



Standard exit status values

Snapdrive for Unix

NetApp
June 20, 2025

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/snapdrive-unix/aix/reference_understanding_exit_status_values_of_error_messages.html on June 20, 2025. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Standard exit status values

Error messages IDs in SnapDrive for UNIX have exit status values associated with them. You can use the exit status value to determine the success or failure of a SnapDrive for UNIX command.

Understanding exit status values of error messages

Each SnapDrive for UNIX error message is associated with an exit status value. The exit status value contains cause of the error, and its type-Warning, Command, Admin, or Fatal.

Each SnapDrive error message ID is linked to an exit status value. Exit status values contain the following information:

- Exit status value—indicates the basic cause of the error condition.
- Type—indicates the type of error. The level of seriousness depends on the message, not the value. The following are the possible values:
 - Warning—SnapDrive for UNIX executed the command but issued a warning about conditions that might require your attention.
 - Command—SnapDrive for UNIX failed to execute the command due to an error in the command line. Check the command line format to ensure they are correct.
 - Admin—SnapDrive for UNIX failed to execute the command due to incompatibilities in the system configuration. Contact your System Administrator to review your configuration parameters.
 - Fatal—SnapDrive for UNIX failed to execute the command due to an unexpected condition. Fatal errors are rare. If a fatal error occurs and you have problems resolving it, contact NetApp technical support for assistance in determining the steps you need to take to recover correctly and fix any error condition.

Using exit status values

Exit status values are used in scripts to determine the success or failure of a SnapDrive for UNIX command.

- A value of zero indicates that the command completed successfully.
- A value other than zero indicates that the command did not complete, and provides information about the cause and severity of the error condition.

Script example

This is an example of a script that uses exit status values.

The following script uses SnapDrive for UNIX exit status values:

```
#!/bin/sh
# This script demonstrates a SnapDrive
# script that uses exit codes.

RET=0;
#The above statement initializes RET and sets it to 0

snapdrive snap create -dg vg22 -snapname vg22_snap1;
# The above statement executes the snapdrive command

RET=$?;
#The above statement captures the return code.
#If the operation worked, print
#success message. If the operation failed, print
#failure message and exit.

if [ $RET -eq 0 ]; then
echo "snapshot created successfully"
else
echo "snapshot creation failed, snapdrive exit code was $RET"
exit 1
fi
exit 0;
```

If RET=0, the command executed successfully and the script outputs the following:

```
# ./tst_script
snap create: snapshot vg22_snap1 contains:
disk group vg22 containing host volumes
lv01
snap create: created snapshot betty:/vol/vol2:vg22_snap1
snapshot created successfully
```

If RET= a value other than zero, the command did not execute successfully. The following example shows typical output:

```
# ./tst_script
0001-185 Command error: snapshot betty:/vol/vol2:vg22_snap1 already
exists on betty:/vol/vol2.
Please use -f (force) flag to overwrite existing snapshot
snapshot creation failed, snapdrive exit code was 4
```

Exit status values


Each exit status value has an error name, and the type associated with it. View the table to learn about the exit status value, error name, the type, and the description.

The following table contains information about exit status values. The exit status values are numbered sequentially. If SnapDrive for UNIX does not currently implement an error, that exit status value is not included in the table. As a result, there can be some gaps in the numbers.

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
1	Not supported	Command error	A function was invoked that is not supported in this version of SnapDrive for UNIX.
2	No memory	Fatal	The system has run out of memory. SnapDrive for UNIX cannot proceed until you free enough memory for it to work. Check other applications running to verify that they are not consuming excessive memory.
3	Invalid command	Command error	You issued an invalid command; this is likely to be a syntax error in the text of the command you entered.
4	Already exists	Command error	You requested that something be created that already exists. Usually, this error refers to a Snapshot copy name, which must not exist on the storage system volume where you are taking the Snapshot copy.
5	Create thread failed	Admin error	SnapDrive for UNIX could not create a process thread. Check the other processes running on the system to make sure that enough thread resources are available.

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
6	Not found	Command error	You included a file, data group, host volume, file system, or other argument on the SnapDrive for UNIX command line that does not exist.
7	Not a mounted file system	Command error	The file system you want to access either is not a valid file system or is not mounted.
9	Volume manager error	Command error	An error was returned when accessing the volume manager. See the specific error message to get details of which error, and why.
10	Invalid name	Command error	<p>You supplied a name on the command line that was not correctly formatted.</p> <p>For example, a storage system volume was not specified as <code>filer:/vol/vol_name</code>. This message also occurs when an invalid character is given in either a storage system or a volume manager based name.</p>
11	Device not found	Admin error	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX cannot access a LUN in the disk group that you want to take a Snapshot copy of.</p> <p>Check the status of all LUNs, both on the host and on the storage system. Also check that the storage system volume is online, and that the storage system is up and connected to the host.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
12	Busy	Command error	<p>The LUN device, file, directory, disk group, host volume, or other entity is busy.</p> <p>This is generally a nonfatal error that goes away when you retry the command. It sometimes indicates that a resource or process is hung, causing the object to be busy and unavailable for SnapDrive for UNIX to use.</p> <p>It could also indicate you are trying to make a Snapshot copy during a period when the I/O traffic is too heavy for the Snapshot copy to be made successfully.</p>
13	Unable to initialize	Fatal	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX could not initialize third-party material that it needs. This can refer to file systems, volume managers, host cluster software, multipathing software, and so on.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
14	SnapDrive busy	SnapDrive busy	<p>Another user or process is performing an operation on the same hosts or storage systems at the same time that you asked SnapDrive for UNIX to perform an operation. Retry your operation.</p> <p>Occasionally this message means that the other process is hung and you must kill it.</p> <div>  <p>The Snapshot restore operation can take a long time under some circumstances. Be sure that the process you think is hung is not just waiting for a Snapshot restore operation to be completed.</p> </div>
15	Config file error	Fatal	The snapdrive.conf file has invalid, inadequate, or inconsistent entries. See the specific error message for details. You must correct this file before SnapDrive for UNIX can continue.
17	Bad permissions	Command error	You do not have permission to execute this command. You must be logged in as root to run SnapDrive for UNIX.

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
18	No filer	Admin error	SnapDrive for UNIX cannot contact the storage system needed for this command. Check the connectivity to the storage system indicated in the error message.
19	Bad filer login	Admin error	SnapDrive for UNIX cannot log in to the storage system using the login information you supplied.
20	Bad license	Admin error	A service SnapDrive for UNIX requires is not licensed to run on this storage system.
22	Cannot freeze fs	Admin error	A Snapshot create operation failed because SnapDrive for UNIX could not freeze the file systems specified in order to make the Snapshot copy. Confirm that the system I/O traffic is light enough to freeze the file system and then retry the command.

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
27	Inconsistent Snapshot copy	Admin error	<p>The Snapshot restore operation failed because you requested a restore from a Snapshot copy with inconsistent images of the disk group. Inconsistent images can occur in the following cases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You did not make the Snapshot copy using SnapDrive for UNIX. • The Snapshot create operation was interrupted before it set consistent bits, and thus, could not clean up (as in the case of a catastrophic system failure). • Some type of data problem occurred with the Snapshot copy after it was made.
28	HBA failure	Admin error	SnapDrive for UNIX encountered an error while trying to retrieve information from the HBA.
29	Bad metadata	Admin error	SnapDrive for UNIX encountered an error in the Snapshot copy metadata that it wrote when it created the Snapshot copy.
30	No Snapshot copy metadata	Admin error	SnapDrive for UNIX cannot perform a Snapshot restore operation because the metadata does not contain all requested disk groups.

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
31	Bad password file	Admin error	The password file has a bad entry. Use the <code>snapdrive config delete</code> command to delete the login entry for this storage system. Then reenter the login information using the <code>snapdrive config set user_name</code> command.
33	No password file entry	Admin error	The password file has no entry for this storage system. Run the <code>snapdrive config set username filename</code> command for every storage system on which you need to run SnapDrive for UNIX. Then try this operation again.
34	Not a NetAPPLUN	Admin error	A SnapDrive for UNIX command encountered a LUN that is not on a NetApp storage system.
35	User aborted	Admin error	The system displayed a prompt asking you to confirm an operation and you indicated that you did not want the operation performed.
36	I/O stream error	Admin error	<p>The system input or system output routines returned an error that SnapDrive for UNIX did not understand.</p> <p>Run <code>snapdrive.dc</code> and send that information to NetApp technical support so that they can help you determine which steps to perform to complete the recovery.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
37	File system full	Admin error	An attempt to write a file failed because there was insufficient space on the file system. SnapDrive for UNIX can proceed when you free enough space on the appropriate file system.
38	File error	Admin error	An I/O error occurred when SnapDrive for UNIX was reading or writing a system configuration file or a temporary file.
39	Duplicate diskgroup	Command error	SnapDrive for UNIX got a duplicate minor node number when trying to activate a disk group.
40	File system thaw failed.	Admin error	A snap create command failed due to system activity on the file system. This usually occurs when the SnapDrive for UNIX file system freeze, required for the Snapshot copy, times out before the Snapshot copy is complete.
43	Name already in use	Command error	SnapDrive for UNIX attempted to create a disk group, host volume, file system or LUN but the name was already in use. To correct, select a name that is not in use, and re-enter the SnapDrive for UNIX command.

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
44	File system manager error	Fatal	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX encountered an unexpected error from the file system when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • attempting to create the file system • making an entry in the file system mount table to automatically mount the file system at boot. <p>The text of the error message displayed with this code describes the error that the file system encountered. Record the message, and send it to NetApp technical support so that they can help you determine which steps to perform to complete the recovery.</p>
45	Mountpoint error	Admin error	<p>The file system mountpoint appeared in the system mount table file. To correct, select a mountpoint that is not in use or listed in the mount table, and re-enter the SnapDrive for UNIX command.</p>
46	LUN not found	Command error	<p>A SnapDrive for UNIX command attempted to access a LUN that did not exist on the storage system.</p> <p>To correct, check that the LUN exists and that the name of the LUN is entered correctly.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
47	Initiator group not found	Admin error	<p>A storage system initiator group could not be accessed as expected. As a result, SnapDrive for UNIX cannot complete the current operation.</p> <p>The specific error message describes the problem and the steps you need to perform to resolve it. Fix the problem and then repeat the command.</p>
48	Object offline	Admin error	SnapDrive for UNIX attempted to access an object (such as a volume) but failed because the object was offline.
49	Conflicting entity	Command error	SnapDrive for UNIX attempted to create an igroup, but encountered an igroup of the same name.
50	Cleanup error	Fatal	SnapDrive for UNIX encountered an item that should be removed but is still there.
51	Disk group ID conflict	Command error	<p>A <code>snapdrive snap connect</code> command requested a disk group ID that conflicts with an existing disk group.</p> <p>This usually means that a <code>snapdrive snap connect</code> command on an originating host is being attempted on a system that does not support it. To fix this problem, attempt the operation from a different host.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
52	LUN not mapped to any host	Admin error	A LUN is not mapped to any host. In other words, it does not belong to a storage system initiator group. To be accessible, the LUN must be mapped to the current host outside SnapDrive for UNIX.
53	LUN not mapped to local host	Admin error	A LUN is not mapped to the current host. In other words, it does not belong to a storage system initiator group that includes initiators from the current host. To be accessible, the LUN must be mapped to the current host outside SnapDrive for UNIX.
54	LUN is mapped using foreign igroup	Admin error	<p>A LUN is mapped using a foreign storage system initiator group. In other words, it belongs to a storage system igroup containing only initiators not found on the local host.</p> <p>As a result, SnapDrive for UNIX cannot delete the LUN.</p> <p>To use SnapDrive for UNIX to delete a LUN, the LUN must belong only to local igroups; that is, igroups containing only initiators found on the local host.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
55	LUN is mapped using mixed igroup	Admin error	<p>A LUN is mapped using a mixed storage system initiator group. In other words, it belongs to a storage system igroup containing both initiators found on the local host and initiators not found there.</p> <p>As a result, SnapDrive for UNIX cannot disconnect the LUN.</p> <p>To use SnapDrive for UNIX to disconnect a LUN, the LUN must belong only to local igroups or foreign igroups; not mixed igroups. (Local igroups contain only initiators found on the local host; foreign igroups contain initiators not found on the local host.)</p>
56	Snapshot copy restore failed	Admin error	<p>SnapDrive for UNIX attempted a Snapshot restore operation, but it failed without restoring any LUNs in the Snapshot copy.</p> <p>The specific error message describes the problem and the steps you need to perform to resolve it. Fix the problem and then repeat the command.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
58	Host reboot needed	Admin error	<p>The host operating system requires a reboot in order to update internal data. SnapDrive for UNIX has prepared the host for this update, but cannot complete the current operation.</p> <p>Reboot the host and then re-enter the SnapDrive for UNIX command line that caused this message to appear. After the reboot, the operation will be able to complete.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
59	Host, LUN preparation needed	Admin error	<p>The host operating system requires an update to internal data in order to complete the current operation. This update is required to allow a new LUN to be created.</p> <p>SnapDrive for UNIX cannot perform the update, because automatic host preparation for provisioning has been disabled because the <code>snapdrive.conf</code> variable <code>enable-implicit-host-preparation</code> is set to "off". With automatic host preparation disabled, you should use either the <code>snapdrive config prepare luns</code> command to prepare the host to provision LUNs or perform the preparation steps manually.</p> <p>To avoid this error message, set the <code>enable-implicit-host-preparation</code> value to "on" in the <code>snapdrive.conf</code> file.</p>

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
62	Not empty	Command error	An error occurred because SnapDrive for UNIX could not remove a storage system volume or directory. This may happen when another user or another process creates a file at exactly the same time and in the same directory that SnapDrive tries to delete. To avoid this error, make sure that only one user works with the storage system volume at the time.
63	Timeout expired	Command error	<p>An error occurred because SnapDrive for UNIX could not restore a LUN within the time-out period of 50 minutes.</p> <p>Record the message, and send it to NetApp technical support so that they can help you determine which steps to perform to complete the recovery.</p>
64	Service not running	Admin error	An error occurred because a SnapDrive for UNIX command specified an NFS entity and the storage system was not running the NFS service.
126	Unknown error	Admin error	An unknown error occurred that might be serious. Run the <code>snapdrive.dc</code> utility and send its results to NetApp technical support for analysis.

Exit value	Error name	Type	Description
127	Internal error	Fatal	A SnapDrive for UNIX internal error occurred. Run the <code>snapdrive.dc</code> and send its results to NetApp technical support for analysis.

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