



Python程式碼範例

ONTAP Select

NetApp
April 29, 2024

目錄

Python程式碼範例	1
建立叢集的指令碼	1
用於建立叢集之指令碼的Json	8
新增節點授權的指令碼	12
刪除叢集的指令碼	16
通用支援模組	18
調整叢集節點大小的指令碼	22

Python程式碼範例

建立叢集的指令碼

您可以使用下列指令碼、根據指令碼中定義的參數和Json輸入檔來建立叢集。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
##-----
#
# File: cluster.py
#
# (C) Copyright 2019 NetApp, Inc.
#
# This sample code is provided AS IS, with no support or warranties of
# any kind, including but not limited for warranties of merchantability
# or fitness of any kind, expressed or implied. Permission to use,
# reproduce, modify and create derivatives of the sample code is granted
# solely for the purpose of researching, designing, developing and
# testing a software application product for use with NetApp products,
# provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and
# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
#
##-----

import traceback
import argparse
import json
import logging

from deploy_requests import DeployRequests

def add_vcenter_credentials(deploy, config):
    """ Add credentials for the vcenter if present in the config """
    log_debug_trace()

    vcenter = config.get('vcenter', None)
    if vcenter and not deploy.resource_exists('/security/credentials',
                                              'hostname', vcenter
                                              ['hostname']):
        log_info("Registering vcenter {} credentials".format(vcenter
                                                              ['hostname']))
        data = {k: vcenter[k] for k in ['hostname', 'username',
                                         'password']}
```

```

data['type'] = "vcenter"
deploy.post('/security/credentials', data)

def add_standalone_host_credentials(deploy, config):
    """ Add credentials for standalone hosts if present in the config.
        Does nothing if the host credential already exists on the Deploy.
    """
    log_debug_trace()

    hosts = config.get('hosts', [])
    for host in hosts:
        # The presense of the 'password' will be used only for standalone
        # hosts.
        # If this host is managed by a vcenter, it should not have a host
        # 'password' in the json.
        if 'password' in host and not deploy.resource_exists(
            '/security/credentials',
                                                    'hostname',
            host['name']):
            log_info("Registering host {} credentials".format(host[
                'name']))
            data = {'hostname': host['name'], 'type': 'host',
                    'username': host['username'], 'password': host
                    ['password']}
            deploy.post('/security/credentials', data)

def register_unkown_hosts(deploy, config):
    ''' Registers all hosts with the deploy server.
        The host details are read from the cluster config json file.

        This method will skip any hosts that are already registered.
        This method will exit the script if no hosts are found in the
        config.
    '''
    log_debug_trace()

    data = {"hosts": []}
    if 'hosts' not in config or not config['hosts']:
        log_and_exit("The cluster config requires at least 1 entry in the
        'hosts' list got {}".format(config))

    missing_host_cnt = 0
    for host in config['hosts']:
        if not deploy.resource_exists('/hosts', 'name', host['name']):

```

```

        missing_host_cnt += 1
        host_config = {"name": host['name'], "hypervisor_type": host
['type']]

        if 'mgmt_server' in host:
            host_config["management_server"] = host['mgmt_server']
            log_info(
                "Registering from vcenter {mgmt_server}".format(**
host))

            if 'password' in host and 'user' in host:
                host_config['credential'] = {
                    "password": host['password'], "username": host[
'user']]

            log_info("Registering {type} host {name}".format(**host))
            data["hosts"].append(host_config)

# only post /hosts if some missing hosts were found
if missing_host_cnt:
    deploy.post('/hosts', data, wait_for_job=True)

def add_cluster_attributes(deploy, config):
    ''' POST a new cluster with all needed attribute values.
        Returns the cluster_id of the new config
    '''
    log_debug_trace()

    cluster_config = config['cluster']
    cluster_id = deploy.find_resource('/clusters', 'name', cluster_config
['name'])

    if not cluster_id:
        log_info("Creating cluster config named {name}".format(
**cluster_config))

        # Filter to only the valid attributes, ignores anything else in
the json
        data = {k: cluster_config[k] for k in [
            'name', 'ip', 'gateway', 'netmask', 'ontap_image_version',
'dns_info', 'ntp_servers']}

        num_nodes = len(config['nodes'])

        log_info("Cluster properties: {}".format(data))

        resp = deploy.post('/v3/clusters?node_count={}'.format(num_nodes),

```

```

data)
    cluster_id = resp.headers.get('Location').split('/')[1]

    return cluster_id

def get_node_ids(deploy, cluster_id):
    ''' Get the the ids of the nodes in a cluster. Returns a list of
    node_ids.'''
    log_debug_trace()

    response = deploy.get('/clusters/{}/nodes'.format(cluster_id))
    node_ids = [node['id'] for node in response.json().get('records')]
    return node_ids

def add_node_attributes(deploy, cluster_id, node_id, node):
    ''' Set all the needed properties on a node '''
    log_debug_trace()

    log_info("Adding node '{}' properties".format(node_id))

    data = {k: node[k] for k in ['ip', 'serial_number', 'instance_type',
                                'is_storage_efficiency_enabled'] if k in
node}
    # Optional: Set a serial_number
    if 'license' in node:
        data['license'] = {'id': node['license']}

    # Assign the host
    host_id = deploy.find_resource('/hosts', 'name', node['host_name'])
    if not host_id:
        log_and_exit("Host names must match in the 'hosts' array, and the
nodes.host_name property")

    data['host'] = {'id': host_id}

    # Set the correct raid_type
    is_hw_raid = not node['storage'].get('disks') # The presence of a
list of disks indicates sw_raid
    data['passthrough_disks'] = not is_hw_raid

    # Optionally set a custom node name
    if 'name' in node:
        data['name'] = node['name']

    log_info("Node properties: {}".format(data))

```

```

    deploy.patch('/clusters/{}/nodes/{}'.format(cluster_id, node_id),
data)

def add_node_networks(deploy, cluster_id, node_id, node):
    ''' Set the network information for a node '''
    log_debug_trace()

    log_info("Adding node '{}' network properties".format(node_id))

    num_nodes = deploy.get_num_records('/clusters/{}/nodes'.format
(cluster_id))

    for network in node['networks']:

        # single node clusters do not use the 'internal' network
        if num_nodes == 1 and network['purpose'] == 'internal':
            continue

        # Deduce the network id given the purpose for each entry
        network_id = deploy.find_resource(
'/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/networks'.format(cluster_id, node_id),
                                'purpose', network['purpose'])

        data = {"name": network['name']}
        if 'vlan' in network and network['vlan']:
            data['vlan_id'] = network['vlan']

        deploy.patch('/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/networks/{}'.format(
cluster_id, node_id, network_id), data)

def add_node_storage(deploy, cluster_id, node_id, node):
    ''' Set all the storage information on a node '''
    log_debug_trace()

    log_info("Adding node '{}' storage properties".format(node_id))
    log_info("Node storage: {}".format(node['storage']['pools']))

    data = {'pool_array': node['storage']['pools']} # use all the json
properties
    deploy.post(
        '/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/storage/pools'.format(cluster_id, node_id),
data)

    if 'disks' in node['storage'] and node['storage']['disks']:
        data = {'disks': node['storage']['disks']}
        deploy.post(

```

```

        '/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/storage/disks'.format(cluster_id,
node_id), data)

def create_cluster_config(deploy, config):
    ''' Construct a cluster config in the deploy server using the input
json data '''
    log_debug_trace()

    cluster_id = add_cluster_attributes(deploy, config)

    node_ids = get_node_ids(deploy, cluster_id)
    node_configs = config['nodes']

    for node_id, node_config in zip(node_ids, node_configs):
        add_node_attributes(deploy, cluster_id, node_id, node_config)
        add_node_networks(deploy, cluster_id, node_id, node_config)
        add_node_storage(deploy, cluster_id, node_id, node_config)

    return cluster_id

def deploy_cluster(deploy, cluster_id, config):
    ''' Deploy the cluster config to create the ONTAP Select VMs. '''
    log_debug_trace()
    log_info("Deploying cluster: {}".format(cluster_id))

    data = {'ontap_credential': {'password': config['cluster']
['ontap_admin_password']}}
    deploy.post('/clusters/{}/deploy?inhibit_rollback=true'.format
(cluster_id),
                data, wait_for_job=True)

def log_debug_trace():
    stack = traceback.extract_stack()
    parent_function = stack[-2][2]
    logging.getLogger('deploy').debug('Calling %s()' % parent_function)

def log_info(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').info(msg)

def log_and_exit(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').error(msg)
    exit(1)

```



```

def configure_logging(verbose):
    FORMAT = '%(asctime)-15s:%(levelname)s:%(name)s: %(message)s'
    if verbose:
        logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG, format=FORMAT)
    else:
        logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=FORMAT)
        logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool')
        ).setLevel(
            logging.WARNING)

def main(args):
    configure_logging(args.verbose)
    deploy = DeployRequests(args.deploy, args.password)

    with open(args.config_file) as json_data:
        config = json.load(json_data)

        add_vcenter_credentials(deploy, config)

        add_standalone_host_credentials(deploy, config)

        register_unknown_hosts(deploy, config)

        cluster_id = create_cluster_config(deploy, config)

        deploy_cluster(deploy, cluster_id, config)

def parseArgs():
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Uses the ONTAP Select
    Deploy API to construct and deploy a cluster.')
    parser.add_argument('-d', '--deploy', help='Hostname or IP address of
    Deploy server')
    parser.add_argument('-p', '--password', help='Admin password of Deploy
    server')
    parser.add_argument('-c', '--config_file', help='Filename of the
    cluster config')
    parser.add_argument('-v', '--verbose', help='Display extra debugging
    messages for seeing exact API calls and responses',
                        action='store_true', default=False)
    return parser.parse_args()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    args = parseArgs()

```

用於建立叢集之指令碼的Json

使用ONTAP Select Python程式碼範例建立或刪除一個故障叢集時、您必須提供一個Json檔案作為指令碼的輸入。您可以根據部署計畫來複製及修改適當的Json範例。

ESXi上的單節點叢集

```
{
  "hosts": [
    {
      "password": "mypassword1",
      "name": "host-1234",
      "type": "ESX",
      "username": "admin"
    }
  ],
  "cluster": {
    "dns_info": {
      "domains": ["lab1.company-demo.com", "lab2.company-demo.com",
        "lab3.company-demo.com", "lab4.company-demo.com"],
    },
    "dns_ips": ["10.206.80.135", "10.206.80.136"]
  },
  "ontap_image_version": "9.7",
  "gateway": "10.206.80.1",
  "ip": "10.206.80.115",
  "name": "mycluster",
  "ntp_servers": ["10.206.80.183", "10.206.80.142"],
  "ontap_admin_password": "mypassword2",
  "netmask": "255.255.254.0"
},
  "nodes": [
    {
      "serial_number": "3200000nn",
      "ip": "10.206.80.114",
      "name": "node-1",
      "networks": [
        {
          "name": "ontap-external",
```

```

        "purpose": "mgmt",
        "vlan": 1234
    },
    {
        "name": "ontap-external",
        "purpose": "data",
        "vlan": null
    },
    {
        "name": "ontap-internal",
        "purpose": "internal",
        "vlan": null
    }
],
"host_name": "host-1234",
"is_storage_efficiency_enabled": false,
"instance_type": "small",
"storage": {
    "disk": [],
    "pools": [
        {
            "name": "storage-pool-1",
            "capacity": 4802666790125
        }
    ]
}
}
]
}

```

使用vCenter在ESXi上使用單節點叢集

```

{
    "hosts": [
        {
            "name": "host-1234",
            "type": "ESX",
            "mgmt_server": "vcenter-1234"
        }
    ],
    "cluster": {
        "dns_info": {
            "domains": [
                "lab1.company-demo.com",
                "lab2.company-demo.com",
                "lab3.company-demo.com",
                "lab4.company-demo.com"
            ]
        }
    }
}

```

```

    ],
    "dns_ips": ["10.206.80.135", "10.206.80.136"]
  },

  "ontap_image_version": "9.7",
  "gateway": "10.206.80.1",
  "ip": "10.206.80.115",
  "name": "mycluster",
  "ntp_servers": ["10.206.80.183", "10.206.80.142"],
  "ontap_admin_password": "mypassword2",
  "netmask": "255.255.254.0"
},

"vcenter": {
  "password": "mypassword2",
  "hostname": "vcenter-1234",
  "username": "selectadmin"
},

"nodes": [
  {
    "serial_number": "3200000nn",
    "ip": "10.206.80.114",
    "name": "node-1",
    "networks": [
      {
        "name": "ONTAP-Management",
        "purpose": "mgmt",
        "vlan": null
      },
      {
        "name": "ONTAP-External",
        "purpose": "data",
        "vlan": null
      },
      {
        "name": "ONTAP-Internal",
        "purpose": "internal",
        "vlan": null
      }
    ]
  },

  "host_name": "host-1234",
  "is_storage_efficiency_enabled": false,
  "instance_type": "small",
  "storage": {

```

```

    "disk": [],
    "pools": [
      {
        "name": "storage-pool-1",
        "capacity": 5685190380748
      }
    ]
  }
}
]
}

```

KVM上的單節點叢集



- 從功能更新至功能更新至功能更新、您將無法再在KVM Hypervisor上部署新叢集ONTAP Select。
- 從功能支援的版本起、除了「離線」和「刪除」功能之外、所有的管理功能都不再適用於現有的KVM叢集和主機ONTAP Select。

```

{
  "hosts": [
    {
      "password": "mypassword1",
      "name": "host-1234",
      "type": "KVM",
      "username": "root"
    }
  ],
  "cluster": {
    "dns_info": {
      "domains": ["lab1.company-demo.com", "lab2.company-demo.com",
        "lab3.company-demo.com", "lab4.company-demo.com"]
    },
    "dns_ips": ["10.206.80.135", "10.206.80.136"]
  },
  "ontap_image_version": "9.7",
  "gateway": "10.206.80.1",
  "ip": "10.206.80.115",
  "name": "CBF4ED97",
  "ntp_servers": ["10.206.80.183", "10.206.80.142"],
  "ontap_admin_password": "mypassword2",
  "netmask": "255.255.254.0"
}

```

```

},
"nodes": [
  {
    "serial_number": "3200000nn",
    "ip": "10.206.80.115",
    "name": "node-1",
    "networks": [
      {
        "name": "ontap-external",
        "purpose": "mgmt",
        "vlan": 1234
      },
      {
        "name": "ontap-external",
        "purpose": "data",
        "vlan": null
      },
      {
        "name": "ontap-internal",
        "purpose": "internal",
        "vlan": null
      }
    ]
  },
  {
    "host_name": "host-1234",
    "is_storage_efficiency_enabled": false,
    "instance_type": "small",
    "storage": {
      "disk": [],
      "pools": [
        {
          "name": "storage-pool-1",
          "capacity": 4802666790125
        }
      ]
    }
  }
]
}

```

新增節點授權的指令碼

您可以使用下列指令碼來新增ONTAP Select 適用於某個節點的授權。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
```

```

##-----
#
# File: add_license.py
#
# (C) Copyright 2019 NetApp, Inc.
#
# This sample code is provided AS IS, with no support or warranties of
# any kind, including but not limited for warranties of merchantability
# or fitness of any kind, expressed or implied. Permission to use,
# reproduce, modify and create derivatives of the sample code is granted
# solely for the purpose of researching, designing, developing and
# testing a software application product for use with NetApp products,
# provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and
# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
#
##-----

import argparse
import logging
import json

from deploy_requests import DeployRequests

def post_new_license(deploy, license_filename):
    log_info('Posting a new license: {}'.format(license_filename))

    # Stream the file as multipart/form-data
    deploy.post('/licensing/licenses', data={},
                files={'license_file': open(license_filename, 'rb')})

    # Alternative if the NLF license data is converted to a string.
    # with open(license_filename, 'rb') as f:
    #     nlf_data = f.read()
    #     r = deploy.post('/licensing/licenses', data={},
    #                     files={'license_file': (license_filename,
    nlf_data)})

def put_license(deploy, serial_number, data, files):
    log_info('Adding license for serial number: {}'.format(serial_number))

    deploy.put('/licensing/licenses/{}'.format(serial_number), data=data,
               files=files)

```

```

def put_used_license(deploy, serial_number, license_filename,
ontap_username, ontap_password):
    ''' If the license is used by an 'online' cluster, a username/password
must be given. '''

    data = {'ontap_username': ontap_username, 'ontap_password':
ontap_password}
    files = {'license_file': open(license_filename, 'rb')}

    put_license(deploy, serial_number, data, files)

def put_free_license(deploy, serial_number, license_filename):
    data = {}
    files = {'license_file': open(license_filename, 'rb')}

    put_license(deploy, serial_number, data, files)

def get_serial_number_from_license(license_filename):
    ''' Read the NLF file to extract the serial number '''
    with open(license_filename) as f:
        data = json.load(f)

        statusResp = data.get('statusResp', {})
        serialNumber = statusResp.get('serialNumber')
        if not serialNumber:
            log_and_exit("The license file seems to be missing the
serialNumber")

        return serialNumber

def log_info(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').info(msg)

def log_and_exit(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').error(msg)
    exit(1)

def configure_logging():
    FORMAT = '%(asctime)-15s:%(levelname)s:%(name)s: %(message)s'
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=FORMAT)
    logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool').
setLevel(logging.WARNING)

```



```

def main(args):
    configure_logging()
    serial_number = get_serial_number_from_license(args.license)

    deploy = DeployRequests(args.deploy, args.password)

    # First check if there is already a license resource for this serial-
    number
    if deploy.find_resource('/licensing/licenses', 'id', serial_number):

        # If the license already exists in the Deploy server, determine if
        its used
        if deploy.find_resource('/clusters', 'nodes.serial_number',
        serial_number):

            # In this case, requires ONTAP creds to push the license to
            the node
            if args.ontap_username and args.ontap_password:
                put_used_license(deploy, serial_number, args.license,
                                args.ontap_username, args.ontap_password)
            else:
                print("ERROR: The serial number for this license is in
                use. Please provide ONTAP credentials.")
            else:
                # License exists, but its not used
                put_free_license(deploy, serial_number, args.license)
        else:
            # No license exists, so register a new one as an available license
            for later use
            post_new_license(deploy, args.license)

def parseArgs():
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Uses the ONTAP Select
    Deploy API to add or update a new or used NLF license file.')
    parser.add_argument('-d', '--deploy', required=True, type=str, help
    ='Hostname or IP address of ONTAP Select Deploy')
    parser.add_argument('-p', '--password', required=True, type=str, help
    ='Admin password of Deploy server')
    parser.add_argument('-l', '--license', required=True, type=str, help
    ='Filename of the NLF license data')
    parser.add_argument('-u', '--ontap_username', type=str,
                        help='ONTAP Select username with privilege to add
                        the license. Only provide if the license is used by a Node.')

```

```

    parser.add_argument('-o', '--ontap_password', type=str,
                        help='ONTAP Select password for the
ontap_username. Required only if ontap_username is given.')
    return parser.parse_args()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    args = parseArgs()
    main(args)

```

刪除叢集的指令碼

您可以使用下列CLI指令碼來刪除現有的叢集。

```

#!/usr/bin/env python
##-----
#
# File: delete_cluster.py
#
# (C) Copyright 2019 NetApp, Inc.
#
# This sample code is provided AS IS, with no support or warranties of
# any kind, including but not limited for warranties of merchantability
# or fitness of any kind, expressed or implied. Permission to use,
# reproduce, modify and create derivatives of the sample code is granted
# solely for the purpose of researching, designing, developing and
# testing a software application product for use with NetApp products,
# provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and
# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
#
##-----

import argparse
import json
import logging

from deploy_requests import DeployRequests

def find_cluster(deploy, cluster_name):
    return deploy.find_resource('/clusters', 'name', cluster_name)

def offline_cluster(deploy, cluster_id):
    # Test that the cluster is online, otherwise do nothing
    response = deploy.get('/clusters/{}?fields=state'.format(cluster_id))

```

```

cluster_data = response.json()['record']
if cluster_data['state'] == 'powered_on':
    log_info("Found the cluster to be online, modifying it to be
powered_off.")
    deploy.patch('/clusters/{}'.format(cluster_id), {'availability':
'powered_off'}, True)

def delete_cluster(deploy, cluster_id):
    log_info("Deleting the cluster({}).".format(cluster_id))
    deploy.delete('/clusters/{}'.format(cluster_id), True)
    pass

def log_info(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').info(msg)

def configure_logging():
    FORMAT = '%(asctime)-15s:%(levelname)s:%(name)s: %(message)s'
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=FORMAT)
    logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool').
setLevel(logging.WARNING)

def main(args):
    configure_logging()
    deploy = DeployRequests(args.deploy, args.password)

    with open(args.config_file) as json_data:
        config = json.load(json_data)

        cluster_id = find_cluster(deploy, config['cluster']['name'])

        log_info("Found the cluster {} with id: {}".format(config
['cluster']['name'], cluster_id))

        offline_cluster(deploy, cluster_id)

        delete_cluster(deploy, cluster_id)

def parseArgs():
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Uses the ONTAP Select
Deploy API to delete a cluster')
    parser.add_argument('-d', '--deploy', required=True, type=str, help
='Hostname or IP address of Deploy server')

```

```

    parser.add_argument('-p', '--password', required=True, type=str, help
                        ='Admin password of Deploy server')
    parser.add_argument('-c', '--config_file', required=True, type=str,
                        help='Filename of the cluster json config')
    return parser.parse_args()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    args = parseArgs()
    main(args)

```

通用支援模組

所有Python指令碼都會在單一模組中使用通用的Python類別。

```

#!/usr/bin/env python
##-----
#
# File: deploy_requests.py
#
# (C) Copyright 2019 NetApp, Inc.
#
# This sample code is provided AS IS, with no support or warranties of
# any kind, including but not limited for warranties of merchantability
# or fitness of any kind, expressed or implied. Permission to use,
# reproduce, modify and create derivatives of the sample code is granted
# solely for the purpose of researching, designing, developing and
# testing a software application product for use with NetApp products,
# provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and
# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
#
##-----

import json
import logging
import requests

requests.packages.urllib3.disable_warnings()

class DeployRequests(object):
    '''
    Wrapper class for requests that simplifies the ONTAP Select Deploy
    path creation and header manipulations for simpler code.
    '''

```

```

def __init__(self, ip, admin_password):
    self.base_url = 'https://{}/api'.format(ip)
    self.auth = ('admin', admin_password)
    self.headers = {'Accept': 'application/json'}
    self.logger = logging.getLogger('deploy')

def post(self, path, data, files=None, wait_for_job=False):
    if files:
        self.logger.debug('POST FILES:')
        response = requests.post(self.base_url + path,
                                auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                                files=files)
    else:
        self.logger.debug('POST DATA: %s', data)
        response = requests.post(self.base_url + path,
                                auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                                json=data,
                                headers=self.headers)

    self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter_headers
(response), response.text)
    self.exit_on_errors(response)

    if wait_for_job and response.status_code == 202:
        self.wait_for_job(response.json())
    return response

def patch(self, path, data, wait_for_job=False):
    self.logger.debug('PATCH DATA: %s', data)
    response = requests.patch(self.base_url + path,
                              auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                              json=data,
                              headers=self.headers)

    self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter_headers
(response), response.text)
    self.exit_on_errors(response)

    if wait_for_job and response.status_code == 202:
        self.wait_for_job(response.json())
    return response

def put(self, path, data, files=None, wait_for_job=False):
    if files:
        print('PUT FILES: {}'.format(data))
        response = requests.put(self.base_url + path,
                                auth=self.auth, verify=False,

```

```

        data=data,
        files=files)

    else:
        self.logger.debug('PUT DATA:')
        response = requests.put(self.base_url + path,
                                auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                                json=data,
                                headers=self.headers)

        self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter_headers
(response), response.text)
        self.exit_on_errors(response)

        if wait_for_job and response.status_code == 202:
            self.wait_for_job(response.json())
        return response

    def get(self, path):
        """ Get a resource object from the specified path """
        response = requests.get(self.base_url + path, auth=self.auth,
verify=False)
        self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter_headers
(response), response.text)
        self.exit_on_errors(response)
        return response

    def delete(self, path, wait_for_job=False):
        """ Delete's a resource from the specified path """
        response = requests.delete(self.base_url + path, auth=self.auth,
verify=False)
        self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter_headers
(response), response.text)
        self.exit_on_errors(response)

        if wait_for_job and response.status_code == 202:
            self.wait_for_job(response.json())
        return response

    def find_resource(self, path, name, value):
        """ Returns the 'id' of the resource if it exists, otherwise None
        """
        resource = None
        response = self.get('{path}?{field}={value}'.format(
            path=path, field=name, value=value))
        if response.status_code == 200 and response.json().get
('num_records') >= 1:

```

```

        resource = response.json().get('records')[0].get('id')
    return resource

def get_num_records(self, path, query=None):
    ''' Returns the number of records found in a container, or None on
    error '''
    resource = None
    query_opt = '?{}'.format(query) if query else ''
    response = self.get('{path}{query}'.format(path=path, query
=query_opt))
    if response.status_code == 200 :
        return response.json().get('num_records')
    return None

def resource_exists(self, path, name, value):
    return self.find_resource(path, name, value) is not None

def wait_for_job(self, response, poll_timeout=120):
    last_modified = response['job']['last_modified']
    job_id = response['job']['id']

    self.logger.info('Event: ' + response['job']['message'])

    while True:
        response = self.get('/jobs/{id}?fields=state,message&'
                             'poll_timeout={}&last_modified=>={}'
                             .format(
                                 job_id, poll_timeout, last_modified))

        job_body = response.json().get('record', {})

        # Show interesting message updates
        message = job_body.get('message', '')
        self.logger.info('Event: ' + message)

        # Refresh the last modified time for the poll loop
        last_modified = job_body.get('last_modified')

        # Look for the final states
        state = job_body.get('state', 'unknown')
        if state in ['success', 'failure']:
            if state == 'failure':
                self.logger.error('FAILED background job.\nJOB: %s',
job_body)
            exit(1) # End the script if a failure occurs
        break

```

```

def exit_on_errors(self, response):
    if response.status_code >= 400:
        self.logger.error('FAILED request to URL: %s\nHEADERS: %s\nRESPONSE BODY: %s',
                           response.request.url,
                           self.filter_headers(response),
                           response.text)
        response.raise_for_status() # Displays the response error, and
        exits the script

    @staticmethod
    def filter_headers(response):
        ''' Returns a filtered set of the response headers '''
        return {key: response.headers[key] for key in ['Location',
        'request-id'] if key in response.headers}

```

調整叢集節點大小的指令碼

您可以使用下列指令碼來調整ONTAP Select 叢集中節點的大小。

```

#!/usr/bin/env python
##-----
#
# File: resize_nodes.py
#
# (C) Copyright 2019 NetApp, Inc.
#
# This sample code is provided AS IS, with no support or warranties of
# any kind, including but not limited for warranties of merchantability
# or fitness of any kind, expressed or implied. Permission to use,
# reproduce, modify and create derivatives of the sample code is granted
# solely for the purpose of researching, designing, developing and
# testing a software application product for use with NetApp products,
# provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and
# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
#
##-----

import argparse
import logging
import sys

from deploy_requests import DeployRequests

```



```

def _parse_args():
    """ Parses the arguments provided on the command line when executing
    this
        script and returns the resulting namespace. If all required
    arguments
        are not provided, an error message indicating the mismatch is
    printed and
        the script will exit.
    """

    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description=(
        'Uses the ONTAP Select Deploy API to resize the nodes in the
    cluster.'
        ' For example, you might have a small (4 CPU, 16GB RAM per node) 2
    node'
        ' cluster and wish to resize the cluster to medium (8 CPU, 64GB
    RAM per'
        ' node). This script will take in the cluster details and then
    perform'
        ' the operation and wait for it to complete.'
    ))
    parser.add_argument('--deploy', required=True, help=(
        'Hostname or IP of the ONTAP Select Deploy VM.'
    ))
    parser.add_argument('--deploy-password', required=True, help=(
        'The password for the ONTAP Select Deploy admin user.'
    ))
    parser.add_argument('--cluster', required=True, help=(
        'Hostname or IP of the cluster management interface.'
    ))
    parser.add_argument('--instance-type', required=True, help=(
        'The desired instance size of the nodes after the operation is
    complete.'
    ))
    parser.add_argument('--ontap-password', required=True, help=(
        'The password for the ONTAP administrative user account.'
    ))
    parser.add_argument('--ontap-username', default='admin', help=(
        'The username for the ONTAP administrative user account. Default:
    admin.'
    ))
    parser.add_argument('--nodes', nargs='+', metavar='NODE_NAME', help=(
        'A space separated list of node names for which the resize
    operation'
        ' should be performed. The default is to apply the resize to all

```

```

nodes in'
    ' the cluster. If a list of nodes is provided, it must be provided
in HA'
    ' pairs. That is, in a 4 node cluster, nodes 1 and 2 (partners)
must be'
    ' resized in the same operation.'
))
return parser.parse_args()

def _get_cluster(deploy, parsed_args):
    """ Locate the cluster using the arguments provided """

    cluster_id = deploy.find_resource('/clusters', 'ip', parsed_args
.cluster)
    if not cluster_id:
        return None
    return deploy.get('/clusters/%s?fields=nodes' % cluster_id).json
()['record']

def _get_request_body(parsed_args, cluster):
    """ Build the request body """

    changes = {'admin_password': parsed_args.ontap_password}

    # if provided, use the list of nodes given, else use all the nodes in
the cluster
    nodes = [node for node in cluster['nodes']]
    if parsed_args.nodes:
        nodes = [node for node in nodes if node['name'] in parsed_args
.nodes]

    changes['nodes'] = [
        {'instance_type': parsed_args.instance_type, 'id': node['id']} for
node in nodes]

    return changes

def main():
    """ Set up the resize operation by gathering the necessary data and
then send
        the request to the ONTAP Select Deploy server.
    """

    logging.basicConfig(

```

```

        format='[%(asctime)s] [% (levelname)5s] %(message)s', level=
logging.INFO,)

    logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3').setLevel(logging
.WARNING)

    parsed_args = _parse_args()
    deploy = DeployRequests(parsed_args.deploy, parsed_args
.deploy_password)

    cluster = _get_cluster(deploy, parsed_args)
    if not cluster:
        deploy.logger.error(
            'Unable to find a cluster with a management IP of %s' %
parsed_args.cluster)
        return 1

    changes = _get_request_body(parsed_args, cluster)
    deploy.patch('/clusters/%s' % cluster['id'], changes, wait_for_job
=True)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    sys.exit(main())

```

版權資訊

Copyright © 2024 NetApp, Inc. 版權所有。台灣印製。非經版權所有人事先書面同意，不得將本受版權保護文件的任何部分以任何形式或任何方法（圖形、電子或機械）重製，包括影印、錄影、錄音或儲存至電子檢索系統中。

由 NetApp 版權資料衍伸之軟體必須遵守下列授權和免責聲明：

此軟體以 NETAPP「原樣」提供，不含任何明示或暗示的擔保，包括但不限於有關適售性或特定目的適用性之擔保，特此聲明。於任何情況下，就任何已造成或基於任何理論上責任之直接性、間接性、附隨性、特殊性、懲罰性或衍生性損害（包括但不限於替代商品或服務之採購；使用、資料或利潤上的損失；或企業營運中斷），無論是在使用此軟體時以任何方式所產生的契約、嚴格責任或侵權行為（包括疏忽或其他）等方面，NetApp 概不負責，即使已被告知有前述損害存在之可能性亦然。

NetApp 保留隨時變本文所述之任何產品的權利，恕不另行通知。NetApp 不承擔因使用本文所述之產品而產生的責任或義務，除非明確經過 NetApp 書面同意。使用或購買此產品並不會在依據任何專利權、商標權或任何其他 NetApp 智慧財產權的情況下轉讓授權。

本手冊所述之產品受到一項（含）以上的美國專利、國外專利或申請中專利所保障。

有限權利說明：政府機關的使用、複製或公開揭露須受 DFARS 252.227-7013（2014 年 2 月）和 FAR 52.227-19（2007 年 12 月）中的「技術資料權利 - 非商業項目」條款 (b)(3) 小段所述之限制。

此處所含屬於商業產品和 / 或商業服務（如 FAR 2.101 所定義）的資料均為 NetApp, Inc. 所有。根據本協議提供的所有 NetApp 技術資料和電腦軟體皆屬於商業性質，並且完全由私人出資開發。美國政府對於該資料具有非專屬、非轉讓、非轉授權、全球性、有限且不可撤銷的使用權限，僅限於美國政府為傳輸此資料所訂合約所允許之範圍，並基於履行該合約之目的方可使用。除非本文另有規定，否則未經 NetApp Inc. 事前書面許可，不得逕行使用、揭露、重製、修改、履行或展示該資料。美國政府授予國防部之許可權利，僅適用於 DFARS 條款 252.227-7015(b)（2014 年 2 月）所述權利。

商標資訊

NETAPP、NETAPP 標誌及 <http://www.netapp.com/TM> 所列之標章均為 NetApp, Inc. 的商標。文中所涉及的所有其他公司或產品名稱，均為其各自所有者的商標，不得侵犯。