergroup create -h storage_array1 -r sd-unixhost-role sd-
unixhost-ug
Created usergroup sd-unixhost-ug(44) on storage_array1
```

5. Create a local user.

```
# dfm host user create -h storage_array1 -p xxxxxxxx -g sd-unixhost-ug
sd-unixhost
Created local user sd-unixhost on storage_array1
```

Configuring user credentials on SnapDrive for UNIX

The SnapDrive for UNIX administrator receives user credentials from Operations Manager console administrator. These user credentials need to be configured on SnapDrive for UNIX for proper storage operations.

Steps

1. Configure sd-admin on the storage system.

```
[root]#snapdrive config set -dfm sd-admin ops_mngr_server
Password for sd-admin:
Retype password:
```

2. Configure sd-hostname on the storage system.

```
[root]#snapdrive config set sd-unix_host storage_array1
Password for sd-unix_host:
Retype password:
```

3. Verify step 1 and step 2, using the `snapdrive config list` command.

user name	appliance name	appliance type
-----	-----	-----
sd-admin	ops_mngr_server	DFM
sd-unix_host	storage_array1	StorageSystem

4. Configure SnapDrive for UNIX to use Operations Manager console Role-based access control (RBAC) by setting the configuration variable `rbac-method="dfm"` in the `snapdrive.conf` file.



The user credentials are encrypted and saved in the existing `.sdupw` file. The default location of the earlier file is `/opt/NetApp/snapdrive/.sdupw`.

User name formats for performing access checks with Operations Manager console

SnapDrive for UNIX uses the user name formats for performing access checks with Operations Manager console. These formats depends on whether you are a Network Information System (NIS) or a local user.

SnapDrive for UNIX uses the following formats to check whether a user is authorized to perform certain tasks:

- If you are an NIS user running the `snapdrive` command, SnapDrive for UNIX uses the format `<nisdomain>\<username>` (for example, `netapp.com\marc`)
- If you are a local user of a UNIX host such as `lnx197-141`, SnapDrive for UNIX uses the format `<hostname>\<username>` format (for example, `lnx197-141\john`)
- If you are an administrator (root) of a UNIX host, SnapDrive for UNIX always treats the administrator as a local user and uses the format `lnx197-141\root`.

Configuration variables for role-based access control

You must set the various configuration variables related to role-based access control in the `snapdrive.conf` file.

Variable	Description
<code>contact-http-dfm-port = 8088</code>	Specifies the HTTP port to use for communicating with an Operations Manager console server. The default value is 8088.
<code>contact-ssl-dfm-port = 8488</code>	Specifies the SSL port to use for communicating with an Operations Manager console server. The default value is 8488.
<code>rbac-method=dfm</code>	<p>Specifies the access control methods. The possible values are <code>native</code> and <code>dfm</code>.</p> <p>If the value is <code>native</code>, the access control file stored in <code>/vol/vol0/sdprbac/sdhost-name.prbac</code> is used for access checks.</p> <p>If the value is set to <code>dfm</code>, Operations Manager console is a prerequisite. In such a case, SnapDrive for UNIX sends access checks to the Operations Manager console.</p>
<code>rbac-cache=on</code>	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX maintains a cache of access check queries and the corresponding results. SnapDrive for UNIX uses this cache only when all the configured Operations Manager console servers are down.</p> <p>You can set this value to either <code>on</code> to enable cache, or to <code>off</code> to disable it. The default value is <code>off</code> so that you can configure SnapDrive for UNIX to use Operations Manager console and set the <code>rbac-method</code> configuration variable to <code>dfm</code>.</p>
<code>rbac-cache-timeout</code>	<p>Specifies the <code>rbac</code> cache timeout period and is applicable only when the <code>rbac-cache</code> is enabled. The default value is 24 hrs.</p> <p>SnapDrive for UNIX uses this cache only when all the configured Operations Manager console servers are down.</p>
<code>use-https-to-dfm=on</code>	This variable lets you set SnapDrive for UNIX to use SSL encryption (HTTPS) when it communicates with Operations Manager console. The default value is <code>on</code> .

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