

Installation and Setup for Linux for Data ONTAP Operating in 7-Mode

Snapdrive for Unix

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Installation and Setup Guide for Linux® for Data ONTAP Operating in 7-Mode

This guide describes initial tasks you need to perform to deploy SnapDrive 5.3.2 for UNIX with Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode in Linux environment.

Topics include how to install and configure the product and how to back up the databases.

Product overview

SnapDrive for UNIX is a host-based storage and data management solution for UNIX environments. SnapDrive for UNIX simplifies data management, improves data availability, and increases the reliability of application data through simplified storage provisioning and file system consistent Snapshot copies.

You can use SnapDrive for UNIX as a stand-alone product or along with other SnapManager products that run on UNIX. SnapDrive for UNIX deployed along with SnapManager enables you to create application-consistent data backup.

SnapDrive highlights

SnapDrive for UNIX enables you to simplify storage management tasks. Some of the tasks that you can perform using SnapDrive for UNIX are:

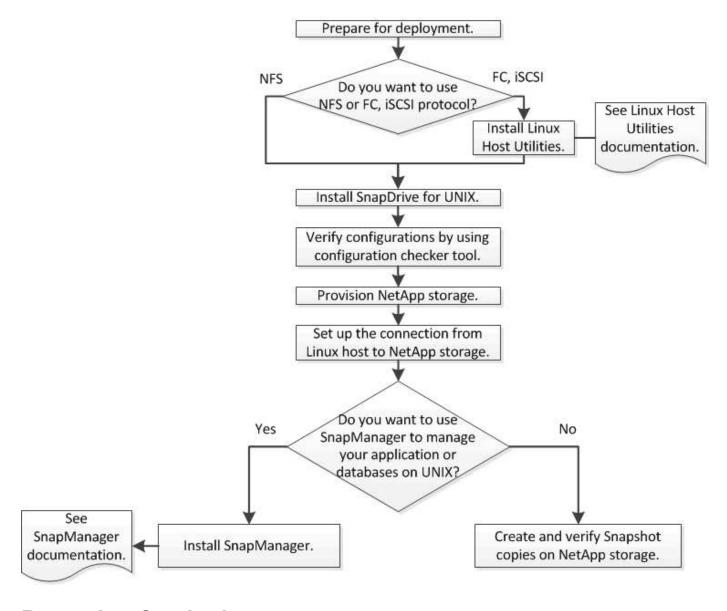
- Creating Snapshot copies using NetApp Snapshot technology.
 - SnapDrive for UNIX enables you to create and delete Snapshot copies of a file system, volume group, host volume, or LUN and to clone storage entities from Snapshot copies.
- Provisioning and managing storage with little or no application or host downtime.
 - SnapDrive for UNIX enables you to create and delete storage components, including disk groups, host volumes, file systems, and LUNs on host cluster environments. SnapDrive for UNIX also enables you to expand storage, connect storage to a host, and disconnect storage from a host.
- Providing role-based access control, which enables storage administrators to restrict the operations that SnapDrive users can perform, depending on their assigned roles.

In addition to these major features, SnapDrive offers the following advantages:

- · Enhanced clone-split operation
- Volume-based SnapRestore (VBSR)
- · Command-line interface (CLI) options
- · Data collection utility
- · Support for storage system renaming
- · Support for Fibre Channel RDM LUNs in Linux guest operating systems

Deployment workflow

Before you can create Snapshot copies with SnapDrive, you must install Linux Host Utilities (if using FC or iSCSI protocol), install SnapDrive for UNIX, check the supported configurations for SnapDrive, provision the storage, and then set up connection from the Linux host to the NetApp storage system.



Preparing for deployment

The hosts on which you install SnapDrive for UNIX must meet the specific software, hardware, browser, database, and operating system requirements. For more information about the requirements, see the Interoperability Matrix tool.

Steps

- 1. Verify that you have the required licenses.
- 2. Verify SnapDrive support for your configuration.

3. Verify that your Linux host meets SnapDrive requirements.

Related information

SnapDrive for UNIX license requirements

Supported configurations

Linux host requirements

NetApp Interoperability Matrix Tool

SnapDrive for UNIX license requirements

Before you install SnapDrive for UNIX, you must ensure that you have the appropriate licenses for the required software and protocols.

SnapDrive for UNIX license requirements are as follows:

License	Description	Where installed
SnapRestore	A required license that enables SnapDrive for UNIX to restore Snapshot copies.	On NetApp storage systems
FlexClone	An optional license for cloning Snapshot copies.	On NetApp storage systems
Protocols	Required for LUNs, the iSCSI or FC license.	On NetApp storage systems
SnapMirror	An optional license for mirroring backups to a storage system.	On NetApp storage systems
SnapVault	An optional license for archiving backups to a storage system.	On NetApp storage systems

Supported configurations

You should use the NetApp Interoperability Matrix Tool (IMT) to verify SnapDrive support for your configuration before installing SnapDrive for UNIX.

Related information

NetApp Interoperability Matrix Tool

Linux host requirements

You must prepare the Linux host before you can install SnapDrive for UNIX.

 You must download and install the Linux Host Utilities from the NetApp Support Site if you are using the FC or iSCSI protocol.

NetApp Downloads: Software

You must verify that the Linux Host Utilities are installed successfully by using the sanlun version command.

 You must install the sg3_utils package in all Linux systems so that the SnapDrive for UNIX commands function properly.



You must ensure that the sg3_utils and sg3_utils-libs libraries are available for Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) and Oracle Enterprise Linux (OEL). The sg3_utils libraries are available in the scsi* package for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 10 and earlier and in the sg3_utils* package for SLES 11 and later.

- You must download and install these libraries or binary packages if your host is a 64-bit Linux operating system and you are trying to install the 32-bit SnapDrive for UNIX.
 - ° 32-bit version of the glibc, libnl, libhba, libgcc packages from the Red Hat Enterprise Linux site.

Red Hat Enterprise Linux site

The SnapDrive for UNIX installation fails if the 32-bit version of theglibc package is missing in the host system.

o 32-bit binaries of the QConvergeConsoleCLI package from the QLogic site. You must also change qla2xxx64 /usr/lib64/libqlsdm.so to qla2xxx /usr/lib/libqlsdm.so in the /etc/hba.conf file for QLogic HBAs if your host is a 64-bit Linux operating system and install 32-bit binaries of Emulex OnCommand Manager packages for Emulex HBA.

QLogic site

- You must install the libhbaapi package or a vendor-specific package if the transport protocol is FC for SnapDrive for UNIX to work on the host.
- You must install the supported host Service Packs on the host before installing SnapDrive for UNIX.

The Interoperability Matrix tool has more information about the supported service packs.

NetApp Interoperability Matrix Tool

Related information

NetApp Interoperability Matrix Tool

NetApp Support

Linux Unified Host Utilities 7.1 Installation Guide

Installing SnapDrive for UNIX

You can install SnapDrive for UNIX on the Linux host from the command-line interface.

Steps

- 1. Download the SnapDrive for UNIX for Linux installer from the NetApp Support Site NetApp Downloads: Software and copy the file to the Linux host.
- 2. Log in to the host system as the root user.

If you are running the installer file remotely and if the system configuration does not allow you to log in as the root user, use the su command to log in as root user.

- 3. Navigate to the directory on your Linux host to which you have copied the installer.
- 4. Install SnapDrive for UNIX:

```
rpm-ivh installer_file_name
```

The SnapDrive daemon starts automatically after the installation.

Starting snapdrive daemon: Successfully started daemon

Verifying the installation

After you install SnapDrive for UNIX you must verify that the installation is successful. SnapDrive for UNIX installs multiple files on the host, such as executables, configuration files, uninstall files, diagnostic files, and man pages.

Steps

- 1. Verify that the snapdrive.conf file is located at /opt/NetApp/snapdrive/folder.
- 2. Verify that the SnapDrive for UNIX executables for a Linux operating system are installed in the following locations:
 - °/opt/NetApp/snapdrive/bin/snapdrive
 - °/opt/NetApp/snapdrive/bin/snapdrived
- 3. Verify that the SnapDrive for UNIX diagnostic files are installed in the /opt/NetApp/snapdrive/diag folder.
- 4. Verify that the SnapDrive for UNIX man pages are installed in the /opt/NetApp/snapdrive/docs folder.
- 5. Verify the details of the installed configuration components in the /var/log/sdconfcheck.out file.

Performing post-installation tasks

After the installation is complete, you must configure additional features and functions. You must install the server certificate and configure SnapDrive for UNIX to use a secure connection with the storage system and daemon service.

Steps

1. Install the server certificate that is used by SnapDrive for UNIX in the sdu-daemoncertificate-path=/opt/NetApp/snapdrive/snapdrive.pem location if you are using a secure connection with the storage system and daemon service.

The certificate path is defined in the sdu-daemoncertificate-path configuration variable in the s`napdrive.conf` file.

2. Set use-https-to-sdu-daemon=on in the snapdrive.conf file to use HTTPS for a secure connection with the storage system and daemon service.



SnapDrive 5.0 for UNIX and later versions support HTTPS for daemon communication. By default, this optional parameter is disabled.

3. Restart the SnapDrive daemon service:

snapdrived start



You must restart the SnapDrive daemon every time you manually change the configuration file.

Verifying Linux host configurations using the configuration checker tool

The configuration checker tool helps you to confirm that all the necessary components and correct versions are available in the Linux host before using SnapDrive for UNIX.

Importing data files

You can download the latest support matrix data and update the configuration checker tool before running the tool, so that the tool lists the latest supported configuration for SnapDrive for UNIX. The configuration checker tool with the updated data file checks for the configurations supported by SnapDrive for UNIX and lists all the supported components in the system.

Steps

- 1. Download the latest data file from the ToolChest.
- Import the latest data file:

sdconfcheck import -file ./confcheck data.tar.gz

Related information

NetApp Downloads: SnapDrive for UNIX Configuration Checker

Verifying the supported configurations

You can verify the supported configurations in SnapDrive for UNIX by examining the components in the host system (such as, operating system, version of software installed on the host, protocol, file systems on the host, and so on) and the value specified for each configuration parameter in the snapdrive.conf file.

1. Verify the supported configurations:

sdconfcheck check

```
[root@scspr0023764001 bin]# sdconfcheck check
NOTE: SnapDrive Configuration Checker is using the data file version
v12052013
  Please make sure that you are using the latest version.
  Refer to the SnapDrive for Unix Installation and Administration Guide
for more details.
Detected Intel/AMD x64 Architecture
Detected Linux OS
Detected sg3 utils 1.28
Detected Kernel Version 2.6.32-358.el6.x86 64
Detected LVM SUPPRESS FD WARNINGS has not set
Detected Multipathing version 0.4.9
Detected /etc/multipath.conf file not found
Detected Host OS Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.0 Update 4
Detected NFSv3 FileSystem on Linux
Detected Software iSCSI on Linux
Detected NFSv4 Filesystem on Linux
Detected Ext4 File System
Detected Linux Native LVM2
Detected Linux Native MPIO
Did not find any supported cluster solutions.
Did not find any supported HU tool kits.
Trace-Enabled: on
Trace-Level: 7
Supported Configurations on this host by SDU Version 5.2.2
_____
Linux NFS Configuration
[root@scspr0023764001 bin]#
```

Check the components listed in the output and install or configure the missing components.

Provisioning storage

SnapDrive for UNIX enables you to provision storage and connect to an existing storage system by using command-line options from the host. You can also provision storage

using Data ONTAP.

Provisioning volumes

Data ONTAP enables you to provision storage by creating a volume on the storage system and mounting the volume to the host with NFS protocol enabled.

Related information

Data ONTAP 8.2 Storage Management Guide For 7-Mode

Provisioning RDM LUNs

SnapDrive for UNIX enables you to create and provision RDM LUNs with the FC protocol enabled on a guest operating system in a VMware virtual environment. You can also provision RDM LUNs by using ONTAP.

- NetApp Virtual Storage Console (VSC) must be installed and configured with VMware vCenter™.
- The backup and recovery capability of NetApp Virtual Storage Console for VMware vSphere™ must be installed in the Windows operating system that is registered with vCenter™.
- default-transport must be set as fcp in the snapdrive.conf file, and the SnapDrive for UNIX daemon must be restarted.

Steps

1. Configure the guest operating system for creating an RDM LUN:

```
snapdrive config set-viadmin user viadmin name
```

- user is the name of the virtual interface system.
- ° viadmin name is the name of the IP address of the virtual interface system.
- 2. Verify the login information for Virtual Storage Console:

```
snapdrive config list
```

This command displays the user name or virtual interface that is specified in SnapDrive for UNIX.

3. Verify that the guest operating system can communicate with the storage system:

```
storage show -all command
```

4. Create an RDM LUN on the storage system:

```
snapdrive storage create -lun long_lun_name -lunsize size_of_the_lun
```

5. Connect the RDM LUN to the host:

```
snapdrive storage connect -lun long_lun_name
```

Related information

Virtual Storage Console, VASA Provider, and Storage Replication Adapter for VMware vSphere Administration Guide for 7.2 release

Data ONTAP 8.2 Storage Management Guide For 7-Mode

Connecting Linux hosts to storage systems

For successful SnapDrive for UNIX operations, you must set up your storage system before connecting it to the Linux host.

The storage system name must be registered with a Domain Name Service (DNS) server in your network or in the /etc/hosts file.

Steps

1. Create a user on the storage system:

```
snapdrive config set user_name storage_system_name
```

2. View the users associated with the storage system and get the user name or storage system pair details:

```
snapdrive config list
```

The command displays the user name or the storage system pairs for all systems that have the users specified within SnapDrive for UNIX.

3. If the storage system has multiple data interfaces, configure the data interface for the new management interface:

```
snapdrive config set -mgmtpath management interface path data interface path
```

4. Verify that all data and management interfaces are configured properly:

```
snapdrive config list -mgmtpath
```

Creating Snapshot copies

SnapDrive for UNIX when deployed as a stand-alone product uses NetApp Snapshot technology, which enables you to create and manage Snapshot copies of the host data. You can use the Snapshot copies to restore the data.

Related information

Creating a Snapshot copy

Verifying the Snapshot copy

Creating a Snapshot copy

You can create Snapshot copies of multiple file systems, host volumes, LUNs, or disk groups by using a single command while using storage area network (SAN) and NFS volumes in network-attached storage (NAS).

Steps

1. Create a Snapshot copy:

snapdrive snap create -fs file_spec -snapname snapshot_copy_name

Verifying the Snapshot copy

You can verify your Snapshot copy by restoring the data.

For more information, see SnapDrive 5.3.2 for UNIX Administration Guide for Linux.

Where to go next

After configuring SnapDrive for UNIX and creating a Snapshot copy, you can perform a restore operation, connect a Snapshot copy, and create a clone. You can also explore other important SnapDrive features, such as role-based access control (RBAC), enhanced clone-splitting, and volume-based SnapRestore.

You can find more information about these features, as well as release-specific information about SnapDrive for UNIX, in the following documentation, available on the NetApp Support Site:

SnapDrive 5.3.2 for UNIX Administration Guide for Linux

Describes how to configure various features on SnapDrive for UNIX after the deployment is complete. Topics include how to configure igroups, configure SnapDrive for UNIX, configure RBAC, and use the data collection utility to diagnose issues with SnapDrive for UNIX.

SnapDrive 5.3.2 for UNIX Release Notes (AIX, Linux, and Solaris)

Describes new features, important cautions, known problems, and limitations for SnapDrive 5.3.2 for UNIX.

• SnapManager 3.4 for Oracle Installation and Setup Guide for UNIX for Data ONTAP Operating in 7-Mode

Describes initial tasks you must perform to deploy SnapManager for Oracle with 7-mode in UNIX environment. Topics include how to install and configure the product and how to back up the databases.

NetApp Technical Report 4212: Best Practice Guide for SnapDrive for UNIX 5.3

Describes SnapDrive for UNIX best practices.

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