



# **Operations on buckets**

StorageGRID 11.7

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# Operations on buckets

The StorageGRID system supports a maximum of 1,000 buckets for each S3 tenant account.

Bucket name restrictions follow the AWS US Standard region restrictions, but you should further restrict them to DNS naming conventions to support S3 virtual hosted-style requests.

See the following for more information:

- [Amazon Web Services \(AWS\) Documentation: Bucket Restrictions and Limitations](#)
- [Configure S3 endpoint domain names](#)

The GET Bucket (List Objects) and GET Bucket versions operations support StorageGRID consistency controls.

You can check whether updates to last access time are enabled or disabled for individual buckets.

The following table describes how StorageGRID implements S3 REST API bucket operations. To perform any of these operations, the necessary access credentials must be provided for the account.

Operation	Implementation
DELETE Bucket	This operation deletes the bucket.
DELETE Bucket cors	This operation deletes the CORS configuration for the bucket.
DELETE Bucket encryption	This operation deletes the default encryption from the bucket. Existing encrypted objects remain encrypted, but any new objects added to the bucket aren't encrypted.
DELETE Bucket lifecycle	This operation deletes the lifecycle configuration from the bucket. See <a href="#">Create S3 lifecycle configuration</a> .
DELETE Bucket policy	This operation deletes the policy attached to the bucket.
DELETE Bucket replication	This operation deletes the replication configuration attached to the bucket.
DELETE Bucket tagging	This operation uses the <code>tagging</code> subresource to remove all tags from a bucket.

Operation	Implementation
GET Bucket (ListObjects)  (ListObjectsV2)	<p>This operation returns some or all (up to 1,000) of the objects in a bucket. The Storage Class for objects can have either of two values, even if the object was ingested with the <code>REDUCED_REDUNDANCY</code> storage class option:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>STANDARD</code>, which indicates the object is stored in a storage pool consisting of Storage Nodes.</li> <li>• <code>GLACIER</code>, which indicates that the object has been moved to the external bucket specified by the Cloud Storage Pool.</li> </ul> <p>If the bucket contains large numbers of deleted keys that have the same prefix, the response might include some <code>CommonPrefixes</code> that don't contain keys.</p>
GET Bucket Object versions (ListObjectVersions)	<p>With <code>READ</code> access on a bucket, this operation with the <code>versions</code> subresource lists metadata of all of the versions of objects in the bucket.</p>
GET Bucket acl	<p>This operation returns a positive response and the ID, DisplayName, and Permission of the bucket owner, indicating that the owner has full access to the bucket.</p>
GET Bucket cors	<p>This operation returns the <code>cors</code> configuration for the bucket.</p>
GET Bucket encryption	<p>This operation returns the default encryption configuration for the bucket.</p>
GET Bucket lifecycle (GetBucketLifecycleConfiguration)	<p>This operation returns the lifecycle configuration for the bucket. See <a href="#">Create S3 lifecycle configuration</a>.</p>
GET Bucket location	<p>This operation returns the region that was set using the <code>LocationConstraint</code> element in the PUT Bucket request. If the bucket's region is <code>us-east-1</code>, an empty string is returned for the region.</p>
GET Bucket notification (GetBucketNotificationConfiguration)	<p>This operation returns the notification configuration attached to the bucket.</p>
GET Bucket policy	<p>This operation returns the policy attached to the bucket.</p>
GET Bucket replication	<p>This operation returns the replication configuration attached to the bucket.</p>
GET Bucket tagging	<p>This operation uses the <code>tagging</code> subresource to return all tags for a bucket.</p>

Operation	Implementation
GET Bucket versioning	<p>This implementation uses the <code>versioning</code> subresource to return the versioning state of a bucket.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>blank</i>: Versioning has never been enabled (bucket is “Unversioned”)</li> <li>• Enabled: Versioning is enabled</li> <li>• Suspended: Versioning was previously enabled and is suspended</li> </ul>
GET Object Lock Configuration	<p>This operation returns the bucket default retention mode and default retention period, if configured.</p> <p>See <a href="#">Use S3 REST API to configure S3 Object Lock</a>.</p>
HEAD Bucket	<p>This operation determines if a bucket exists and you have permission to access it.</p> <p>This operation returns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>x-ntap-sg-bucket-id</code>: The UUID of the bucket in UUID format.</li> <li>• <code>x-ntap-sg-trace-id</code>: The unique trace ID of the associated request.</li> </ul>

Operation	Implementation
PUT Bucket	<p>This operation creates a new bucket. By creating the bucket, you become the bucket owner.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bucket names must comply with the following rules: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Must be unique across each StorageGRID system (not just unique within the tenant account).</li> <li>◦ Must be DNS compliant.</li> <li>◦ Must contain at least 3 and no more than 63 characters.</li> <li>◦ Can be a series of one or more labels, with adjacent labels separated by a period. Each label must start and end with a lowercase letter or a number and can only use lowercase letters, numbers, and hyphens.</li> <li>◦ Must not look like a text-formatted IP address.</li> <li>◦ Should not use periods in virtual hosted style requests. Periods will cause problems with server wildcard certificate verification.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• By default, buckets are created in the <code>us-east-1</code> region; however, you can use the <code>LocationConstraint</code> request element in the request body to specify a different region. When using the <code>LocationConstraint</code> element, you must specify the exact name of a region that has been defined using the Grid Manager or the Grid Management API. Contact your system administrator if you don't know the region name you should use.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> An error will occur if your PUT Bucket request uses a region that has not been defined in StorageGRID.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can include the <code>x-amz-bucket-object-lock-enabled</code> request header to create a bucket with S3 Object Lock enabled. See <a href="#">Use S3 REST API to configure S3 Object Lock</a>.</li> </ul> <p>You must enable S3 Object Lock when you create the bucket. You can't add or disable S3 Object Lock after a bucket is created. S3 Object Lock requires bucket versioning, which is enabled automatically when you create the bucket.</p>
PUT Bucket cors	<p>This operation sets the CORS configuration for a bucket so that the bucket can service cross-origin requests. Cross-origin resource sharing (CORS) is a security mechanism that allows client web applications in one domain to access resources in a different domain. For example, suppose you use an S3 bucket named <code>images</code> to store graphics. By setting the CORS configuration for the <code>images</code> bucket, you can allow the images in that bucket to be displayed on the website <code>http://www.example.com</code>.</p>

Operation	Implementation
PUT Bucket encryption	<p>This operation sets the default encryption state of an existing bucket. When bucket-level encryption is enabled, any new objects added to the bucket are encrypted. StorageGRID supports server-side encryption with StorageGRID-managed keys. When specifying the server-side encryption configuration rule, set the <code>SSEAlgorithm</code> parameter to <code>AES256</code>, and don't use the <code>KMSMasterKeyID</code> parameter.</p> <p>Bucket default encryption configuration is ignored if the object upload request already specifies encryption (that is, if the request includes the <code>x-amz-server-side-encryption-*</code> request header).</p>
PUT Bucket lifecycle (PutBucketLifecycleConfiguration)	<p>This operation creates a new lifecycle configuration for the bucket or replaces an existing lifecycle configuration. StorageGRID supports up to 1,000 lifecycle rules in a lifecycle configuration. Each rule can include the following XML elements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Expiration (Days, Date)</li> <li>• NoncurrentVersionExpiration (NoncurrentDays)</li> <li>• Filter (Prefix, Tag)</li> <li>• Status</li> <li>• ID</li> </ul> <p>StorageGRID does not support these actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AbortIncompleteMultipartUpload</li> <li>• ExpiredObjectDeleteMarker</li> <li>• Transition</li> </ul> <p>See <a href="#">Create S3 lifecycle configuration</a>. To understand how the Expiration action in a bucket lifecycle interacts with ILM placement instructions, see <a href="#">How ILM operates throughout an object's life</a>.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Bucket lifecycle configuration can be used with buckets that have S3 Object Lock enabled, but bucket lifecycle configuration is not supported for legacy Compliant buckets.</p>

Operation	Implementation
PUT Bucket notification (PutBucketNotificationConfiguration)	<p>This operation configures notifications for the bucket using the notification configuration XML included in the request body. You should be aware of the following implementation details:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>StorageGRID supports Simple Notification Service (SNS) topics as destinations. Simple Queue Service (SQS) or Amazon Lambda endpoints aren't supported.</li> <li>The destination for notifications must be specified as the URN of an StorageGRID endpoint. Endpoints can be created using the Tenant Manager or the Tenant Management API.</li> </ul> <p>The endpoint must exist for notification configuration to succeed. If the endpoint does not exist, a 400 Bad Request error is returned with the code <code>InvalidArgument</code>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You can't configure a notification for the following event types. These event types are <b>not</b> supported. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><code>s3:ReducedRedundancyLostObject</code></li> <li><code>s3:ObjectRestore:Completed</code></li> </ul> </li> <li>Event notifications sent from StorageGRID use the standard JSON format except that they don't include some keys and use specific values for others, as shown in the following list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>eventSource</b> <code>sgws:s3</code></li> <li><b>awsRegion</b> not included</li> <li><b>x-amz-id-2</b> not included</li> <li><b>arn</b> <code>urn:sgws:s3:::bucket_name</code></li> </ul> </li> </ul>
PUT Bucket policy	This operation sets the policy attached to the bucket.



Operation	Implementation
PUT Bucket replication	<p>This operation configures <a href="#">StorageGRID CloudMirror replication</a> for the bucket using the replication configuration XML provided in the request body. For CloudMirror replication, you should be aware of the following implementation details:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• StorageGRID only supports V1 of the replication configuration. This means that StorageGRID does not support the use of the <code>Filter</code> element for rules, and follows V1 conventions for deletion of object versions. For details, see the <a href="#">Amazon S3 documentation on replication configuration</a>.</li> <li>• Bucket replication can be configured on versioned or unversioned buckets.</li> <li>• You can specify a different destination bucket in each rule of the replication configuration XML. A source bucket can replicate to more than one destination bucket.</li> <li>• Destination buckets must be specified as the URN of StorageGRID endpoints as specified in the Tenant Manager or the Tenant Management API. See <a href="#">Configure CloudMirror replication</a>.</li> </ul> <p>The endpoint must exist for replication configuration to succeed. If the endpoint does not exist, the request fails as a 400 Bad Request. The error message states: <code>Unable to save the replication policy. The specified endpoint URN does not exist: URN.</code></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You don't need to specify a <code>Role</code> in the configuration XML. This value is not used by StorageGRID and will be ignored if submitted.</li> <li>• If you omit the storage class from the configuration XML, StorageGRID uses the <code>STANDARD</code> storage class by default.</li> <li>• If you delete an object from the source bucket or you delete the source bucket itself, the cross-region replication behavior is as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ If you delete the object or bucket before it has been replicated, the object/bucket is not replicated and you aren't notified.</li> <li>◦ If you delete the object or bucket after it has been replicated, StorageGRID follows standard Amazon S3 delete behavior for V1 of cross-region replication.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
PUT Bucket tagging	<p>This operation uses the <code>tagging</code> subresource to add or update a set of tags for a bucket. When adding bucket tags, be aware of the following limitations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Both StorageGRID and Amazon S3 support up to 50 tags for each bucket.</li> <li>• Tags associated with a bucket must have unique tag keys. A tag key can be up to 128 Unicode characters in length.</li> <li>• Tag values can be up to 256 Unicode characters in length.</li> <li>• Key and values are case sensitive.</li> </ul>

Operation	Implementation
PUT Bucket versioning	<p>This implementation uses the <code>versioning</code> subresource to set the versioning state of an existing bucket. You can set the versioning state with one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enabled: Enables versioning for the objects in the bucket. All objects added to the bucket receive a unique version ID.</li> <li>• Suspended: Disables versioning for the objects in the bucket. All objects added to the bucket receive the version ID <code>null</code>.</li> </ul>
PUT Object Lock Configuration	<p>This operation configures or removes the bucket default retention mode and default retention period.</p> <p>If the default retention period is modified, the retain-until-date of existing object versions remains the same and is not recalculated using the new default retention period.</p> <p>See <a href="#">Use S3 REST API to configure S3 Object Lock</a> for detailed information.</p>

#### Related information

[Consistency controls](#)

[GET Bucket last access time](#)

[Use bucket and group access policies](#)

[S3 operations tracked in audit logs](#)

## Custom operations on buckets

The StorageGRID system supports custom bucket operations that are added on to the S3 REST API and are specific to the system.

The following table lists the custom bucket operations supported by StorageGRID.

Operation	Description	For more information
GET Bucket consistency	Returns the consistency level being applied to a particular bucket.	<a href="#">GET Bucket consistency</a>
PUT Bucket consistency	Sets the consistency level applied to a particular bucket.	<a href="#">PUT Bucket consistency</a>
GET Bucket last access time	Returns whether last access time updates are enabled or disabled for a particular bucket.	<a href="#">GET Bucket last access time</a>

Operation	Description	For more information
PUT Bucket last access time	Allows you to enable or disable last access time updates for a particular bucket.	<a href="#">PUT Bucket last access time</a>
DELETE Bucket metadata notification configuration	Deletes the metadata notification configuration XML associated with a particular bucket.	<a href="#">DELETE Bucket metadata notification configuration</a>
GET Bucket metadata notification configuration	Returns the metadata notification configuration XML associated with a particular bucket.	<a href="#">GET Bucket metadata notification configuration</a>
PUT Bucket metadata notification configuration	Configures the metadata notification service for a bucket.	<a href="#">PUT Bucket metadata notification configuration</a>
PUT Bucket with compliance settings	Deprecated and not supported: You can no longer create new buckets with Compliance enabled.	<a href="#">Deprecated: PUT Bucket with compliance settings</a>
GET Bucket compliance	Deprecated but supported: Returns the compliance settings currently in effect for an existing legacy Compliant bucket.	<a href="#">Deprecated: GET Bucket compliance</a>
PUT Bucket compliance	Deprecated but supported: Allows you to modify the compliance settings for an existing legacy Compliant bucket.	<a href="#">Deprecated: PUT Bucket compliance</a>

#### Related information

[S3 operations tracked in the audit logs](#)

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